

PT2G Series

Smart Sensors for Turbochargers, 2nd Generation

08. March 2010

Document-No.: DB_PT2G V1.1



1 PT2G Series - Product List

Part No.	Product	Description					
Intellige	Intelligent sensors with integrated signal processing and TTL output						
		Sensor length / Thread Lengt	Diameter	Cable length	Temperature range sensor head		
1537	PT2G-SM5.3	60 mm / 54 mm	M5 x 0.8	0.95 m	-40°C to +230°C		
1591	PT2G-SM5.5	46 mm / 40 mm	M5 x 0.5	0.95 m	-40°C to +230°C		
1660	PT2G-SM5.6	75 mm / 69 mm	M5 x 0.8	0.95 m	-40°C to +230°C		
1590	PT2G-SM5F.2	25 mm / 41 mm	M5 x 0.5	0.95 m	-40°C to +230°C		
1538	PT2G-SM5F.3	56 mm / 40 mm	M5 x 0.5	0.95 m	-40°C to +230°C		
1666	PT2G-SM5F.5	76 mm / 60 mm	M5 x 0.5	0.95 m	-40°C to +230°C		
Accesso	ories						
1526	PT2G-BX	Signal conditioning b	oox with RS2	.32 interfac	е		
1527	PT2G-BD	Signal conditioning box with display					
1569	PT2G-XS-03	Cable connecting se	nsor and sig	ınal	3 m length		
1539	PT2G-XS-05	conditioning box 5 m length 10 m length					
1540	PT2G-XS-10						
1541	PT2G-C-2B	Cable for power sup	ply, Banana	connectors,	2 m length		
1542	PT2G-C-2U	Cable for power sup	ply, open en	d, 2 m lengt	th		
1659	PT2G-C-2B&2BNC	Combination Cable f (2 x BNC, 2 x Banar					
1543	PT2G-X-CT	Cable connecting sensors to PICOTURN-CT calibration device					
1646	PT2G-X-BMV6	Cable connecting PT2G and PTBM. 1 m length					
1684	PT2G-C-CSM2M	Cable connecting PT2G with customary counter modules, Lemo connector, 10 m length, suited for "CNTMM" counter minimodul from CSM GmbH					
1686	PT2G-C-CSM10M	Cable connecting PT2G with customary counter modules, Lemo connector, 10 m length, suited for "CNTMM" counter minimodul from CSM GmbH					
1667	PT2G-C-IPTRKLM	Cable connecting PT2G with customary counter modules, Lemo connector, 5 m length, suited for IPETRONIK "SIM-CNT" and "M-FRQ"					





2 The System And Its Advantages

PICOTURN® is a system for measuring the rotational speed of turbo chargers. Its functional principle is one-megahertz pulse induction and eddy current discrimination, done with a solenoid sensor that is mounted in the compressor housing through a bore. The sensor detects and counts compressor vanes one by one.

When compared to optical detection, this inductive method benefits from its lack of sensitivity to dirt, oil and dust. When compared to the magnetized nut method, the PICOTURN system is safer as there is no concern with nuts coming loose and destroying the charger and the engine. When compared to a competing, entirely analog inductive vane counting system, the fully digital PICOTURN device turns out to be rugged, reliable, simple to use and very cost-effective.

Since 2001 PICOTURN® in its original "first" generation has proven advantages in prototype vehicles and on engine test benches. It has been successfully used in passenger cars and in commercial vehicles. Made up of discrete electronic components, it has been developed in a continuous improvement process up to its sixth version ("PTBM-V6"). To continue the improvement, it was necessary to achieve a higher degree of integration by creating a dedicated CMOS integrated circuit ("chip" or "ASIC") and as a result of this chip, the PICOTURN® Second Generation ("PT2G") was developed.

In the PT2G, part of the remote electronics has now been placed close to the sensor body for under-hood operation. Consequently, cable length and placement of the box have ceased to be an issue. Passenger car engineers can now place the box in the trunk, while the commercial car engineers can now use a 10 meter cable and loop it around the cabin hinge.

