

LOW RANGE PHONE DEDICATED CHIP

PRELIMINARY DATA

- **RING**
 - GENERATION OF 8 MELODY TONES (including the 3 German melody tones)
 - 4 STEPS DIGITAL CONTROL ON THE AMPLIFIER OUTPUT LEVEL
- **SPEECH**
 - TRANSMIT GAIN EXTERNALLY ADJUSTABLE
 - RECEIVING GAIN EXTERNALLY ADJUSTABLE
 - AGC SLOPE EXTERNALLY PROGRAMMABLE
 - SOFTCLIPPING ON SENDING CHANNEL
 - RECEIVE AMPLIFIER FOR PIEZO OR ELECTRODYNAMIC TRANSDUCER
 - +6 dB MODE ON RECEIVE CHANNEL
 - LINE POWER MANAGEMENT
- **DIALLING**
 - DTMF GENERATOR
 - LOW DC MASK DURING MAKE PERIOD THROUGH MICROCONTROLLER SERIAL BUS INTERFACE
- **MICROCONTROLLER INTERFACE**
 - 1.79MHz CLOCK OR 3.58MHz OSCILLATOR INPUT
- **MICROCONTROLLER POWER SUPPLY**
- **MICROCONTROLLER CONTROL INTERFACE INCLUDING SERIAL BUS**
- **LINE CURRENT EXTRACTOR FOR SUPPLY OF EXTERNAL PERIPHERALS**

DESCRIPTION

The TEA7088A is a Telephone Analog Front End device, TAFE, which integrates the three basic functions of a standard telephone set:

- Speech network
- DTMF generator
- Ringer generator on buzzer

A complete telephone set can be designed using TEA7088A associated with a low cost microcontroller.

SPEECH

The speech network includes:

- a low noise transmit channel suitable for any kind of microphone transducer. Softclipping on transmit line signal is provided by the chip.



SO28

ORDERING NUMBER:TEA7088AFP

- a low noise receive channel with symmetrical outputs to be compatible with both piezo-ceramic and electrodynamic earpiece. An additional 6dB gain can be inserted in the receive channel through software control.
- a line length gain control (AGC) with starting point of gain regulation fixed at 25mA line current; slope of gain regulation is externally adjustable with one resistor.
AGC can be removed by hardware (maximum gain flat) or by software (-2dB flat).

The phone impedance and sidetone can be tuned through external networks.

DTMF GENERATOR

The onboard DTMF generator fulfills the CEPT requirements with an external single pole filter. A single resonator of 3.58MHz can be used in conjunction with ST629X MCU, while a separate resonator is needed with ST729X or other MCU's.

RINGER

Up to 8 different tones can be generated by the TEA7088A ringer. The digital volume control of the ringer can be performed through a specific command (4 steps). A ring indication signal is provided to the microcontroller by the TEA7088A. If more tones are requested the input RM/MSK allows to inject tones generated by the microcontroller.

TEA7088A

FURTHER ADVANTAGES

- ♦ The microcontroller power supply is provided by the TEA7088A. The power supply is specifically designed to cope with a long flash or a long ground key duration.
- ♦ The TEA7088A is able to supply the necessary current to an external speakerphone circuit

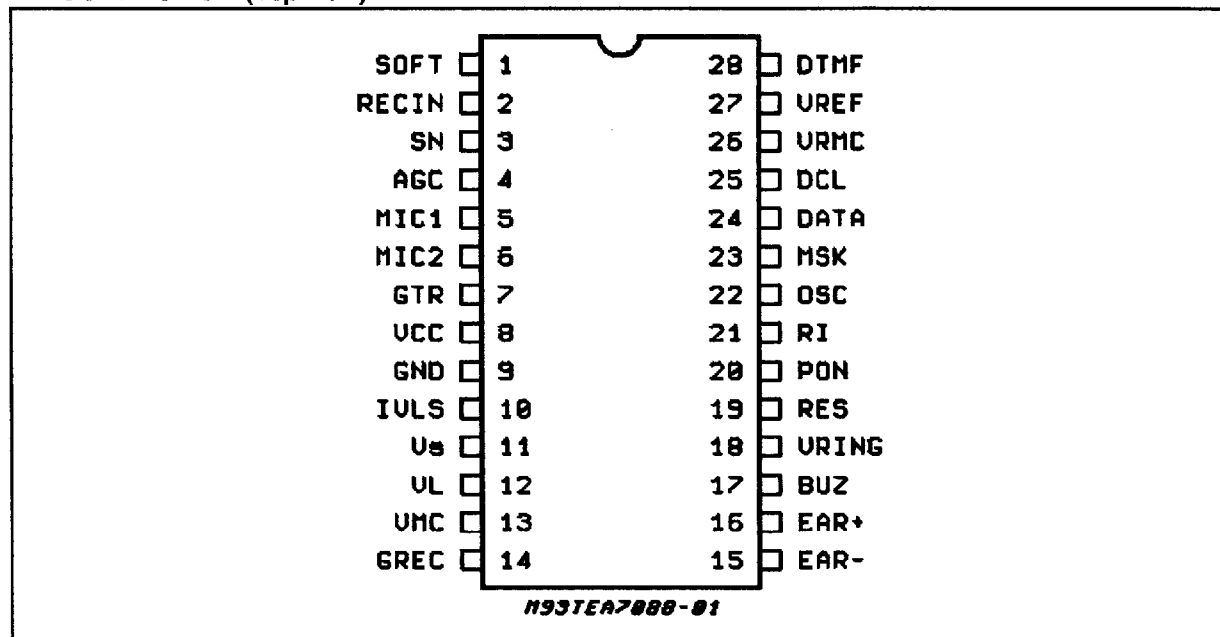
TEA7540 and loudspeaker amplifier TEA7530 or TEA7532 without any additional circuitry.

- ♦ Line current and reset indications are provided to the microcontroller by the TEA7088A.
- ♦ The microcontroller drives the TEA7088A through a 2 wires serial interface.

