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### Over Half a Century of Sealing Knowledge

Bal Seal Engineering, Inc. is a global provider of customengineered sealing, connecting, conducting, and EMI/RFI shielding solutions.



We're more than just a problem-solver, we're your innovation partner. With over half a century of experience and a vast application knowledge base, we specialize in helping OEMs develop breakthroughs that shape industry standards, push the technology envelope, and provide a competitive edge.

Whether you're addressing an existing challenge or in the early stages of development, we can help. Our engineers have the skills and expertise to collaborate and contribute during every step of the process and get your product to market faster.

Our core technology, the Bal Spring® canted coil spring, is a versatile component that functions independently or in combination with precision polymer sealing and metal retaining elements to enhance the performance and reliability of critical equipment used everywhere, from deep sea to deep space, and everywhere in between.

### Design Features and Benefits

We offer a broad range of Bal Seal® spring-energized seal types for reciprocating and static/face applications. The following pages contain examples of typical configurations, cross sections, and size ranges. Contact us with your specific application requirements, and we'll custom-engineer a solution that will increase the performance, safety, and reliability of your products.

#### **Dynamic Wiper Lip**

Series 13 for Housing Mounting/Series 14 for Piston Mounting

Features short dynamic sealing lip, which improves overall seal performance.

- Improved sealing ability
- · Better wiping
- · Reduced friction
- · Reduced heat buildup for longer life



#### Metal Retaining Ring

Series KS13

A self-retaining seal with metal-to-metal contact between housing material and metal locking ring.

- Good retention
- · Suitable for high and low temperatures
- · Greater thermal stability



### Flanged Seal

Series R13

Provides secondary sealing on the flange.

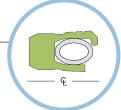
- · Well suited for cryogenic applications
- · Long-term sealing applications
- Reduces seal shuttling



#### High-Pressure Seal Series UN13, UN14, UN15

High-pressure reciprocating service.

- · Excellent sealing ability
- · Extended heel zone for increased seal strength
- Better resistance to extrusion
- Improved stability/performance at high temperatures and pressures



#### Face Seal (Static)

Series S2 for internal pressure/Series IS2 for external pressure

Radial-shaped sealing lips promote better sealing ability.

- · Suitable for cryogenic applications
- Suitable for oscillatory and slow rotary applications







### Bal Seal® Spring-Energized Reciprocating and Static/Face Seal Designs

Seal Design	Series	Features/Applications	Pressure Limit¹ psi (bar)	Cross Section Range in. (mm)	Inside Diameter Range in. (mm)
	13	Wiping, low friction, longer life.	3000 (207)	0.031 to 0.500 (0.8 to 12.7)	0.062 to 120 (1.6 to 3048)
	P14	One-piece pistons with 1/4 step. Better seal retention into groove.	3000 (207)	0.062 to 0.187 (1.6 to 4.7)	0.312 to 1.875 (7.9 to 47.6)
	15	Symmetrical design for piston or rod sealing.	3000 (207)	0.031 to 0.500 (0.8 to 12.7)	0.062 to 120 (1.6 to 3048)
	CC13	Very small diameters and small cross sections.	2000 (138)	0.016 to 0.062 (0.4 to 1.6)	0.016 to 0.093 (0.4 to 2.4)
	KS13	For thermal cycling and self-retaining with a metal locking ring. High and low temperatures.	3000 (207)	0.044 to 0.585 (1.1 to 14.8)	0.125 to 34 (3.2 to 863)
	R13	Flange-mounted. Reduces seal movement. Low friction, longer life.	3000 (207)	0.031 to 0.500 (0.8 to 12.7)	0.062 to 120 (1.6 to 3048)
<i>e</i>	UN13	For high pressure, low friction.	10000 (689)	0.031 to 0.500 (0.8 to 12.7)	0.062 to 120 (1.6 to 3048)
	PW	Spring-energized guide ring for better piston guidance and alignment.	NA	0.031 to 0.500 (0.8 to 12.7)	0.062 to 120 (1.6 to 3048)
	64	Low dead volume. Excellent chemical compatibility. Vacuum to low pressure. Snap-on assembly. Seal permanently locks onto piston.	60 (4)	0.031 to 0.125 (0.8 to 3.2)	OD Range 0.063 and up (1.6 and up)
	S15	For use in internal pressure conditions and slow rotary applications.	3000 (207)	0.062 to 0.250 (1.6 to 6.4)	0.188 to 120 (4.8 to 3048)
	S2	Face seal for static sealing and slow rotary applications.	3000 (207)	0.062 to 0.250 (1.6 to 6.4)	0.188 to 120 (4.8 to 3048)

<sup>1.</sup> Pressure limits are based on UHMWPE. PTFE material pressure limits will be lower.



#### Bal Seal® Materials

	Material/Description	Material Temperature Range °F (°C)	Wear Resistance 5=Excellent 1=Fair	Pressure/Extrusion Resistance 5=Excellent 1=Fair	Abrasion to Shaft
	T (Virgin PTFE) Light-duty service. Lowest friction. Excellent chemical compatibility. FDA compliant. Color: White	-450 to 450 (-270 to 230)	1	1	Low
	TA (PTFE—LOW PERMEABILITY/DEFORMATION) Superior mechanical properties with good surface finishes. Good sealing ability in gases and vacuum. Suitable for semiconductor applications. FDA Compliant. Color: White	-450 to 450 (-270 to 230)	2	2	Low
	G (GRAPHITE-FILLED PTFE) Light-duty service. Low friction. Very good chemical compatibility. Good wear resistance in liquids, humid conditions. Color: Black	-450 to 450 (-270 to 230)	2	2	Low
	GC (GRAPHITE-CARBON-FILLED PTFE) General light duty. Low friction. Very good chemical compatibility. Good wear resistance in liquids, humid conditions. Color: Black	-450 to 450 (-270 to 230)	3	3	Low
ylene	GFP55 (GRAPHITE-FIBER-REINFORCED PTFE) Severe service conditions. Excellent performance in applications with high pressure, low speed, and high temperature. Color: Black	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	4	5	Medium
uoroeth	GFP (GRAPHITE-FIBER-REINFORCED PTFE) Severe service conditions. Excellent performance in applications with high pressure, low speed, and high temperature. Color: Black	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	5	5	Medium
Polytetrafluoroethylene	GFPM55 HT (MoS <sub>2</sub> -REINFORCED PTFE) Severe dry and liquid service. Excellent wear and extrusion resistance in liquids, inert gases, vacuum. Color: Black	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	4	5	Medium
Pol	GLMO4 (GLASS-MOLY-FILLED PTFE) For severe conditions, excellent extrusion resistance. May be abrasive to soft mating materials. Color: Black	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	5	5	High
	GL20 (GLASS-FILLED PTFE) Severe dry/vacuum service. Excellent wear and extrusion resistance and low outgassing. Color: Off-white	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	5	5	High
	SP45 (POLYMER-FILLED PTFE) General-purpose material designed for contact with housings and pistons made of soft metals or plastics. Good for high-speed, low-pressure applications. Color: Light gray/green	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	5	4	Low
	SP191 (POLYMER-FILLED PTFE) Gas compressor systems and oxygen intensifier systems applications. Excellent wear resistance in various gases. Low abrasion to dynamic surfaces and operates well against soft mating surfaces like aluminum, mild steel, brass, and plastics. FDA compliant. Color: Dark yellow	-450 to 500 (-270 to 260)	5	4	Low
ene	UPC10 (POLYETHYLENE) Aqueous service. Good wear and extrusion resistance in aqueous media. For general service. FDA compliant. Color: Translucent white	-450 to 180 (-270 to 80)	4 (aqueous solutions)	5	Low
Polyethylene	UPC16 (POLYETHYLENE) High purity, high wear resistance in water and aqueous solutions. FDA compliant. Color: Translucent white	-450 to 180 (-270 to 80)	4 (aqueous solutions)	5	Low
<u>~</u>	UP30 (UHMW POLYETHYLENE BLEND) Suitable for very high-pressure low-speed reciprocating applications such as HPLC and cryogenic applications. FDA compatible. Color: Gold	-450 to 180 (-270 to 80)	4 (aqueous solutions)	5	Low
PEEK	P41 HT (HIGH-PERFORMANCE POLYMERS) High-performance materials for high-temperature service. FDA compatible. Color: Beige.	-70 to 600 (-60 to 316)	5	5	Medium

