



Industrial DC/DC CONVERTER MGDI-10 Wide Input : 10W POWER

Industrial Grade ■

**3:1 & 4:1 Wide Input
Single, Bi & Triple Outputs
Metallic Case - 1 500 VDC Isolation
Plastic Case - 3 000 VDC Isolation**

- Low profile : 0,33" (8.5mm)
- Wide input range and high transient compliance
- Nominal power of 10 W without derating
- Wide temperature range : -40°C/+95°C case
- High efficiency (typ. 85%)
- Soft start
- Permanent short circuit protection
- No optocoupler for high reliability
- RoHS process



1-General

The MGDI-10 wide input series is a full family of DC/DC power modules designed for use in distributed power architecture where variable input voltage and transient are prevalent making them ideal particularly for transportation, railways or high-end industrial applications. These modules use a high frequency fixed switching technic at 480 KHz providing excellent reliability, low noise characteristics, high power density and low profile package. Standard models are available with wide input voltage range of 4,7-16, 9-36, 16-40 and 36-140 volts, with high transient levels. The series include single, bi and triple output voltage choices of 3,3, 5, 12, 15, +/-5, +/-12 or +/-15 volts.

No external heatsink is required for the MGDI-10 series to supply 10W output power over the case temperature range of -40°C up to 95°C. The MGDI-10 series is designed in conformity with safety standards EN60950 and UL1950.

All the modules are designed with LC network filters to minimize reflected input current ripple and output voltage ripple according to EN55022 and FCC Part 15J standard.

The modules include a soft-start, an input undervoltage lock-out, a permanent short circuit protection and an output overvoltage protection to ensure efficient module protections. The soft-start allows current limitation and eliminates inrush current during start-up. The short circuit protection completely protects the modules against short-circuits of any duration by a shut-down and restores to normal when the overload is removed.

The design has been carried out with surface mount components and is manufactured in a fully automated process to guarantee high quality. Each module is tested with a GAIA Converter automated test equipment.

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2-Product Selection

Single output model : MGDSI - 10 - - /
 Bi output model : MGDBI - 10 - - /
 Triple output model : MGDTI - 10 - - /

Input Voltage Range

| | Permanent | Transient |
|-----|--------------|----------------|
| D : | 4,7-16 VDC | n/a |
| H : | 9-36 VDC | 40 VDC/100 ms |
| J : | 16-40 VDC* | 45 VDC/100 ms |
| Q : | 36-140 VDC** | 175 VDC/100 ms |

* for 45 Vdc consult factory
 ** for 154 Vdc consult factory

Output

B : 3.3 VDC
 C : 5 VDC or +/-5VDC
 E : 12 VDC or +/-12VDC
 F : 15 VDC or +/-15VDC
 CE : 5 VDC and +/-12 VDC
 CF : 5 VDC and +/-15 VDC

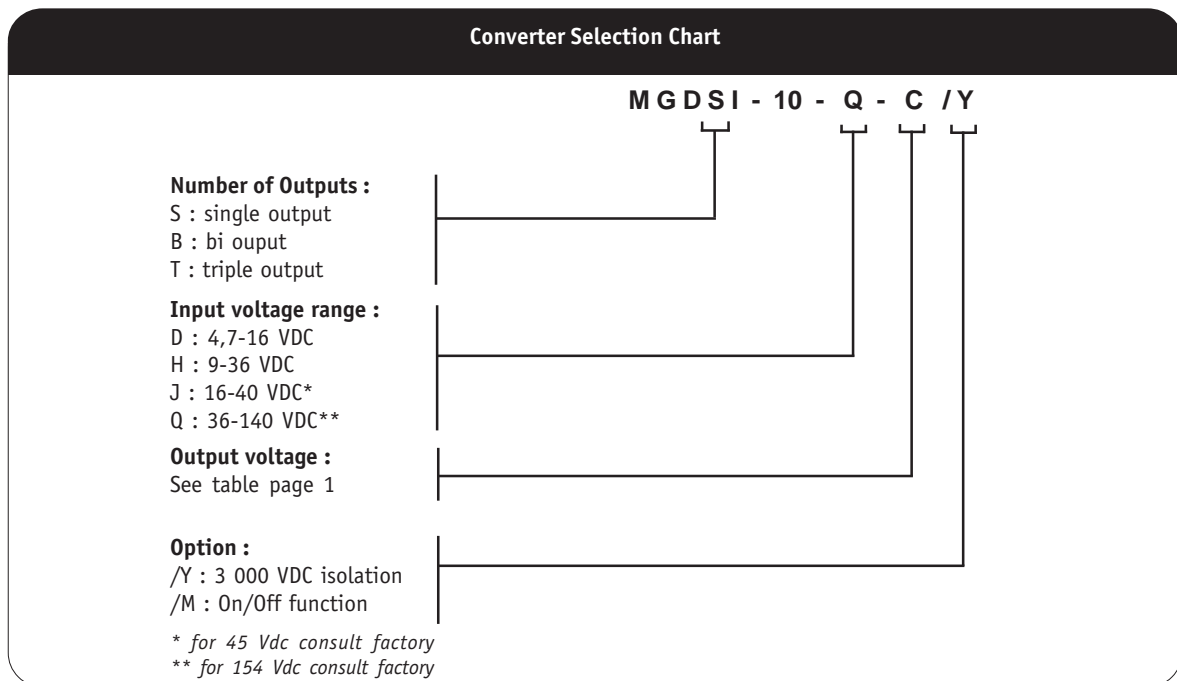
Options :