PIN FUNCTIONS

N°	Name	Description
1	SOFT	Transmit softclipping time constant
2	RECIN	Receiving input
3	SN	Sidetone network input
4	AGC	Line current regulation stop value
5	MIC1	Microphone input
6	MIC2	Microphone input
7	GTR	Transmit gain adjustment
8	VCC	Transmit and receive part power supply
9	GND	Ground
10	IVLS	Line current source power supply
11	VS	Voltage stabilizer
12	VL	Positive Line
13	VMC	Unregulated microcontroller power supply
14	GREC	Receive gain adjustment
15	EAR-	Negative earphone output
16	EAR+	Positive earphone output
17	BUZ	Ringer buzzer output
18	VRING	Ring power supply
19	RES	Reset
20	PON	Power on
21	RI	Ring indicator
22	OSC	Oscillator input
23	MSK	Mask, ring melody input
24	DATA	Data Input
25	DCL	Data clock input
26	VRMC	Microcontroller stabilized power supply
27	VREF	Reference voltage ($V_{CC}/2$)
28	DTMF	DTMF filter

PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T_{OP}	Operating Temperature	-25 to +70	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C
I_{LINE}	Line Current	120	mA
I_{RING}	Ring Current	50	mA
Authorized voltage on Pin	2 - RECIN	13	V
	3 - SN	12	V
	8 - VCC	11	V
	10 - IVLS	6	V
	12 - VL	12	V
	13 - VMC	6	V
	17 - BUZ	$V_{RING} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	18 - VRING	27	V
	19 - RES	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	20 - PON	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	21 - RI	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	22 - OSC	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	23 - MSK	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	24 - DATA	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	25 - DCL	$V_{RMC} + 0.3 / GND - 0.3$	V
	26 - VRMC	5	V
T_j	Junction Temperature	-25 to 150	°C

Figure 1: Block Diagram

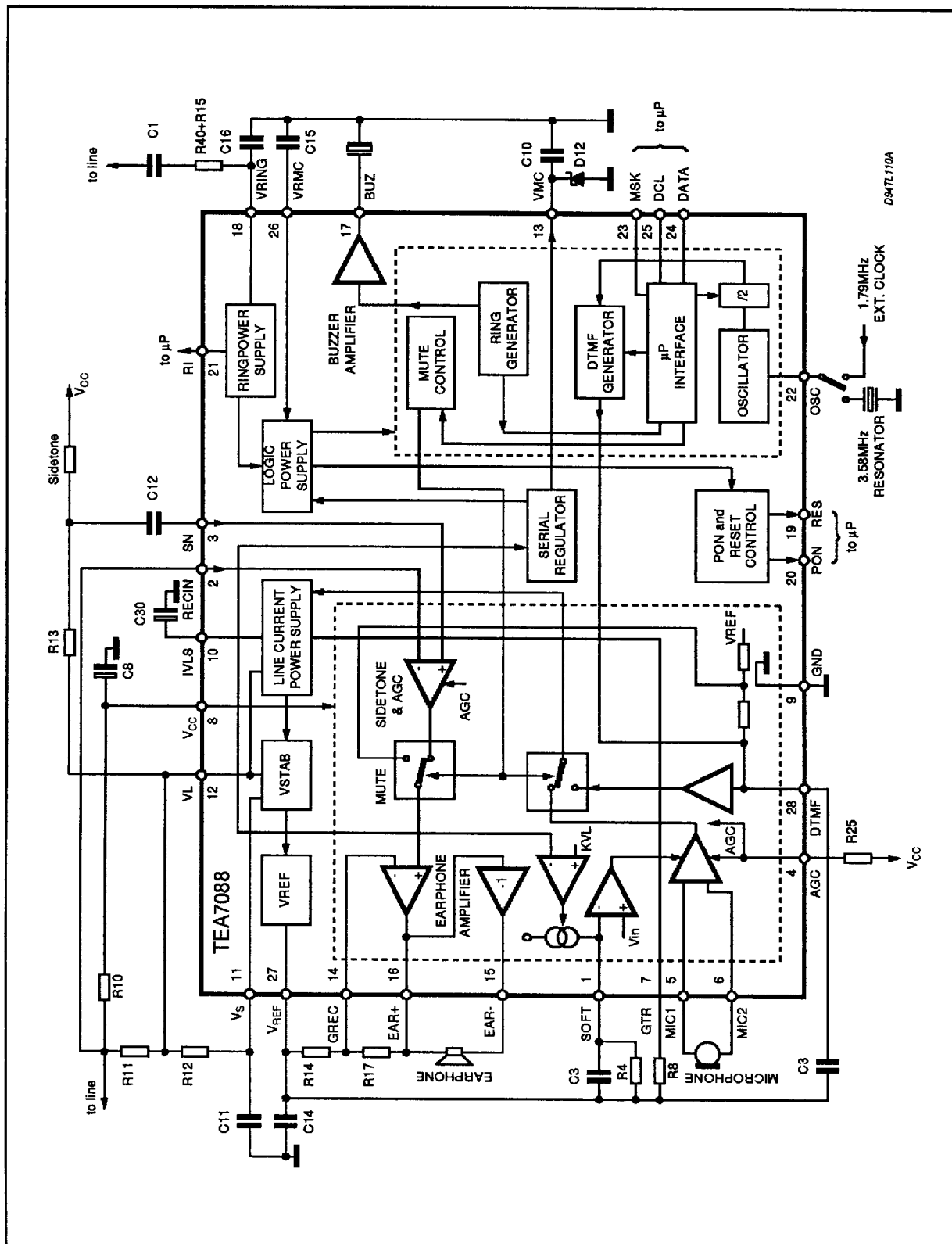
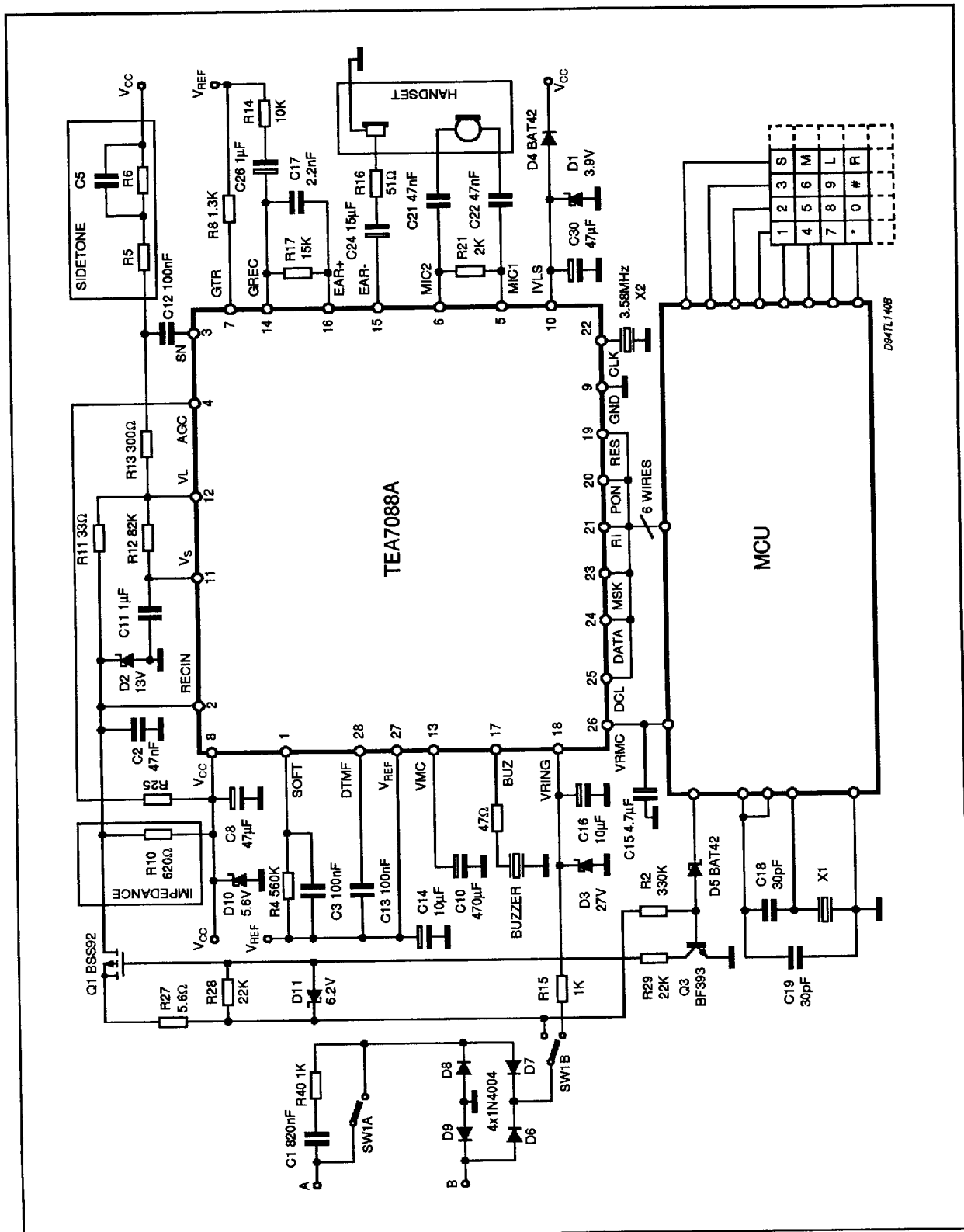


