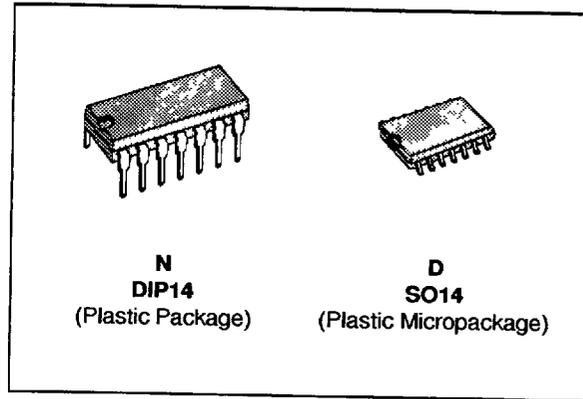


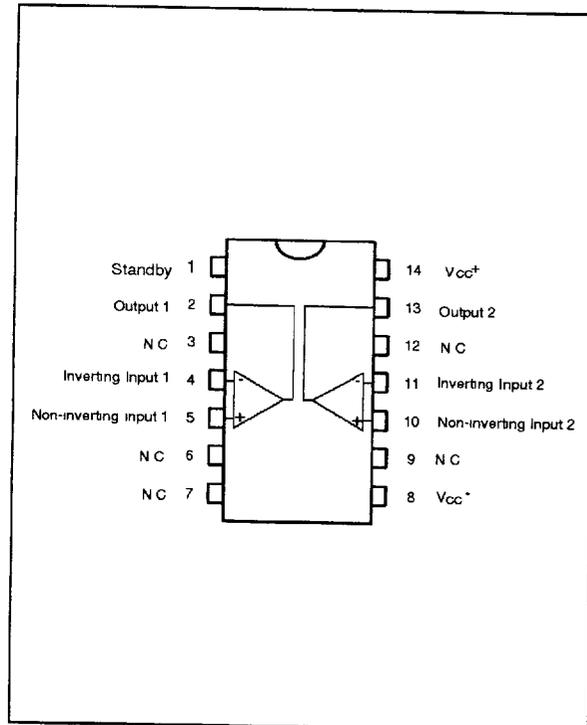
## INPUT/OUTPUT RAIL TO RAIL DUAL CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER (WITH STANDBY POSITION)

- **RAIL TO RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGES**
  - **STANDBY POSITION: REDUCED CONSUMPTION (1µA) AND HIGH IMPEDANCE OUTPUTS**
  - **SINGLE (OR DUAL) SUPPLY OPERATION FROM 2.7V TO 16V (±1.35V to ±8V)**
  - **EXTREMELY LOW INPUT BIAS CURRENT: 1pA TYP**
  - **LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE: 1.5mV max.**
  - **SPECIFIED FOR 600Ω AND 100Ω LOADS**
  - **LOW SUPPLY CURRENT: 400µA/Ampli**
  - **SPEED: 1.3MHz - 1.3V/µs**
- 
- **SPICE MACROMODEL INCLUDED IN THIS SPECIFICATION**


**ORDER CODES**

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package	
		N	D
TS902I/AI/BI	-40, +125°C	•	•

902-01 TEL

**PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)**


902-01 EPS

**DESCRIPTION**

The TS902 is a RAIL TO RAIL dual CMOS operational amplifier designed to operate with single or dual supply voltage.

The input voltage range  $V_{icm}$  includes the two supply rails  $V_{cc}^+$  and  $V_{cc}^-$ .

The output reaches :

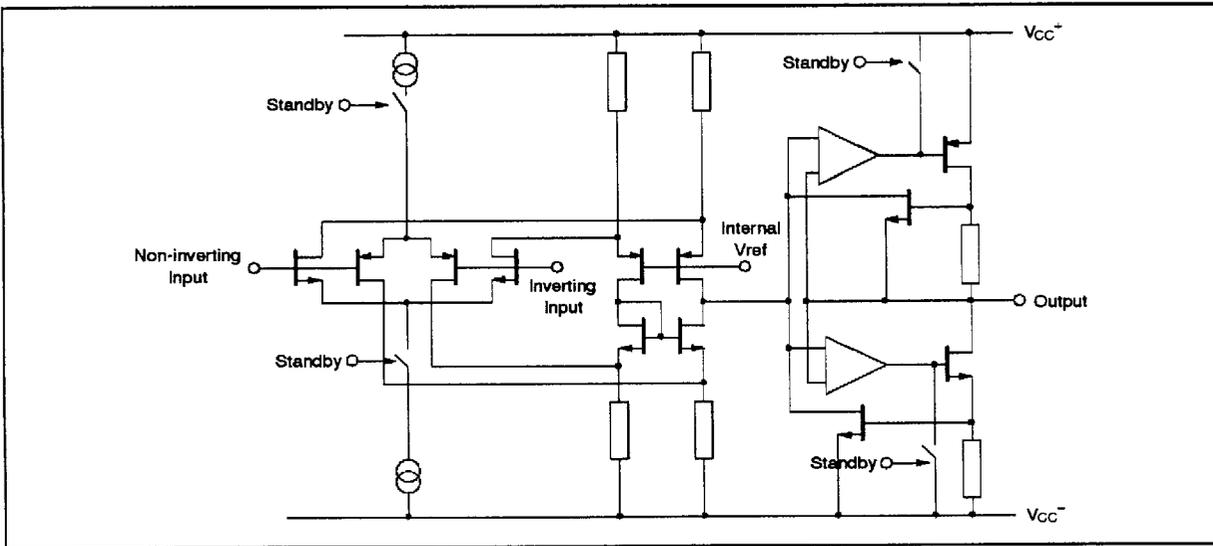
- $V_{cc}^- + 50mV$   $V_{cc}^+ - 50mV$  with  $R_L = 10k\Omega$
- $V_{cc}^- + 650mV$   $V_{cc}^+ - 650mV$  with  $R_L = 600\Omega$

