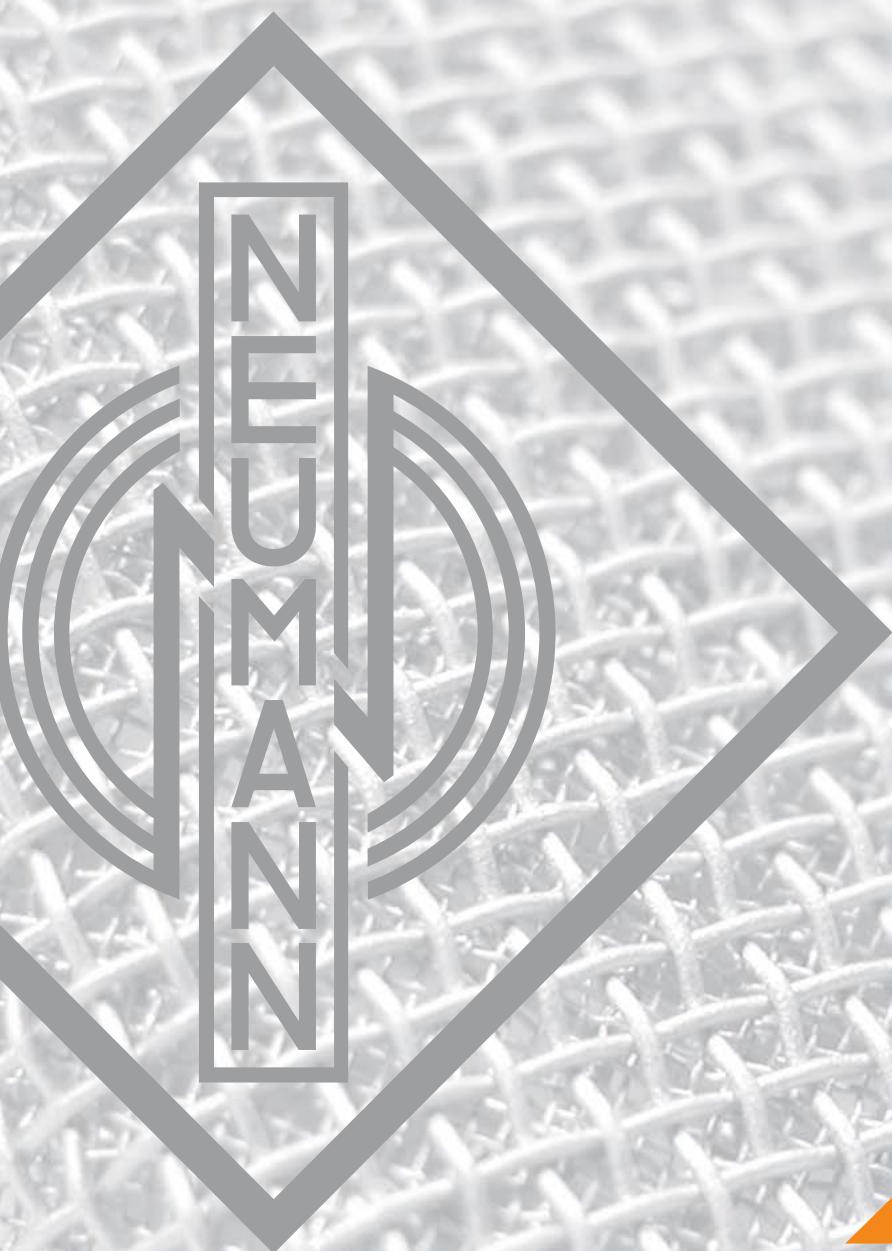


# TLM 50

► **Pressure  
Microphone**



[www.neumann.com](http://www.neumann.com)



# NEUMANN.BERLIN

► THE MICROPHONE COMPANY



## Features

- Small diaphragm microphone with omnidirectional pattern
- Successor of the world-wide successful M 50
- Excellent response down to lowest frequencies
- Pressure transducer
- High frequency polar pattern similar to pressure gradient transducer
- Set includes cable and auditorium hanger

## T

he TLM 50 is a studio microphone with an unusual omnidirectional characteristic. The same way as in the legendary M 50, the capsule is mounted flush into the surface of a sphere.