Figure 2: Typical Application



TYPICAL DIAGRAM and GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

A typical diagram is given on Fig 1.

The values of the different networks used in this datasheet are defined as followed:

- The Return loss is adjusted by R10 of 600Ω
- The transmit adjust gain network R8 is calculated in order to have a gain of 45dB typical with $I_{LS} = 22\text{mA}$.
- The sidetone network ZST is set to be Lower than 20dB (V_{ear}/V_{mic}) on a 600Ω load on line.
- The DC characteristics are set by a resistor of 82K between VL and VS

DC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; Logic in Default Mode unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
VL	Line Voltage	Test 1				
	- In speech and DTMF mode	$I_L = 22\text{mA}$	4	4.6	5.2	V
	- In Mask mode	$I_L = 90\text{mA}$ $I_L = 22\text{mA}$	6.7	7.5	8.3 3	V V
IVRMC	Stabilized Supply Voltage	Test 1				
	- Output current	$I_L = 22\text{mA}$	1.5			mA
VRMC	- Output Voltage	IRMC = 1.5mA;	3.15	3.35	3.55	V
IVMC	Unstabilized Supply Voltage	Test 1				
	- Start up Current	$V_{MC} = 2.5\text{V}$; $I_{VRMC} = 1.5\text{mA}$; $I_L = 22\text{mA}$;	10	15		mA
	- Output Current	$V_{RMC} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{VRMC} = 0\text{mA}$; $I_L = 22\text{mA}$;		3		mA
ILS	Line Current Source Supply	Test 1; $V_{LS} = 0\text{V}$; $V_{MC} = 3.6\text{V}$;				
		$I_L = 22\text{mA}$; $I_L = 90\text{mA}$;	10 67	14 75	18 82	mA mA

The line current source supply depends of I_L :

- For $I_L < 20\text{mA}$: $I_{LS} (\text{mA}) = 0.765 \times I_L (\text{mA}) - 1.4\text{mA}$

- For $I_L > 20\text{mA}$: $I_{LS} (\text{mA}) = 0.92 \times I_L (\text{mA}) - 4.5\text{mA}$

On this pin the maximum output level is:

$V_{pin10} = V_{pin12} - (1.2 + 10 \times I_{LS})$

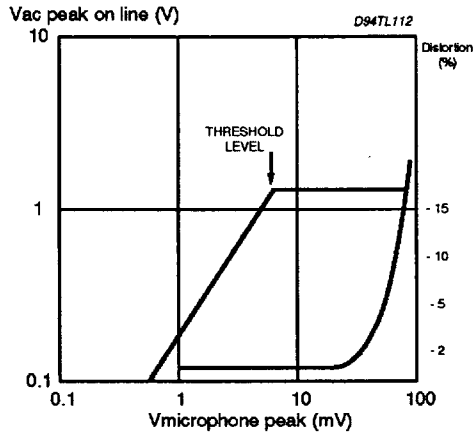
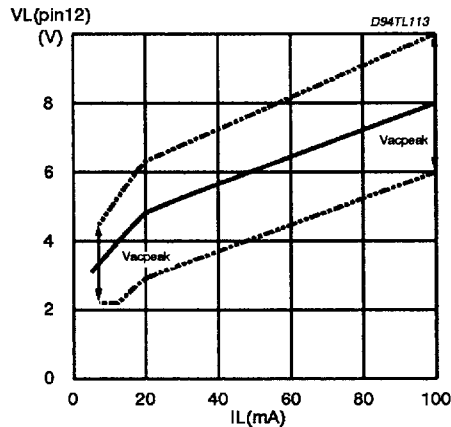
and $V_{pin10} < 6\text{V}$

AC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $R_L = 600\Omega$; Logic in Default Mode unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R1	RETURN LOSS	Test 2; $I_L = 22\text{mA}$ $F = 300/3400\text{Hz}$; $V_{AC} = -10\text{dBV}$	17			dB

TRANSMIT CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $R_L = 600\Omega$; $F = 1\text{KHz}$; Logic in Default Mode unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Gtx	Microphone Gain	Test 3 $V_m = -55\text{dBV}$; $R_8 = 1.3\text{K}\Omega$ $R_{25} = 3.9\text{K}\Omega$				
Gtxl		$I_L = 22\text{mA}$	45	46	47	dB
Gtxs		$I_L = 90\text{mA}$	38	40	42	dB
Zmic	Microphone Input Impedance	between MIC1 & MIC2	32	40	48	KΩ
Ntx	Noise	Test 3 2KΩ on microphone inputs $I_L = 22\text{mA}$		-76		dBmp
Mmic	Microphone Mute	Test 3 $V_m = -55\text{dBV}$; $I_L = 22\text{mA}$	60			dB
Dtx	Soft Clipping	Test 3; $I_L = 22\text{mA}$ See Fig. 2; $V_m = -41\text{dBV}$			2	%
VLmax	- Distortion - Maximum Level on Line	$V_m = -34\text{dBV}$		1.5		Vp

Figure 3: Softclipping**Figure 4**

The maximum gain G_{tl} is adjustable between 44 and 56dB with R8:

$$G_{txl} = 20 \log \left(820 \cdot \frac{R_{10} // R_L + R_{11}}{R_8 // 50K} \right)$$

The AGC variation is programmed with one resistor connected on pin AGC. ISL is the line current at which the gain must be decreased by 6dB.

$$R_{25} \Omega = \frac{300}{ISL - 5mA} \quad (R_{25} > 2.6K\Omega)$$

For line current lower than ILL or higher than ISL, The transmit and receive gains have a constant value.