This product offers a broad supply voltage operating range from 2.7V to 16V and a supply current of only 400µA/amp. ( $V_{cc} = 10V$ ).

Source and sink output current capability is typically 50mA (at  $V_{cc} = 10V$ ), fixed by an internal limitation circuit.

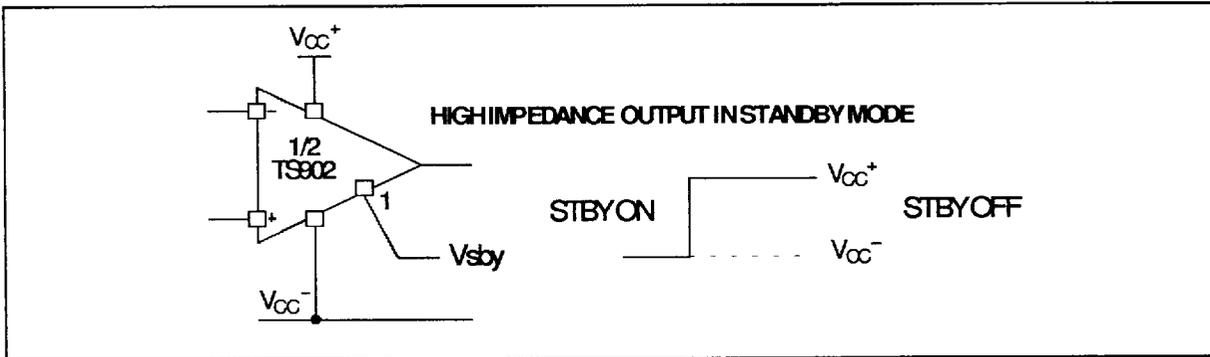
The TS902 can be put on STANDBY position (only 1µA and high impedance outputs).

**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (1/2 TS902)**



902-02 EPS

**STANDBY POSITION**



902-03 EPS

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage - (note 1)	18	V
$V_{id}$	Differential Input Voltage - (note 2)	$\pm 18$	V
$V_i$	Input Voltage - (note 3)	-0.3 to 18	V
$I_{in}$	Current on Inputs	$\pm 50$	mA
$I_o$	Current on Outputs	$\pm 130$	mA
$T_{oper}$	Operating Free Air Temperature Range	-40 to +125	$^{\circ}C$
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}C$

902-02 TBL

- Notes :**
1. All voltage values, except differential voltage are with respect to network ground terminal.
  2. Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
  3. The magnitude of input and output voltages must never exceed  $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ .

**OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	2.7 to 16	V
$V_{icm}$	Common Mode Input Voltage Range	$V_{CC} - 0.2$ to $V_{CC} + 0.2$	V