/Y : option for 3 000 VDC isolation
 /M : option for On/Off function

2- Product Selection (continued)

| Input range | Output | Current | Reference | Options |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|
| 4,7-16 VDC | 3,3 VDC | 1,6A | MGDSI-10-D-B | /M |
| 4,7-16 VDC | 5 VDC | 1,6A | MGDSI-10-D-C | /M |
| 4,7-16 VDC | 12 VDC | 0,65 A | MGDSI-10-D-E | /M |
| 4,7-16 VDC | 15 VDC | 0,53 A | MGDSI-10-D-F | /M |
| 4,7-16 VDC | +/- 5 VDC | +/- 0,8 A | MGDBI-10-D-C | /M |
| 4,7-16 VDC | +/- 12 VDC | +/- 0,32 A | MGDBI-10-D-E | /M |
| 4,7-16 VDC | +/- 15 VDC | +/- 0,26 A | MGDBI-10-D-F | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | 3,3 VDC | 2A | MGDSI-10-H-B | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | 5 VDC | 2A | MGDSI-10-H-C | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | 12 VDC | 0,80 A | MGDSI-10-H-E | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | 15 VDC | 0,65 A | MGDSI-10-H-F | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | +/- 5 VDC | +/- 1 A | MGDBI-10-H-C | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | +/- 12 VDC | +/- 0,40 A | MGDBI-10-H-E | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | +/- 15 VDC | +/- 0,33 A | MGDBI-10-H-F | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | 5 & +/-12 VDC | 1 A & +/-0,2 A | MGDTI-10-H-CE | /M |
| 9-36 VDC | 5 & +/-15 VDC | 1 A & +/-0,15 A | MGDTI-10-H-CF | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | 3,3 VDC | 2A | MGDSI-10-J-B | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | 5 VDC | 2A | MGDSI-10-J-C | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | 12 VDC | 0,80 A | MGDSI-10-J-E | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | 15 VDC | 0,65 A | MGDSI-10-J-F | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | +/- 5 VDC | +/- 1 A | MGDBI-10-J-C | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | +/- 12 VDC | +/- 0,40 A | MGDBI-10-J-E | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | +/- 15 VDC | +/- 0,33 A | MGDBI-10-J-F | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | 5 & +/-12 VDC | 1 A & +/-0,2 A | MGDTI-10-J-CE | /M |
| 16-40 VDC | 5 & +/-15 VDC | 1 A & +/-0,15 A | MGDTI-10-J-CF | /M |
| 36-140 VDC | 3,3 VDC | 2A | MGDSI-10-Q-B | /M , /Y |
| 36-140 VDC | 5 VDC | 2A | MGDSI-10-Q-C | /M , /Y |
| 36-140 VDC | 12 VDC | 0,80 A | MGDSI-10-Q-E | /M , /Y |
| 36-140 VDC | 15 VDC | 0,65 A | MGDSI-10-Q-F | /M , /Y |
| 36-140 VDC | +/- 5 VDC | +/- 1 A | MGDBI-10-Q-C | /M , /Y |
| 36-140 VDC | +/- 12 VDC | +/- 0,40 A | MGDBI-10-Q-E | /M , /Y |
| 36-140 VDC | +/- 15 VDC | +/- 0,33 A | MGDBI-10-Q-F | /M , /Y |

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3- Electrical Specifications

Data are valid at +25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Conditions | Limit or typical | Units | Single Output MGDSI-10 | | | |
|---|---|------------------|-------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | 10-D | 10 - H | 10 - J | 10 - Q |
| Input | | | | | | | |
| Nominal input voltage | Full temperature range | Nominal | VDC | 9 | 20 | 24 | 72 |
| Permanent input voltage range (Ui) | Full temperature range | Min. - Max. | VDC | 4,7-16 | 9-36 | 16-40 | 36-140 |
| Extended permanent input voltage range | Full temperature range (Consult factory) | Min. - Max. | VDC | / | / | 16-45 | 36-154 |
| Transient input voltage | Full load | Maximum | VDC/S | / | 40/0,1 | 45/0,1 | 175/0,1 |
| | | Maximum | VDC/S | / | / | / | 165/1 |
| Start up input voltage | No undervoltage lock-out | Minimum | VDC | / | / | / | 33 |
| Undervoltage lock-out | turn-on/turn-off threshold | Min. - Max. | VDC | 4-4,5 | 7-8,5 | 12-15 | / |
| Start up time | Ui nominal | Maximum | ms | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| | Nominal output Full load : resistive | | | | | | |
| Reflected ripple current | Ui nominal, full load at switching freq. BW = 20MHz | Typical | mApp | 50 | 50 | 30 | 30 |
| Input current in short circuit mode (Average) | Ui nominal Short-circuit | Maximum | mA | 50 | 30 | 30 | 20 |
| No load input current | Ui nominal No load | Maximum | mA | 100 | 30 | 30 | 10 |
| Output | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage * | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. 75% load | Nominal | VDC | 3,3 | 3,3 | 3,3 | 3,3 |
| | | Nominal | VDC | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| | | Nominal | VDC | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| | | Nominal | VDC | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Set Point accuracy | Ambient temperature : 25°C Ui nominal, 75% load | Maximum | % | +/- 2 | +/- 2 | +/- 2 | +/- 2 |
| Output power | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. | Maximum | W | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Output current ** | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. | Maximum | A | 1,6 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | Maximum | A | 1,6 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | Maximum | A | 0,65 | 0,80 | 0,80 | 0,80 |
| | | Maximum | A | 0,55 | 0,65 | 0,65 | 0,65 |
| | | Maximum | A | 0,55 | 0,65 | 0,65 | 0,65 |
| Ripple output voltage *** | Ui nominal | Maximum | mVpp | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| | Full load | Maximum | mVpp | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | BW = 20MHz | Maximum | mVpp | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| | | Maximum | mVpp | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| Line regulation | Ui min. to max. Full load | Typical | % | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 |
| Load regulation **** | Ui nominal 25% to full load | Typical | % | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 |
| Efficiency | Ui nominal Full load | Typical | % | 81 | 82 | 83 | 83 |
| Maximum admissible Capacitive load | Ui nominal Full load Per output | Maximum | µF | 1 000 | 1 000 | 1 000 | 1 000 |
| | | Maximum | µF | 330 | 330 | 330 | 330 |

Note * : For proper operation the MGDI-10 module requires to install a 22µF chemical or tantalum capacitance across output terminals.

