

### Hitachi Smart Transformation Project

Hitachi IR Day 2015

June 11, 2015 Shinjiro Iwata

Executive Vice President and Executive Officer CTrO
Hitachi, Ltd.



# Hitachi Smart Transformation Project Contents

### 1. Hitachi Smart Transformation Project Outline

- 2. Progress of Hitachi Smart Transformation Project
- 3. Specific Activities to Achieve the Targets of 2015 Mid-term Management Plan
- 4. Conclusion

### 1-1. Hitachi Smart Transformation Project Objective



### Strengthen earnings power and cash generation capacity to achieve growth

Drive business growth by strengthening the Social **Innovation Business** Innovation Global Investment STP\* Cost structure reform CCC reforms Establish a

### **STP\*** objective

#### **Cost structure reform**

- Sustained cost reductions of over 100.0 billion yen per year
- Optimize the SG&A expense ratio

#### **CCC** reforms

- Transform to operations aimed at cash generation
- Shorten lead times in each business to maximize operating efficiency

#### Establish a business base

 Build organizations, operations and IT that will support the Social Innovation Business

CCC : Cash Conversion Cycle 
\* STP: Hitachi Smart Transformation Project

business base

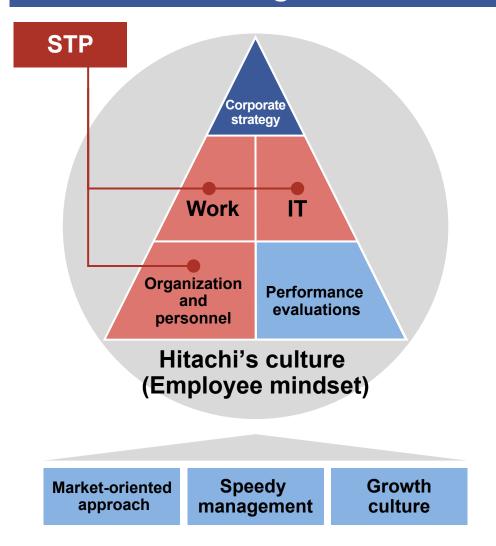
Earnings and cash generation

SG&A : Selling, General & Administrative expenses

### 1-2. Approach to Establishing a Business Base to Support Growth



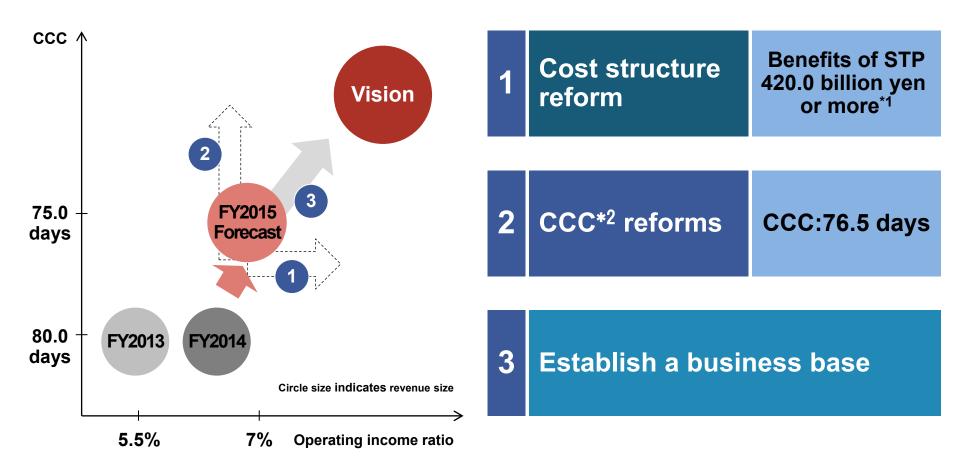
## Far-reaching reforms to business base, guided by Hitachi's strategy to strengthen its Social Innovation Business



Simplicity				
Work	Establish and streamline standard work processes			
Organization and personnel	Achieve an optimal organization and personnel mix			
	Transparency			
Work	Cost and cash visualization			
ΙΤ	Develop IT as a management platform for the Hitachi Group, considering M&As, etc.			
	Productivity			
Work	Establish operations that successfully create value			
Organization and personnel	An organization that creates businesses by collaborative creation with customers and by strengthening customer service capabilities			



