

Reducing Electromagnetic Emissions from SpaceWire

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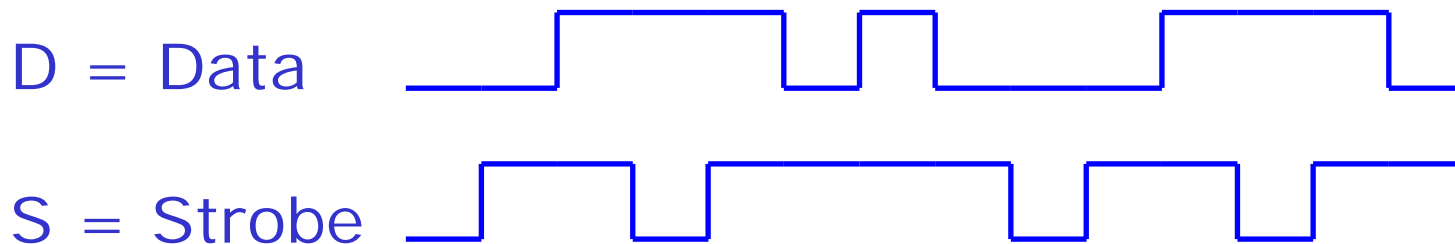
Content

- Brief overview of SpaceWire physical layer
- Spectrum of emissions
- What causes that spectrum
- Measurement/test arrangement
- Mitigating techniques and their effects
- Guidelines for reducing emissions
- Conclusion

SpaceWire-links – Line Coding



DS = Data-Strobe
Gray Code encoding



Needs 2 (pairs of) wires;