Note ** : For 9-36V input range, the current is derated at 80% at 9V and increases linearly to full current at 12V.

Note *** : The ripple output voltage is the periodic AC component imposed on the output voltage, an aperiodic and random component (noise) has also to be considered. This noise can be reduced by adding an external capacitor (typically 10nF/ rated voltage depending on isolation requirement) connected between the pin Gin and the pin Gout of the converter. This capacitor should be layed-out as close as possible from the converter.

Note **** : For load regulation characteristics from 0% to full load, please contact factory.

3- Electrical Specifications (continued)

Data are valid at +25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Conditions | Limit or typical | Units | Bi Output MGDBI-10 | | | |
|---|---|------------------|-------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | 10-D | 10-H | 10-J | 10-Q |
| Input | | | | | | | |
| Nominal input voltage | Full temperature range | Nominal | VDC | 9 | 20 | 24 | 72 |
| Permanent input voltage range (Ui) | Full temperature range | Min. - Max. | VDC | 4,7-16 | 9-36 | 16-40 | 36-140 |
| Extended permanent input voltage range | Full temperature range (Consult factory) | Min. - Max. | VDC | / | 9-36 | 16-45 | 36-154 |
| Transient input voltage | Full load | Maximum | VDC/S | / | 40/0,1 | 45/0,1 | 175/0,1 |
| | | Maximum | VDC/S | / | / | / | 165/1 |
| Start up input voltage | No undervoltage lock-out | Minimum | VDC | / | / | / | 33 |
| Undervoltage lock-out | turn-on/turn-off threshold | Min. - Max. | VDC | 4-4,5 | 7-8,5 | 12-15 | / |
| Start up time | Ui nominal Nominal output Full load : resistive | Maximum | ms | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Reflected ripple current | Ui nominal, full load at switching freq. BW = 20MHz | Typical | mApp | 50 | 50 | 30 | 30 |
| Input current in short circuit mode (Average) | Ui nominal Short-circuit | Maximum | mA | 50 | 30 | 30 | 20 |
| No load input current | Ui nominal No load | Maximum | mA | 100 | 30 | 30 | 10 |
| Output | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage * | Full temperature range | Nominal | VDC | +/- 5 | +/- 5 | +/- 5 | +/- 5 |
| | Ui min. to max. | Nominal | VDC | +/- 12 | +/- 12 | +/- 12 | +/- 12 |
| | 75% load | Nominal | VDC | +/- 15 | +/- 15 | +/- 15 | +/- 15 |
| Set Point accuracy | Ambient temperature : 25°C Ui nominal, 75% load | Maximum | % | +/- 2 | +/- 2 | +/- 2 | +/- 2 |
| Output power | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. | Maximum | W | +/- 4 | +/- 5 | +/- 5 | +/- 5 |
| Output current ** | | Maximum | A | +/- 0,800 | +/- 1 | +/- 1 | +/- 1 |
| 5V output | Full temperature range | Maximum | A | +/- 0,325 | +/- 0,40 | +/- 0,40 | +/- 0,40 |
| 12V output | Ui min. to max. | Maximum | A | +/- 0,265 | +/- 0,33 | +/- 0,33 | +/- 0,33 |
| 15V output | | Maximum | A | +/- 0,265 | +/- 0,33 | +/- 0,33 | +/- 0,33 |
| Ripple output voltage *** | | | | | | | |
| 5V output | Ui nominal | Maximum | mVpp | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 12V output | Full load | Maximum | mVpp | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 15V output | BW = 20MHz | Maximum | mVpp | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| Line regulation | Ui min. to max. Full load | Typical | % | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 |
| Load regulation **** | Ui nominal 25% to full load | Typical | % | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 |
| Cross load output regulation | Ui nominal + Vout nominal load - Vout from 25% to full load | Typical | % | +/- 0,5 | +/- 0,5 | +/- 0,5 | +/- 0,5 |
| Efficiency | Ui nominal Full load | Typical | % | 81 | 82 | 83 | 83 |
| Maximum admissible Capacitive load | | | | | | | |
| 5V output | Ui nominal | Maximum | µF | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 |
| 12V and 15V output | Full load Per output | Maximum | µF | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Note * : For proper operation the MGDI-10 module requires to install a 22µF chemical or tantalum capacitance across output terminals.

Note ** : For 9-36V input range, the current is derated at 80% at 9V and increases linearly to full current at 12V.

Note *** : The ripple output voltage is the periodic AC component imposed on the output voltage, an aperiodic and random component (noise) has also to be considered. This noise can be reduced by adding an external capacitor (typically 10nF/ rated voltage depending on isolation requirement) connected between the pin G_{in} and the pin G_{out} of the converter. This capacitor should be layed-out as close as possible from the converter.

Note **** : For load regulation characteristics from 0% to full load, please contact factory.