A further advantage of this new, second generation system is the wealth of interfaces available reducing the number of devices and cables needed. This is particularly useful in vehicles. When used in a bi-turbo environment, unique solutions occur that may be advantageous to many customers (i.e. directly connecting sensor elements to commercially available frequency counters providing two or more entry channels). This kind of counter solution is somewhat expensive, so most customers are likely to prefer the inexpensive, dedicated PICOTURN conditioner box offered by ACAM. The measuring chain will then comprise the sensor element, the box and two signal cables plus one supply cable. Alter-

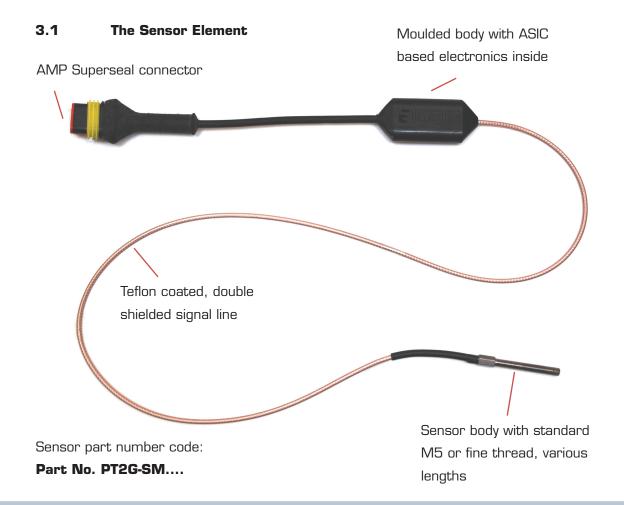


2 The System

natively, a combined cable may be used that integrates the supply line. A "combi connector" will then be used instead of the BNC connectors from the First Generation system, which are still present. Furthermore, the customer will choose between pulse-coded, analog voltage coded, or alphanumeric data output (for alphanumeric, opt for the "RS-232" version of the box).

As before, the sensor solenoid is housed in a M5 threaded sleeve with two different pitches and various lengths available. Unlike earlier first generation versions (PTBM-V1 to V6), the second generation system is no longer compatible with earlier components. First and second generation components must be handled separately. Sensor placement and system operation in general, however, remain unchanged.

3 System Components



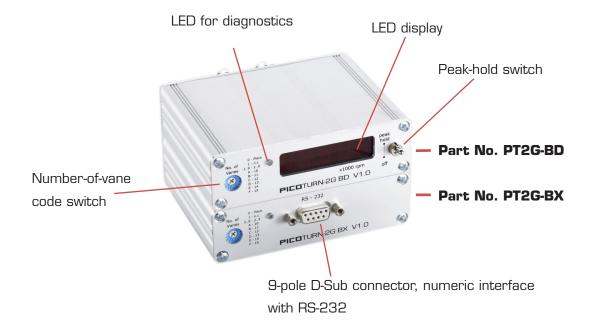




3 System Components

3.2 The "Box", Providing Signal Conditioning And Various Interfaces

Like in the PICOTURN first generation system, the conditioner electronics has been placed in a light grey aluminium housing having the same BNC connectors and vane number selector as before. The female supply plugs have been removed for safety reasons. Instead, there is a 5-pole combination connector integrating power supply and interfaces, wired in parallel to the BNC connectors. Last but not least, the system still has a diagnostics LED, but with re-defined signal codes. Unlike the First Generation system, there is now an integrated seven-segment numeric display, which has the option of being replaced by a computer connector (9-pole D-Sub) for numeric data output.