This unique design gives the microphone a smooth rise in frequency response and an increased directivity in the upper frequency range.

There the directional characteristic is almost comparable to a pressure gradient microphone. In the lower audio spectrum it performs more as a pressure transducer with a linear response down to the lowest frequencies.

In 1991 the TLM 50 received the MIX MAGAZINE TEC-Award. It is supplied with a swivel mount cable and an auditorium hanger.



## Applications

The design of the TLM 50 is based on the legendary M 50 and has very unique acoustic features. It provides a tool for capturing both direct sound from the instruments and a balanced image of the reverberant environment and is therefore especially suited for stereo recordings with two main microphones.

## Acoustic features

The diaphragm of the pressure capsule is 12 mm in diameter and is only 5 µm thick. As a result it has a remarkably fast transient response. The diaphragm is made out of titanium, manufactured by Neumann in a proprietary electroplating process.

The headgrille is acoustically very transparent. Even extreme sound pressure levels do not at all affect the transducer's response.

Of course, the headgrille also protects the microphone capsule from mechanical shock and serves as wind screen.



## Electrical features

The letters TLM stand for "transformerless microphone". The usual output transformer is replaced in the TLM 50 by an electronic circuit. As with traditional transformers, this technique ensures good common mode rejection, and prevents RF interference, that may influence the balanced audio signal. The transformerless microphone amplifier provides low self noise, fast transient response, and high output capability.

To protect the capsule from hum pickup through the gauze mesh, it is designed as an "active capsule": The capsule housing contains the impedance converter built as a hybrid module. The resulting audio signal is fed with low impedance to the filter and output stage in the housing.

## Filter and attenuation

A -10 dB switch and a high-pass filter for the attenuation of frequencies below 100 Hz are located at the rear of the microphone. In the position LIN, the cutoff frequency is 30 Hz. Its purpose is to protect the following equipment from subsonic interference (for example strong air currents).

The -10 dB function is achieved by reducing the capsule polarizing voltage from 60 V to 23 V. It helps to avoid overloading the following units during very high sound pressure levels.

The switch does not extend the dynamic range of the microphone amplifier, but shifts it upward by 10 dB.



## Application Hints

- Its special acoustic properties make this an ideal mic for most classical recordings
- A superb AB stereo pair for perfect balance of direct and reverberant sound
- Decca tree, setup with three microphones
- A highest quality spot (solo) mic

These are just some of the most common applications. We recommend additional experimentation to gain maximum use from this microphone.

## Cable suspension

The recommended accessories, such as cables and connectors, provide sufficient stability and therefore allow suspending the TLM 50 e.g. from the ceiling of a concert hall with the included MNV 87 auditorium hanger freely from its own cable.



## Delivery Range

TLM 50 Microphone  
IC 4 mt Microphone cable (with stand mount swivel)  
MNV 87 mt Auditorium hanger  
Dust cover  
Wooden box

## Catalog No.

TLM 50 Set .....blk .....007135

## Selection of Accessories

Battery supply, BS 48 i .....blk .....006494  
Power supply, N 248 EU .....blk .....008537  
Power supply, N 248 US .....blk .....008538  
Power supply, N 248 UK .....blk .....008539