3- Electrical Specifications (continued)

Data are valid at +25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Conditions | Limit or typical | Units | Tri Output MGDI-10 | |
|---|---|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | 10 - H | 10 - J |
| Input | | | | | |
| Nominal input voltage | Full temperature range | Nominal | VDC | 20 | 24 |
| Permanent input voltage range (Ui) | Full temperature range | Min. - Max. | VDC | 9-36 | 16-40 |
| Extended permanent input voltage range | Full temperature range (Consult factory) | Min. - Max. | VDC | / | 16-45 |
| Transient input voltage | Full load | Maximum Maximum | VDC/S VDC/S | 40/0,1 / | 45/0,1 / |
| Start up input voltage | No undervoltage lock-out | Minimum | VDC | / | / |
| Undervoltage lock-out | turn-on/turn-off threshold | Min. - Max. | VDC | 7-8,5 | 12-15 |
| Start up time | Ui nominal Nominal output Full load : resistive | Maximum | ms | 50 | 50 |
| Reflected ripple current | Ui nominal, full load at switching freq. BW = 20MHz | Typical | mApp | 50 | 30 |
| Input current in short circuit mode (Average) | Ui nominal Short-circuit | Maximum | mA | 30 | 30 |
| No load input current | Ui nominal No load | Maximum | mA | 30 | 30 |
| Output | | | | | |
| Output voltage * | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. 75% load | Nominal Nominal | VDC VDC | 5 & +/- 12 5 & +/- 15 | 5 & +/- 12 5 & +/- 15 |
| Set Point accuracy | Ambient temperature : +25°C Ui nominal, 75% load | Maximum | % | +/- 2 | +/- 2 |
| Output power | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. | Maximum | W | 5 & +/- 2,5 | 5 & +/- 2,5 |
| Output current ** | Full temperature range | Maximum | A | 1 & +/- 0,20 | 1 & +/- 0,20 |
| 5V & +/- 12V output | Ui min. to max. | Maximum | A | 1 & +/- 0,15 | 1 & +/- 0,15 |
| Ripple output voltage*** | Ui nominal | Maximum | mVpp | 50 | 50 |
| 5V output | Full load | Maximum | mVpp | 100 | 100 |
| 12V output | BW = 20MHz | Maximum | mVpp | 150 | 150 |
| 15V output | | | | | |
| Line regulation | Ui min. to max. Full load | Typical | % | +/- 1,5 | +/- 1,5 |
| Load regulation **** | Ui nominal 25% to full load | Typical | % | +/- 2,5 | +/- 2,5 |
| Cross load output regulation | Ui nominal + Vout nominal load - Vout from 25% to full load | Typical | % | +/- 0,5 | +/- 0,5 |
| Efficiency | Ui nominal Full load | Typical | % | 83 | 83 |
| Maximum admissible Capacitive load | Ui nominal | | | | |
| 3,3V and 5V output | Full load | Maximum | µF | 470 | 470 |
| 12V and 15V output | Per output | Maximum | µF | 100 | 100 |

Note * : For proper operation the MGDI-10 module requires to install a 22µF chemical or tantalum capacitance across output terminals.

Note ** : For 9-36V input range, the current is derated at 80% at 9V and increases linearly to full current at 12V.

Note *** : The ripple output voltage is the periodic AC component imposed on the output voltage, an aperiodic and random component (noise) has also to be considered. This noise can be reduced by adding an external capacitor (typically 10nF/ rated voltage depending on isolation requirement) connected between the pin Gin and the pin Gout of the converter. This capacitor should be layed-out as close as possible from the converter.

Note **** : For load regulation characteristics from 0% to full load, please contact factory.

4- Switching Frequency

| Parameter | Conditions | Limit or typical | Specifications |
|---------------------|---|------------------|---|
| Switching frequency | Full temperature range Ui min. to max. No load to full load | Nominal, fixed | 4.7-16 VDC input : 480 KHz 9-36 VDC input : 480 KHz 16-40 VDC input : 480 KHz 36-140 VDC input : 430 KHz |

5- Isolation

| Parameter | Conditions | Limit or typical | Specifications |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Electric strength test voltage (basic version) | Input to output | Minimum | 1 500 VDC / 1 min |
| Electric strength test voltage (/Y option*) | Input to output | Minimum | 3 000 VDC / 1 min |
| Electric strength test voltage between outputs (for dual and triple outputs) | Output to output | Minimum | No isolation |
| Isolation resistance | 500 VDC | Minimum | 100 MOhm |

Note * : The electric strength test is performed as factory test in accordance to IEC/EN 60950 and should not be repeated in the field. GAIA CONVERTER will not honour any guarantee claims resulting from electric strength field tests.

6- Protection Functions

| Characteristics | Protection Device | Recovery | Limit or typical | Specifications |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Input undervoltage lock-out (UVLO) | Turn-on, turn-off circuit with no hysteresis | Automatic recovery | Threshold | See section 3 |
| Output short circuit protection (SCP) | Hiccup circuitry with auto-recovery | Automatic recovery | Permanent | See section 12 |
| Output overvoltage protection (OVP) | Zener clamp | / | Maximum Maximum Maximum Maximum | For 3.3v : 4v For 5v : 6v For 12v : 14v For 15v : 17v |

7- Reliability Data

| Characteristics | Conditions | Temperature | Specifications |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF) According to MIL-HDBK-217F | Ground fixed (Gf) | Case at 40°C Case at 70°C | 950 000 Hrs 380.000 Hrs |
| | Ground mobile (Gm) | Case at 40°C Case at 70°C | 240 000 Hrs 105 000 Hrs |
| Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF) According to IEC-62380-TR | Railway, Payphone | Ambient at 25°C 100% time on | 405 000 Hrs |

8- Electromagnetic Interference

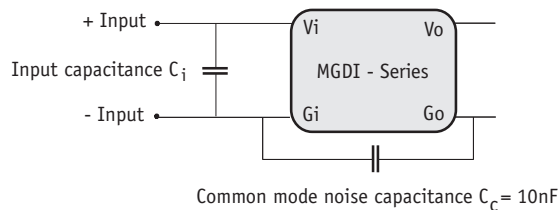
Electromagnetic interference requirements according to EN55022 class A and class B can be easily achieved as indicated in the following table :

| Electromagnetic Interference according to EN55022 | | | |
|---|----------------------|---|--|
| Conducted noise emission | Configuration | With common mode capacitor $C_c = 10\text{nF}$ and input capacitor C_i | With common mode capacitor $C_c = 10\text{nF}$ and external filter |
| | Models | | |
| Conducted noise emission | 4,7-16V input models | Class A, $C_i = 10\mu\text{F}/35\text{ V tantalum} + \text{inductance } 4,7\text{mH}$ | Class B |
| | 9-36V input models | Class A, $C_i = 4,7\mu\text{F}/50\text{ V tantalum}$ | Class B |
| | 16-40V input models | Class A, $C_i = 4,7\mu\text{F}/50\text{ V tantalum}$ | Class B |
| | 36-140V input models | Class A, $C_i = 47\mu\text{F}/200\text{ V chemical}$ | / |
| Radiated noise emission | Configuration | With common mode capacitor $C_c = 10\text{ nF}$ | |
| | Models | Class B | |
| | All models | | |

