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## Magnetostrictive Level Transmitters Series JLT-6000

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## 1.0.0 Introduction

### 1.1.0 Forward

The Jogler JLT-6000 series transmitter represents the latest in magnetostrictive level transmitter technology. Suitable for most liquid level applications, the JLT transmitter provides a very accurate and reliable output for remote level control with zero maintenance. With greater ease of communication and programmability, the JLT series contains the latest state-of-the-art electronics and sensor technology. The JLT series is available in three different configurations; the ILT, LGT and MGT-6000 series. All transmitters are factory calibrated to the specifications required with each order and installation.

**The ILT-6000 series transmitter is designed for direct insertion into a storage tank, process vessel or bypass chamber.** The ILT can be top or bottom mounted and comes with a patented thermo-well enclosure. As a result, the 316 SS waveguide probe of the transmitter is not exposed directly to the process conditions since it is isolated within the thermowell. Only the thermowell enclosure and level float are exposed to external process conditions. Remote mounted transmitter head locations are available.

**The LGT-6000 series transmitter is designed for installation directly into a liquid level sight glass.** The patented LGT design provides 100% confirmation between the liquid level in the gage and the float position of the transmitter relative to the fluid level established in the sight glass. Top, bottom or remote mounted transmitter head locations are available. The waveguide probe and float are directly exposed to external process conditions in this configuration. The waveguide probe is not exposed to internal process conditions.

**The MGT-6000 series transmitter is designed exclusively for magnetic level indicators.** The waveguide probe is installed externally on the outside of the magnetic level gage chamber and is not exposed to process conditions. Based on the level gage specifications, top, bottom or remote mounted transmitter head locations are available.

### 1.2.0 Theory Of Operation

Magnetostrictive level transmitters operate in conjunction with a magnetic field that originates from a liquid level float designed for the process media. A two wire waveguide probe of variable length is connected to the transmitter sensor and electronic assembly. The two wire waveguide is housed within a sealed ¼ inch (OD) sensor probe and receives a short current pulse at timed intervals. Disruption of the waveguide is caused by torsion generated by the float's lateral magnetic field at any elevation. This torsion or deflection of the waveguide is detected by the transmitter sensor, which produces a very accurate signal proportionate to the level elevation.

## 2.0.0 Preparation

### 2.1.0 Introduction

Jogler JLT series level transmitters are built and designed to exact customer specifications as defined in each model number. Wiring terminations are required and need to follow proper procedures.

### 2.2.0 Unpacking Freight

Upon receipt, all packages containing Jogler products are to be opened carefully and inspected for freight damages. If damage to the product has occurred due to freight, a claim needs to be made at the point of product receipt and initial inspection within 24 hours. **Jogler does not insure freight or make freight claims on behalf of the owner.** Do not discard the shipping container until all components are accounted and inspected for.

### 2.3.0 Storage

If the transmitter requires storage for prolonged periods, care must be given to ensure product protection from physical and ambient conditions. Seal the entire device completely from condensation and store it with the shipping materials provided. Do not leave any auxiliary conduit connection open. Recommended storage temperatures are -10 to +130° F.

### 2.4.0 Electronic Static Discharge

Jogler level transmitters are manufactured from the highest quality electronic components of which can be damaged by static electricity. Care must be taken to eliminate static discharges surrounding the transmitter upon installation. All equipment proximal to the transmitter must be grounded to a secure source. Grounding terminals are provided both inside and outside of the instrument enclosure.

### 2.5.0 Equipment and Recommended Tools

To attach the JLT series transmitter to an existing piping or vessel connection, the operator will need the following tools:

- Nut drivers for MGT attachment to piping clamps
- Phillips and flat head screwdrivers
- Wrenches for ILT and LGT installation
- Digital volt meter to verify and troubleshoot voltage

### 2.6.0 Temperature Ratings

The maximum ambient temperature rating of the JLT series electronics is -40 to + 160° F. The ambient temperature range of the LED readout is -10 to +160° F. Ambient temperatures above and below that rating may cause the LED readout to malfunction. The transmitter head may require protection from prolonged direct sunlight exposure. Low temperature cryogenic or high temperature insulation blankets should be installed during extreme process operating temperatures.

The maximum process temperature rating of the JLT series transmitter is -40°F to +235° F and applies to the waveguide probe.