902-03 TBL

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC}^+ = 10V, V_{CC}^- = 0V, R_L, C_L$  connected to  $V_{CC}/2$ , Standby OFF,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$   
(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902/AI/BI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage ( $V_{ic} = V_o = V_{CC}/2$ ) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$			12 5 1.5	mV
$DV_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift		2		$\mu V/^\circ C$
$I_{io}$	Input Offset Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	100 200	pA
$I_{ib}$	Input Bias Current - (note 1) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1	150 300	pA
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current (per amplifier, $A_{VCL} = 1$ , no load) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		400	600 700	$\mu A$
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 3$ to $7V, V_o = 5V$ $V_{ic} = 0$ to $10V, V_o = 5V$		90 85		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ( $V_{CC}^+ = 5$ to $10V, V_o = V_{CC}/2$ )		80		dB
$A_{vd}$	Large Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L = 10k\Omega, V_o = 2.5V$ to $7.5V$ ) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	10 10	40		V/mV
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage ( $V_{id} = 1V$ ) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ 9.95 $R_L = 10k\Omega$ 9.85 $R_L = 600\Omega$ 9.2 $R_L = 100\Omega$ 9.8 $R_L = 10k\Omega$ 9 $R_L = 600\Omega$	9.95 9.35 7.8		V
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage ( $V_{id} = -1V$ ) $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $R_L = 600\Omega$	50 650 2300	50 150 800 150 900	mV
$I_o$	Output Short Circuit Current ( $V_{id} = \pm 1V$ ) Source ( $V_o = V_{CC}^+$ ) Sink ( $V_o = V_{CC}^-$ )		50 50		mA
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ( $A_{VCL} = 100, R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, f = 100kHz$ )		1.3		MHz
SR	Slew Rate ( $A_{VCL} = 1, R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, V_i = 2.5V$ to $7.5V$ )		1.3		V/ $\mu s$
$\phi_m$	Phase Margin		30		Degrees
$e_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ( $R_s = 100\Omega, f = 1kHz$ )		40		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion ( $A_{VCL} = 1, R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, V_o = 4.75V$ to $5.25V, f = 1kHz$ )		0.024		%
$C_{in}$	Input Capacitance		1.5		pF
$V_{O1}/V_{O2}$	Channel Separation ( $f = 1kHz$ )		120		dB

Note 1 : Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

**STANDBY MODE**

$V_{CC}^+ = 10V, V_{CC}^- = 0V, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$  (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS902/AI/BI			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{INSBY/ON}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY ON		8.2		V
$V_{INSBY/OFF}$	Pin 1 Threshold Voltage for STANDBY OFF		8.5		V
$I_{CC\ SBY}$	Total Consumption in Standby Position (STANDBY ON)		1		$\mu A$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1a : Supply Current (each amplifier) versus Supply Voltage

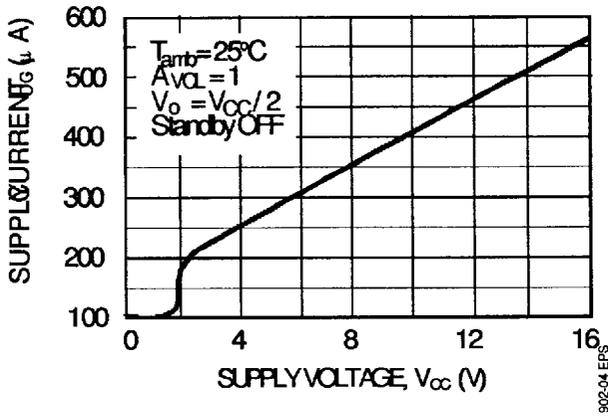


Figure 1b : Supply Current (each amplifier) versus Supply Voltage (in STANDBY)

