EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] UL Type MV-105* Eco-nomical, Eco-efficient, Eco-friendly

EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] — the next generation in renewable energy collection systems. It's the only medium-voltage cable that costs less now and pa<u>ys more later</u>.

- •Reduced upfront cost
- Better long-term efficiency

Our Non-stop Commitment

- Environmentally friendly
- Greater return on investment

When specifying cables that effectively and efficiently operate under complex conditions, your options have changed. There's now something better. General Cable's team of experts has once again applied extensive R&D experience to re-engineer our medium-voltage cable, improving the performance of collection systems and making renewable energy more **eco-nomical**, **eco-efficient and eco-friendly** than ever before.

EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] — Eco-nomical

Through an innovative redesign of the cable's concentric neutrals, General Cable has succeeded in reducing the amount of high-cost copper to cut initial material costs.

EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] — Eco-efficient

This exciting breakthrough features the latest in Crosslinked Polyethylene (XLPE) cable jacketing coupled with reduced concentric neutrals, providing better efficiency over the life of the cable through cooler operation, lower line loss and greater resistance to deformation.

EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] — Eco-friendly

General Cable's EmPowr[®] Link medium-voltage cables are already the greenest choice for wind farm construction. EmPowr Link offers high dielectric strength with the lowest dielectric loss characteristics of any medium-voltage cable type. With its built-in cost benefits and long-term efficiencies, CL[™] is the total green solution — allowing you to go green and save green for an overall better return on investment.

- Reduced Copper in Concentric Neutrals
- Cooler Operation
- Enhanced Thermomechanical Properties
- Optimal Efficiency with Lower Line Loss
- Environmentally Friendly with Lead-Free Compounds
- Returnable Reels and Carbon Credit Value



General Cable, a Fortune 500 company, is one of the world's leading manufacturers of cabling solutions for traditional and renewable energy markets and the largest medium-voltage cable supplier in North America. Our uncompromising commitment to quality and product innovation is continually demonstrated in our investment in cable technology that maximizes energy capture and customer return on investment.





* See back cover

Through extensive industry-recognized testing, this next-generation cable has proven its ability to meet the needs of today's wind farm collection systems while maintaining the reliability and performance of General Cable's existing EmPowr Link 35 kV TRXLPE insulated cable. Look at the test data on every purchase of medium-voltage cable to ensure that you're getting the performance you expect.





V General Cable

U.S. Specification for TRXLPE Medium-Voltage Underground Distribution Cable with XLPE Jacket



1.0 SCOPE

This specification covers single conductor tree-retardant cross-linked polyethylene insulated, concentric neutral cables rated from 5 kV to 46 kV. The cable shall be suitable for both single- and three-phase primary underground distribution (UD) for installation in underground ducts, conduit and direct burial in wet or dry locations. It shall also be suitable for on-grade and aerial installations. The cable shall be rated 90°C for normal operation, 130°C for emergency overload, and 250°C for short-circuit conditions in accordance with the latest revision of ANSI/ICEA S-94-649, AEIC CS8 and UL 1072 as applicable.

2.0 GENERAL

Cable shall meet or exceed the latest requirements of the following industry specifications and standards. The order of precedent is as follows: 1) Customer Specification, 2) AEIC CS8, 3) ANSI/ICEA S-94-649, 4) UL 1072. Where a particular product requirement or characteristic is specified in more than one document, the most stringent requirement will apply. Wherever reference is made to an industry specification or standard, it shall be understood to be the latest edition of that document.

3.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE

The cable shall be produced with the conductor shield, insulation and insulation shield applied in the same extrusion operation. All three extruded layers shall be applied in a common extruder head. A dry-cure process shall be used. Compound pellets used for strand shield, insulation and insulation shield shall be received and unloaded using an ultra-clean bulk handling system and/or an ultra-clean box handling system. The bulk handling system shall be a closed system. The material transfer/storage system shall use filtered air. The box handling system shall incorporate a dedicated material transfer system with filtered air involving at least the following: a Class 10,000 clean room per FED-STD-209E to hold the bag of compound as it is unloaded into the transfer system or a Class 10,000 clean compartment per FED-STD-209E surrounding the transfer point.