### 2.7.0 Pressure Ratings

The maximum process pressure rating of the JLT series transmitter waveguide probe is 300 PSIG. This rating applies to LGT-6000 series which is a direct insertion model for level gage applications only. The waveguide probe in the ILT-6000 series transmitter is protected by and contained within the thermowell and is therefore not subject to process pressure. The MGT-6000 is an externally mounted transmitter and is not subject to process pressure.

### 2.8.0 Voltage

**The JLT transmitter is designed to operate at 24 Volts DC, nominal.** Please ensure that the power supply to the transmitter is the same 24 VDC voltage required. Although the voltage range of the JLT transmitter is +12 to +30 VDC, it is highly recommended that the service voltage is established at a stable and continuous 24 VDC. Higher voltages will damage the transmitter. ***Do not connect to AC current since this will damage the transmitter and violate the transmitter warranty.***

### 3.0.0. Mounting

#### 3.1.0 Introduction

Determine if the installation requires a top, bottom or remote mounted location. Consideration should be given to electrical conduit connections before the transmitter is installed. It is important to verify chemical compatibility with all wetted components.

#### 3.2.0 MGT – Magnetic Level Indicators

- The second bend in the waveguide should be placed at the same elevation of the centerline of the upper or lower process connection, depending upon the preferred transmitter head location.
- The transmitter head contains a special pipe clamp groove for chamber attachment first.
- Insulating L brackets are supplied for the waveguide. These maintain an even distance of the waveguide away from the magnetic level gage chamber.
- Corresponding pipe clamps are provided for each L bracket position, which should be spaced evenly apart throughout the waveguide.
- Secure the L brackets by tightening each pipe clamp accordingly after the transmitter head is secured.

#### 3.3.0 ILT – Direct Tank Insertion (Waveguide with Thermowell)

- The assembly includes a welded flanged thermo-well and float that is separate from the transmitter head and waveguide.
- Verify if the flanged thermo-well and float assembly matches the connection flange of the tank or vessel and is of the specified material. ***Please note, since the ILT transmitter head, sensor and waveguide probe are isolated from the process environment, the material of the thermowell assembly can be different.***
- Attach the flanged thermo-well and float assembly to the vessel connection flange without the ILT transmitter head and waveguide.
- Slip the transmitter waveguide into the thermo-well after the thermo-well flange is attached to the vessel connection flange.
- Secure the transmitter head, sensor and waveguide by tightening the sensor thread.

#### 3.4.0 LGT – Level Gage Insertion (Waveguide without Thermowell)

- The assembly includes the transmitter head, threaded sensor, float and waveguide.
- Verify if the material of the waveguide and float are compatible with the process service.
- Connection size and type is 0.75 inch MNPT threaded or 0.75 inch sanitary, minimum.
- Secure the transmitter head, sensor and waveguide by tightening the sensor connection.

## 4.0.0 Wiring

Connection to the JLT-6000 transmitter requires an electrical conduit connection of ¼ inch NPT. The enclosure contains two conduit connection ports (Photograph No. 1). Wiring between the power supply and the JLT-6000 transmitter should be made with 18 – 22 AWG shielded twisted pair instrument cable.

### 4.1.0 Connections

Once the electrical conduit is properly connected, the terminal block needs to be accessible for wiring connections. The terminal block is located on the termination board which is attached to the enclosure beneath the sealed transmitter puck. (Photograph No. 2) The transmitter puck plugs into the termination board. The puck will require removal (unplugging) from the termination board in order to gain access to the terminal block. Simply pull the transmitter puck out vertically and carefully. There are three guide pins located on the bottom of the transmitter puck housing. These pins realign the puck perfectly into the termination board upon reinstallation. (Photograph Nos. 3 and 4)

**Wiring to the terminal block is as follows:**

Terminal Block:	POS (+)	Positive 24 VDC	<b>Red Wire</b>
Terminal Block:	NEG (-)	Negative	<b>Black Wire</b>
Ground Screw:	8-32 NC	Inside Enclosure Back	<b>Green Wire</b>



**Photograph No. 1**  
Enclosure – Front



**Photograph No. 2**  
Termination Board



**Photograph No. 3**  
Transmitter Puck – Front



**Photograph No. 4**  
Transmitter Puck – Rear

**Warning:** *Electrical connections may induce an explosion hazard. Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been turned off and the installation area has been rendered non-hazardous. Determine the correct polarity before connecting.*

The JLT-6000 is designed for Class 1, Division 1, Groups B, C and D hazardous locations. Explosion proof installations could have flammable vapors and liquids present. If disconnecting, instrument covers must remain tight until power is turned off. Make sure that power is off in any junction box if exposed to hazardous atmospheres. Power to the instrument can only be turned on after the installation is complete, instrument covers are tight and secure, the area is non-hazardous and the installation has been checked by the appropriate electrical engineers.