If no resistor or a resistor higher than 300K Ω is connected on pin AGC, the gain is constant and equal to G_{txl} and G_{rxl} . $\pm 0.5dB$

AGC can be inhibited also through MCU code "010100". In this case Tx and Rx gains are fixed 2dB lower then maximum gain.

The minimum saturation voltage of the TEA7088A respect to ground is 2.2V. On long line, when the voltage over TEA7088A is low, the softclipping function automatically limits the AC dynamic to avoid to reach the 2.2V limit on TEA7088A respect to ground.

RECEIVE CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$; $R_L = 660\Omega$; $f = 1KHz$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
E_{ff}	Sidetone $E_{ff} = (V_{ear+} - V_{ear-}) / V_m$	Test 3 $V_m = -55dBV$; $I_L = 22mA$; $R_{14} = 10K\Omega$; $R_{17} = 15K\Omega$			22.5	dB
G_{RXX}	Gain in Symmetric Mode $G_{rx} = (V_{ear+} - V_{ear-}) / V_L$	Test 6; $V_L = -14.5dBV$ $R_{14} = 10K\Omega$; $R_{17} = 15K\Omega$; $R_{25} = 3.9K\Omega$				
G_{RXI}		$I_L = 22mA$	0.7	1.7	2.7	dB
G_{RXS}		$I_L = 90mA$	-6	-4	-2	dB
D_r	Distortion	Test 4 $R_{ear} = 300\Omega$; $I_L = 22mA$; $V_{ear} = -12dBV$ $V_{ear} = -8dBV$			2 5	% %
N_r	Noise	Test 4 $I_L = 22mA$		-76		dBmp
V_{ear} (010010)	Earphone Mute	$I_L = 22mA$; $V_L = -14.5dBV$	60			dB
Z_{out}	Output Impedance				20	Ω

AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL INHIBITION ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $R_L = 660\Omega$; $f = 1\text{KHz}$ no AGC mode selected)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Gtp	Transmit Gain	Test 3 & Test 4; $I_L = 22$ to 90mA Code: 010100 $V_m = -55\text{dBV}$	Gtxl -3	Gtxl -2	Gtxl -1	dB
Grp	Receive Gain	$V_L = -14.5\text{dBV}$	Grxl -3	Grxl -2	Grxl -1	dB

RING CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{Thri\ ON}$	- Ringing Threshold Voltage	Test 5 a/b RI high (see fig. 5)	15		20	V
$V_{Thri\ OFF}$		RI low (see fig. 5)	5		9	V
I_{CRing}	Internal Consumption in Ring Mode	$V_{RING} = 10\text{V}$		1	1.2	mA
V_{RMC}	Microprocessor Supply Voltage		3.45	3.75	4.05	V
t_{ron} V_{Ring}	- Rise time - Internal Zener Voltage	$I_{ring} = 10\text{mA}$	27		100	ms V
V_{bout}	- Buzzer V_{out} Freq = 1312Hz Freq. Code 001111	$V_{ring} = 27V_{zener}$ (see fig. 6)	23.5	25	27	Vpp
		Level Code (011111)	8.5	10.5	13	Vpp
		Level Code (011110)	3.5	5.0	6.5	Vpp
		Level Code (011101)	0.2	1.5	3.0	Vpp

DTMF GENERATOR ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $R_L = 660\Omega$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Amf	- Tone Frequency Accuracy	Test 6 $f_{clock} = 1.79\text{MHz}$ (or code "101000" and Quartz 3.58MHz); $C13 = 100\text{nF}$; $I_L = 22\text{mA}$	- 0.4		0.4	%
Llf	- Low Frequency Group line level	(see Fig 7)	-10	-8.5	-7	dBm
Lhf	- High Freq. Group line level		-8	-6.5	-5	dBm
Pmf	- Preemphasis HF/LF		+1	+2	+3	dB
Tdon	- Rise Time				5	ms
Tdoff	- Decay Time				5	ms
Cmf	- DTMF Confidence tone:					
	Earphone level (low freq.)		13	17	21	mV
	Earphone level (high freq.)		17	22	27	mV
-	- Unwanted Harmonics level		-	-	-	-

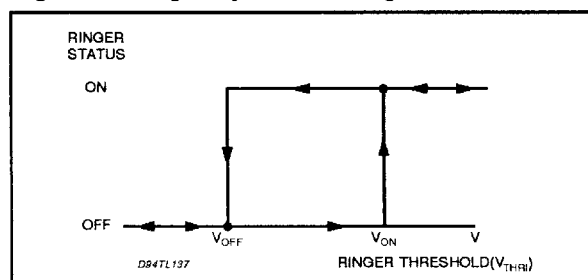
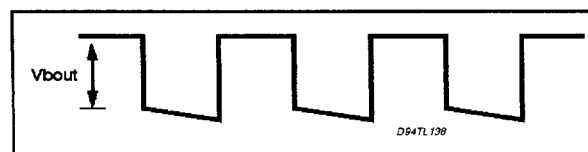
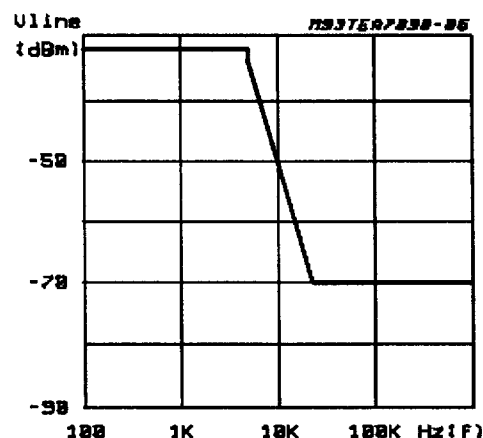
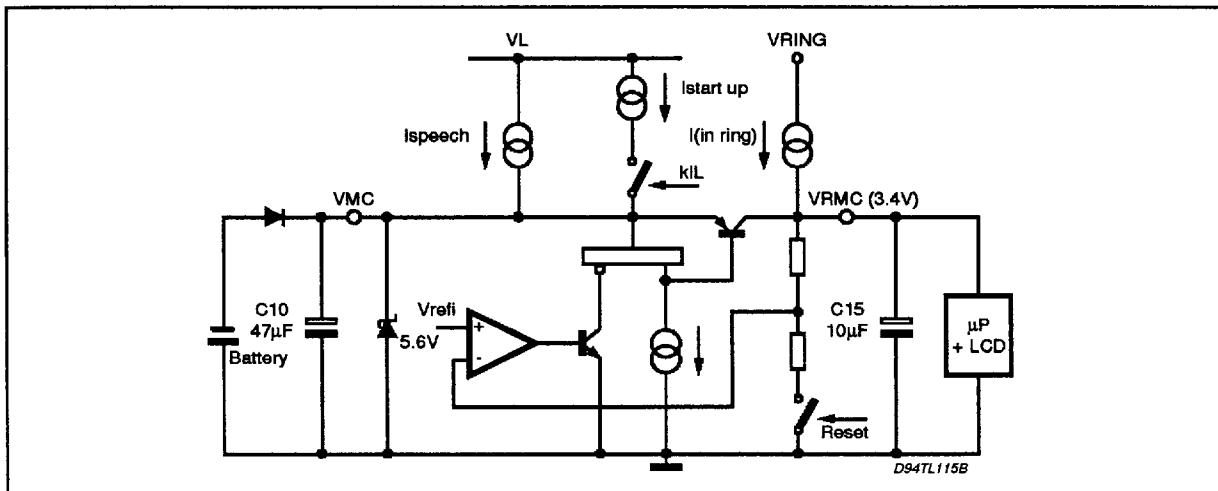
Figure 5: Ringer Hysteresis Ringer**Figure 6: Ringer Output Waveform****Figure 7: Unwanted Harmonics level in DTMF**