Bal Seal defines "FDA Compliant" as materials that have been found by the FDA to be "safe for use in food contact" or "acceptable for use in food contact." "FDA Compatible" is defined by Bal Seal as compositions where FDA has deemed the majority (97% or more) of the ingredients "safe for use in food contact" and they contain no ingredient listed in the California Code of Regulations Hazardous Substance List.

It is essential that the customer run evaluation testing under actual service conditions with a sufficient safety factor to determine if the proposed, supplied or purchased Bal Seal Engineering, Inc. products are suitable for the intended purpose and to confirm expected results. Bal Seal Engineering, Inc. shall not be liable for any loss or damage of any kind or nature that may result from the use of, reference to, or reliance on the information contained herein, including but not limited to consequential, special (including loss of profits) direct, incidental or similar damages, even if Bal Seal Engineering, Inc. has been advised of the possibility of such damages. Products described herein may be covered all or in part by various existing and/or pending U.S. patents.



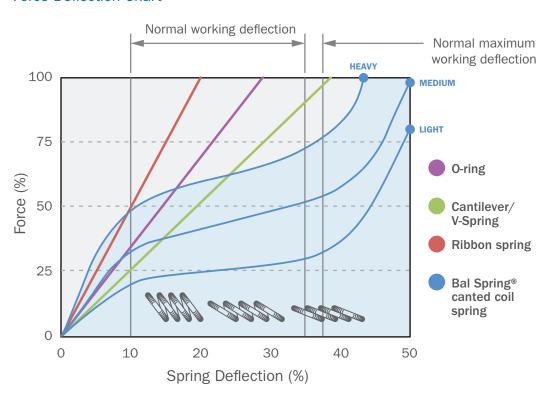


## Bal Spring® Canted Coil Spring Energizer Materials



Bal Seal Engineering is the original developer of the Bal Spring® canted coil spring as a seal energizer. Our innovative design holds the spring force nearly constant over a wide deflection range. As the seal jacket wears, the spring continues to provide the same sealing force. Spring loads are customizable, enabling you to optimize friction, sealing, and performance life.

#### Force Deflection Chart





#### **Spring Materials**

Material	Advantages	Limitations	Typical Applications
BSE1 or BSE2 (Stainless Steel)	<ul> <li>Low cost and readily available</li> <li>Highest tensile strength of all standard Bal Spring® materials.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lower corrosion resistance than BSE3 or BSE 4 and BSE5</li> <li>Mechanical properties change at elevated temperatures</li> </ul>	General service
BSE3 or BSE4 (Stainless Steel)	Better corrosion resistance than BSE1 or BSE2 due to higher nickel and molybdenum content	Mechanical properties lower than BSE1 or BSE2	• Food processing
BSE5 (Stainless Steel)	Higher corrosion resistance than BSE3 or BSE4 due to lower carbon content	Higher cost than BSE3 or BSE4	<ul><li>Biomedical</li><li>Corrosive environments</li><li>Laboratory</li><li>Food processing</li></ul>
BSE9 (Beryllium Copper Alloy)	High-strength copper alloy	Limited temperature range	<ul> <li>Parts requiring good electrical conductivity</li> <li>EMI shielding</li> <li>Electronics</li> </ul>
BSE17 (Nickel Alloy)	Higher corrosion resistance and operating temperature than BSE1 or BSE2, BSE3 or BSE4, and BSE5 stainless steels	Limited availability	Corrosive environments
BSE18 (Nickel Alloy)	<ul> <li>High resistance to stress cracking</li> <li>High corrosion resistance</li> <li>Resistant to cracking under NACE Level VII conditions</li> <li>Compatible with hydrogen sulfide</li> </ul>	• Wire size	Petrochemical applications with hydrogen sulfide sour gas per NACE report MR-01-75
BSE19 (Cobalt Nickel Alloy)	Compatible with hydrogen sulfide     Nickel-based material with higher modulus of elasticity than all other stainless steel materials with higher mechanical properties than other stainless steel materials	Galvanic corrosion can occur when coupled with dissimilar metals	<ul> <li>Body implant applications such as pacemakers</li> <li>Petrochemical applications where corrosion resistance to hydrogen sulfide is necessary</li> </ul>
BSE28 (Titanium Alloy)	Commonly used heat treatable with good stiffness and thermal properties     Excellent combination of strength and corrosion resistance	Non-medical grade alloy     High cost	<ul> <li>Military, aircraft, spacecraft</li> <li>Medical devices</li> <li>Connecting rods for sports cars</li> <li>Some sports equipment</li> </ul>

### Energizers

Energizer	Туре	Friction	Sealing	Wear	High Speed	Vacuum Gas	High Pressure	Cryogenic
	Light	Low	Low	Low	Excellent	Not Recommended	Good	Poor
	Medium	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Good	Fair	Excellent	Fair
	Heavy	High	High	High	Not Recommended	Good	Excellent	Good
	Cantilever/ V-Spring	High	High	Moderate	Not Recommended	Excellent	Excellent	Good
	O-Ring	High	High	High	Not Recommended	Excellent	Fair	Fair

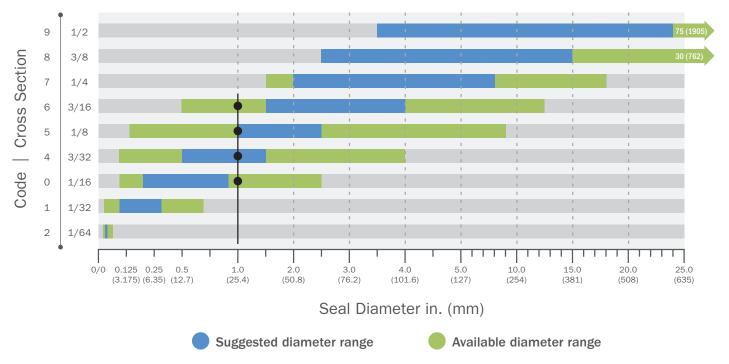




# Suggested Standard Cross Sections and Seal Inside Diameters

Cross sections range from 0.016 to 0.500 in. (0.40 to 12.70 mm). Seal cross sections and seal inside diameters are divided into available and suggested size ranges. Suggested sizes will generally result in optimal seal performance.