## 5.0.0 Transmitter Configuration

### 5.1.0 Introduction

The JLT-6000 transmitter is factory configured to probe length, float density and positioning. The internal parameters that are important to the basic configuration of the transmitter are protected by a factory password and cannot be changed by the end user. The operator is provided with a user password that will be necessary to change some of the basic transmitter settings that are fundamental to transmitter performance.

### 5.2.0 Operation

Each JLT-6000 can be programmed by the three push buttons (keypad) located on the transmitter head. They are the Up and Down arrow keys and the Select key which are used to navigate the displays and to calibrate the transmitter. The Up and Down arrow keys move forward and backward in the menu structure when in the *scroll* mode and increase and decrease the value displayed when in the *set* mode. The Select key selects the *set* mode when on a menu screen where it is available. The Select key also accepts a value and moves to the next step when in the *set* mode.

The *scroll* or *set* mode is indicated by the lack or presence of the set mode symbol in the upper right hand corner of the screen. Screen scrolling is in ascending order of screen number when the down arrow is depressed and descending order when the up arrow is depressed.

The JLT-6000 has an LCD display that shows two lines of eight characters each. All transmitter menu screens are shown on the LCD display. The display defaults to the scrolling measurement screen that shows the level height (inches or metric), percentage and milliamp outputs. The scrolling default display can be changed to any of the individual three output values at the operator's choice.

### 5.3.0 Screen Menus

- 5.3.1 Screen 1: Default Display  
Category: Display  
Description: Displays one of the following: Level in units, Level in percent, Loop Output in milliamps, Error Messages. The Default Display is denoted by the "\*" symbol.  
Notes: In the event of a transmitter error, the corresponding error message will be displayed in place of the output. Any of the output types may be displayed or they can be selected to scroll. This selection is made from Screen No. 5.
- 5.3.2 Screen 2: Level  
Category: Display  
Description: Displays the absolute measurement in level units (inches or cm)  
Notes: In the event of a transmitter alarm condition, ALARM will be displayed in place of the level value.

### 5.3.0 Screen Menus (Continued)

- 5.3.3 Screen 3: Level %  
Category: Display  
Description: Displays the value of the primary variable in percent of span. The range is 0.00% to 100.00%  
Notes: In the event of a transmitter alarm condition, ALARM will be displayed in place of the level value.
- 5.3.4 Screen 4: Loop  
Category: Display  
Description: Displays the value of the 4-20 mA current loop in milliamps.  
Notes: In the event of a transmitter alarm condition, ALARM will be displayed in place of the level value
- 5.3.5 Screen 5: Dft Display  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Scroll, Level, Level%, Loop (scroll selectable)  
Description: Selects the default screen display as either: Scroll, Level, Level % or Loop  
Notes: None
- 5.3.6 Screen 6: Quick Cal  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Select 4 mA and 20 mA points based on float position.  
Description: Allows the setting of the 0% and 100% points based on the current float position. The 0% and 100% points may be configured at either end of the probe (i.e. provides for direct OR reverse action). If the 4.00 mA button is pressed, then the current float position is set as the 4 mA elevation. If the 20 mA button is pressed, the current float position is set as the 20 mA elevation. The 0 measured value of the PV is then equated to the 0% level point by setting the value of the offset.  
Notes: This function takes into account the mounting type and also checks for reverse action settings when computing the offset value.
- 5.3.7 Screen 7: Units  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Inches, Centimeters (scroll selectable)  
Description: Selects the level units in cm or inches.