8-1 Module Compliance with EN55022 class A Standard

Electromagnetic interference requirements according to EN55022 class A can be easily achieved by adding an external common mode noise capacitance ($C_c = 10\text{nF}/\text{rated voltage}$ depending on isolation

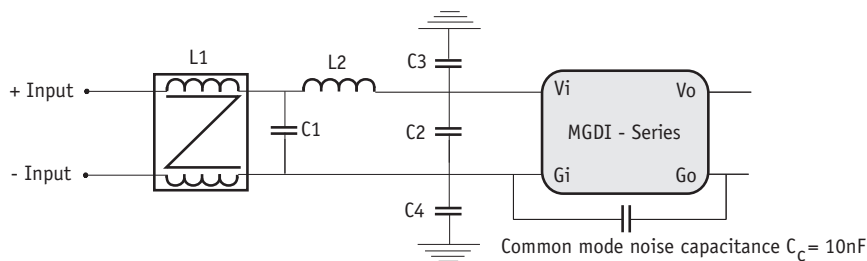
requirement) and an input capacitance (C_i Value explained in previous table). This common mode noise capacitance C_c should be layed-out as close as possible from the DC/DC converter.



8-2 module Compliance with EN 55022 Class B Standard

Electromagnetic interference requirements according to EN55022 class B can be easily achieved by adding an external input filter consisting of 4 capacitances, a common mode choke, a differential mode inductance

and the common mode noise capacitance ($C_c = 10\text{nF}/\text{rated voltage}$ depending on isolation requirement). Please consult EN55022 Class B EMI Filter design note for further details.



* Note : Value of common mode noise capacitance depends on isolation requirements (typically $10\text{nF}/1500\text{V}$ or $10\text{nF}/3000\text{V}$). In case of dielectric strength test in AC mode, adapt the capacitance value in order to be compatible with maximum admissible leakage current.

9- Surge Susceptibility EN61000-4-5 & EN50155

Surge susceptibility requirements according to EN50155, EN61000-4-5 and electromagnetic interference requirements of EN55022 class A can easily be achieved using either :

- a limiter module LGDS-50 series : ready-to-use single module solution,
- an input limiter filter : schematics of discrete components, to sustain the following surge levels :

| Characteristics | Standards | Levels |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| Spikes Line to line | EN 61000-4-5 | Level 4 with 4 000 V waveform 50 μ s, impedance 2 Ohm |
| | EN 50155 | Level 1 800 V waveform 50 μ s, impedance 100 and 5 Ohm Level 8 400 V waveform 0.1 μ s, impedance 100 Ohm |
| Spikes Line to earth | EN 61000-4-5 | Level 4 with 4 000 V waveform 50 μ s, impedance 12 Ohm |
| | EN 50155 | Level 1 800 V waveform 50 μ s, impedance 100 and 5 Ohm Level 8 400 V waveform 0.1 μ s, impedance 100 Ohm |

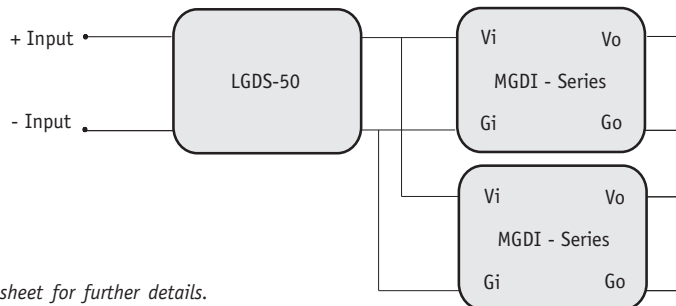
9-1 Surge Protection with Off-the-Shelf Solution : LGDS-50 Limitor Module

To sustain surge requirements of EN61000-4-5, and EN50155 together with EN55022 class A, GaiA Converter proposes a ready-to-use single product. Depending on bus input range two references of limiter module are existing with references as follow :

| Input types | DC/DC converter family | Limiter module reference |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 9-36 VDC Input | MGDI-10-H series | LGDS-50-J-K |
| 16-40 VDC Input | MGDI-10-J series | LGDS-50-J-K |
| 36-140 VDC Input | MGDI-10-Q series | LGDS-50-Q-K |

These modules designated LGDS-50 series are designed up to 50W power and will protect MGDI-10 series with 9-36, 16-40 or 36-140 VDC input against surges.

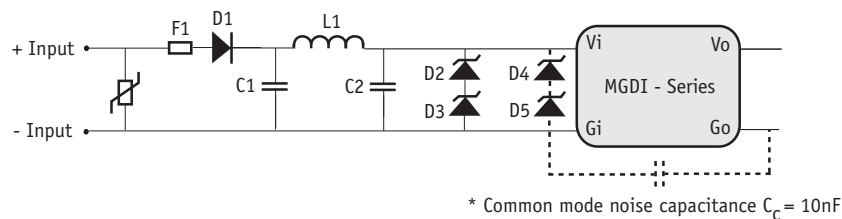
The implantation of LGDS-50 with modules can be undertook as follow :



Please consult LGDS-50 datasheet for further details.

9-2 Surge Protection with Discrete Components

To sustain surge requirements of EN61000-4-5 and EN50155 together with EN55022 class A, GaiA Converter proposes the following front protection filter. This filter is available as a kit of components (reference : KG9503) :



Please consult EN50155 Transient/EMI Filter design note for further details.