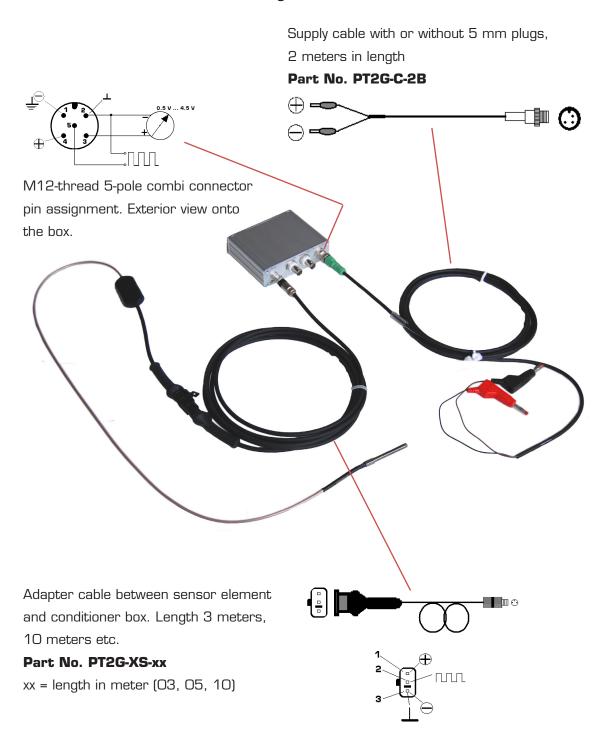






3 System Components

3.3 Standard Cables, Pin Assignment

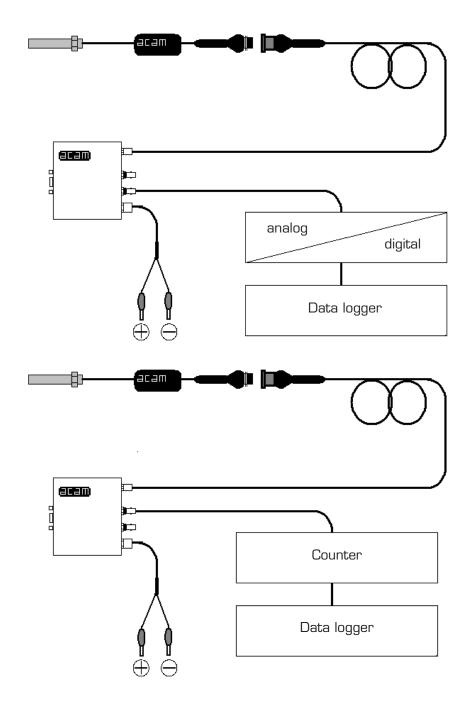






4.1 Standard Wiring

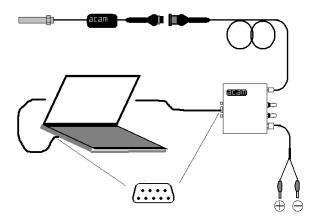
This wiring corresponds to the well-known PICOTURN first generation system



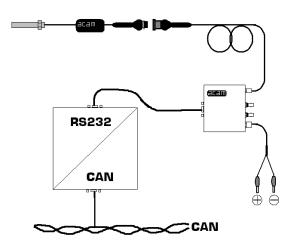


4.2 Other Connection Possibilities

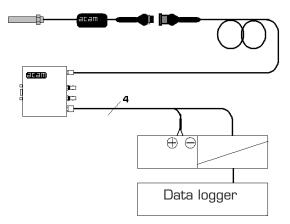
Laptop computer, via RS-232 at D-Sub, 9-pole



Easy, simple and inexpensive PicoTurnto-CAN bus solution



Combined cable (antispaghetti) solution

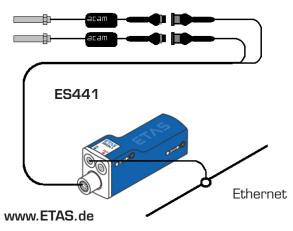




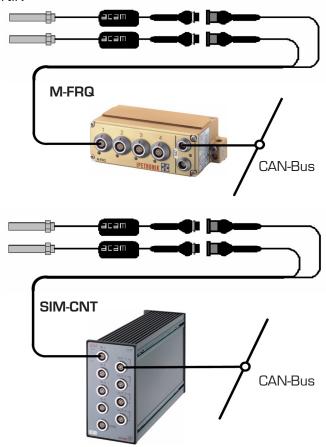


4.3 Vendor Independent Connecting Options





4.3.2 IPETRONIK



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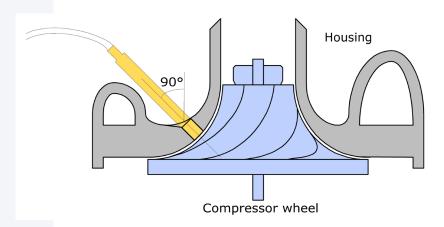




5 Sensor Application

The sensor body should be mounted as indicated (see sketch below). Do not try to sense only every second vane. Instead sense all the vanes, both big and small. Place the sensor directly in front of the small vanes ("splitter vanes"), avoiding the vicinity of their upper edge (which could induce error into the system). The system is programmed to sense alternately thicker and thinner vanes.