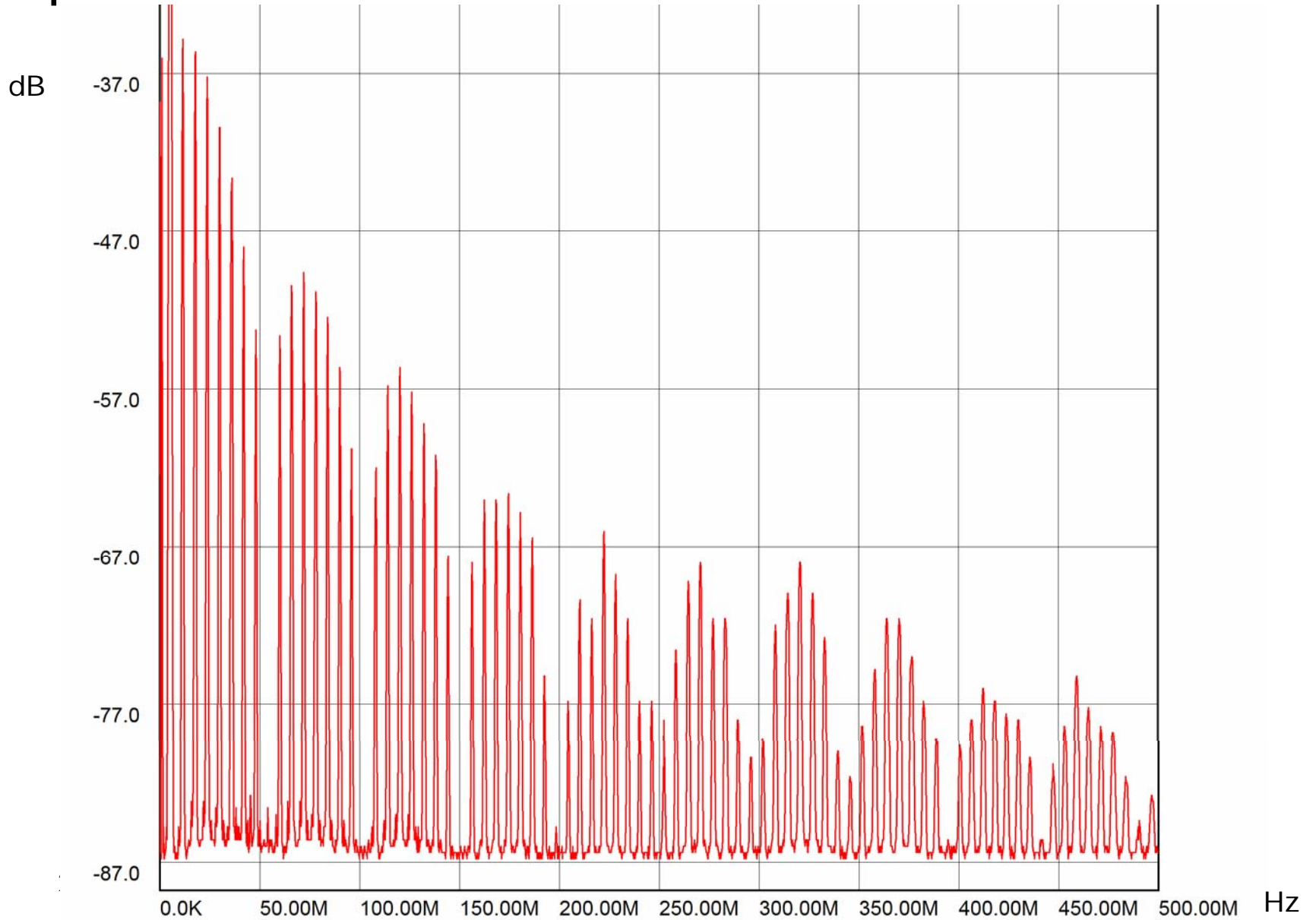
Clock is embedded in the signals

- Data rate is not fixed to any particular values (up to maximum silicon can support: >500Mb/s) and can change from bit to bit

DS-links – Character Level

P	1	0	0	FCT – Flow control token						
P	1	0	1	EOP – End of Packet						
P	1	1	0	EOM – End of Message						
P	1	1	1	ESC – escape, next token is interpreted as ...						
		0	1	0	0	NULL				
		0	1	0	1	Undefined				
		0	1	1	0	Undefined				
		0	1	1	1	undefined				
P	0	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	DATA (a is LSB, h is MSB)

SpaceWire 48.8Mb/s - NULLs



Causes

The concentration into a small number of frequencies is caused by the regular appearance of edges

- The fixed bit-rate

- Regular bit patterns

- NULL

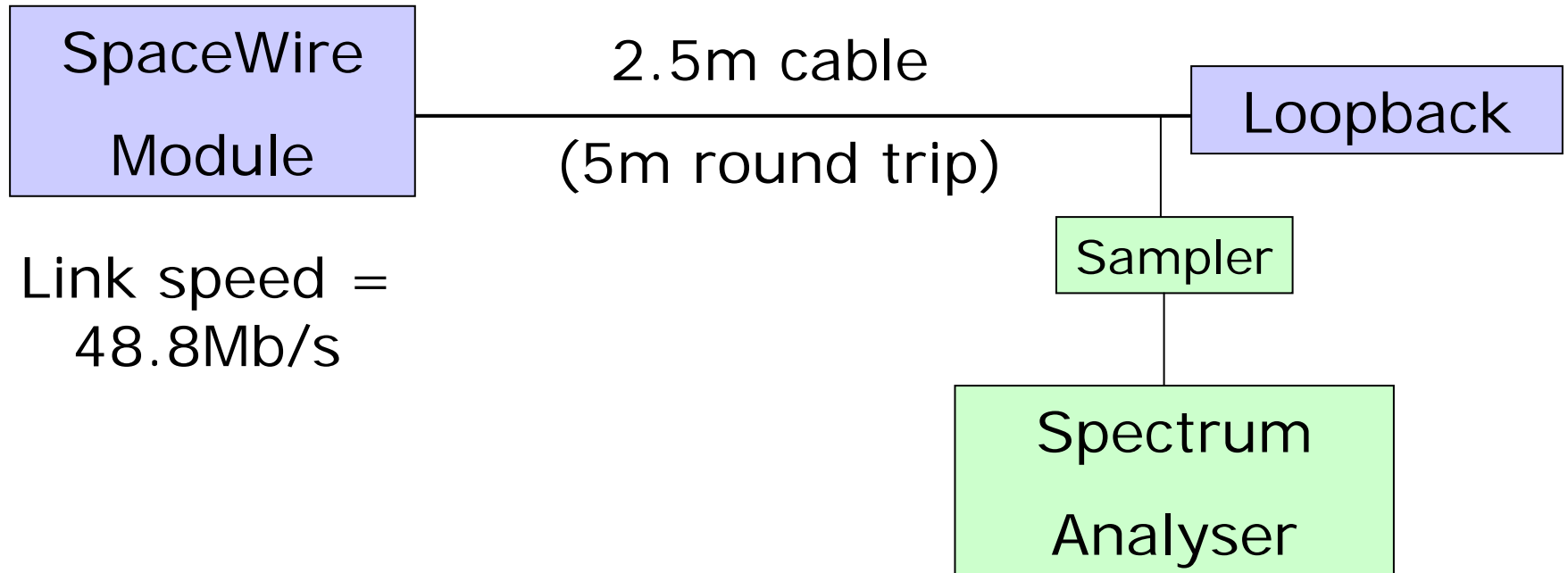
The long tail into high frequencies is caused by fast edges