Figure 8: Microcontroller Interface

MICROCONTROLLER INTERFACE WITH TEA7088A

All inputs can be driven by a Low level max. of $0.1 \times VRMC$ and a high level min. of $0.9 \times VRMC$. Inputs MSK, DCL and DATA have internal pull-up resistors of $120K\Omega$ and input OSC has a internal pull up of $240K\Omega$. All outputs can drive a $\pm 1mA$ typical.

Power Supply

The microcontroller is power supplied by a 3.4V regulated supply (VRMC) and by an unregulated power supply (VMC).

The two supplies are connected through a serial regulator. The unregulated power supply (VMC) has a DC voltage equal to: $V_{pin12} - 0.6V$ and must be lower than 6V. It is also possible to connect a battery at pin VMC and use the regulated output at pin VRMC to supply a LCD driver. The current consumption on the serial regulator has a typical value of $60\mu A$.

Power ON (PON)

The TEA7088A generates a power on signal (PON) as soon as the voltage on VRMC pin is higher than $2.6V$ ($0.75 \times VRMC$ final) and the line current is present.

NOTE:

During the break period in the loop disconnect and Flash mode and during the exchange line break, the Power ON signal goes to low level. Maximum delay for Pon decay edge after I_{line} goes to zero is 50ms (with $C_{pin8} = 47\mu F$, $C_{pin11} = 1\mu F$, $C_{pin27} = 10\mu F$).

Reset

The TEA7088A generates a rise edge Reset signal as soon as the logic power supply is higher than $2.6V$ ($0.75 \times VRMC$ final) and the line current is present.

RESET is active in speech mode on the first positive edge of PON or VRMC and then remains high until VRMC decreases below $2.5V$ or the RESET control code is received. In Ring, RESET is identical to RI output.

Only positive edge PON, derived on opening and closing the line, is forcing the default mode again. This code is only active in speech configuration.

Serial Bus Interface (Data and Clock)

The serial bus uses 6 bits. A standard 8 bit bus can be used, where bits a6 and a7 are not considered. Different types of codes are used:

a) The Ring Control Code

- Ring start up
- Output level codes

b) The Operating Code:

- Speech
- Dialling
- Microphone mute
- Earphone/Microphone mute

c) The Data Codes (DTMF, ring frequencies)

Those data codes are stored inside the TEA7088A and are used as soon as the dialing code or the ring start code is received.

d) The Configuration Code:

- AGC / no AGC (toggle)
- No mask / mask (Low DC in "make") (toggle)
- Normal gain / normal gain +6dB, on receive channel (toggle)
- 1.79MHz external clock / 3.58MHz internal oscillator (toggle)

Those configuration codes are "Flip-Flop" codes.

TEA7088A

For instance: The first time that the +6dB code is sent, the receive gain increases of +6 dB.

If the same code is sent again, the receive gain goes back to normal value. In the same way the 3.58MHz internal oscillator can be switched OFF with a second transmission the proper code.

e) The RESET Code

Reset code from the MCU will reset internal logic of TEA7088A to default mode and will induce TEA7088A to generate a "RESET" status

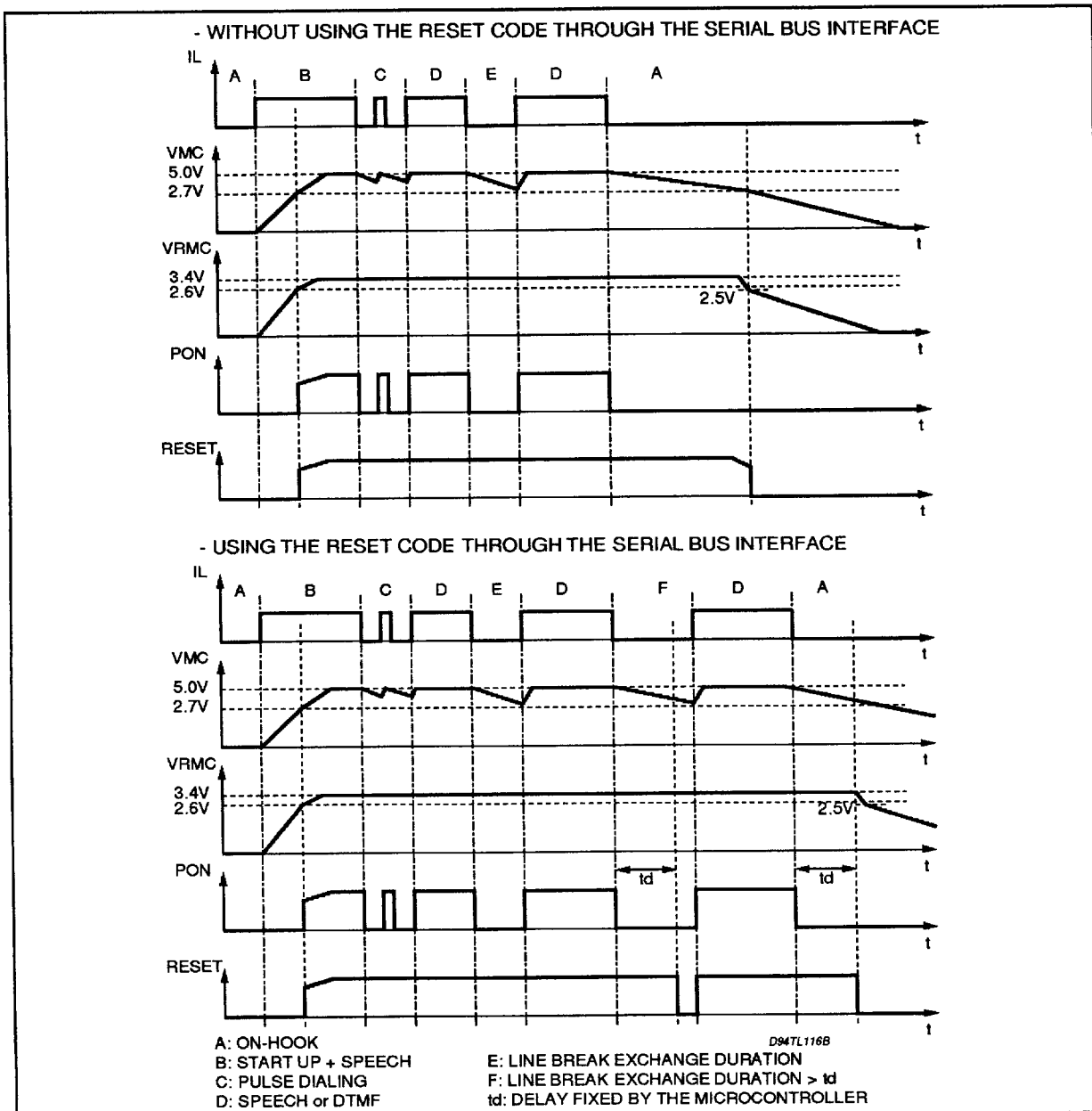
"low" to the MCU on pin19.