4.0 CONDUCTORS

The central conductor shall be either solid or stranded. If stranded, it shall be filled with a material compatible with the conductor and the conductor shield to prevent the longitudinal penetration of water into the conductor. Solid aluminum shall meet the requirements of ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 2. Stranded aluminum conductor shall be Class B, compressed per ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 2. Conductor temper shall be H-16 to H-19 (3/4 to hard drawn) for stranded conductors and H-14 to H-16 (1/2 to 3/4 hard) for solid conductors.

5.0 CONDUCTOR SHIELD

The conductor shield shall be an extruded thermosetting semi-conductive material complying with the applicable requirements of AEIC CS8 and ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 3. The extruded shield shall be easily removable from the conductor and shall be firmly bonded to the overlying insulation.

6.0 INSULATION

The insulation shall be a tree-retardant cross-linked polyethylene and shall comply with AEIC CS8 and ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 4. The thickness shall be as required by ANSI/ ICEA S-94-649 Table 4-4. An insulation pellet inspection system capable of examining 100% of the insulation pellets and rejecting contaminants shall be used. The manufacturer shall state the method used to examine and reject contaminated pellets.

7.0 INSULATION SHIELDING

The insulation shield shall be a thermosetting semi-conductive material complying with the applicable requirements of ANSI/ ICEA S-94-649 Part 5.

8.0 CONCENTRIC NEUTRAL

The concentric neutral conductor shall consist of bare annealed copper wires per ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 6, applied helically and essentially equally spaced over the outer semi-conducting shield, with a lay length of not less than six nor more than ten times the diameter over the concentric neutral conductor. The neutral indents in the insulation shield shall be within the requirements of ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 5.2. The cable shall contain water-blocking components for the concentric neutral, and the completed cable longitudinal water penetration resistance shall comply with the requirements of ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 6 and ANSI/ ICEA T-34-664.

9.0 OVERALL OUTER JACKET

Contraction of the

The outer jacket is an extruded-to-fill black non-conducting cross-linked polyethylene jacket, meeting the physical requirements of Table 1 when tested by the methods specified in ANSI/ICEA S-94-649. The jacket shall be free-stripping and not interfere with an intimate contact between the neutral wires and the underlying extruded insulation shield. The jacket shall contain a print legend marking, sequential length marking and three longitudinal extruded red stripes.

Table 1: Physical Properties of Extruded-to-Fill XLPE Jacket

PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS	VALUES			
Unaged Tensile Strength, Min. (psi)	1500			
Aged* Tensile Strength, Min. Ret. (%)	70			
Unaged Elongated, Min. (%)	150			
Aged* Elongated, Min. Ret. (%)	70			
Heat Distortion 1 hr at 131°C, Max. (%)	30			

*Aged for 168 hrs at 121°C.

10.0 TESTS

All tests required by the referenced specifications shall be performed and passed prior to shipment, and a certified copy of the results of the tests shall be sent to the customer, if so requested. The manufacturer shall either submit with the quotation, or have on file with the customer, certified support data for the qualification tests required by ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 Part 10 as applicable.

11.0 EXCEPTIONS

All exceptions to these specifications are to be clearly stated in the bid proposal and will require the review and approval of the customer.