* Note : Value of common mode noise capacitance rated voltage depends on isolation requirements.

10- Thermal Characteristics

| Characteristics | Conditions | Limit or typical | Performances |
|--|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| Operating ambient temperature range at full load | Ambient temperature * | Minimum Maximum | - 40°C + 71°C |
| Operating case temperature range at full load | Case temperature | Minimum Maximum | - 40°C +95°C |
| Storage temperature range | Non functioning | Minimum Maximum | - 40°C + 105°C |
| Thermal resistance | Rth case to ambient in free air natural convection | Typical | 12°C /W |

Note * : The upper temperature range depends on configuration, the user must assure a max. case temperature of + 95°C.

The MGDI-10 series operating **case** temperature must not exceed 95°C. The maximum **ambient** temperature admissible for the DC/DC converter corresponding to the maximum operating case temperature of 95°C depends on the ambient airflow, the mounting/orientation, the cooling features and the power dissipated.

To calculate a maximum admissible ambient temperature the following method can be used. Knowing the maximum case temperature Tcase = 95°C of the module, the power used Pout and the efficiency η :

- determine the power dissipated by the module P_{diss} that should be evacuated :

$$P_{diss} = P_{out}(1/\eta - 1)$$

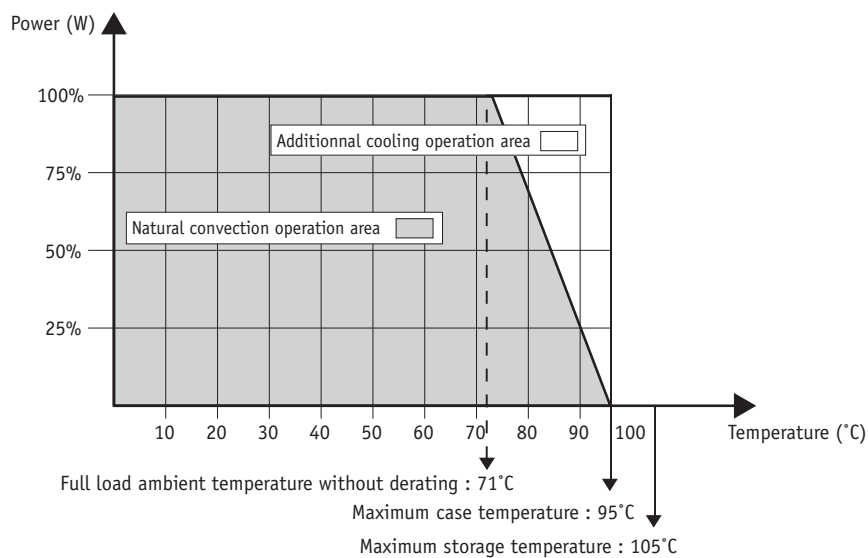
- determine the maximum ambient temperature :

$$T_a = 95^\circ\text{C} - R_{th} \times P_{diss}$$

where **Rth** is the thermal resistance from the case to ambient.

The previous thermal calculation shows two areas of operation :

- a normal operation area in a free natural ambient convection (grey area in this following graph),
- an area with cooling features (air flow or heatsink) ensuring a maximum case temperature below the maximum operating case temperature of 95°C (white area in the following graph).



11- Environmental Qualifications

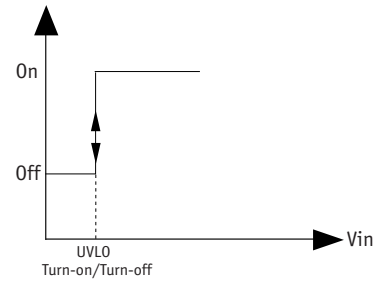
The modules have been subjected to the following environmental qualifications.

| Characteristics | Conditions | Severity | Test procedure |
|---|--|--|--|
| Climatic Qualifications | | | |
| Life at high temperature | Duration Temperature Status of unit | 1 000 Hrs 95°C case unit operating | IEC 68-2-2 |
| Humidity steady | Damp heat Temperature Duration Status of unit | 93 % relative humidity 40°C 56 days unit not operating | IEC 68-2-3 Test Ca |
| Temperature cycling | Number of cycles Temperature change Transfert time Steady state time Status of unit | 200 -40°C / +71°C 40 min. 20 min. unit not operating | IEC 68-2-14 Test N |
| Temperature shock | Number of shocks Temperature change Transfert time Steady state time Status of unit | 50 -40°C / +105°C 10 sec. 20 min. unit not operating | IEC 68-2-14 Test Na |
| Mechanical Qualifications | | | |
| Vibration (Sinusoidal) | Number of cycles Frequency : amplitude Frequency : acceleration Amplitude /acceleration Duration Status of unit | 10 cycles in each axis 10 to 60 Hz / 0.7 mm 60 to 2000 Hz / 10 g 0.7 mm/10 g 2h 30 min. per axis unit not operating | IEC 68-2-6 Test Fc |
| Shock (Half sinus) | Number of shocks Peak acceleration Duration Shock form Status of unit | 3 shocks in each axis 100 g 6 ms 1/2 sinusoidal unit not operating | IEC 68-2-27 Test Ea |
| Bump (Half sinus) | Number of bumps Peak acceleration Duration Status of unit | 2 000 bumps in each axis 25 g 6 ms unit not operating | IEC 68-2-29 Test Eb |
| Electrical Immunity Qualifications | | | |
| Electrical discharge susceptibility | Number of discharges Air discharge level Contact discharge level Air discharge level Contact discharge level | 10 positive & 10 negative discharges 4 kV : sanction A 2 Kk : sanction A 8 Kk : sanction B 4 kV : sanction B | EN55082-2 with : EN61000-4-2 IEC 801-2 |
| Electrical field susceptibility | Antenna position Electromagnetic field Wave form signal Frequency range | at 1 m 10 V/m AM 80%, 1 kHz 26 MHz to 1 GHz | EN55082-2 with : EN61000-4-3 IEC801-3 |
| Electrical fast transient susceptibility | Burst form Wave form signal Impedance Level 1 Level 3 | 5/50 ns 5 kHz with 15 ms burst duration period 300 ms 50 Ohm 0,5 kV : sanction A 2 kV : sanction B | EN55082-2 with : EN61000-4-4 IEC801-4 |
| Surge Susceptibility | Surge form Impedance Level 4 | 1,2/50 µs 2 Ohm 4 kV : with transient protection or LGDS-50 limiter module (see section surge) | EN61000-4-5 EN50155 |