### Transform to a globally competitive structure



<sup>\*1</sup> Cumulative from FY2011

<sup>\*2</sup> Manufacturing, services and others



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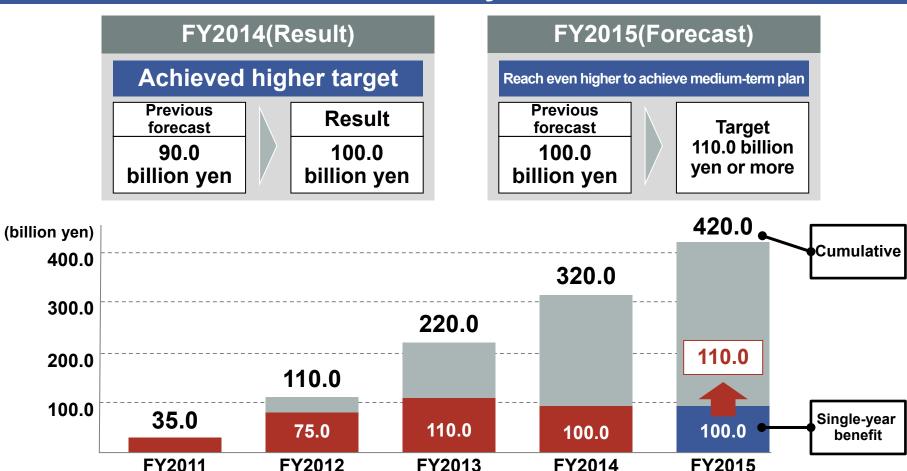
### 2-1. Progress of Hitachi Smart Transformation Project (Project Benefits)

Result

Result



# Steady execution to deliver project benefits of 420.0 billion yen or more



Result

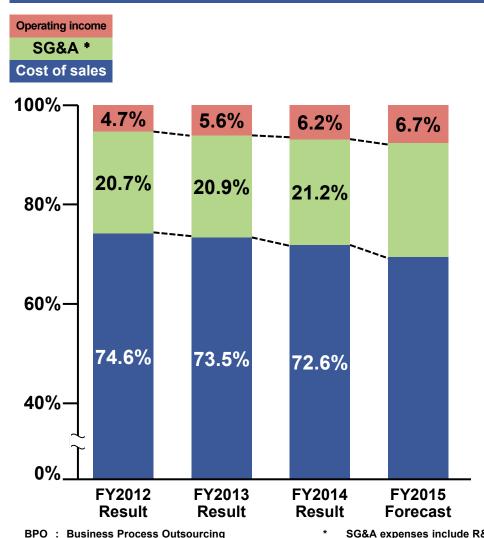
Result

**Forecast** 

### 2-2. Progress of Hitachi Smart Transformation Project (Cost Structure)



### Focus on reducing SG&A expenses while continuing to reduce cost of sales



#### Reduce cost of sales

- Design and achieve cost of sales to attain ideal cost of sales
  - Incorporate cost into the planning stage
  - Strengthen collaborative creation with suppliers and other partners
- Refine and streamline design and other operations

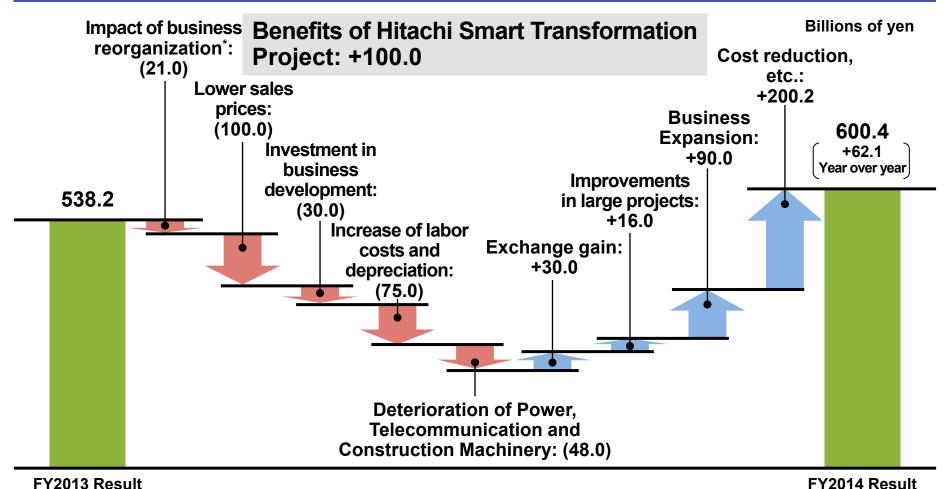
### Reduce SG&A expenses

- Comprehensively review fixed costs in Japan
  - Right size workforce in Japan
  - Accelerate BPO in back-office operations
  - Optimize IT costs
- Reduce indirect materials in Japan and overseas
  - Rigorously reduce indirect materials overseas