									LLDPE JA	CKET				EMPOWR [®] LINK CL™								
COMPRESSED CONDUCTOR CLASS B STRAND			INS. DIAMETER (1) IN (mm)		NOM. JACKET THKN.(1) IN (mm)	NEUTRAL CONFIGURATION			NOM. Jacket O.D.	AMP/ (2	ACITY 2)	APPROX. Shield Fault Capacity (4)	NEUTRAL CONFIGURATION			NOM. Jacket O.D.	AMPACITY (2)		APPROX. TOTAL WT.	TYPICAL LENGTH (5)	COND. Size	
	NOM.	APPROX. AL							APPROX. CU WT.		DIRECT BURIED					APPROX. CU WT.		DIRECT BURIED				~
AL (AWG or	DIA.	WT. LBS/KFT	MIN. INS.	MAX. INS.	LLDPE	NEUT.	NO. OF	WIRE SIZE	(1) LBS/KFT	INCHES	FLAT	TRE-	CURRENT @ 6 CYCLES	NO. OF	WIRE SIZE	(1) LBS/KFT	INCHES	FLAT	TRE-	LBS/KFT		AL (AWG or
kcmil)	IN (mm)	(kg/km)	0.D.	0.D.	JACKET	SIZE	WIRES	(AWG)	(kg/km)	(mm)	(3)	FOIL	(AMPS)	WIRES	(AWG)	(kg/km)	(mm)	(3)	FOIL	(kg/km)	FT (m)	kcmil)
1/0	0.362 (9.19)	99 (147)	1.045 (26.54)	1.145 (29.08)	0.055 (1.40)	Full 2/3 1/2 1/3	16 17 13 9	14 16 16 16	214 (318) 143 (213) 109 (162) 76 (113)	1.404 (35.66) 1.378 (35.00) 1.378 (35.00) 1.378 (35.00)	245 245 250 250	230 230 230 230	13700 9400 7000 5000	19 13 10 7	16 16 16 16	159 (237) 109 (162) 84 (125) 59 (87)	1.377 (34.99) 1.377 (34.99) 1.377 (34.99) 1.377 (34.99)	245 245 250 250	230 230 230 230 230	831 (1236) 786 (1169) 763 (1135) 740 (1101)	8000 (2450)	1/0
3/0	0.456 (11.58)	158 (235)	1.140 (28.96)	1.240 (31.50)	0.055 (1.40)	Full 2/3 1/2 1/3	16 17 20 14	12 14 16 16	339 (504) 227 (338) 168 (250) 118 (176)	1.532 (38.91) 1.498 (38.05) 1.472 (37.39) 1.472 (37.39)	310 315 315 320	300 300 300 300 300	21800 14700 10900 7800	18 20 15 10	14 16 16 16	240 (357) 168 (250) 126 (187) 84 (125)	1.498 (38.05) 1.471 (37.37) 1.471 (37.37) 1.471 (37.37)	315 315 320 320	300 300 300 300	1053 (1567) 964 (1434) 927 (1379) 889 (1323)	7000 (2150)	3/0
4/0	0.512 (13.00)	199 (296)	1.195 (30.35)	1.295 (32.89)	0.055 (1.40)	Full 2/3 1/2 1/3	20 21 16 17	12 14 14 16	423 (630) 280 (417) 214 (318) 143 (213)	1.588 (40.34) 1.554 (39.47) 1.554 (39.47) 1.528 (38.81)	350 355 355 360	340 340 340 340	26800 17600 13700 9300	23 16 19 13	14 14 16 16	307 (457) 214 (318) 159 (237) 109 (162)	1.554 (39.47) 1.554 (39.47) 1.528 (38.81) 1.528 (38.81)	350 355 360 365	340 340 340 340	1196 (1780) 1112 (1655) 1038 (1544) 993 (1477)	7000 (2150)	4/0
350	0.661 (16.79)	329 (490)	1.355 (34.42)	1.455 (36.96)	0.080 (2.03)	2/3 1/2 1/3 1/6	22 26 18 14	12 14 14 16	466 (693) 347 (516) 240 (358) 118 (176)	1.797 (45.64) 1.763 (44.78) 1.763 (44.78) 1.737 (44.12)	440 445 455 475	445 445 450 450	29500 23000 15100 7800	26 19 20 10	14 14 16 16	347 (516) 254 (378) 168 (250) 84 (125)	1.763 (44.78) 1.763 (44.78) 1.737 (44.12) 1.737 (44.12)	445 455 465 475	445 445 450 450	1542 (2294) 1458 (2169) 1353 (2013) 1278 (1902)	5000 (1500)	350
500	0.789 (20.04)	468 (697)	1.480 (37.59)	1.580 (40.13)	0.080 (2.03)	2/3 1/2 1/3 1/6	20 24 25 20	10 12 14 16	673 (1002) 508 (757) 334 (497) 168 (250)	1.967 (49.96) 1.925 (48.90) 1.891 (48.03) 1.865 (47.37)	505 510 525 555	535 540 545 545	43500 32700 21800 11300	23 17 18 15	12 12 14 16	487 (725) 360 (536) 240 (357) 126 (188)	1.925 (48.90) 1.925 (48.90) 1.891 (48.03) 1.865 (47.37)	510 520 540 570	540 540 545 550	1952 (2904) 1838 (2735) 1690 (2515) 1557 (2317)	5000 (1500)	500
750	0.968 (24.59)	703 (1047)	1.670 (42.42)	1.770 (44.96)	0.080 (2.03)	1/2 1/3 1/6	22 24 19	10 12 14	741 (1102) 508 (757) 254 (378)	2.184 (55.47) 2.142 (54.41) 2.108 (53.54)	585 595 645	655 665 675	49600 32700 16100	26 17 22	12 12 16	551 (820) 360 (536) 185 (275)	2.142 (54.41) 2.142 (54.41) 2.082 (52.88)	590 615 670	660 670 680	2461 (3662) 2290 (3407) 2053 (3055)	5000 (1500)	750
1000	1.117 (28.37)	937 (1394)	1.815 (46.10)	1.920 (48.77)	0.080 (2.03)	1/2 1/3 1/6	24 20 25	9 10 14	1018 (1515) 673 (1002) 334 (497)	2.358 (59.89) 2.333 (59.26) 2.257 (57.32)	650 645 695	740 755 775	64400 42600 21800	22 23 18	10 12 14	741 (1102) 487 (725) 241 (359)	2.333 (59.26) 2.291 (58.19) 2.257 (57.33)	650 660 725	760 765 785	3690 (5490) 2774 (4127) 2504 (3726)	4000 (1200)	1000
1250	1.251 (31.78)	1172 (1744)	1.960 (49.78)	2.065 (52.45)	0.080 (2.03)	1/3 1/6 1/12	25 20 25	10 12 16	842 (1253) 424 (631) 210 (313)	2.481 (63.02) 2.439 (61.95) 2.405 (61.09)	690 730 815	825 855 880	53200 27300 13700	18 23 18	10 14 16	606 (902) 307 (457) 151 (225)	2.481 (63.02) 2.405 (61.09) 2.379 (60.43)	700 765 850	845 870 885	3328 (4952) 2943 (4379) 2764 (4113)	3500 (1050)	1250
1500	1.370 (34.80)	1406 (2093)	2.100 (53.34)	2.205 (56.01)	0.080 (2.03)	1/3 1/6 1/12	24 24 19	9 12 14	1018 (1515) 509 (757) 254 (378)	2.625 (66.68) 2.558 (64.97) 2.524 (64.11)	730 750 845	875 920 950	64500 32700 16100	22 17 22	10 12 16	741 (1103) 360 (536) 185 (275)	2.600 (66.86) 2.558 (64.97) 2.498 (63.45)	725 785 895	900 935 960	3690 (5490) 3281 (4882) 3028 (4505)	3000 (900)	1500