Cross	Section			Seal Insid	e Diameter	
Closs	Section	Nominal Cross Section in. (mm)	Available Sizes	Suggested Sizes		Available Sizes
Code	Size		Min. in. (mm)	Min. in. (mm)	Max. in. (mm)	Max. in. (mm)
2	1/64	0.016 (0.40)	0.016 (0.40)	0.031 (0.79)	0.040 (1.02)	0.062 (1.57)
1	1/32	0.031 (0.79)	0.025 (0.64)	0.041 (1.04)	0.312 (7.93)	0.68 (17.45)
0	1/16	0.062 (1.57)	0.050 (1.27)	0.187 (4.75)	0.750 (19.05)	2.50 (63.50)
4	3/32	0.094 (2.38)	0.094 (2.39)	0.500 (12.70)	1.500 (38.10)	4.00 (101.60)
5	1/8	0.125 (3.18)	0.187 (4.75)	1.000 (25.40)	2.500 (63.50)	9.00 (228.60)
6	3/16	0.187 (4.75)	0.500 (12.70)	1.500 (38.10)	4.000 (101.60)	12.50 (317.50)
7	1/4	0.250 (6.35)	1.500 (38.10)	2.000 (50.80)	8.000 (203.20)	18.00 (457.20)
8	3/8	0.375 (9.53)	As requested	2.500 (63.50)	15.000 (381.00)	30.00 (762.00)
9	1/2	0.500 (12.70)	As requested	3.500 (88.90)	24.000 (609.60)	75.00 (1905.00)



Example: A 1.0 in. seal diameter is available in cross sections 1/16, 3/32, 1/8, and 3/16 in.

# Bal Seal® Large Diameter Spring-Energized Seals

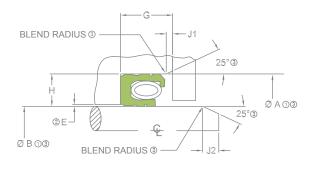
Our Bal Seal® spring-energized large diameter seals offer big performance advantages in critical equipment. Designed to handle slow-speed rotary and reciprocating applications, our one-piece seals provide OEM designers and end users with excellent resistance to wear, extrusion and chemical—all of which translates into more uptime and profitability. Our low-friction seals are energized with a Bal Spring® canted coil spring, which promotes even wear and prolongs service life. Seals are available in select profiles and a variety of materials.

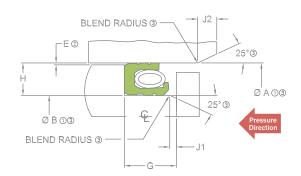


Our seals are available in diameters to suit applications from the very small to the very large.



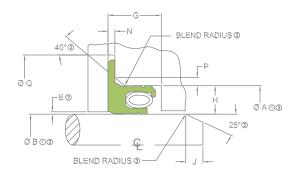
### **Reciprocating Seal Gland Dimensions**

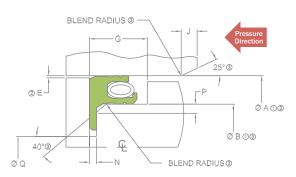




①See page 15 for gland diameters for stepped groves of common seal sizes. ②Radial clearance with service conditions. A recommended radial clearance is shown on Bal Seal design proposal drawings. Refer to page 13 for radial clearance. ③Refer to page 14 for recommended surface finishes. For KS13 and 64 series gland dimensions, contact us to discuss your specific application requirements.

Cross Section		H Nominal Gland Height		l Length mm)	Chamfer Length in. (mm)		
Code	Size	in. (mm)	Standard Seals	U Series Seals	J1	J2	
2	1/64	0.016 (0.40)	0.029/0.034 (0.74/0.86)	0.055/0.058 (1.40/1.47)	0.005±0.001 (0.13±0.03)	0.015±0.003 (0.38±0.08)	
1	1/32	0.031 (0.79)	0.053/0.058 (1.34/1.47)	0.071/0.076 (1.80/1.93)	0.007±0.001 (0.18±0.03)	0.031±0.004 (0.79±0.10)	
0	1/16	0.062 (1.57)	0.098/0.103 (2.49/2.62)	0.120/0.125 (3.05/3.18)	0.010±0.002 (0.25±0.05)	0.062±0.005 (1.57±0.13)	
4	3/32	0.094 (2.38)	0.144/0.154 (3.66/3.91)	0.183/0.193 (4.65/4.90)	0.015±0.003 (0.38±0.08)	0.093±0.006 (2.36±0.15)	
5	1/8	0.125 (3.18)	0.183/0.193 (4.65/4.90)	0.263/0.273 (6.68/6.93)	0.020±0.003 (0.58±0.08)	0.125±0.008 (3.17±0.20)	
6	3/16	0.187 (4.75)	0.263/0.273 (6.68/6.93)	0.351/0.366 (8.92/9.30)	0.025±0.003 (0.64±0.08)	0.187±0.010 (4.75±0.25)	
7	1/4	0.250 (6.35)	0.351/0.366 (8.92/9.30)	0.523/0.543 (13.28/13.79)	0.035±0.003 (0.89±0.08)	0.250±0.012 (6.35±0.30)	
8	3/8	0.375 (9.35)	0.523/0.543 (13.28/13.79)	0.686/0.711 (17.42/18.06)	0.045±0.004 (1.14±0.10)	0.375±0.015 (9.53±0.38)	
9	1/2	0.500 (12.70)	0.686/0.711 (17.42/18.06)	0.911/0.931 (23.13/23.65)	0.060±0.006 (1.52±0.15)	0.500±0.020 (12.7±0.51)	





®Radial clearance varies with service conditions. ®A recommended radial clearance is shown on Bal Seal deign proposal drawings. ®Refer to page 13 for recommended radial clearance.