### 2-3. Factors for Change in Operating Income (FY2013 → FY2014)



# Project benefits contributing to improved business results and the creation of growth investments



(US GAAP)

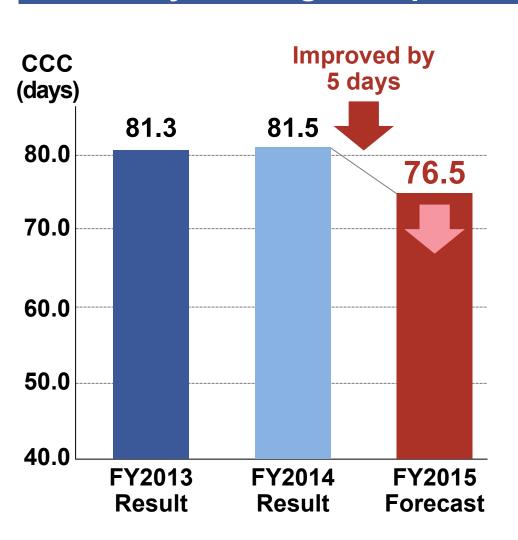
FY2014 Result (US GAAP)

the integration of the thermal power generation systems business with Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd., and the conversion of Hitachi Maxell, Ltd into an equity-method affiliate

### 2-4. Progress of Hitachi Smart Transformation Project (CCC (Manufacturing and Services, etc.))



## Strengthen cash generation capacity by revising work processes from end to end



### Improve inventory turnover days

- Accelerate development of modular design and parts standardization
- Step up inventory design at a faster pace
- Rigorously shorten lead times

### Improve accounts receivable/payable turnover days

- Refine deposit and withdrawal management methods
- Strengthen cash flow management of overseas projects
- Expand the use of electronically recorded monetary claims



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### 3-1. Priorities for Driving the Project Forward



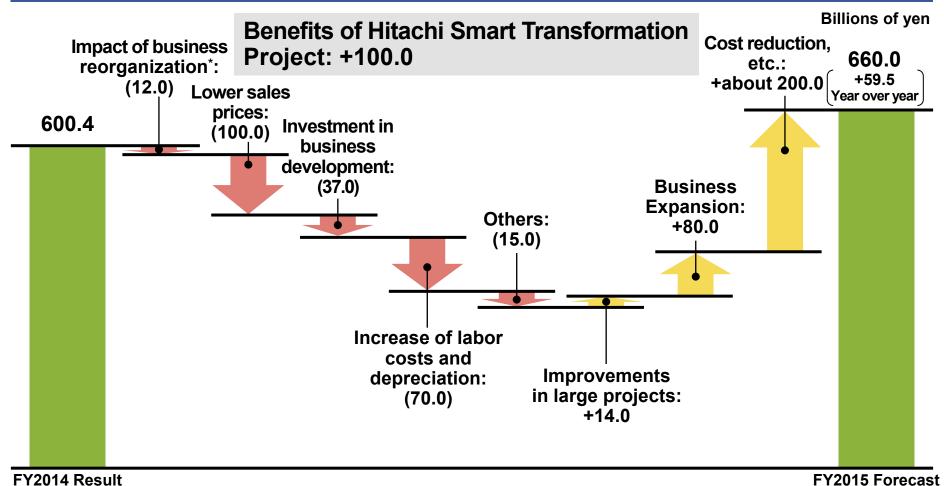
### Achieve further transformation to establish a business structure that can stay on top of changes in the operating environment