THE OWNER WATER OF THE OWNER OF T

(1) Extruded layer thicknesses and insulation and insulation shield diameters are in accordance with ANSI/ICEA S-94-649 for concentric neutral cables rated 5-46 kV and also meet the requirements of the latest revisions of AEIC CS8. Dimensions and weights not designated as minimum or maximum are nominal values and are subject to manufacturing tolerances.

(2) Ampacity based on earth thermal resistivity of 90°C-cm/watt, 90°C conductor temperature, 20°C earth ambient temperature, 75% load factor and 36" depth of burial. Values are based on one three-phase circuit, one conductor per phase, with neutral wires bonded at each end. (3) Cables buried in flat adjacent configuration with 7.5" spacing between conductors.

(4) Approximate Shield Fault Capacity is the average, rounded value of the two neutral designs. EmPowr[®] Link CLTM neutral configurations are designed to provide equivalent shield fault capacity of the corresponding neutrals, based on LLDPE jackets with 90°C normal operation. (5) Based on capacity of 96° non-returnable wood reels.

Industry-Leading Reliability and Performance

EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] UL Type MV-105*— Your Best Choice

Utilities have historically used Linear Low Density Polyethylene (LLDPE) thermoplastic jackets for the beneficial balance of cost and physical protection they provide. The future of utility power cable jacketing is thermoset XLPE jackets that provide a lower-total-cost solution.