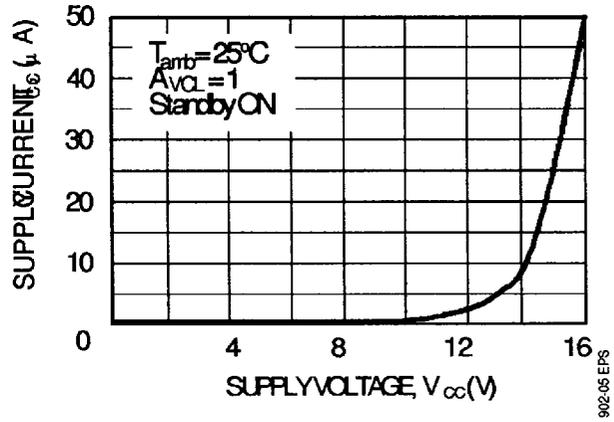


Figure 2 : Input Bias Current versus Temperature

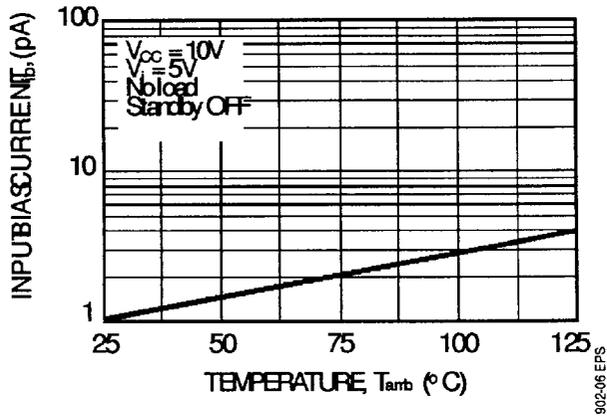


Figure 3a : High Level Output Voltage versus High Level Output Current

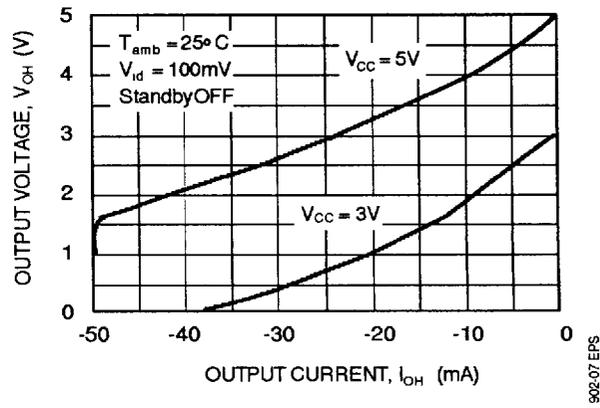


Figure 3b : High Level Output Voltage versus High Level Output Current

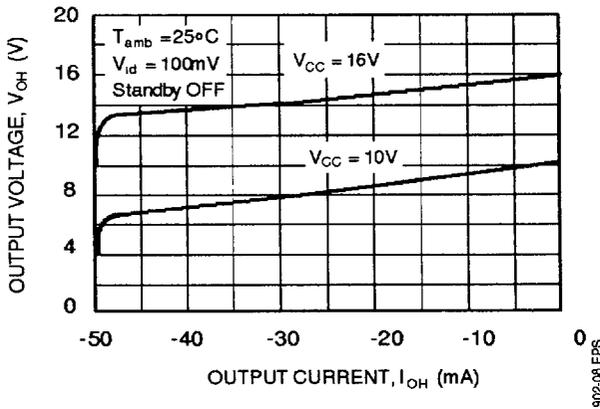
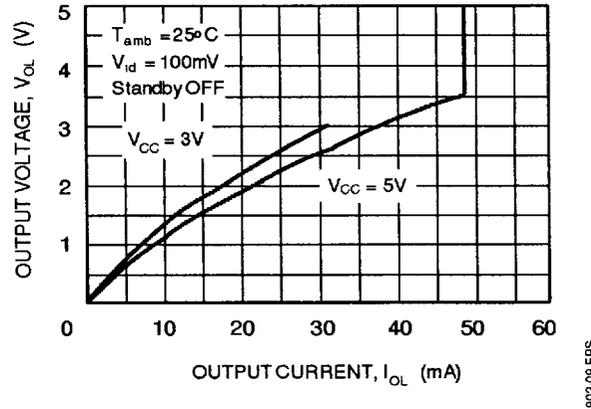
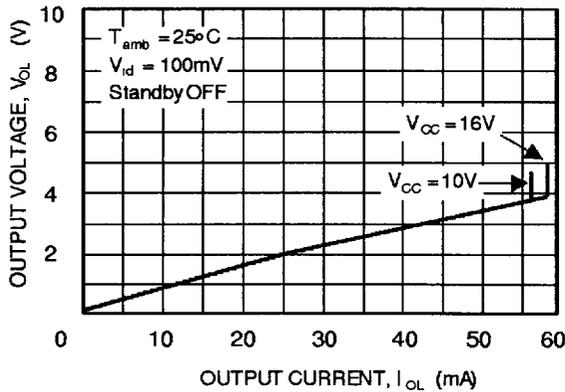