			Priorities	
STP activities	Cost structure reform	Reduce cost of sales	<ul> <li>Strengthen ability to reduce cost of sales in anticipation of changes in the operating environment</li> <li>Strengthen project management</li> </ul>	3-3 3-4
		■ Reduce SG&A expenses	Optimize the global workforce	3-5
	- CCC reforms	● Reduce inventories	Establish a core value chain that can instantly adapt to supply-demand dynamics	3-6
		<ul> <li>Improve accounts receivable/payable turnover</li> </ul>	Strengthening cash flow management	3-7
	Establish a business base to support growth	<ul> <li>Work process reforms</li> <li>Develop a global IT platform</li> </ul>	Establish operations and IT services to support the Social Innovation Business	3-8 3-9

### 3-2. Scenario for Achieving the Targets of 2015 Mid-term Management Plan (Operating Income)



# Ensure achievement of operating income target by resolutely implementing Smart Transformation activities



(US GAAP)

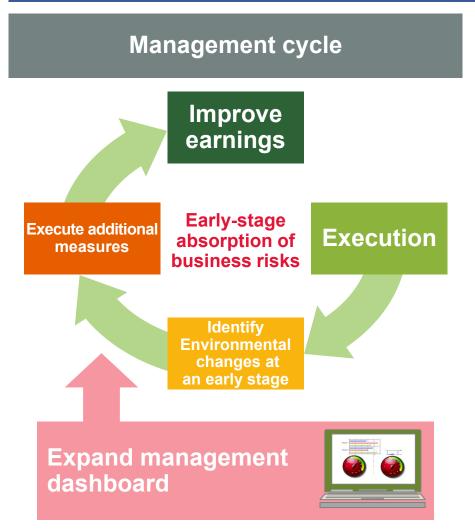
(US GAAP)

<sup>\*</sup> Impact from air conditioning business reorganization

### 3-3. Strengthen Ability to Reduce Cost of Sales in Anticipation of Changes in the Operating Environment



# Accelerate speed of management cycle to achieve further improvements in profitability



Strengthen response capabilities for changing business environment

- Rigorous scenario preparation and rolling that can instantly adapt to management decision-making
- Identify revenues and costs at an early stage and rapidly execute additional reductions by item
- Expand management dashboard making use of Hitachi IT technologies

Increase amounts of cost reductions to achieve target costs

### 3-4. Strengthen project management (PM)



### Curb risks & secure earnings by strengthening PM

**Activities to strengthen PM & EPC infrastructure** 

Concentrate PM expertise based on past examples of successes and failures

Develop PM strengthening measures across the Group

#### **Cultivate project managers**

Train global project leaders

#### **Share PM platform**

Develop across best practices internally

#### Implement project support

PM support by a specialist team

### Concrete examples of development

Cultivate project managers

### Training of PM human resources (19 courses)

**Basic literacy education** 

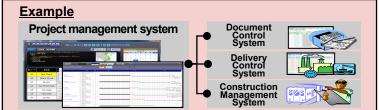
Study examples of successes and failures

Introduce insights from inside and outside Hitachi



Develop proven internal best practices across other departments

Example



Implement project support

Share PM platform

Start PM support by an internal specialist team (Vietnam urban transportation project, etc.)

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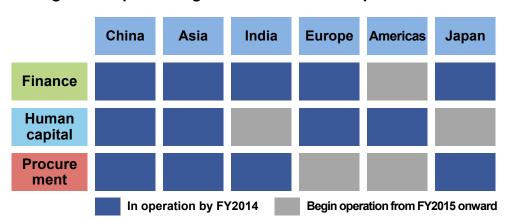
### 3-5. Optimize the Global Workforce



(Expand Global Usage of Shared Services)

### Establish a global BPO platform for back-office operations

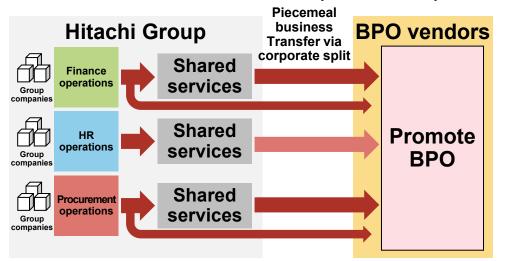
<Progress on promoting BPO in back-office operations>



### Overseas back-office operations

- **Expand BPO to new cost areas and** geographic regions
  - **Expand BPO in finance operations**
  - Commence BPO in payroll calculation tasks