12- Description of Protections

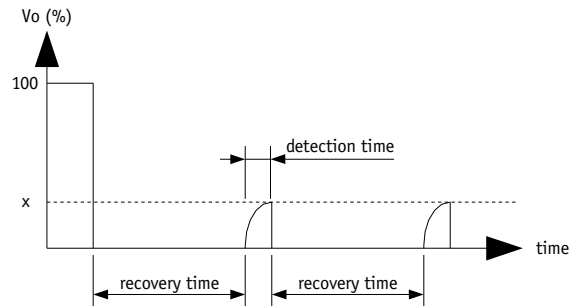
12-1 Input Undervoltage Lock-out (UVLO)

The input undervoltage lock-out protection device turns-on and turns-off the output voltage when the input bus voltage reaches the undervoltage lock-out threshold. There is no hysteresis cycle at turn-on and turn-off. For «Q» input range models, the UVLO protection is not implemented.



12-2 Output Short Circuit Protection (SCP)

The short circuit protection device protects the module against short circuit of any duration and restores the module to normal operation when the short circuit is removed. It operates in «hiccup» mode by testing periodically if a short-circuit is applied (typically every 200ms recovery time). The detection time is lower than 5ms.



12-3 Output Overvoltage Protection (OVP)

The output overvoltage protection device protects external components against high voltage or possible overvoltages which can be supplied by the module (i.e in case of internal failure). It consists of a zener diode clamping the output voltage; under worst case conditions this zener diode will short-circuit.

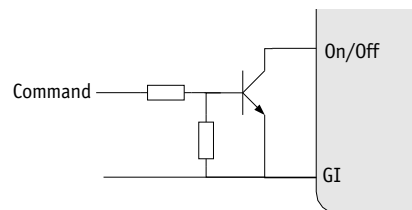
The output voltage protection is not designed to withstand externally applied output overvoltages to protect the module itself.

13- Description of Functions

13-1 Option (/M) : On/Off Function

The optionnal control pin A (On/Off) can be used for applications requiring On/Off operation. By using an open collector command with a transistor Q referenced to the common terminal (Gi) :

- A logic pulled low (<0.2V@1mA, referenced to Gi) on pin A disables the converter
- No connection or high impedance on pin A enables the converter.

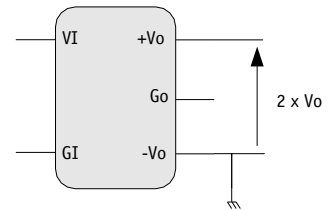


By releasing the On/Off function, the converter will restart within the start-up time specifications given in table page 3. For further details please consult "Logic On/Off" application note.

14- Application Notes

14-1 Connection of Outputs in Series

Any of the bi output converters can be configured to produce an output of 10V (+/-5 output models), 24V (+/-12V output models), or 30V (+/-15V output models) by connecting the load across the output (+) and the output (-) with either output grounded, and leaving the common pin floating.

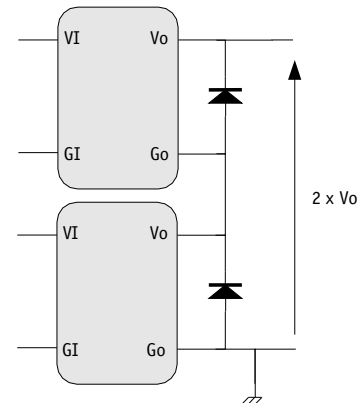


14-2 Connection of Modules in Series

The output of single output units can be connected in series without any precautions to provide higher output voltage level.

Nevertheless, GAIA Converter recommends to protect each individual output by a low power shottky diode rated with the maximum current of the converter to avoid reverse polarity at any output.

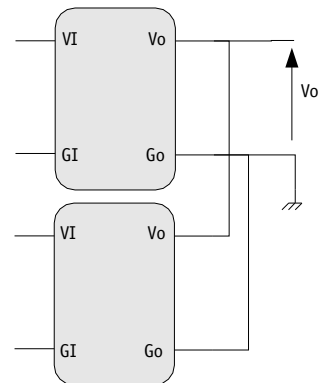
Reverse polarity may occur at start up if the output voltages do not rise at the same time.



14-3 Connection of Modules in Parallel

Several converters with equal output voltage can be connected in parallel to increase power. Nevertheless some cares have to be taken in particular as the output voltage of each converter is slightly different, when paralleling, the converter with the highest output voltage will source the most current.

However the GAIA Converter modules are designed with a "soft" output voltage versus current characteristic. This causes the output voltage of each converter to automatically adjust downward as its current increases so each converter very approximately shares the total output current. It is important that each converter has approximately the same impedance between their output and the common load.



14-4 Safety Consideration

For safety agency approval of the system in which the power module is used, the power module must be installed in compliance with requirements of the UL1950, CSA22.2-950, EN60950 standards : i.e if the output circuit operator accessible, it shall be a SELV circuit.

A SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) output for a converter is a secondary circuit that under normal operation or a single fault condition cannot reach hazardous voltage (i.e Voltage above 60 VDC) between any two accessible parts or an accessible part and protective each.