Figure 4a : Low Level Output Voltage versus Low Level Output Current

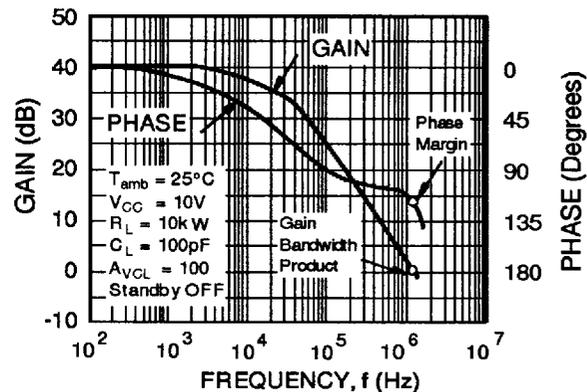


**Figure 4b : Low Level Output Voltage versus Low Level Output Current**



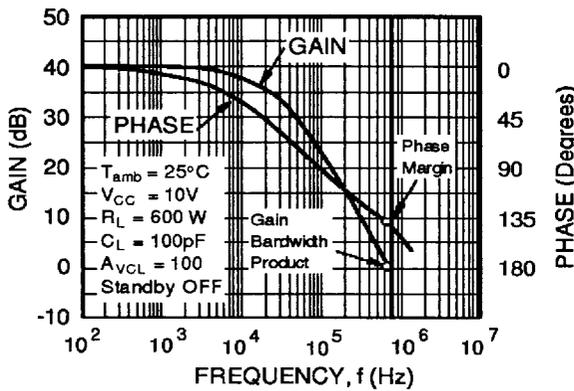
902-10 EPS

**Figure 5a : Open Loop Frequency Response and Phase Shift**



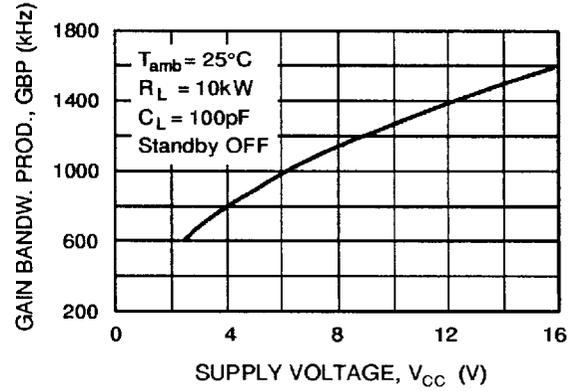
902-11 EPS

**Figure 5b : Open Loop Frequency Response and Phase Shift**



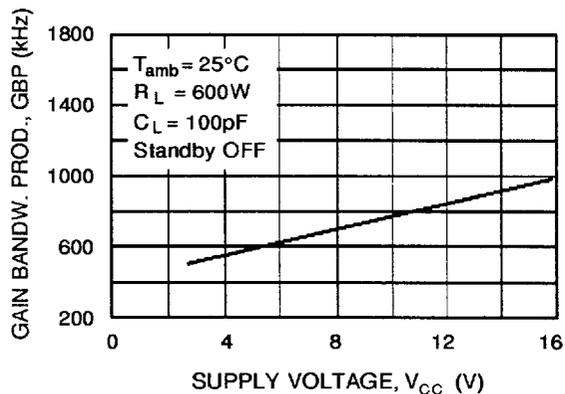
902-12 EPS

**Figure 6a : Gain Bandwidth Product versus Supply Voltage**



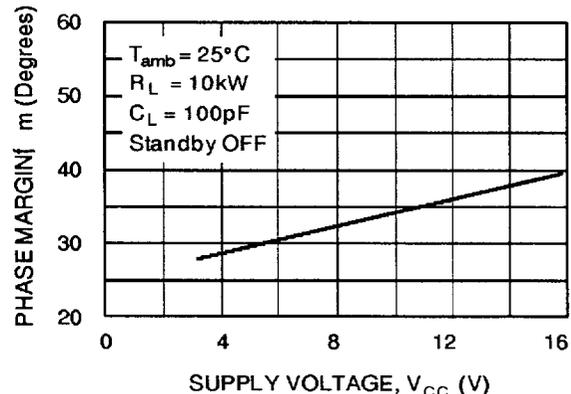
902-13 EPS

**Figure 6b : Gain bandwidth Product versus Supply Voltage**



902-14 EPS

**Figure 7a : Phase Margin versus Supply Voltage**



902-15 EPS

Figure 7b : Phase Margin versus Supply Voltage

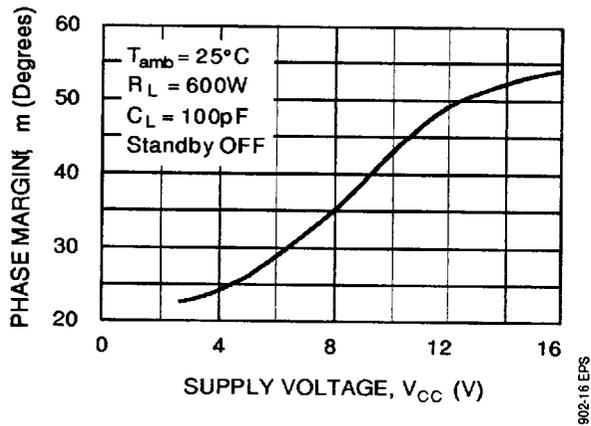
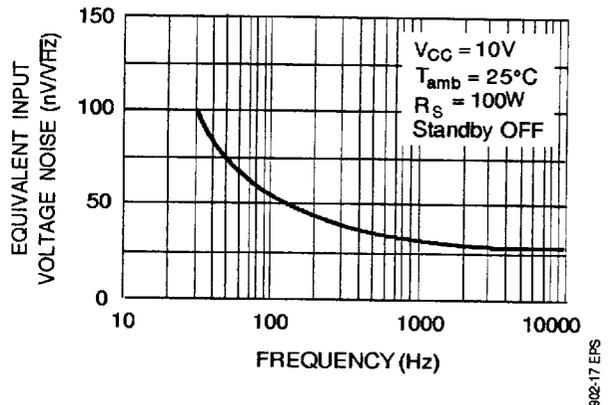


Figure 8 : Input Voltage Noise versus Frequency



**STANDBY APPLICATION**

The two operators of the TS902 are **both** put on **STANDBY**.