Warning: the "RESET" code deactivates the serial bus interface which is reactivated only after a "ON-HOOK/OFF-HOOK" sequence

f) The INITIALIZATION Code

Initialization code from the MCU will reset the internal logic of TEA7088A to default mode, but the TEA7088A will not generate reset command to the MCU on Pin 19.

Figure 9: Reset and Power ON



The Start up Conditions of the TEA7088A:

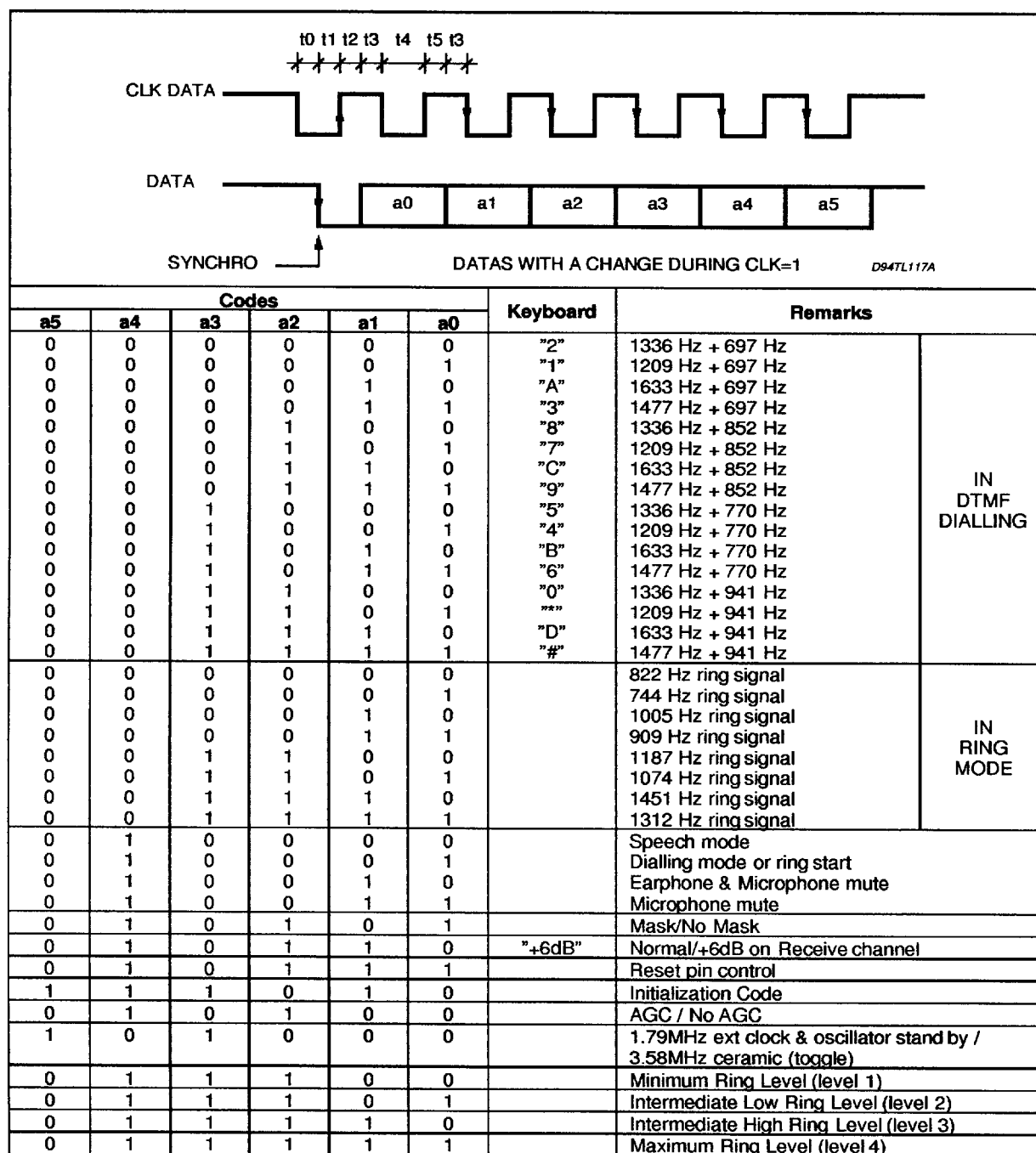
As soon as RESET is high and before sending any code the circuit is in the following default configuration:

- Speech
- No mask
- AGC ON in transmit and receive channels

- Normal gain on receive channel
- 1.79MHz input clock (oscillator in stand by)

6 bit Codes

Between two DTMF or Ring frequencies, introducing a Mute or speech code implies to wait 1ms to end the sinewave or square period.

Figure 10: DATA/CLOCKTIMING

TEA7088A

DTMF Dialling

To dial in DTMF the following sequence of codes must be send:

- DTMF: Frequency code 00XXXX
- Dialling Mode code: 010001
- Mute or SPEECH code: 010010 or 010000

The duration of the DTMF signal is fixed by the delay between Dialling mode code and MUTE or SPEECH code.

Pulse Dialling

The pulse dialling function is performed by the microcontroller through the high voltage stage.

The "MAKE" voltage over the TEA7088A during dialling can be reduced by sending the MASK code 0010101. To recover the normal speech voltage at the end of dialling the mask code must be sent again.

If the MASK code is not used the voltage over the TEA7088A during dialling is the same as in speech mode.