- Many LVDS buffers are rated to $>2\text{Gb/s}$

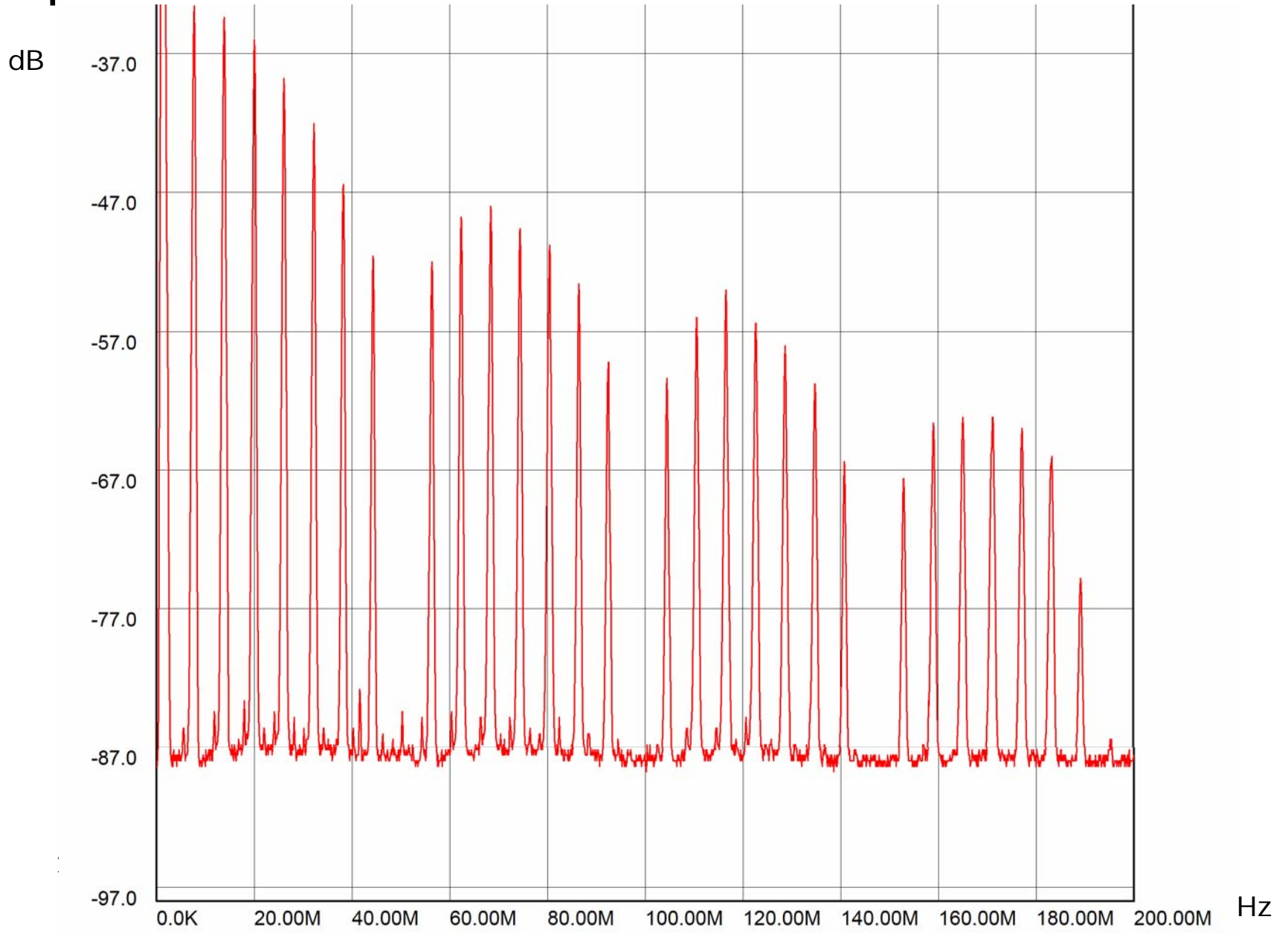
Is this a problem?