Cross S	Section	H Nominal		I Length mm)	N Flange	P Chamfer Height		r Length mm)	J Chamfer
Code	Size	Gland Height in. (mm)	R/IR Series Seals	UR/UIR Series Seals	Depth in. (mm)	in. (mm)	R/UR Series Seals +xxx/-0	IR/UIR Series Seals +0/-xxx	Length in. (mm)
1	1/32	0.031 (0.79)	0.075/0.095 (1.91/2.41)	0.092/0.112 (2.34/2.84)	0.012/0.013 (0.30/0.33)	0.012/0.017 (0.30/0.43)	A +0.096 (2.44)	B -0.096 (-2.44)	0.031±0.004 (0.79±0.10)
0	1/16	0.062 (1.57)	0.117/0.137 (2.97/3.48)	0.138/0.158 (3.51/4.01)	0.012/0.013 (0.30/0.33)	0.017/0.023 (0.43/0.58)	A +0.135 (3.43)	B -0.135 (-3.43)	0.062±0.005 (1.57±0.13)
4	3/32	0.094 (2.39)	0.171/0.191 (4.34/4.85)	0.203/0.223 (5.16/5.66)	0.019/0.020 (0.48/0.51)	0.028/0.035 (0.71/0.89)	A +0.143 (3.63)	B -0.143 (-3.63)	0.093±0.006 (2.36±0.15)
5	1/8	0.125 (3.18)	0.220/0.240 (5.59/6.10)	0.259/0.279 (6.58/7.09)	0.026/0.027 (0.66/0.69)	0.040/0.049 (1.02/1.24)	A +0.155 (3.94)	B -0.155 (-3.94)	0.125±0.008 (3.17±0.20)
6	3/16	0.187 (4.75)	0.280/0.300 (7.11/7.62)	0.351/0.371 (8.92/9.42)	0.031/0.032 (0.79/0.81)	0.057/0.067 (1.45/1.70)	A +0.246 (6.25)	B -0.246 (-6.25)	0.187±0.010 (4.75±0.25)
7	1/4	0.250 (6.35)	0.375/0.395 (9.53/10.03)	0.489/0.509 (12.42/12.93)	0.044/0.045 (1.12/1.14)	0.069/0.080 (1.75/2.03)	A +0.306 (7.77)	B -0.306 (-7.77)	0.250±0.012 (6.35±0.30)
8	3/8	0.375 (9.53)	0.565/0.585 (14.35/14.86)	0.741/0.761 (18.82/19.33)	0.088/0.090 (2.24/2.29)	0.080/0.092 (2.03/2.34)	A +0.384 (9.75)	B -0.384 (-9.75)	0.375±0.015 (9.53±0.38)
9	1/2	0.500 (12.70)	0.743/0.763 (18.87/19.38)	0.980/1.000 (24.89/25.40)	0.088/0.090 (2.24/2.29)	0.092/0.103 (2.34/2.62)	A +0.480 (12.19)	B -0.480 (-12.19)	0.500±0.020 (12.70±0.51)



## **Design Parameters**

There are many factors that affect the seal performance and service life, all of which should be considered when determining the most suitable gland design parameters for the application. Refer to Bal Seal Technical Report TR-78, *Factors that Affect Seal Performance*.

#### Recommended Shaft and Housing Tolerances

Recommended Tolerance						
Diameter Range		mension	Housing Dimension			
in. (mm)		mm)	in. (mm)			
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
0.0200 to 0.9999	-0.0005	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0005		
(0.5 to 24.99)	(-0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)		
1.0000 to 1.9999	-0.0010	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0010		
(25 to 49.99)	(-0.03)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.03)		
2.0000 to 3.4999	-0.0015	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0015		
(50 to 89.99)	(-0.04)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.04)		
3.5000 to 5.9999	-0.0020	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0020		
(90 to 149.99)	(-0.05)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.05)		
6.0000 to 14.9999	-0.0030	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0030		
(150 to 379.99)	(-0.08)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.08)		
15.0000 to 33.9999	-0.0040	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0040		
(380 to 859.99)	(-0.10)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.10)		
34.0000 to 0000	-0.0050	+0.0000	-0.0000	+0.0050		
(860 to 3050)	(-0.13)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.13)		

#### **Radial Clearance**

Extrusion is the flowing of the seal ring material into the radial clearance (E) of the seal gland, which is due to the media pressure acting on the seal's internal cavity. Excessive extrusion can result in seal lip blowout and failure. The extrusion of the seal material increases as the pressure and/or radial clearance (E) increases. Extrusion can also be influenced by other factors, such as temperature and seal material. A backup ring should be used if the "E" clearance cannot be controlled as required. Refer to Bal Seal application bulletin PN-228 for additional extrusion information.

E Typical Radial Clearance @70 °F (21 °C)								
Cross S	Section	H Nominal Gland Height		Pressure psi (bar)				
Code	Size	in. (mm)	150 (10)	1,500 (103)	3,000 (207)	10,000 (689)		
2	1/64	0.016 (0.40)	0.001 (0.025)	0.001 (0.025)	0.0005 (0.013)	0.0005 (0.013)		
1	1/32	0.031 (0.79)	0.002 (0.051)	0.002 (0.051)	0.001 (0.025)	0.0005 (0.013)		
0	1/16	0.062 (1.57)	0.004 (0.102)	0.003 (0.076)	0.002 (0.051)	0.001 (0.025)		
4	3/32	0.094 (2.39)	0.005 (0.127)	0.003 (0.076)	0.002 (0.051)	0.001 (0.025)		
5	1/8	0.125 (3.18)	0.006 (0.152)	0.004 (0.102)	0.003 (0.076)	0.0015 (0.038)		
6	3/16	0.187 (4.75)	0.007 (0.178)	0.004 (0.102)	0.003 (0.076)	0.0015 (0.038)		
7	1/4	0.250 (6.35)	0.008 (0.203)	0.005 (0.127)	0.004 (0.102)	0.002 (0.051)		
8	3/8	0.375 (9.35)	0.010 (0.254)	0.006 (0.152)	0.005 (0.127)	0.002 (0.051)		
9	1/2	0.500 (12.70)	0.012 (0.305)	0.007 (0.178)	0.006 (0.152)	0.003 (0.076)		



#### Dynamic Surface Hardness

A dynamic surface with a higher hardness will reduce adhesion of the seal ring material onto that surface, thereby reducing friction and consequently reducing premature seal wear.

#### Surface Finish

The surface finish of the dynamic material has a substantial effect on the seal performance. In general, the better the surface finish, the better the seal performance. A good surface finish results in better sealing ability, lower abrasive wear, and longer seal life. Small imperfections such as scratches, cutter tool marks, porosity, and eccentricities can create leakage paths, depending on the media type and pressure, and should be minimized whenever possible. Refer to Bal Seal technical report TR-4, *Influence of Surface Finish on Bal Seal Performance*.