Ring Indicator (RI)

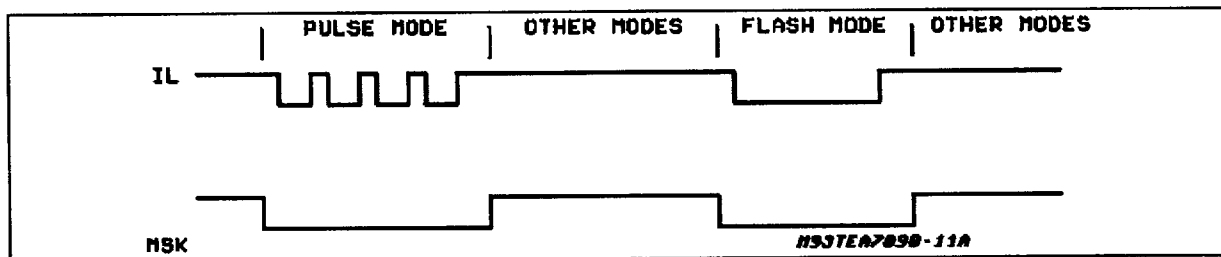
In ring mode TEA7088A generates a high logic level on pin RI as soon as the voltage on pin VRING is higher than $V_{THRJ\ ON}$ (19V typ.), and the voltage on VRMC is higher than 3.4V. When the voltage on VRMC becomes higher than 2.6V, RESET signal becomes also high.

Mask input (MSK)

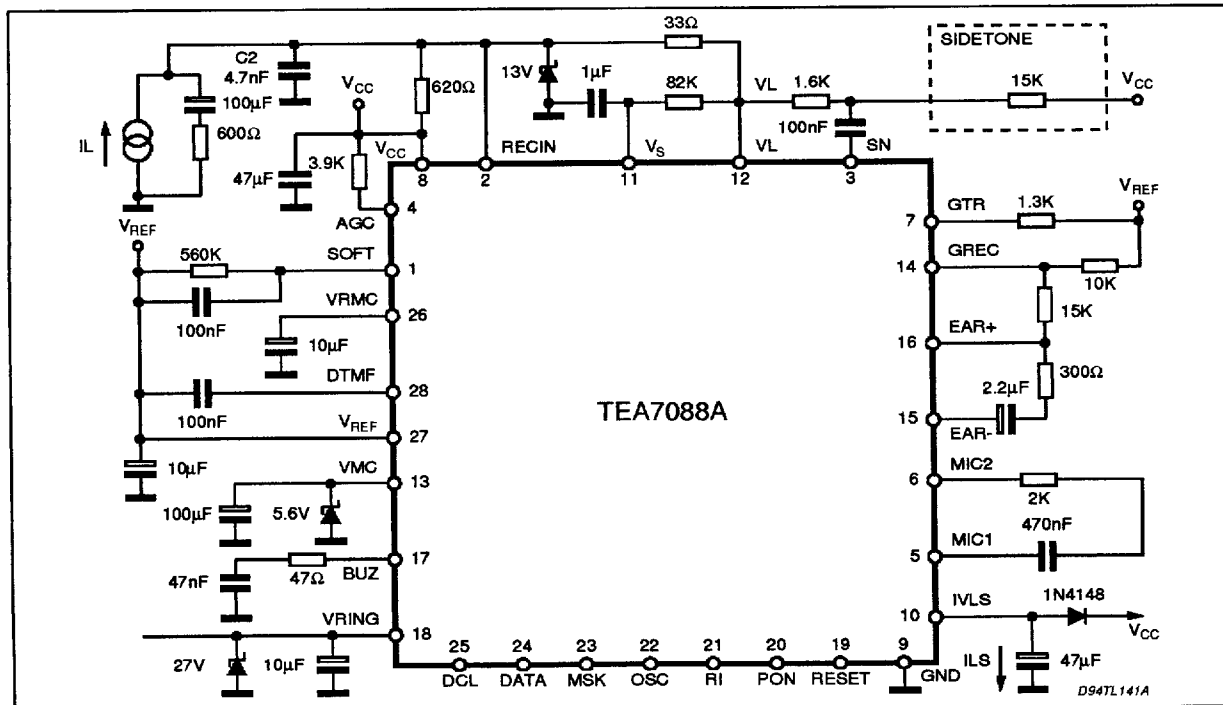
MSK input must be high by default (fig. 11). In speech configuration forcing MSK input to low level will have same functionality than the MASK code.

For Ring mode when it is necessary to send other frequencies than the 8 basic ones, this input allows to drive the buzzer output.

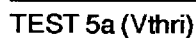
Figure 11: MASK Timing.

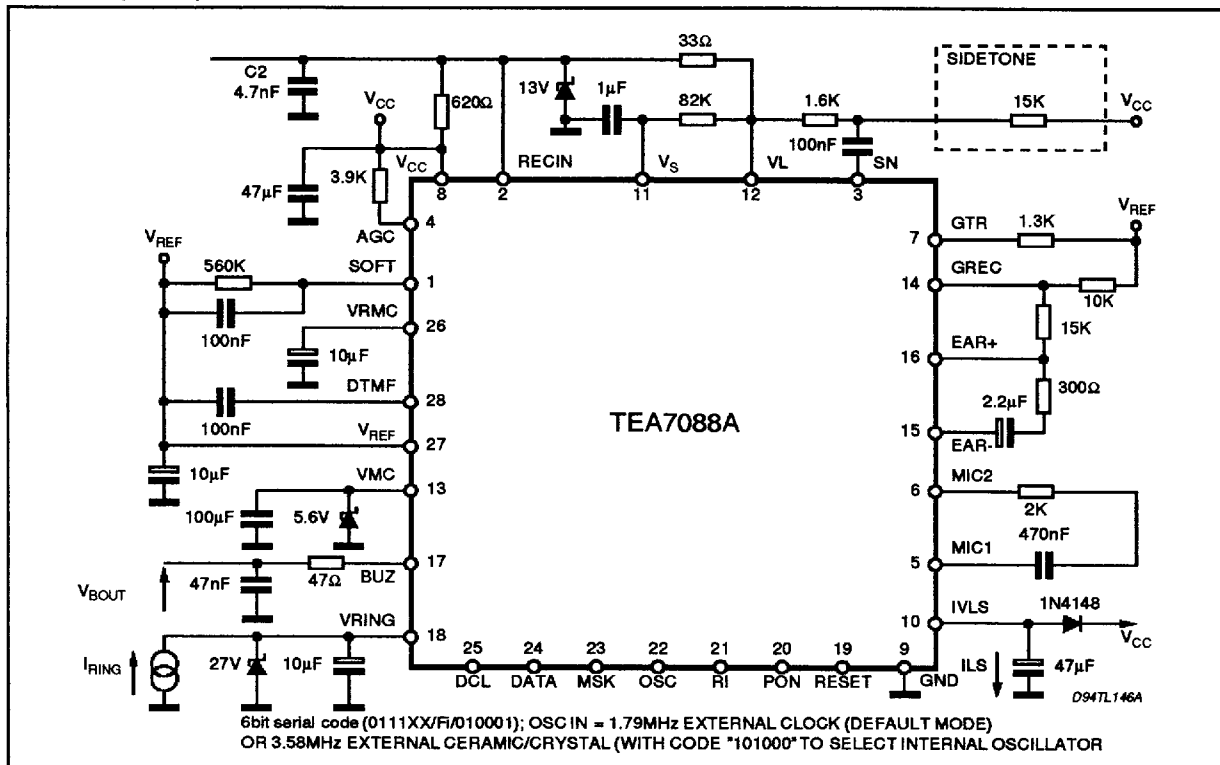


TEST CIRCUITS - Test 1 (VL / VRMC / VMC / IVMC / ILS)