- Should be OK ...
 - LVDS and balanced lines
 - Screened cable
- But ...
 - Connectors poor balance at higher frequencies
 - Cable length = Aerial
- Observation from EMC tests ...
 - Signals related to link speed are detected

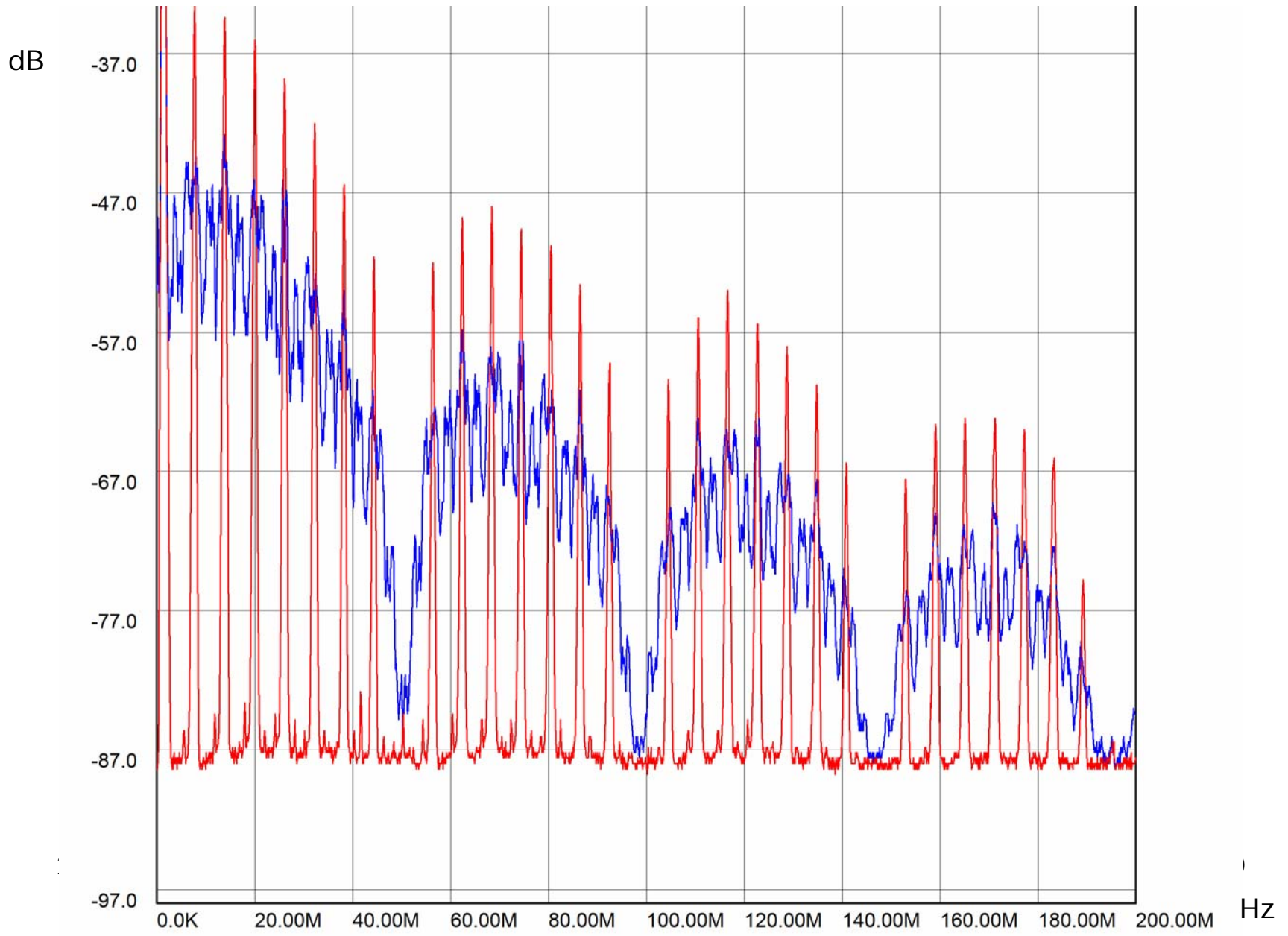
Test setup



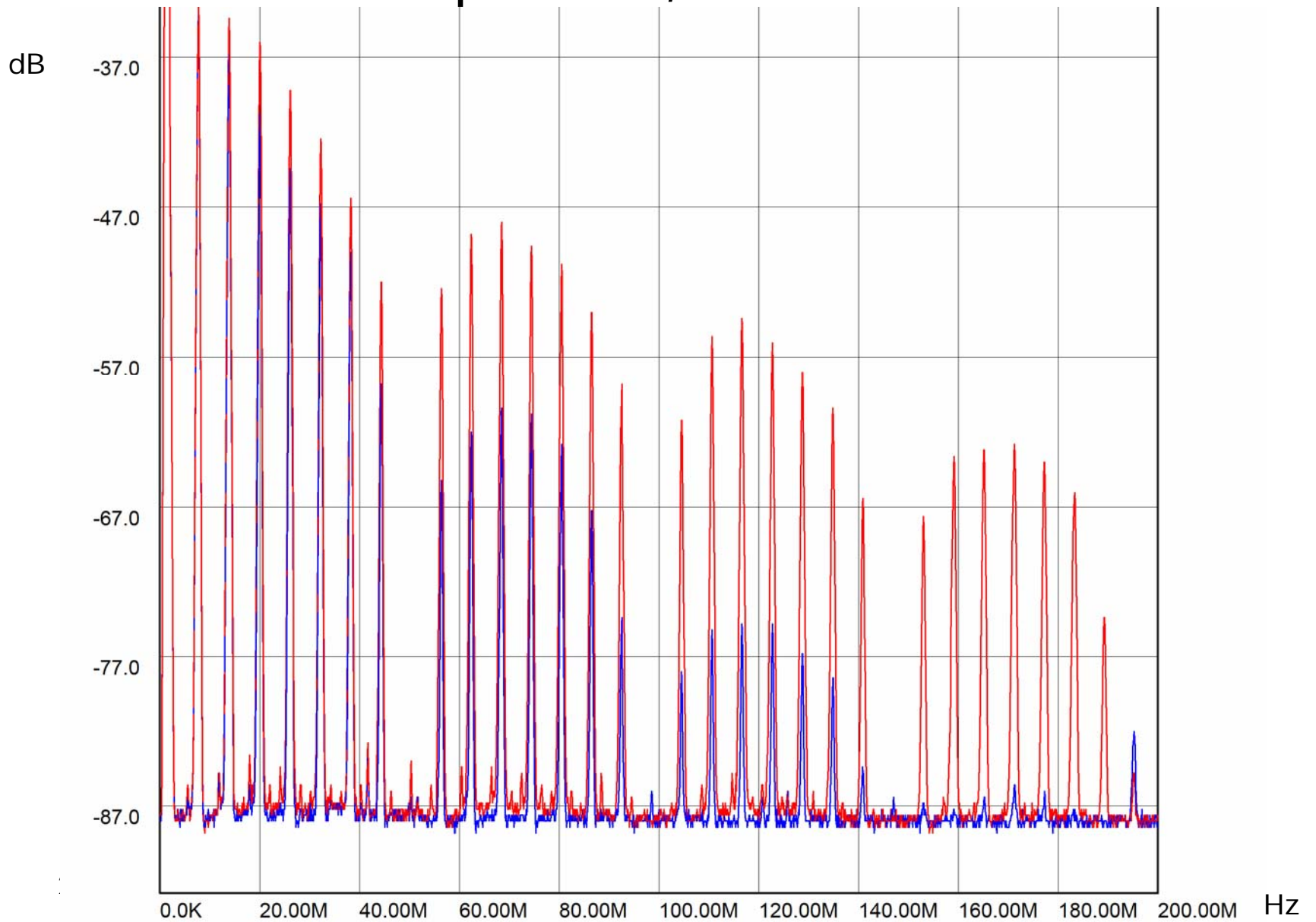
SpaceWire 48.8Mb/s - NULLs



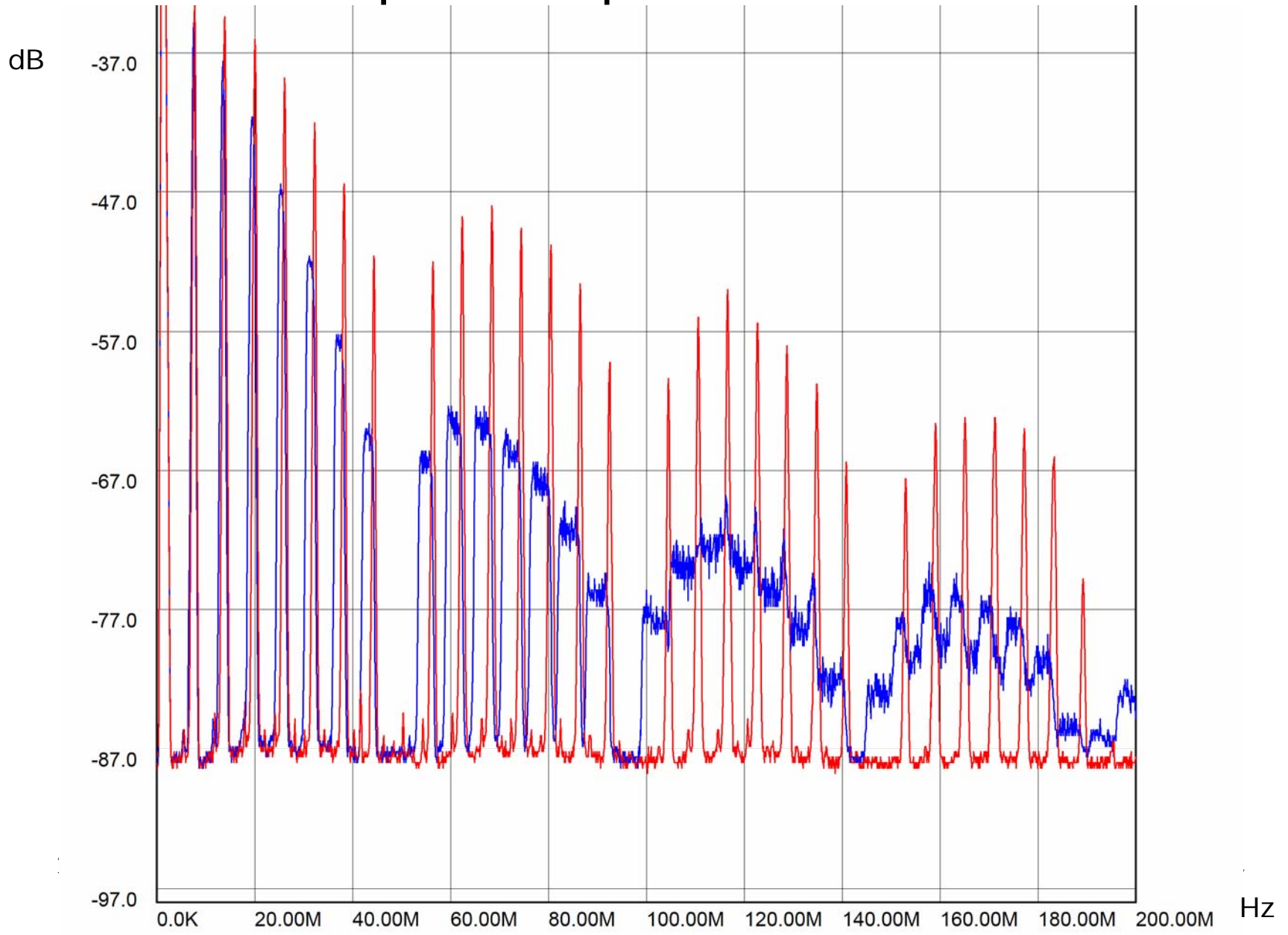