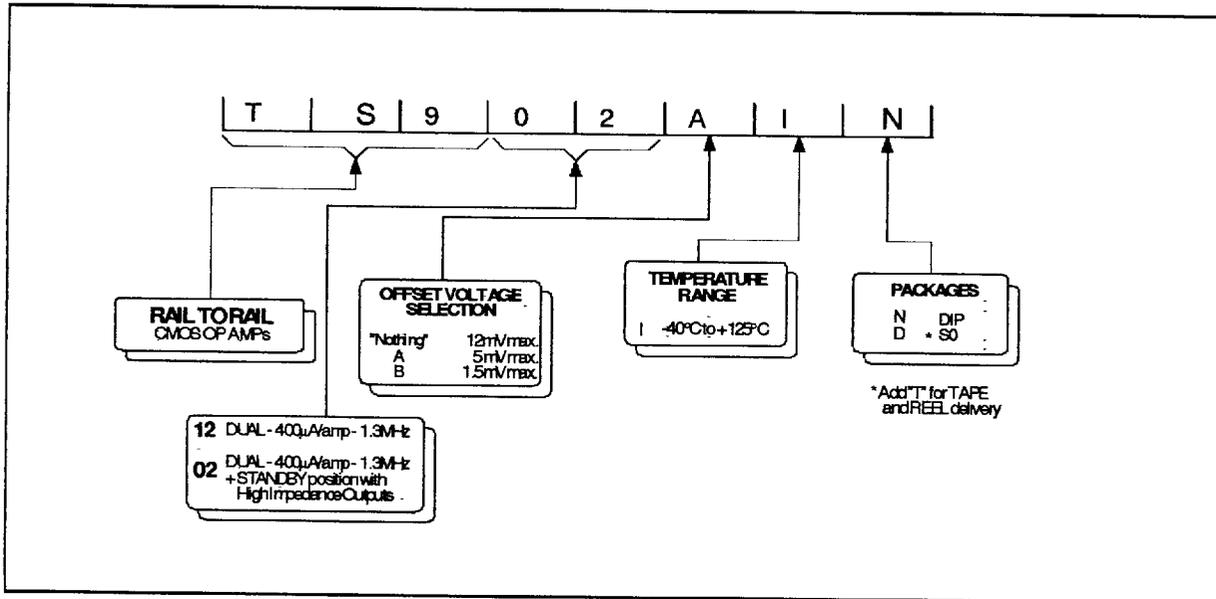
In this configuration (standby ON) :

- The **total consumption** of the circuit is considerably **reduced** down to **1μA** (V<sub>CC</sub> = 10V). This standby consumption versus V<sub>CC</sub> curve is given figure 1b.
- The **both outputs** are in **high impedance** state. No output current can then be sourced or sinked by the device.

The standby pin 1 should never stay unconnected.

- The "**standby OFF**" state, is reached when the pin 1 voltage is **higher** than **V<sub>in SBY/OFF</sub>**.
- The "**standby ON**" state is assured by a pin 1 voltage **lower** than **V<sub>in SBY/ON</sub>**. (see electrical characteristics)

**ORDERING INFORMATION**



**MACROMODEL**

- RAIL TO RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGES
- STANDBY POSITION : REDUCED CONSUMPTION (1µA) AND HIGH IMPEDANCE OUTPUTS
- SINGLE (OR DUAL) SUPPLY OPERATION FROM 2.7V TO 16V (±1.35V to ±8V)
- EXTREMELY LOW INPUT BIAS CURRENT : 1pA TYP
- LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE : 1.5mV max.
- SPECIFIED FOR 600Ω AND 100Ω LOADS
- LOW SUPPLY CURRENT : 400µA/Amplic
- SPEED : 1.3MHz - 1.3V/µs

**Applies to : TS902I,AI,BI**

\*\* Standard Linear Ics Macromodels, 1993.

\*\* CONNECTIONS :

- \* 1 INVERTING INPUT
- \* 2 NON-INVERTING INPUT
- \* 3 OUTPUT
- \* 4 POSITIVE POWER SUPPLY
- \* 5 NEGATIVE POWER SUPPLY
- \* 6 STANDBY

.SUBCKT TS902 1 3 2 4 5 6 (analog)

