

Z1PK104SH

● **FEATURES**

- * Halogen-free type
- * Compliance to RoHS product
- * Lead less chip form, no lead damage
- * Low power loss, High efficiency
- * High current capability, low VF
- * Plastic package has Underwriters Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0
- * Patented ZPAK™ Package Technology

● **APPLICATION**

- * Switching mode power supply applications
- * Portable equipment battery applications
- * High frequency rectification
- * DC / DC Converter
- * Telecommunication

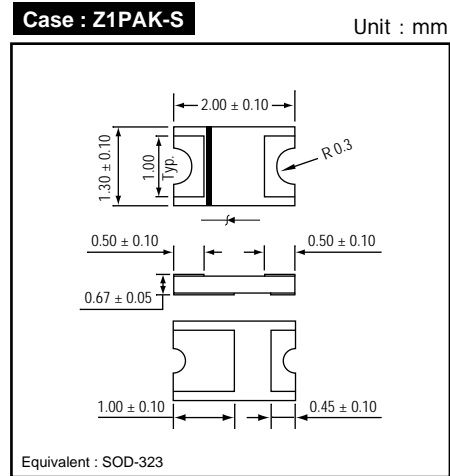
● **MECHANICAL DATA**

Case : Packed with FRP substrate and epoxy underfilled
Terminals : Pure Tin plated (Lead-Free), solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026.
Polarity : Laser Cathode band marking
Weight : 0.005 gram

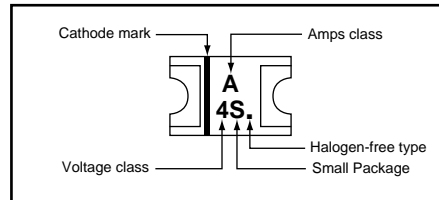
● **PACKING**

- * 3,000 pieces per 7" (178mm ± 2mm) reel
- * 5 reels per box
- * 6 boxes per carton

● **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



● **MARKING**



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25 °C)

ITEM	Symbol	Conditions	Rating	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	VRRM		40	V
Average forward current	IF(AV)		1.0	A
Peak forward surge current	IFSM	8.3ms single half sine-wave	25	A
Operating junction temperature Range	Tj		-55 to +150	°C
Storage temperature Range	TSTG		- 55 to +150	°C

Electrical characteristics (Ta = 25 °C)

ITEM	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage (NOTE 1)	VF	IF = 0.5 A	-	0.41	-	V
		IF = 1.0 A	-	0.47	0.50	
		IF = 0.5 A	-	0.31	-	
		IF = 1.0 A	-	0.40	0.45	
Repetitive peak reverse current (NOTE 1)	IRRM	VR = Max. VRRM	-	0.02	0.20	mA
Junction capacitance	Cj	Ta = 25 °C	-	5	15	pF
		Ta = 125 °C	-	45	-	
Thermal resistance	Rth(JA)	Junction to ambient	-	112	-	°C/W
	Rth(JL)	Junction to lead	-	18	-	°C/W

NOTES : (1) Pulse test width PW=300usec , 1% duty cycle.
 (2) Mounted on P.C. board with 1.0 x 0.5mm copper pad areas.

FIG.1 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

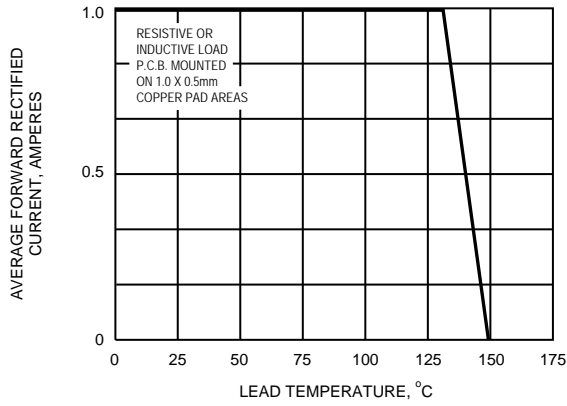


FIG.2 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

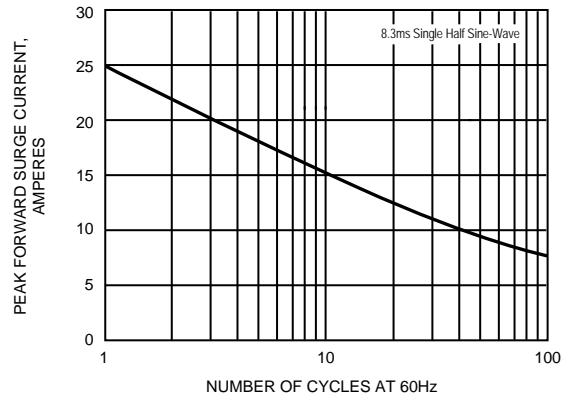


FIG.3 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

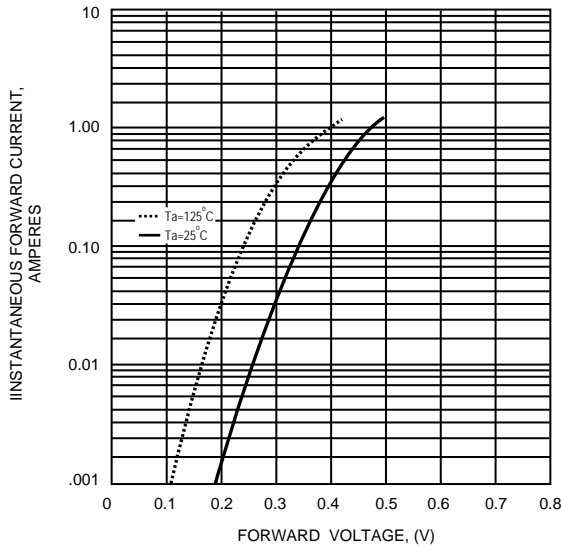


FIG.4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

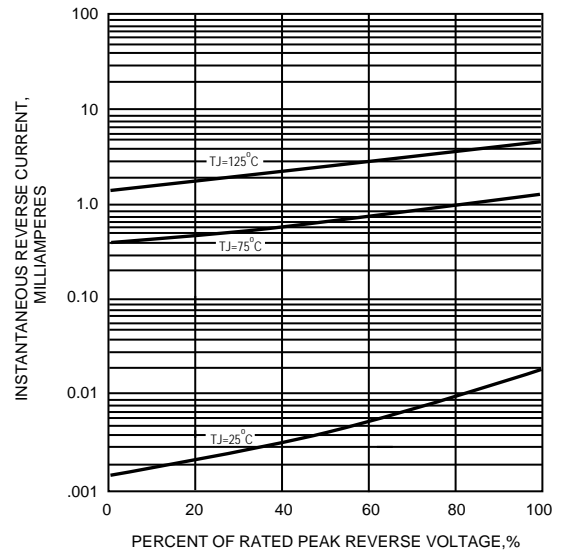


FIG. 5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