#### Suggested Surface Finishes

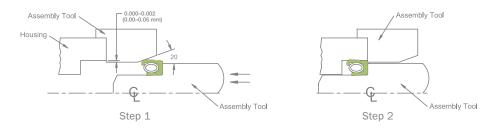
		Dynamic \$		Statio	Cfa	
Medium	Reciprocating		Rotary		Static Surface	
	RMS	Ra μin. (Ra μm)	RMS	Ra μin. (Ra μm)	RMS	Ra μin. (Ra μm)
Cryogens	2 to 4	1.8 to 3.6 (0.045 to 0.09)	2 to 4	1.8 to 3.6 (0.045 to 0.09)	4 to 8	3.6 to 7.2 (0.09 to 0.18)
Gases (air, N, O, etc.)	6 to 12	5.4 to 10.8 (0.135 to 0.27)	4 to 8	3.6 to 7.2 (0.09 to 0.18)	12 to 32	10.8 to 28.8 (0.27 to 0.72)
Liquids (hydraulic fluid, water, etc.)	8 to 16	7.2 to 14.4 (0.18 to 0.36)	8 to 12	7.2 to 10.8 (0.18 to 0.27)	16 to 32	14.4 to 28.8 (0.36 to 0.72)

### Assembly and Installation Configurations

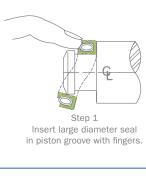
Assembly of Bal Seal® spring-energized seals into stepped (1/4 H, 1/2 H) and solid piston grooves present the potential for permanently deforming the seal, thereby reducing the sealing ability and seal life. Therefore, we recommend the use of a split gland whenever possible. Refer to options 1–4 on pages 14–15. Option 1 is preferred and option 5 is the least desirable, causing the most deformation during assembly.

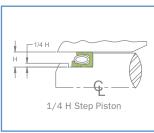
To reduce the risk of seal damage during installation into a gland, we suggest using assembly tools such as those shown in the illustrations. The assembly tools provide a suitable lead-in taper and guide the seal into the gland. The collet assembly tool gradually stretches the seal over the piston and into the gland. For details on assembly procedures and limitations, request Bal Seal technical report TR-6.2. We can also supply dimensional information for fabricating assembly tools for specific applications.

Option 1
Assembly into Split Gland in Housing



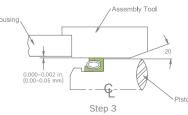
Option 2 Stepped Glands, Manual Assembly







Place sizing tool over the seal and leave minimum of 1 hour, preferably 24 hours.



Remove sizing tool and assemble piston into the bore using assembly tool.

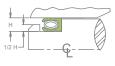
#### Recommended Seal ID Range for Manual Assembly Based on Cross Section and 1/4 H Step Piston

Cross	1/4 H St	tep Gland
Section Code	Minimum in. (mm)	Maximum in. (mm)
0	0.312 (7.92)	1.875 (47.63)
4	0.438 (11.13)	2.875 (73.03)
5	0.750 (19.05)	3.750 (95.25)
6	1.125 (28.58)	5.625 (142.88)



#### Options 2, 3, and 4 Stepped and Solid Glands, Tool Assembly



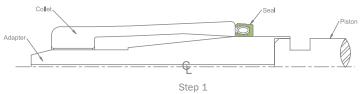


Solid Piston

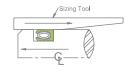


1/2 H Step Piston (Option 3)

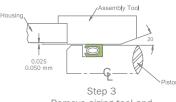




Using a seal assembly adapter, push the seal into the piston gland with an assembly collet.



Step 2
Place sizing tool over the seal and leave minimum of 1 hour, preferably 24 hours.



Remove sizing tool and assemble piston into the bore using assembly tool.

# Recommended Seal ID range for Assembly with Tools Based on Cross Section and Step Piston Configurations

Cross	1/4 H St	tep Gland	1/2 H St	tep Gland	Solid Gland		
Section Code	Minimum in. (mm)	Maximum in. (mm)	Minimum in. (mm)	Maximum in. (mm)	Minimum in. (mm)	Maximum in. (mm)	
0	0.219 (5.56)	1.875 (47.63)	0.312 (7.92)	1.875 (47.63)	0.500 (12.70)	1.875 (47.63)	
4	0.312 (7.92)	2.875 (73.03)	0.375 (9.53)	2.875 (73.03)	0.625 (15.88)	2.875 (73.03)	
5	0.625 (15.88)	3.750 (95.25)	1.000 (25.40)	3.750 (95.25)	1.250 (31.75)	3.750 (95.25)	
6	1.000 (25.40)	5.625 (142.88)	1.250 (31.75)	5.625 (142.88)	1.500 (38.10)	5.625 (142.88)	

### **Guide Rings**

Spring-energized guide rings, which are made from PTFE-based materials, are used with Bal Seal® fluid seals to help prevent metal-to-metal contact and provide piston guidance and support. Our guide rings differ from conventional wear rings in one major respect: our unique Bal Spring® canted coil spring supports the weight of the piston or rod evenly around the circumference and compensates for wear.

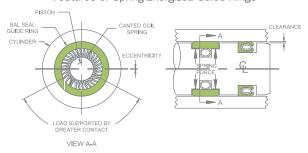
Selection between light, medium, and heavy spring forces tailor the guide ring for a suitable mix of friction and piston support. Provide our technical sales staff with your application details, and we'll propose the optimal guide ring material and spring force combination.





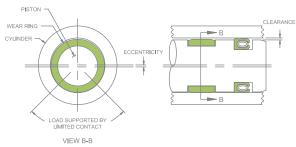
Piston Support Guide Rings vs. Conventional Wear Rings

#### Features of Spring-Energized Guide Rings



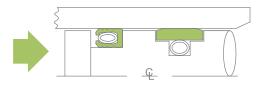
- · Supports piston weight
- Reduces bearing load
- · Reduces cylinder scoring
- · Minimizes side loading
- · Compensates for wear

#### Limitations of Conventional Wear Rings

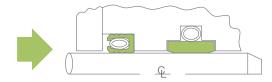


- · Overcome by weight of piston
- · Increases stress
- · Allows metal-to-metal contact
- · Succumbs to side loading · Accelerates wear

#### Improved Seal Performance



Piston Mounted PW Series Guide Ring with a Low-Friction Bal Seal®



Housing Mounted HW Series Guide Ring with a Low-Friction Bal Seal®



### Static/Face Seals

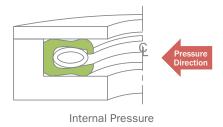
Our static/face seals assemble into a gland, flange, or counterbore for internal or external pressure, static, or dynamic sealing. Because the Bal Spring® canted coil spring energizer provides nearly constant load over a wide range of deflection, variations in gland depth tolerance have a minimal effect on seal load. PTFE-based seal materials make the seal compatible with a variety of liquid and gas applications.

#### **Internal Pressure**

The spring cavity on the seal ID allows the internal pressure to aid in providing a positive seal as pressure increases. A heavy spring force is typical for static applications. Lighter spring forces can customize the load for dynamic service and applications that require lower friction.