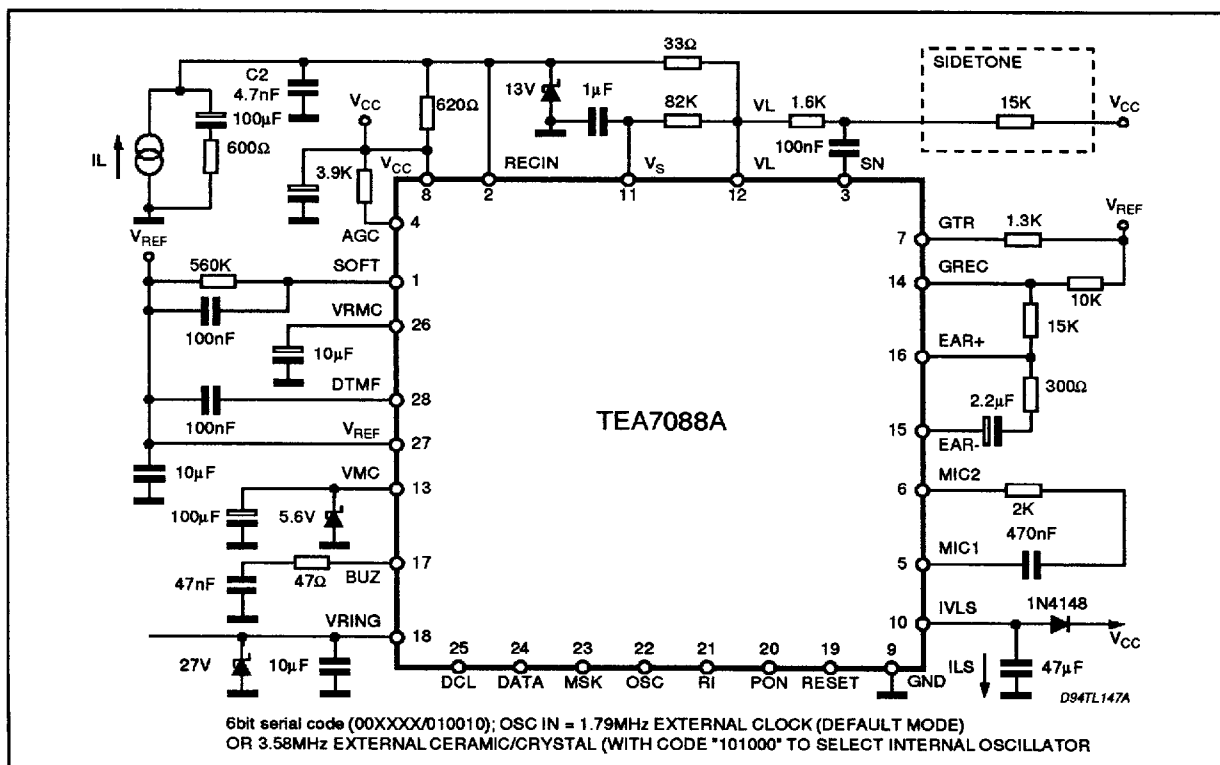


TEST 4 (Grl / Grs / Dr / Mear / Nr)



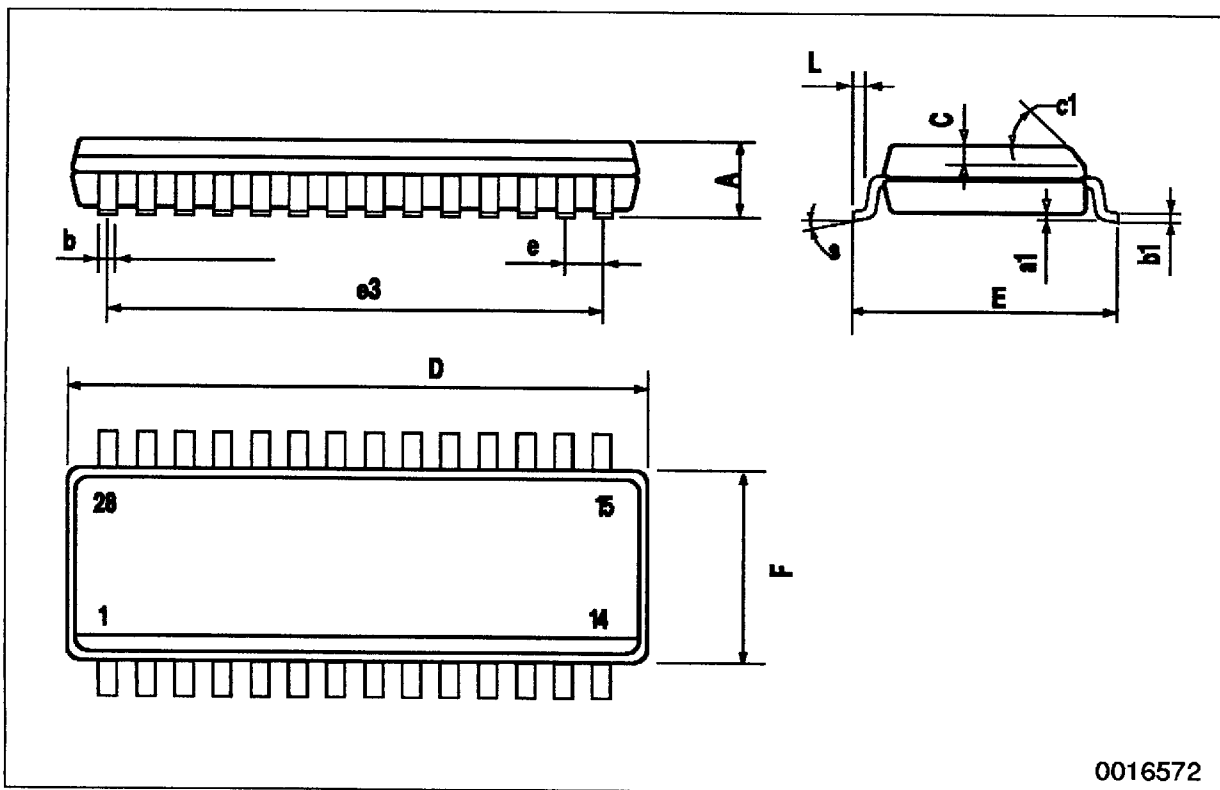
TEST 5b (V_{bout})

TEST 6 (DTMF)



SO28 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			2.65			0.104
a1	0.1		0.3	0.004		0.012
b	0.35		0.49	0.014		0.019
b1	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013
C		0.5			0.020	
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	17.7		18.1	0.697		0.713
E	10		10.65	0.394		0.419
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		16.51			0.65	
F	7.4		7.6	0.291		0.299
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050
S	8° (max.)					



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