Random data + FCT



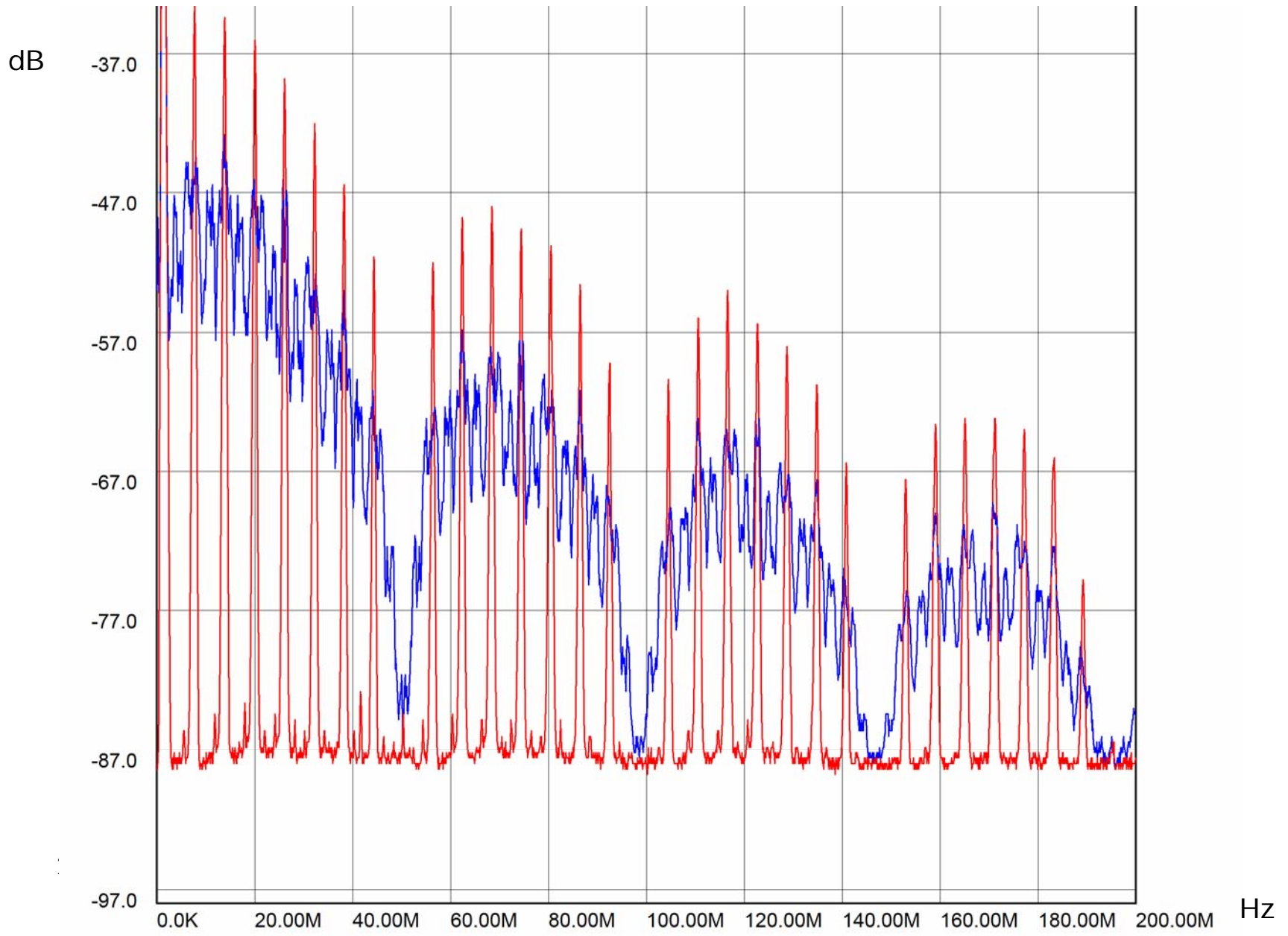
NULLS with 100pF at D, S Tx



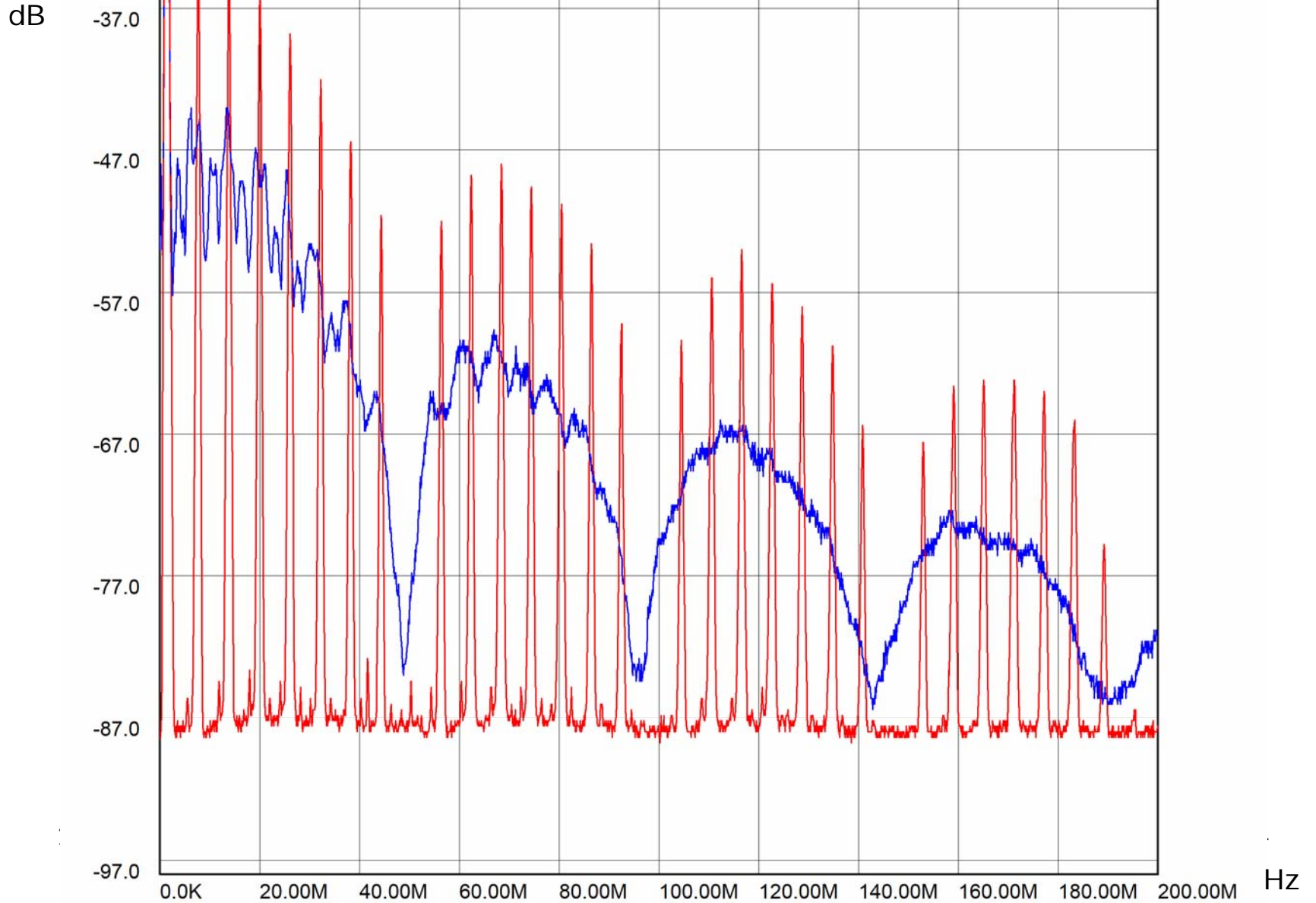
NULLS with Spread-Spectrum clock



Random data + FCT



Random data + FCT + Spread spectrum clock



Notes and Guidelines



Remember:

SpaceWire cables are over-specified for $<200\text{Mb/s}$ or $<20\text{m}$ – there is margin to spare

Rate changes are allowed

Therefore:

Control edge rise/fall time

Don't use drivers that are faster than required

Consider spread-spectrum clocking

Deliberately adding jitter is OK

Conclusion (edge control + spread-spectrum)