\*\*\*\*\*

.MODEL MDTH D IS=1E-8 KF=6.563355E-14 CJO=10F

\* INPUT STAGE

CIP 2 5 1.500000E-12  
 CIN 1 5 1.500000E-12  
 EIP 10 0 2 0 1  
 EIN 16 0 1 0 1  
 RIP 10 11 6.500000E+00  
 RIN 15 16 6.500000E+00  
 RIS 11 15 7.655100E+00  
 DIP 11 12 MDTH 400E-12  
 DIN 15 14 MDTH 400E-12  
 VOFP 12 13 DC 0.000000E+00  
 VOFN 13 14 DC 0  
 FPOL 13 0 VSTB 1  
 CPS 11 15 3.82E-08  
 DINN 17 13 MDTH 400E-12  
 VIN 17 5 -0.5000000E+00  
 DINR 15 18 MDTH 400E-12  
 VIP 4 18 -0.5000000E+00  
 FCP 4 5 VOFP 8.6E+00  
 FCN 5 4 VOFN 8.6E+00  
 ISTB0 5 4 900NA  
 \* AMPLIFYING STAGE  
 FIP 0 19 VOFP 5.500000E+02  
 FIN 0 19 VOFN 5.500000E+02  
 RG1 19 120 5.087344E+05  
 GCOM1 120 5 POLY(1) 110 109 LEVEL=1 6.25E+11  
 RG2 121 19 5.087344E+05  
 GCOM2 121 4 POLY(1) 110 109 LEVEL=1 6.25E+11  
 CC 19 29 2.200000E-08  
 HZTP 30 29 VOFP 12.33E+02  
 HZTN 5 30 VOFN 12.33E+02

DOPM 19 22 MDTH 400E-12  
 DONM 21 19 MDTH 400E-12  
 HOPM 22 28 VOUT 3135  
 VIPM 28 4 150  
 HONM 21 27 VOUT 3135  
 VINM 5 27 150  
 EOUT 26 23 19 5 1  
 VOUT 23 5 0  
 ROUT 26 103 65  
 COUT 103 5 1.000000E-12  
 GCOM 103 3 POLY(1) 110 109 LEVEL=1 6.25E+11  
 \* OUTPUT SWING  
 DOP 19 68 MDTH 400E-12  
 VOP 4 25 1.924  
 HSCP 68 25 VSCP1 1E8  
 DON 69 19 MDTH 400E-12  
 VON 24 52.4419107  
 HSCN 24 69 VSCN1 1.5E8  
 VSCTHP 60 61 0.1375  
 DSCP1 61 63 MDTH 400E-12  
 VSCP1 63 64 0  
 ISCP 64 0 1.000000E-8  
 DSCP2 0 64 MDTH 400E-12  
 DSCN2 0 74 MDTH 400E-12  
 ISCN 74 0 1.000000E-8  
 VSCN1 73 74 0  
 DSCN1 71 73 MDTH 400E-12  
 VSCTHN 71 70 -0.75  
 ESCP 60 0 2 1 500  
 ESCN 70 0 2 1 -2000  
 \* STAND BY  
 RMI1 4 111 1E+12  
 RMI2 5 111 1E+12  
 RSTBIN 6 0 1E+12  
 ESTBIN 106 0 6 0 1  
 ESTBREF 106 107 111 0 1  
 DSTB1 107 108 MDTH 400E-12  
 VSTB 108 109 0  
 ISTB 109 0 40U  
 RSTB 109 110 1  
 DSTB2 0 110 MDTH 400E-12  
 .ENDS



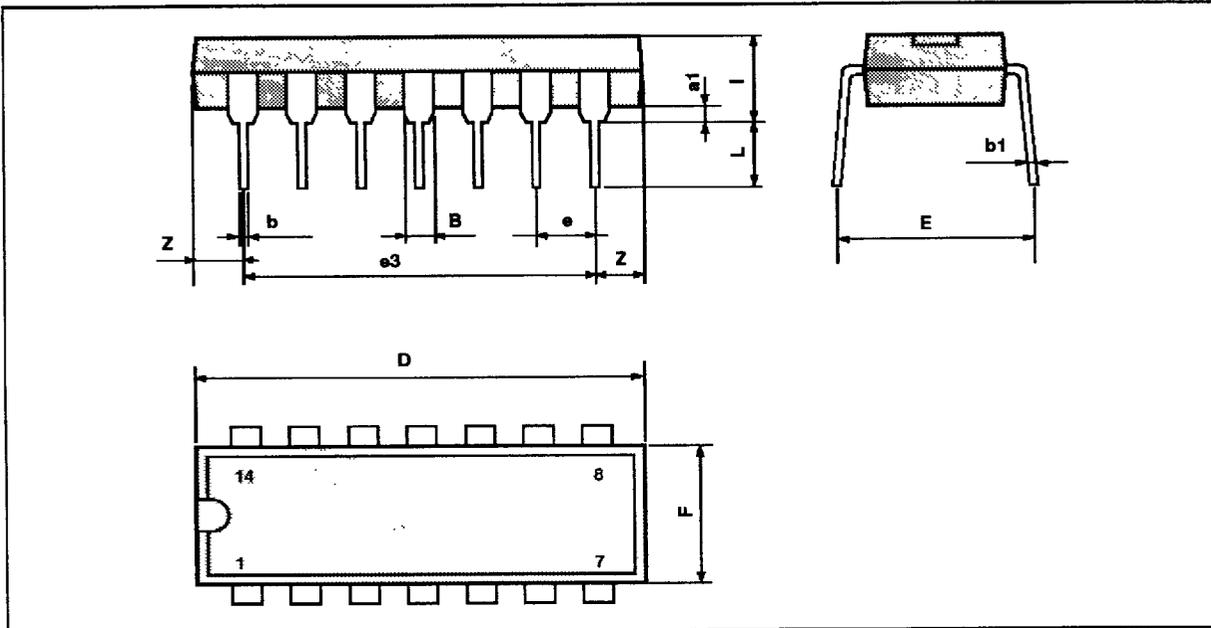
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC}^+ = 10V$ ,  $V_{CC}^- = 0V$ ,  $R_L, C_L$  connected to  $V_{CC}/2$ , standby off,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$   
(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
$V_{io}$		0	mV
$A_{vd}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	20	V/mV
$I_{CC}$	No load, per operator	350	$\mu A$
$V_{icm}$		-0.2 to 10.2	V
$V_{OH}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	9.95	V
$V_{OL}$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	50	mV
$I_{sink}$	$V_O = 10V$	50	mA
$I_{source}$	$V_O = 0V$	50	mA
GBP	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$	1	MHz
SR	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$	1	V/ $\mu s$
$\phi_m$	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$	40	Degrees
$I_{CC\ STBY}$	$V_{STBY} = 0V$	800	nA