#### Seal Designs:

S15, S2, US15, US2

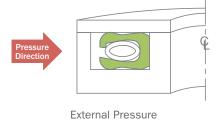


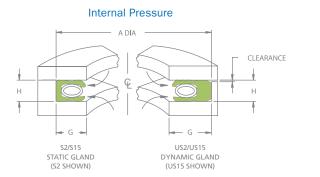
#### **External Pressure**

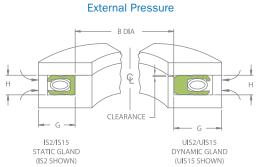
The spring cavity on the seal ID aids in providing a positive seal under external pressure. A heavy spring force is typically specified for static and vacuum service. Lighter spring forces can customize the load for dynamic service and applications that require lower friction.

#### Seal Designs:

IS15, IS2, UIS15, UIS2







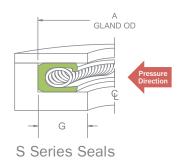
#### Face Seal Gland Dimensions

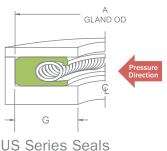
Cross Section	H Gland Height	H Gland Length in. (mm)				
Code	in. (mm)	S/IS Series Seals Minimum	US/UIS Series Seals Minimum			
0	0.061/0.063 (1.55/1.60)	0.115 (2.92)	0.155 (3.94)			
4	0.093/0.095 (2.36/2.41)	0.155 (3.94)	0.195 (4.95)			
5	0.125/0.127 (3.18/3.23)	0.195 (4.95)	0.275 (6.99)			
6	0.187/0.189 (4.75/4.80)	0.275 (6.99)	0.365 (9.27)			
7	0.250/0.252 (6.35/6.40)	0.365 (9.27)	0.535 (13.59)			
8	0.375/0.377 (9.53/9.58)	0.535 (13.59)	0.715 (18.16)			
9	0.500/0.502 (12.70/12.75)	0.715 (18.16)	0.935 (23.75)			

The larger gland height (H) for dynamic applications reduces breakout and dynamic friction. Smaller gland height for static applications improves sealing reliability.



# Static/Face Seals



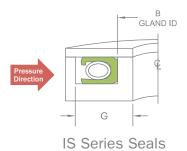


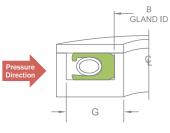
US Series Seals (Extended Heel)

#### **Internal Pressure**

Cross Section		S Se	ries	US Series			
Code	Size	A Gland OD in. (mm)	Tolerance in. (mm)	A Gland OD in. (mm)	Tolerance in. (mm)		
0	1/16	0.312 to 0.625 (7.92 to 15.88)	+0.001 (+0.005) -0.000 (-0.000)	0.437 to 0.625 (11.10 to 15.88)	+0.001 (+0.003) -0.000 (-0.000)		
4	3/32	0.875 to 1.500 (22.23 to 38.10)	+0.001 (+0.030) -0.000 (-0.000)	1.750 to 2.250 (44.45 to 57.15)	+0.002 (+0.050) -0.000 (-0.000)		
5	1/8	1.125 to 1.625 (28.58 to 41.28)	+0.001 (+0.030) -0.000 (-0.000)	1.750 to 2.500 (44.45 to 63.50)	+0.002 (+0.050) -0.000 (-0.000)		
6	3/16	3.000 to 3.750 (76.20 to 95.25)	+0.003 (+0.080) -0.000 (-0.000)	4.000 to 4.500 (101.60 to 114.30)	+0.004 (+0.100) -0.000 (-0.000)		
7	1/4	4.000 to 5.000 (101.60 to 127.00)	+0.004 (+0.100) -0.000 (-0.000)	5.250 to 6.000 (133.35 to 152.40)	+0.005 (+0.130) -0.000 (-0.000)		
8	3/8	6.500 to 72.000 (165.10 to 1828.80)	+0.010 (+0.300) -0.000 (-0.000)	6.500 to 72.000 (165.10 to 1828.80)	+0.010 (+0.300) -0.000 (-0.000)		
9	1/2	12.500 to 72.000 (317.50 to 1828.80)	+0.015 (+0.380) -0.000 (-0.000)	12.500 to 72.000 (317.50 to 1828.80)	+0.015 (+0.380) -0.000 (-0.000)		







UIS Series Seals (Extended Heel)

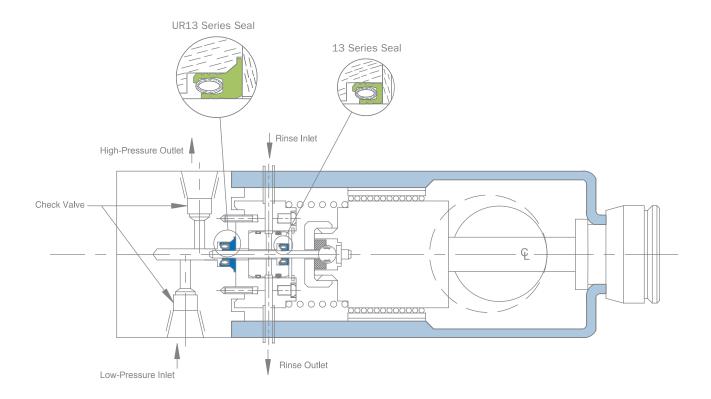
#### **External Pressure**

Cross Section		IS Se	eries	UIS Series			
Code	Size	B Gland ID in. (mm)	Tolerance in. (mm)	B Gland ID in. (mm)	Tolerance in. (mm)		
0	1/16	0.187 to 0.750 (4.75 to 19.05)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.001 (-0.030)	0.187 to 0.750 (4.75 to 19.05)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.001 (-0.030)		
4	3/32	0.875 to 1.500 (15.88 to 38.10)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.001 (-0.030)	1.750 to 2.250 (44.45 to 57.15)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.002 (-0.050)		
5	1/8	1.125 to 1.625 (28.58 to 41.28)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.001 (-0.030)	1.750 to 2.500 (44.45 to 63.50)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.002 (-0.050)		
6	3/16	3.000 to 3.750 (76.20 to 95.25)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.003 (-0.080)	4.000 to 4.500 (101.60 to 114.30)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.004 (-0.010)		
7	1/4	4.000 to 5.000 (101.60 to 127.00)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.004 (-0.100)	5.250 to 6.000 (133.35 to 152.40)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.005 (-0.130)		
8	3/8	6.500 to 72.000 (165.10 to 1828.80)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.010 (-0.300)	6.500 to 72.000 (165.10 to 1828.80)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.010 (-0.300)		
9	1/2	12.500 to 72.000 (317.50 to 1828.80)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.015 (-0.380)	12.500 to 72.000 (317.50 to 1828.80)	+0.000 (+0.000) -0.015 (-0.380)		