### 5.3.0 Screen Menus (Continued)

- 5.3.8 Screen 8: Probe Ln  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Length of sensor probe in inches or cm.  
Description: Defines the length of the sensor probe. This is the valid range of detection of a magnetic field along the length of the sensor probe. The length is defined as increasing from the center point of the sensor element.  
Notes: If a signal is detected beyond the set probe length, it will be ignored.
- 5.3.9 Screen 9: 4 Ma Set  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Position of the 4 milliamp (0%) point in inches or cm.
- 5.3.10 Screen 10: 20 Ma Set  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Position of the 20 milliamp (100%) point in inches or cm.
- 5.3.11 Screen 11: Offset  
Category: User Setting  
Input: PV measurement offset in inches or cm.  
Description: A positive or negative adjustment to the PV zero reference mark.
- 5.3.12 Screen 12: Damping  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Value of the damping time constant in seconds.  
Description: Sets value of the damping time constant. Input range is 0-15 seconds in 0.10 second intervals up to 1.0 second followed by 1.0 second intervals.
- 5.3.13 Screen 13: Fault  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Low, High, Latch (scroll selectable)  
Description: Determines the value of the current loop output during a fault condition. Loop current can be set to 3.60 mA, 22.0 mA or latched to the value of the current loop just before fault condition occurred.  
Notes: If HART communication is detected, the Low value of the current loop will be set to 3.70 mA instead of 3.60 mA to ensure reliability of communication.
- 5.3.14 Screen 14: Poll Adr  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Integer number in the range 0 – 15.  
Description: Sets poll address of the transmitter for use in HART multi-drop mode.

### 5.3.0 Screen Menus (Continued)

- 5.3.15 Screen 15: Trim 4  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Integer number in the range of 0 – 4095.  
Description: Trims the 4 mA output of the 4 – 20 mA loop.  
Notes: Performs a trim of the Digital to Analog Converter (DAC).
- 5.3.16 Screen 16: Trim 20  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Integer number in the range of 0 – 4095.  
Description: Trims the 20 mA output of the 4 – 20 mA loop.  
Notes: Performs a trim of the DAC.
- 5.3.17 Screen 17: Loop Tst  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Current output in tenths of a mA.  
Description: Trims the 20 mA output of the 4 – 20 mA loop.  
Notes: Performs a trim of the DAC.
- 5.3.18 Screen 18: Mnt Pos  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Top, Bottom (scroll selectable)  
Description: Defines type of mounting as either top or bottom mounted.
- 5.3.19 Screen 19: DeadZone  
Category: Factory Setting  
Input: Distance in inches or cm  
Description: This is an ignored region (dead zone) measured from the sensing element. Any signal generated by a magnetic field in this region will not be detected, and will not affect signals in the valid range of the detection.
- 5.3.20 Screen 20: Gradient  
Category: Factory Setting  
Input: Hundredths of a microsecond per inch.  
Description: This is the conversion factor for the time of flight measurement in microseconds per inch.
- 5.3.21 Screen 21: Threshld  
Category: Factory Setting  
Input: Integer number in the range 0 – 255.  
Description: Adjusts the threshold voltage level. This is the level of voltage that the return signal must exceed in order to be detected. The range 0-255 represents a linear range of voltage from 80 mV to 1.55 V for the positive threshold and -80 mV to -1.55 V for the negative threshold.

### 5.3.0 Screen Menus (Continued)

- 5.3.22 Screen 22: Polarity  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Negative, Positive (scroll selectable)  
Description: Sets the polarity of the threshold detector.
- 5.3.23 Screen 23: Sensvty  
Category: Factory Setting  
Input: Integer from 0-15 representing the sensitivity of the sensing element.  
Description: Gain setting for signals received from the sensing element.  
Notes: The level of signal gain should be kept at a minimum needed level due to the amplification of any noise present in the level signal.
- 5.3.24 Screen 24: Puls Amp  
Category: Factory Setting  
Input: Integer from 0-255 representing the amplitude of the sensor wire current pulse.  
Description: Gain setting for sensor wire current pulse.
- 5.3.25 Screen 25: DeviceID  
Category: Factory Setting  
Input: Yes, No (scroll selectable)  
Description: If Yes is selected, the Device ID will be set equal to the Final Assembly Serial Number and stored in non-volatile memory. This creates a unique transmitter ID for use in HART communication.
- 5.3.26 Screen 26: Set Pass  
Category: User Setting  
Input: Integer Value 0-255  
Description: Sets the password for menu items in the user setting category.  
Notes: Default value is zero.
- 5.3.27 Screen 27: Lvl Cnts  
Category: Display  
Description: Displays a count that is directly proportional to the distance between the sensing element and the detected level signal.  
Notes: The count displayed is taken at the output of the damping filter. Therefore the count will be damped in the same manner at the primary variable.
- 5.3.28 Screen 28: Version  
Category: Display  
Description: Displays the current transmitter type and version.