In the event of a single fault condition (insulation or component failure), the voltage in accessible parts of SELV

circuits shall not exceed 60 VDC for longer than 0.2 sec. and an absolute limit of 120 VDC SELV circuits must be separated from hazardous voltages (e.g primary circuits) by two levels of protection which may be double or reinforced insulation or basic insulation combined with an earthed conductive barrier.

Generally DC/DC Converters are power by an input bus that comes from a front end which can be an AC/DC powered supply, a transformer, a charger or a battery. It is the sole responsibility of the user to ensure compliance of the front-end with the relevant safety requirements.

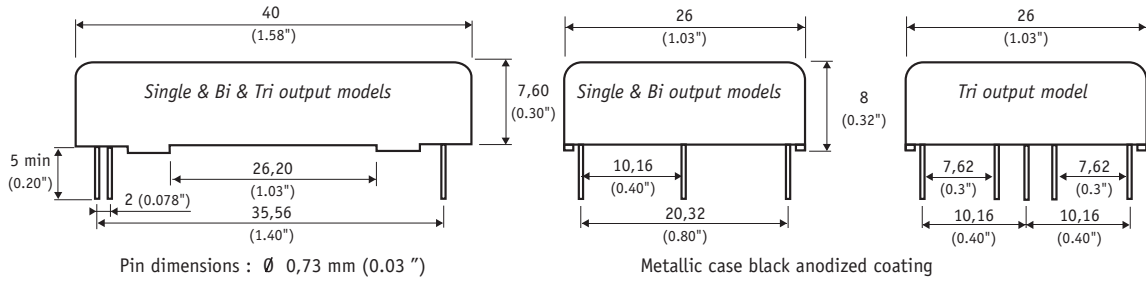
The following table resumes some possible installation configuration using Gaia Converter wide input series.

| Bus voltage at the input of DC/DC converter | Safety status of the input bus | DC/DC converter requirements | Resulting safety at the DC/DC converter output |
|---|--|--|--|
| Voltage : ≤ 60 VDC | Basic isolation with ELV circuit Basic isolation with earthed SELV circuit | Operational insulation Operational insulation | Earthed SELV circuit SELV circuit |
| Hazardous voltage : > 60VDC | Basic isolation with hazardous voltage Double or reinforced insulation with hazardous voltage | Operational insulation Operational insulation | Earthed SELV circuit Earthed SELV circuit |

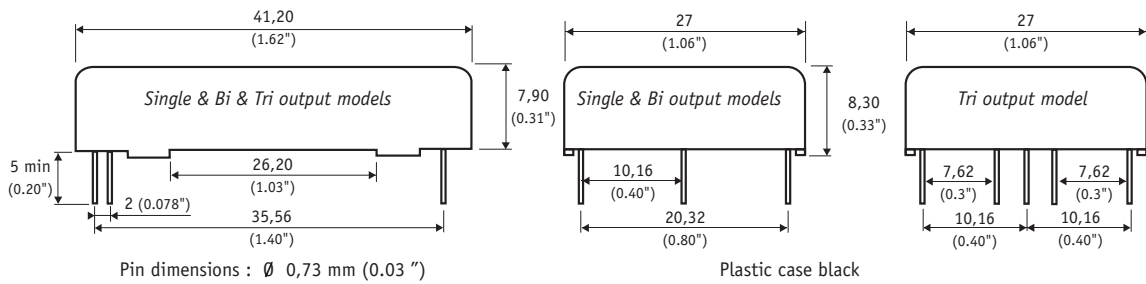
15- Dimensions

Dimension are given in mm (inches). Tolerance : +/- 0,2 mm (+/- 0.01 ") unless otherwise indicated.
Weight : 20 grams (0.7 Ozs) max.

Basic Version : Metal Case



Isolation Version (/Y Option) : Plastic Case



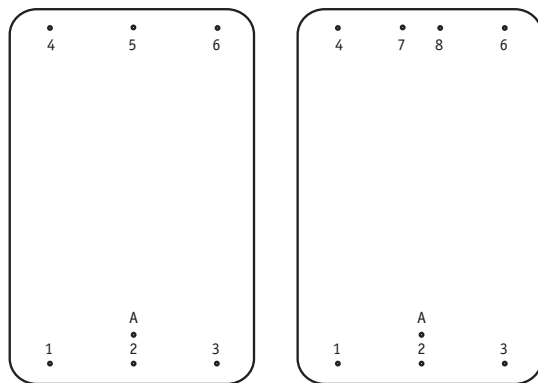
16- Materials

Pins : Plated with pure matte tin over nickel underplate.

17- Product Marking

Upper face : Company logo, location of manufacturing.
Side face : Module reference, option, date code : year and week of manufacturing.

18- Connections



Single & Bi output models

Tri output models

Bottom view

| Pin | Single | Bi | Triple |
|-----|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | + Input (Vi) | + Input (Vi) | + Input (Vi) |
| 2 | No pin | No pin | No pin |
| 3 | - Input (Gi) | - Input (Gi) | - Input (Gi) |
| 4 | Output (Vo) | Output + (+Vo) | Output 1 (V1) |
| 5 | No pin | Common (Go) | / |
| 6 | Common (Go) | Output - (-Vo) | Common (Go) |
| 7 | / | / | Output 2+ (+V2) |
| 8 | / | / | Output 2- (-V2) |
| A | No pin * | No pin * | No pin * |

* Option /M : Pin A existing for On/Off function.
Please add /M to module reference.



For more detailed specifications and applications information, contact :

International Headquarters

GAIA Converter - France
ZI de la Morandière
33185 LE HAILLAN - FRANCE
Tel. : + (33)-5-57-92-12-80
Fax : + (33)-5-57-92-12-89

North American Headquarters

GAIA Converter Canada, Inc
4038 Le Corbusier Blvd
LAVAL, QUEBEC - CANADA H7L 5R2
Tel. : (514)-333-3169
Fax : (514)-333-4519

Represented by :