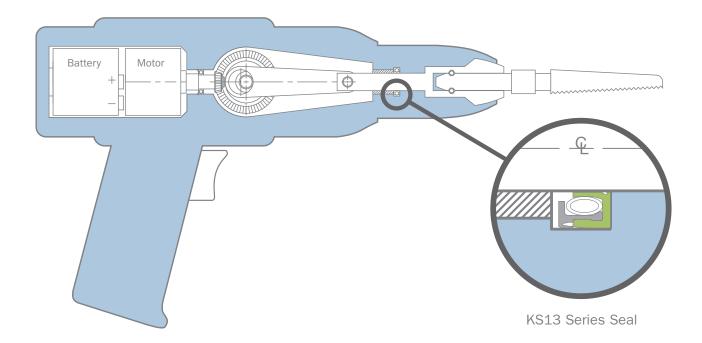
# Typical Bal Seal® Spring-Energized Seal Applications

### **HPLC Plunger Pump**



Operating Parameters					
Pressure	Atmospheric to 14,000 psi (965 bar)				
Media	ACN, methanol, deionized H <sub>2</sub> O				
Speed	4 ft/min (0.02 m/s)				
Temperature	32–100 °F (0°–38 °C)				

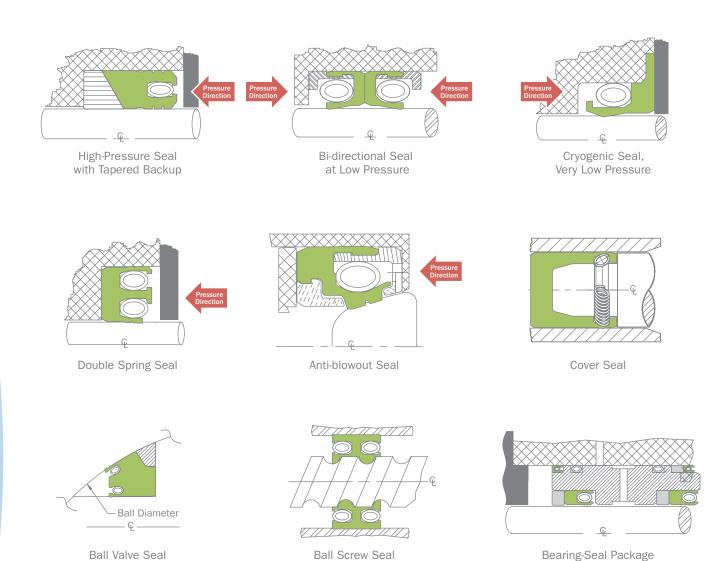
### Surgical Bone Saw



Operating Parameters						
Pressure	Atmospheric to 15 psi (1 bar)					
Media	Bone, tissue, bearing grease, and sterilization fluids					
Speed	50-300 ft/min (0.25-1.5 m/s)					
Temperature	70 °F (21 °C) operating 250 °F (121 °C) autoclave cleaning					



# **Customized Solution Examples**

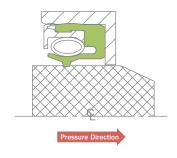




Reverse Pressure Direction 15 psi max.  $\Delta P$ 



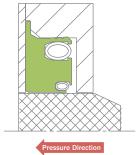




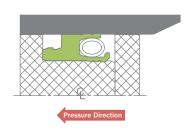


Extreme Misalignment

Extremely Low Friction



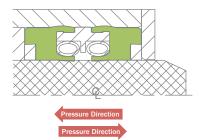




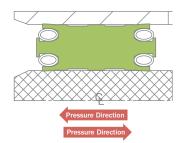
Unusual Gland Configurations

Multidirection Sealing

Snapped in Backup Ring Assembly



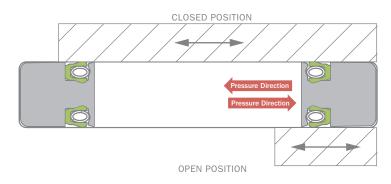




Bi-Directional Pressure

Extemely High Rotational Speeds

Floating Cover Seal



Seal Snaps Into Place and Is Retained





# Design Request Form—Reciprocating/Radial Seals

In order to design your Bal Seal® reciprocating sealing solution, we need to know more about your application requirements. Please complete this form and e-mail it to us at sales@balseal.com, or fax it to (949) 460-2300.

Name											
	Name				Date						
Company				Title							
Address					Department						
City, State & Zip				Telephone							
E-mail					Fax						
Product data					Service						
Equipment type					☐ Reciprocating ☐	Intermitte	ent	☐ Oth	her		
Application is used for					Travel length	☐ in. [	cm				
☐ Prototype ☐ Production ☐ Retrofit ☐ Other					Speed						
,,,,,				Speed	☐ fpm	□ cpr	n $\Box$ rı	pm 🗌 m/s			
Annual usage		arget price	(per unit)				op.		p, o		
Critical factors					Temperature		7.05				
	Value			der of priority, ) to 5 (lowest)	Minimum			□ °K			
E			± (mg.1000	, to a (1011001)	Operating			□ °K			
Friction					Maximum			□ °K		-1:10	
Service life					Does seal reach opera □ Yes □ No	ating tempe	erature	betore	pressure is app	ollea?	
Sealing performance					Does seal reach cold t	temperatui	res prid	or to pre	essurizing?		
Compatibility					☐ Yes ☐ No						
Cost					What is maximum tem maximum pressure wil		hat				
Media type (Please select all th	at apply)				Pressure						
☐ Gas ☐ Abrasives			Contamina	ant	Minimum	□ °C	□ °F	□°K			
☐ Liquid ☐ Solid partic	cles (size=	)	Other		Operating	□ °C	□ °F	□°K			
☐ Viscous ☐ Corrosive					Maximum	□ °C	□ °F	□°K			
Specific gravity		elative hui									
Volatiles	V	iscosity		cP □ cSt							
Friction force					Differential pressure a		ıl				
☐ lbs. ☐ N					☐ psi ☐ MPa ☐ kį	g/cm² [	bar				
Breakout	F	unning				Minin	num		Operating	Maxi	mum
					Forward shaft travel						
					Reverse shaft travel						
Dimensional information					Vacuum						
		Talaman	00 (1 / )								
	☐ Inches	Toleran	ice (+/-)	Can be modified		☐ in Hg	☐ Pa	a 🗆 To	orr		
Shaft diameter (A)	☐ Inches	Toleran	ICE (+/ -)	modified	Bore information	□ in Hg	□ Pa	a □To	orr		
Shaft diameter (A)		Toleran	(+/ -)	modified	Material	□ in Hg	_ Pa	a 🗆 To	orr		
Bore diameter (B)		Toleran	(T/ -)	modified	Material Plating/coating	□ in Hg	□ Pa	a □To	orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C)		Toleran		modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc)				orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D)		Toleran	IDE (T/ -)	modified	Material Plating/coating	☐ in Hg	□ Pa		orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)		Toleran		modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc)				orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity		Toleran	(T) -)	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material				orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)		Toleran	(T/ -)	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information				orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity		Toleran	(T/ -)	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material				orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity		Toleran	(T/ -)	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material Plating/coating			а	orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity		Toleran	(T/ -)	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc)	RMS	□R	а	orr		
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity Shaft-to-Bore Misalignment  Gland configurations	□ mm			modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc)	RMS	□ R	a			
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity Shaft-to-Bore Misalignment	E V	2-piece p	piston Q	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish	□ RMS	□ R	a	langed bore	ę l	\frac{\frac{1}{V}}{D}
Bore diameter (B) Gland length (C) Gland height (D) Radial shaft/bore clearance (E)  Eccentricity Shaft-to-Bore Misalignment  Gland configurations  2-piece housing	E V	2-piece p	piston	modified	Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish Shaft information Material Plating/coating Hardness (Rc) Surface finish	□ RMS	□ R □ R	a	langed bore		\frac{\frac{1}{V}}{D}