Lock torque: Important. The sensor body is not a 5 millimeter bolt, but merely a sleeve with some 0.3 mm thick walls. Apply only a fraction of the torque you would with a solid bolt, 0.3 Nm maximum (finger force, not fist force).



Environment: The sensor element with respect to its electronics and "superseal" connector has been designed for under-hood operation and is considered engine compartment tolerant.





6 Technical Data

Table 1: Sensor Tip To Compressor Vane Distance

Sensor/vanes distance	Passenger Cars	Commercial Vehicles
Minimum	not known, probably zero	approx. 0.5 mm
Maximum	approx. 1 mm	approx. 1.5 mm

These are approximate values for aluminium compressor wheels. Exact values depend on turbocharger geometry.

Table 2: Other Operating Conditions

Supply voltage (box)	9 to 36 volts DC			
Consumption (box)	-BX (RS-232 option)	36 mA @ 24 V		
	-BD (display option)	59 mA @ 24 V		
Temperature (box)	–40 °C to +85 °C (–40 °F to +18	35 °F)		
Dimensions (box)	105 mm x 85 mm x 30 mr	n		
Temperature	Cable and electronics	–40 °C to +125 °C (257 °F)		
(sensor element)	Sensor tip	–40 °C to +230 °C* (446 °F)		
Dimensions	Fine thread M5x0.5			
(sensor body)	with various lengths 25 mm to 60 mm			
	Standard thread M5x0.8			
	with various lengths 40 mm to 70 mm			
Length of sensor	From body to ASIC	approx. 0.75 meter		
element and its cable	From ASIC to "Superseal"	approx. 0.12 meter		
	Total length sensor element	approx. 1.00 meter		

^{*} excess temperature tolerated for short periods



6 Technical Data

Table 3: Signal Output And Metrological Characteristics

	ignal output And Metrological Characteristics						
Interface	Specification	Remarks					
	Analog voltage	The output is set parallel between the BNC connector and					
ge)	0.5 to 4.5 volts	the M12 com	nbi conne	ector			
olta	0.5 volts = standstill	Range 0.5 to 4.5 volts					
Analog-Out (voltage)	4.5 volts = 320,000	Slope			•	o It (subject to	
Q	r.p.m. subject to				ect vane num	ber setting)	
gole	correct vane number	Measureme	nt rate	appr	ox. 260 Hz		
Ana	setting	Resolution		390	r.p.m. when	set to 10 vanes	
	3333119	Precision		0.25	5 % end of sc	ale	
8	CMOS	The output is set parallel between the BNC connector and					
Digital- Out (Pulses)	5V / 10 mA	the M12 combi connector					
t (P	one impulse per	Minimum speed			approx. 390 r.p.m.		
no -	revolution subject to	Maximum speed			approx. 400)'000 r.p.m.	
gital	correct vane number	Precision			approx. 390) r.p.m.	
ij	setting						
=	Transfer rate	Unidirectional interface, for measurement result outpu					
ASC	38400 baud,	only. May be read with any port monitor including freewa					
in Sign	8 bits,	(e.g. Putty.ex	e). Outpu	ut for	mat:		
ric output in over RS-232	no parity,	Time	<space:< td=""><td>></td><td>Measured</td><td><cr> <lf></lf></cr></td></space:<>	>	Measured	<cr> <lf></lf></cr>	
ou F P	1 stop bit ("8N1")	stamp			value		
Numeric output in ASCII over RS-232		Subject to co	rrect var	ne nu	mber setting,	, the output reads	
<u>un</u>		revolutions pe	er minute	e. The	e time stamp	is in multiples of T	
= 3.84 ms. / Other: see Analog and Di					gital above.		

Charging an interface with current may cause the box to consume more than nominal value.





6 Technical Data

Table 4: Number-of-Vanes Setting

Setting	0	1	2 9		А	В	С	D	Е	F
Meaning	Place mode	Same as setting 2	Two to nir		10	11	12	13	14	15
			sor wheel		Ten to	fifteen v	anes oi	n compr	essor w	/heel
Alternative Meaning	16	17	2 = 18 3 = 19	vanes on the	26	27	28	29	30	31
Wearing	16 and on the v	17 vanes wheel	 8 = 24 9 = 25	wheel	26 to swheel	31 vane	es on th	ne comp	ressor	

The Place mode is a particular mode for adjusting the sensor-object distance. The alternative meaning (lower half of the table) is obtained after setting a jumper inside the box, please consult ACAM for details.