Advantages of this new generation of cable construction include:

Approximately 25% reduction in copper in the concentric neutrals:

Using the ICEA P-45-482-2007 calculations to determine the shield cross-sectional area required for a given fault current, LLDPE jackets are limited to a maximum transient temperature of 200°C; XLPE jackets allow 350°C. The higher temperature allowance provides a greater amount of fault current capability for a given cross-sectional area, reducing the required copper in the neutrals. A smaller circulating current provides a reduced operating temperature, resulting in higher cable ampacities.

Further savings can be realized through the EPRI Short2 Program. General Cable's engineering team will gladly assist you in optimizing your cable design.

Reduced shield losses equate to lower line loss:

With reduced copper concentric neutrals, the shield resistance will increase, with lower losses due to circulating currents. This effect is most easily seen in the larger kcmil sizes but is applicable to all conductor sizes.

Equivalent physical properties to existing LLDPE jacketed construction:

Test data has shown that EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] maintains the physical properties, jacket stripping, coefficient of friction and installation characteristics of traditional EmPowr[®] Link LLDPE jacket constructions.



4 Tesseneer Drive, Highland Heights, KY 41076

GENERAL CABLE, BICC, CL and EMPOWR are trademarks of General Cable Technologies Corporation.

©2012. General Cable Technologies Corporation, Highland Heights, KY 41076 All rights reserved. Printed in USA.

Enhanced thermomechanical performance provides excellent resistance to deformation:

To simulate three-conductor installed performance, General Cable conducted AEIC/ICEA thermomechanical testing on traditional EmPowr[®] Link LLDPE jacketed cables and EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] XLPE jacketed cables.

Photos and results of the testing are shown below:

EmPowr® Link LLDPE jacketed cables: The results of the testing showed that the LLDPE failed 3 x 1/C Cable/Conduit 140°C testing. It clearly melted and fused together, causing exposed concentric neutrals at some locations.



EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] XLPE jacketed cables: These cables passed 3 x 1/C Cable/Conduit 140°C testing with no problem areas.



Comparative Study: EmPowr[®] Link Versus EmPowr[®] Link CL[™]

	DESCRIPTION - 1000 kcmil Aluminum, TRXLPE, 1/3 CN, 35 kV								
PRODUCT DESIGN	EMPOWR [®] LIN	K LLDPE JACKET	EMPOWR [®] LINK CL [™] XLPE JACKET						
Concentric Neutrals	No. of Wires: 20	No. of Wires: 20 10 AWG		12 AWG					
Concentric Neutrals - CU WT.	673 lbs/kft	(1002 kg/km)	487 lbs/kft (725 kg/km)						
Shield Fault Capacity – Currents @ 6 Cycles (AMPS)	426	45 A	42695 A						
Ampacity ⁽¹⁾ Direct Buried @ 90°C – Flat	64	5 A	660 A						
Cost of Shield Losses ⁽²⁾	\$82	2,700	\$75,300						
Calculated Savings ⁽³⁾			\$976	,800					

(1) Based on cables with 90°C normal operation.

(2) Based on 3 conductor, flat, 7.5" spacing, 36" burial depth, 20°C ambient, 75% load factor, soil Rho 0.9°C-m/W.

(3) Based on 3 conductor, flat, 7.5" spacing, 645 A, avg. energy cost \$0.06/kWh, 1 circuit mile, 1-year time frame.

(4) Based on 3 conductor, flat, 7.5" spacing, 645 A, avg. energy cost \$0.06/kWh, 20 circuit miles, 20-year life of a wind farm, 1/3 production time.

*UL Type MV-105 EmPowr[®] Link CL[™] is rated MV-105 in accordance with the UL 1072 standard. It should be noted that utilizing a 105°C normal operating conductor temperature will increase cable ampacity rating but will reduce the shield fault capability slightly. If the user plans on operating these cables at 105°C conductor temperature for normal operation and 140°C for emergency overload, please contact General Cable is more likely at the higher operating conductor temperature is on information and rate in single for the applicable cable ampacity and shield fault capability ratings. Another important consideration is that the migration of soll moisture away from the cable is more likely at the higher operating conductor temperature and can result in an increase in soil thermal resistivity, resulting in an increase in conductor and soil temperature.

Phone: (800) 237-2726 (859) 572-8000 Fax: (859) 572-8072 Email: Info@generalcable.com www.generalcable.com Form No. UTY-0046-R0512 41988