#### <Centralization scheme for back-office operations in Japan>



### **Back-office operations in Japan**

Transfer some of the businesses of Finance Group shared services companies to BPO vendors via corporate splits and share transfers

Human capital

Expand the scope of operations to be centralized in Group shared services companies

(177 companies, 190,000 employees)

## 3-6. Establish a core value chain that can instantly adapt to supply-demand dynamics



# Shorten total lead times by linking to function-based measures from an end-to-end perspective

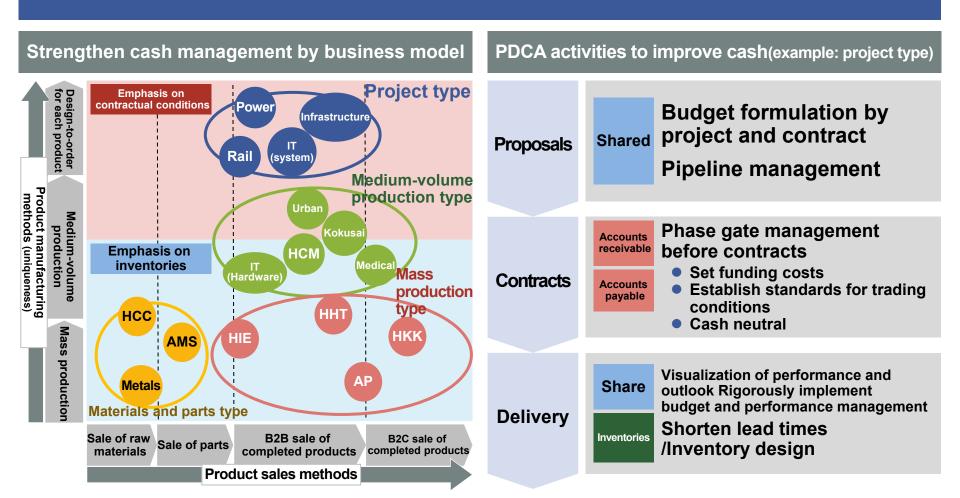
#### **Build global PSI operations** Unification of supply-demand adjustments **Global logistics scheme** Modular design **Currently being applied** Maintenance Sales by 10 business entities Shorten transport lead times Reduce inventories by making frequent shipments by product modularization Reduce logistics costs through Shorten design lead times the loading of mixed batches of freight **Shorten lead times** Currently being applied Start in China and Europe to 32/64 products **Reduce inventories** inventories logistics Design Manufacturing utilizing IoT Globally decentralized design Shorten total lead times by **Big Data analysis Procurement Manufacturing** Optimal split of design work Overall optimization of Reduce design costs production & SCM by "plants that connect" Global procurement Start trial operations Utilize in targeted at 4 business entities 14/17 business entities Shorten procurement lead times by strengthening local procurement Currently being applied by 17 business entities

PSI: Production, Sales and Inventory SCM: Supply Chain Management

### 3-7. Strengthening cash flow management



### Strengthen cash generation capacity by improving working capital efficiency



Power Systems Company Infrastructure

Infrastructure Systems Information & Telecommunication Systems Company

Rail Systems Company Urban Planning and **Development Systems** Company

Kokusai : Hitachi Kokusai Electric Inc.

HCM Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd. Hitachi Medical Corporation Medical Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation

: Hitachi Koki Co., Ltd. HIE : Hitachi Industrial Equipment Metals : Hitachi Metals, Ltd. Systems Co., Ltd

Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd.

Hitachi Appliances, Inc.

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### 3-8. Establish Operations and IT Services to Support the Social Innovation Business (Market-Oriented Organization)(1)



Implement a conceptual framework for a business base that realizes highly efficient, market-oriented management on a global scale

### Towards a market-oriented organization

#### Customer

Frontline functions (Sales, Engineering, SI, Consulting)

**Healthcare** 

**Energy** 

**Finance** 

Regions North America-China

### Analytics control functions (Shared platform)

Information platform business

**Control platform business** 

### Product-Software-Service functions (Globally competitive businesses)

**Industrial equipment business** 

Information equipment and software business

Maintenance and service business

### Main items to consider

#### Work

- Standardize work processes and procedural rules
  - Standard work processes from an overall optimization perspective
  - Prepare estimates faster/strengthen project management

### Organization /headcount

- Clarify the scope of authorization and responsibility
  - · Roles and reporting lines of each organization
  - Authorization of estimates at frontline organizations, etc.