Table 5: Diagnostics Light Emitting Diode

Mode	LED colour	Sensor element connected ?	Turbocharger state	Meaning
Measure-	black	no	indifferent	Supply or box n.ok
ment mode		yes	idle	Sensor element ok (1)
		yes	spinning (2)	Distance too big (1)
	red	no	indifferent	Supply & box ok
	green	yes	spinning (2)	Whole chain ok
"Place"-	red	yes	spinning (2)	Signal too weak/noisy
mode	green			Distance & signal ok

⁽¹⁾ provided, the LED turns red upon disconnecting the sensor

⁽²⁾ to get the compressor wheel spinning, drive it with compressed air. The speed and the sense of the rotation are indifferent.



Dimensions: 6mm 54mm M5 x 0.8 PT2G-SM5.3 6mm 40mm M5 x 0.8 PT2G-SM5.5 69 mm M5 x 0.8 PT2G-SM5.6 25mm 10mm M5 x 0.5 PT2G-SM5F.2 M5 40mm PT2G-SM5F.3 M5 **1**0 mm 60 mm M5 x 0.5 PT2G-SM5F.5





7 Technical Data for Specialists

The conditioner box takes care of all the aspects listed (adequate power supply; interpretation of the raw pulses). Same for the apparatus mentioned in paragraph 4.3, but please provide for half, not full frequency (a factor of 2 in your vane number division).

Table 6: Pin Assignment 3-Pole "Superseal"

Pin	Pin name	Explanation
1	VCC	see Table 8
2	Signal	CMOS 5 volts, 4 mA max.
		The signal is square and symmetric. Every up or down change symbolizes
		one vane, leading to a half frequency pulse as compared to the vane appea-
		rance frequency
3	GND	Common ground for supply and signal

Table 7: Pin Assignment M12-Thread Combination Connector 5-Pole

	<u> </u>	
Pin	Pin name	Explanation
1	GND	This is the supply ground, connected to the aluminium box.
2	Signal-GND	Signal ground, separated from supply ground.
3	Analog-Out (Voltage)	see Table 3
4	VCC	Supply voltage 9 to 36 volts DC
5	Digital-Out (Pulses)	see Table 3

Table 8: Electrical Operating Conditions For The Sensor Element Alone

Supply voltage	+5 volts DC +/- 0.25 volts, from linear voltage regulator
Consumption	20 mA

Note: The acam conditioner box as well as the apparatus mentioned in paragraph 4.3 render an optimum supply voltage quality. Other supplies may be judged from standstill condition: A good low-noise power supply is necessary for a correct indication of zero speed. A more stringent specification is difficult to define and is not available at present. Generally speaking, linear voltage regulators are satisfactory, switching regulators are not.



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9 Change Log

07.11.2008 German original

03.02.2009 Complete Revision

05.03.2009 Native speaker editing

05.09.2009 Re-layout

08.03.2010 Complete revision, release 1.1



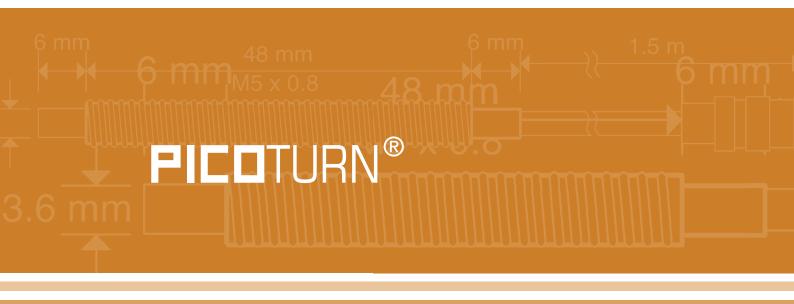
The products PICOTURN-V6 comply with EMC directive 89/336/EEC, applied standard DIN EN 61326, Equipment for Control and Laboratory (For use in electromagnetically controlled environment).



Generic immunity standard part 2 (EN 61000-4-4: 0,5KV, -4-6: 1V), In case of strong electromagnetic disturbances there might be a deviation of the output signal from the specification, but only for the duration of the disturbance.







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