902-06 TBL

**PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**  
**14 PINS - PLASTIC DIP**

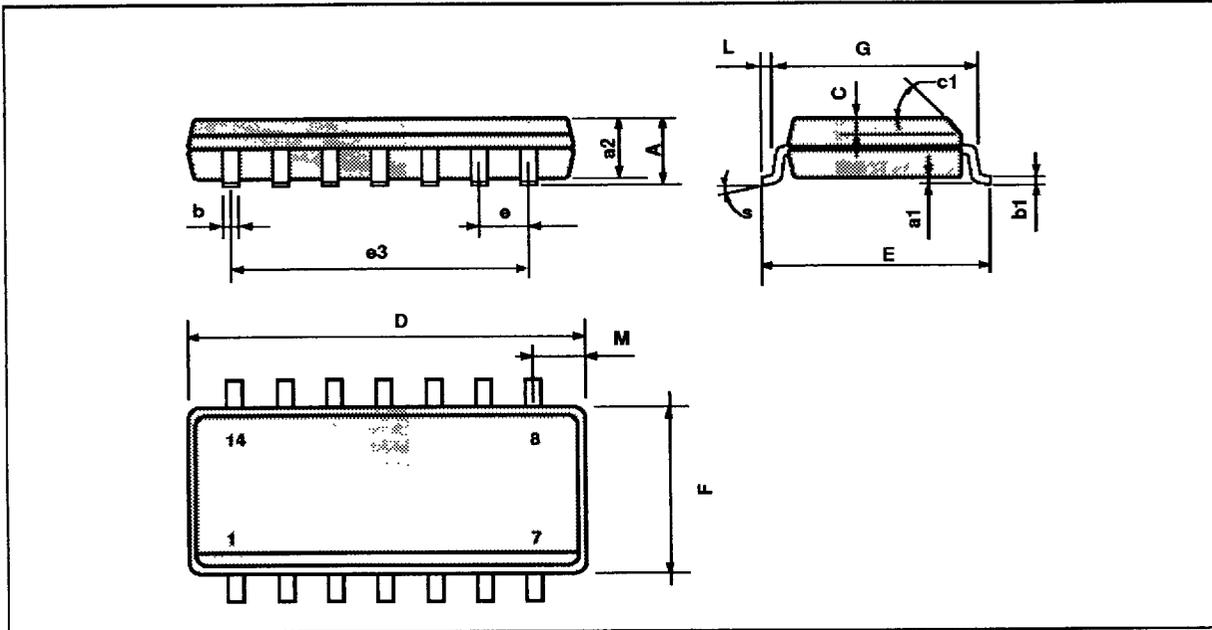


PM-DIP14 EPS

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
E		8.5			0.335	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		15.24			0.600	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	1.27		2.54	0.050		0.100

DIP14 TBL

**PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**  
**14 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)**



PM-SO14 EPS

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
a1	0.1		0.2	0.004		0.008
a2			1.6			0.063
b	0.35		0.46	0.014		0.018
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C		0.5			0.020	
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	8.55		8.75	0.336		0.334
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		7.62			0.300	
F	3.8		4.0	0.150		0.157
G	4.6		5.3	0.181		0.208
L	0.5		1.27	0.020		0.050
M			0.68			0.027
S	8° (max.)					

SO14 TBL

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