Elastic suspension, EA 50 .....blk .....007359

Windscreen, WS 87 .....blk .....006753

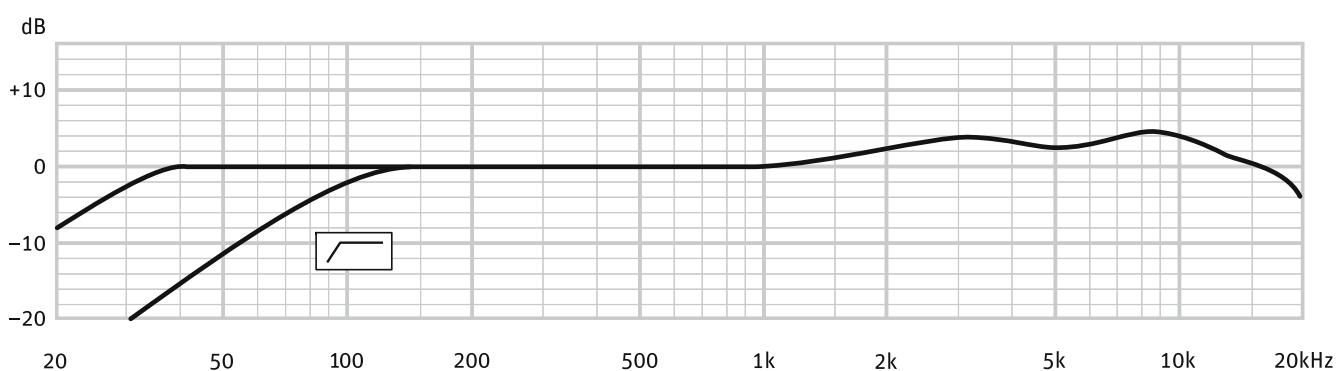
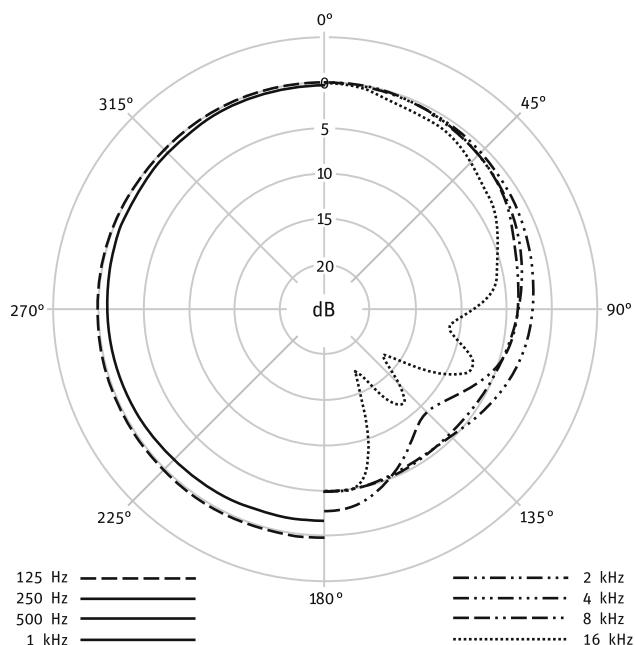
A complete survey and detailed descriptions of all accessories are contained in the accessories catalog.

Meaning of color codes:  
blk = black  
ni = nickel



# NEUMANN.BERLIN

► THE MICROPHONE COMPANY



measured in free-field conditions (IEC 60268-4), tolerance  $\pm 2$  dB

## Technical Data

Acoustical operating principle .....	Pressure transducer
Directional pattern .....	Omnidirectional
Frequency range .....	20 Hz...20 kHz
Sensitivity at 1 kHz into 1 kohm .....	20 mV/Pa
Rated impedance .....	50 ohms
Rated load impedance .....	1000 ohms
Signal-to-noise ratio, CCIR <sup>1)</sup> (rel. 94 dB SPL) .....	68 dB
Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>1)</sup> (rel. 94 dB SPL) .....	81 dB
Equivalent noise level, CCIR <sup>1)</sup> .....	26 dB
Equivalent noise level, A-weighted <sup>1)</sup> .....	13 dB-A
Maximum SPL for THD 0.5% <sup>2)</sup> .....	136 dB
Maximum SPL for THD 0.5% with preattenuation <sup>2)</sup> .....	146 dB
Maximum output voltage .....	10 dBu
Dynamic range of the microphone amplifier (A-weighted) .....	123 dB
Supply voltage (P48, IEC 61938) .....	48 V $\pm$ 4 V
Current consumption (P48, IEC 61938) .....	3 mA
Matching connector .....	XLR3F
Weight .....	490 g
Diameter .....	56 mm
Length .....	145 mm

<sup>1)</sup> according to IEC 60268-1; CCIR-weighting according to CCIR 468-3, quasi peak; A-weighting according to IEC 61672-1, RMS    <sup>2)</sup> measured as equivalent el. input signal