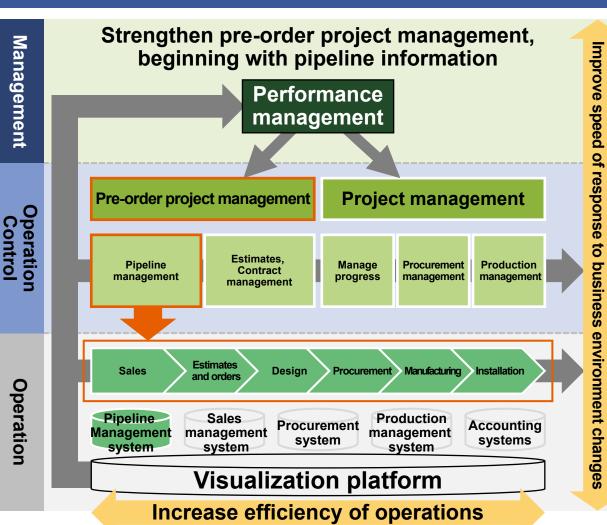
#### ΙT

Build a shared IT platform to support operations

### 3-9 Establish Operations and IT Services to Support the Social Innovation Business (Market-Oriented Organization)(2)



### Integrated management of performance and operations beginning with project pipeline management



 Further strengthen preemptive management based on performance and forecasts

- Select priority projects and strengthen project risk management
- Strengthen cost-cutting capabilities by early-stage sourcing
- Realize highly efficient manufacturing based on pipeline information
- Prioritize and upgrade sales activities
- Streamline operations and information

### 3-10. Future Plans



Reap benefits to achieve the targets of the 2015 Mid-term Management Plan and commence initiatives in anticipation of the next mid-term plan

	and commence initiatives in anticipation of the next initi-term plan							
		FY2014	FY2015	FY2016~				
		Cost struc	cture reform					
			forms					
			Establ	ish business base				
Cc	Production	Global SCM reforms						
Cost	costs	Modular design and globally ded	centralized design					
str	Direct Materials	Accelerate centralized purchasing	ng					
uct	costs	Strengthen engineered sourcing						
structure re	Indirect costs	Global logistics reforms						
		Centralize common operating ex	rpenses					
reform		Expand introduction of shared s	ervices in Japan and overseas	Process-focused				
3		Headquarters reforms/Group str	ucture reforms	reforms				
		Reforms focused on	Strengthen pipeline and phase ga	ate management processes				
CCC vofever	cost areas and functions	Improve payment conditions						
CCC reforms			Strengthen coordination between divisions, increase operational efficiency and improve accuracy					
			Build a management visualization platform					
Establish business base			Establish a busin the Social Innova	ess base to support tion Business				

**SCM**: Supply Chain Management



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### 4-1. FY2015 Targets



### Reap project benefits in step with changes in the business environment to achieve the targets of the 2015 Mid-term Management Plan

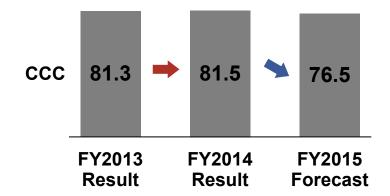
 $+\alpha$ 

#### **Project benefit** FY2014 FY2015 **Cumulative** through FY2015\*1 (single year) (single year) 40.0 45.0 195.0 Indirect costs billion yen billion yen billion yen **Production** costs 60 0 55.0 *225* 0 billion yen billion yen billion yen Direct **Materials** costs 100.0 100.0 420.0 Subtotal billion yen billion yen billion yen Total 100.0 420.0 (Addition billion yen billion yen due to

 $+\alpha$ 

### Company-wide forecast





business

Risk)

<sup>\*1</sup> Cumulative through FY2015 vs. FY2010

<sup>\*2</sup> SG&A expenses include R&D expenditures



In Conclusion

#### A time to leave the past behind us

The way it was - is not how it will be

Today, we are re-evaluating our current business practices from the global management point of view.

Our new strategy is called "Hitachi Smart Transformation Project" and is promoting various structural reformations.

The key to success is each individual's awareness of this goal and changing their mindset.

We need to re-think our current practices and try something new. How about collaboration with another division or even with another company?