## **6.0.0 Maintenance**

### **6.1.0 Standard**

The JLT-6000 series transmitters are designed for long life and maintenance free performance. Periodic inspection by the owner/operator should be performed at regular scheduled intervals. If any component of the JLT series transmitter reveals signs of extensive corrosion or wear, please contact the factory immediately for recommended corrective action. Programmable changes to transmitter operations that are required after initial start up can be performed at the JLT transmitter head location. Please refer to Section 5.2.0 on display menus for normal operations.



## 7.0.0 References

### 7.1.0 Warranty

Jogler electronic level controls are warranted from defects, both parts and complete assemblies, for 365 days from the date of factory direct shipment to the operator / owner. The warranty does not commence at the time of process system start up.

In the event of product return during the warranty period, all components are first inspected for abnormal physical and electronic defects. If the subject item is determined covered under the standard warranty, Jogler will replace or repair the device at no cost to the owner.

Jogler is not liable for warranty claims on any level control that has been misapplied, mishandled, or installed improperly based on the parameters outlined in this manual. This also applies to products damaged by freight without claims filed in a timely manner.

### 7.2.0 Quality Control

Jogler's quality control program is based on ISO-9001 domestic and international standards. All JLT series transmitters and component parts are fabricated and in compliance with international and domestic ISO guidelines. Jogler is committed to full customer satisfaction both in products and in service.

### 7.3.0 Model Numbers

<u>Model</u>	<u>Description</u>
ILT-6000	Direct tank insertion within thermowell, <i>waveguide probe is non-intrusive.</i>
LGT-6000	Direct level gage insertion, without thermowell, <i>waveguide probe is intrusive.</i>
MGT-6000	Magnetic level gage, externally mounted, <i>waveguide probe is non-intrusive.</i>

## 7.4.0 Specifications

### 7.4.1 Performance

Accuracy	+/- 0.015 inches
Repeatability	0.001% of full span
Linearity	0.020% of full span
Rate of Change (Max)	6 inches per second
Refresh Rate	10 times per second
Initiation	0.00 seconds
Damping	0.00 to 1.00 @ 0.01 second increments 1.00 to 25.0 @ 1.00 second increments
Unusable Region	1.00 inch (at end of probe)
Dead Zone	0.00 inch (user specify)
Humidity	0.00 – 99.0% (non-condensing)

### 7.4.2 Electrical

Input	12-30 VDC (24 VDC Nominal)
Output	4-20 mA
Resistance	600 Ohms (max) @ 24 VDC
Power Consumption	0.66 Watt (30 VDC x 0.022 ohms = 0.66 W)
Error Signal	3.60 or 22 mA
Interface	3 button keypad, HART, or PACT software
Display	2 line 8 character LCD
Values	Inches or centimeters, percent of level, mA

### 7.4.3 Ratings

Process Pressure	300 PSIG @ 100° F	LGT only
Ambient Temperature	-40° to +160° F (-40° to +70° C)	Electronics
	-10° to +160° F (-40° to +70° C)	LCD Readout
Process Temperature		
Standard	-40° to +235° F (-40° to +114° C)	All Models
HT Version	-40° to +400° F (-40° to +214° C)	ILT & MGT

### 7.4.4 Enclosure

Type	Single Compartment
Material	Cast Aluminum (optional 316 SS)
Finish	Polyester Powder Coat
Rating	FM, CSA Approved, Type Nema 4X

### 7.4.5 Sensor

Material	316 SS, (optional CPVC, Hastelloy, Alloy 20)
Length	6.00 to 300 inches



### 7.5.0 Industry Approvals

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Protection</u>	<u>Area Classification</u>
FM CSA	ILT-6000 LGT-6000 MGT-6000	Intrinsically Safe	Class I, Division 1: Groups A, B, C, & D Class II, Division 1: Groups E, F, G Class III, Nema Type 4X
	ILT-6000 LGT-6000 MGT-6000	Explosion Proof	Class I, Division 1: Groups B, C, & D Class II, Division 1: Groups E, F, G Nema Type 4X