# Design Request Form—Static/Face Seals

In order to design your Bal Seal® static/face sealing solution, we need to know more about your application requirements. Please complete this form and e-mail it to us at sales@balseal.com, or fax it to (949) 460-2300.

Name				Date					
Company				Title					
Address				Department					
City, State & Zip				Telephone					
E-mail				Fax					
Product data					Service				
Equipment type					☐ Oscillating	☐ Static	☐ Dynamic	☐ Other	
Application is used for				Degrees rotated		Travel length	☐ in. ☐ cm		
☐ Prototype ☐ Production ☐ Retrofit ☐ Other					Speed		1		
Annual usage Target price (per unit)				Speed	☐ fpm ☐ cpm	□ rpm □ m/s			
Critical factors		Tange t pine	(		Temperature				
Citical factors	Volue		Accide ord	dor of priority	Minimum	□°C □°F □	] °K		
Value				der of priority, t) to 5 (lowest)	Operating		] °K		
Friction					Maximum		] °K		
Service life					Does seal reach operating temperature before pressure is applied?			nnlied?	
Sealing performance					☐ Yes ☐ No	sorating tomporature s	501010 p1000010 10 0	ppca.	
Compatibility					Does seal reach co ☐ Yes ☐ No	old temperatures prior	to pressurizing?		
Cost					What is maximum				
					maximum pressure	e will see?			
Media type (Please select all th	at apply)				Pressure				
☐ Gas ☐ Abrasives		_	Contamina	ant	Minimum	□°C □°F □	] °K		
☐ Liquid ☐ Solid particles (size: ☐ Viscous ☐ Corrosive		= ) $\square$ Other			Operating	perating			
		D-I-tiv- I-v			Maximum	□°C □°F □	] °K		
Specific gravity		Relative hu	miaity	cP □ cSt	Differential pressure across seal				
Volatiles		Viscosity		CP USI		□ psi □ MPa	☐ kg/cm² ☐ ba	r	
Friction force					Vacuum				
☐ Ibs. ☐ N  Breakout		Running				☐ in Hg ☐ Pa	☐ Torr		
		Iturining			01 1/2 1/4				
Dimensional information		1			Gland/Bore inform	ation			
	☐ Inches	S Toleran	ice (+/-)	Can be modified	Material				
1 1 1 (5)					Plating/coating				
Inside diameter (B)					Hardness (Rc)				
Outside diameter (A)					Surface finish	☐ RMS ☐ Ra			
Gland length (G)					Cover plate inform	ation			
Gland height (H)					Material				
Clearance					Plating/coating				
					Hardness (Rc)				
					Surface finish	☐ RMS ☐ Ra			
Gland configurations									
☐ Internal pressure		☐ Internal ¡	oressure		☐ External pressur	re	☐ External pressi	ure	
A DIA A DIA CLEARANCE  Q H B DIA Static Gland  Dynamic Gland			H G - Statio	A DIA  General Bridge Gland	CLEARANCE B DIA Dyna	H G amic Gland			
Can you sunnly shaft/hore/gland drawings?  Ves  No									



### Important Information

#### **CLEANING**

Bal Seal Engineering products may require cleaning and/ or sterilization before use, depending on the application

#### TESTING

It is essential that the customer run evaluation tests to determine if the proposed, supplied, or purchased Bal Seal Engineering products are suitable for the intended purpose. Tests should be run under actual service conditions with an adequate safety factor.

Welded springs have an increased probability of breaking or failing at or near the weld. This probability is magnified if the spring is used in an application involving extension of the spring. In addition, temperature affects the properties of the spring (i.e., tensile strength, elongation, etc.). Failure of Bal Seal Engineering products can cause equipment failure, property damage, personal injury, or death. Equipment containing Bal Seal Engineering products must be designed to provide for any eventuality that may result from a partial or total failure of Bal Seal Engineering products.

Bal Seal Engineering products must be tested with a sufficient safety factor after installation and they must be subjected to a program of regular maintenance and inspection. The customer, through analysis and testing, is solely responsible for making the final selection of the products and for ensuring that all performance, safety, and other requirements of the application are met.

All information and recommendations contained herein are based on tests Bal Seal Engineering believes to be reliable, but the accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. Any such information or recommendation is given solely for purposes of illustration and is not to be construed as a warranty that any goods will conform to such information or recommendation. No one, including Bal Seal Engineering employees, salespersons, representatives, wholesalers, or distributors is authorized to make any warranty or representation and no customer or other user may rely on any such warranty or representation. Bal Seal Engineering reserves the right to make any changes (such as dimensional data, force, torque, materials, pressures, temperatures, surface finishes, surface speed, etc.) without notice to its products and to the contents of this document.

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#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY/REMEDIES

The liability of Bal Seal Engineering, whether as a result of breach of any warranty, failure to provide timely delivery products, product malfunction, negligence or otherwise, shall be limited to repairing or replacing the non-conforming products or any part thereof, or, at Bal Seal Engineering's option, to the repayment to the customer all sums paid by the customer upon return to Bal Seal Engineering of the non-conforming products or part thereof. It is expressly agreed that the customer's remedy, as stated above, shall be exclusive and that under no circumstances shall Bal Seal Engineering be liable for any other damages, including direct, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages (LE-173-5 Rev. 0).

#### **PATENTS**

The products described herein include those which are the subject of pending and issued patents, both foreign and domestic, including patents 5,992,856; 6,264,205; 6,161,838; 6,641,141; 7,210,398; (LE-173 Rev. 0) (Report#621-7).

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Bal Seal Engineering is more than a component manufacturer. By applying our canted coil spring technology and material science expertise, we provide OEMs and tier suppliers everywhere with innovative, custom-engineered sealing, connecting, conducting and EMI shielding and grounding solutions.



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