You will change Hitachi.

Let's rebuild Hitachi to be a world leader together.



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In Conclusion

#### Let's discover more!

Change has already begun.

Take another look around.

Do you sense things are a little different from before?

That is Smart Transformation.

Smart Transformation is not just about cost reduction.

Smart Transformation is about changing the way we work.

It's about making processes as efficient as possible,

Including those around you.

It's about being able to collaborate with coworkers around the world,

This is the structure that will help us transform into the global company we strive for

if you come across something in your daily work that you would like try changing, if you come across something you think is needed to work at a global level, by all means, share your insight with your colleagues and work together to put it into practics.

Do it to make Hitachi stronger. The person who will change Hitachi is you.



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### **Cautionary Statement**



Certain statements found in this document may constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such "forward-looking statements" reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and financial performance and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "plan," "project" and similar expressions which indicate future events and trends may identify "forward-looking statements." Such statements are based on currently available information and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in the "forward-looking statements" and from historical trends. Certain "forward-looking statements" are based upon current assumptions of future events which may not prove to be accurate. Undue reliance should not be placed on "forward-looking statements," as such statements speak only as of the date of this document.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in any "forward-looking statement" and from historical trends include, but are not limited to:

- economic conditions, including consumer spending and plant and equipment investment in Hitachi's major markets, particularly Japan, Asia, the United States and Europe, as well as levels of demand in the major industrial sectors Hitachi serves, including, without limitation, the information, electronics, automotive, construction and financial sectors:
- exchange rate fluctuations of the yen against other currencies in which Hitachi makes significant sales or in which Hitachi's assets and liabilities are denominated, particularly against the U.S. dollar and the euro;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to access, or access on favorable terms, liquidity or long-term financing;
- uncertainty as to general market price levels for equity securities, declines in which may require Hitachi to write down equity securities that it holds;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to continue to develop and market products that incorporate new technologies on a timely and cost-effective basis and to achieve market acceptance for such products;
- rapid technological innovation;
- the possibility of cost fluctuations during the lifetime of, or cancellation of, long-term contracts for which Hitachi uses the percentage-of-completion method to recognize revenue from sales;
- fluctuations in the price of raw materials including, without limitation, petroleum and other materials, such as copper, steel, aluminum, synthetic resins, rare metals and rare-earth minerals, or shortages of materials, parts and components:
- fluctuations in product demand and industry capacity;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to implement measures to reduce the potential negative impact of fluctuations in product demand, exchange rates and/or price of raw materials or shortages of materials, parts and components:
- increased commoditization of and intensifying price competition for products;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to achieve the anticipated benefits of its strategy to strengthen its Social Innovation Business;
- uncertainty as to the success of acquisitions of other companies, joint ventures and strategic alliances and the possibility of incurring related expenses;
- uncertainty as to the success of restructuring efforts to improve management efficiency by divesting or otherwise exiting underperforming businesses and to strengthen competitiveness;
- uncertainty as to the success of cost reduction measures;
- general socioeconomic and political conditions and the regulatory and trade environment of countries where Hitachi conducts business, particularly Japan, Asia, the United States and Europe, including, without limitation, direct or indirect restrictions by other nations on imports and differences in commercial and business customs including, without limitation, contract terms and conditions and labor relations;
- uncertainty as to the success of alliances upon which Hitachi depends, some of which Hitachi may not control, with other corporations in the design and development of certain key products:
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's access to, or ability to protect, certain intellectual property rights, particularly those related to electronics and data processing technologies;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of litigation, regulatory investigations and other legal proceedings of which the Company, its subsidiaries or its equity-method affiliates have become or may become parties;
- the possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of Hitachi;
- the potential for significant losses on Hitachi's investments in equity-method affiliates;
- the possibility of disruption of Hitachi's operations by natural disasters such as earthquakes and tsunamis, the spread of infectious diseases, and geopolitical and social instability such as terrorism and conflict:
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to maintain the integrity of its information systems, as well as Hitachi's ability to protect its confidential information or that of its customers;
- uncertainty as to the accuracy of key assumptions Hitachi uses to evaluate its significant employee benefit-related costs; and
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to attract and retain skilled personnel.

The factors listed above are not all-inclusive and are in addition to other factors contained in other materials published by Hitachi.

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