

7A, 12V, 0.020Ω, Logic Level, Single N-Channel Power MOSFET

June 1997

Features

- 7A, 12V
- $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.020\Omega$
- *Temperature Compensating* PSPICE Model
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- UIS Rating Curve

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
RF1K49211	MS-012AA	RF1K49211

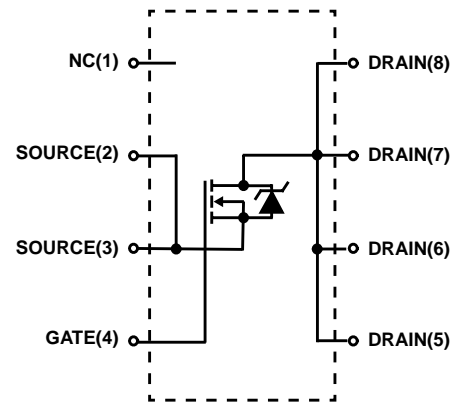
NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. For ordering in tape and reel, add the suffix 96 to the part number, i.e. RF1K4921196.

Description

The RF1K49211 Single N-Channel power MOSFET is manufactured using an advanced MegaFET process. This process, which uses feature sizes approaching those of LSI integrated circuits, gives optimum utilization of silicon, resulting in outstanding performance. It was designed for use in applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and low-voltage bus switches. This product achieves full-rated conduction at a gate bias in the 3V - 5V range, thereby facilitating true on-off power control directly from logic level (5V) integrated circuits.

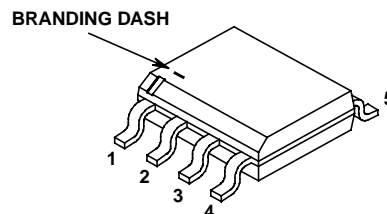
Formerly developmental type TA49211.

Symbol



Packaging

JEDEC MS-012AA



RF1K49211

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified

	RF1K49211	UNITS
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)	V_{DSS} 12	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ($R_{gs} = 20k\Omega$) (Note 1)	V_{DGR} 12	V
Gate to Source Voltage	V_{GS} ± 10	V
Drain Current		
Continuous (Pulse Width = 1s)	I_D 7	A
Pulsed	I_{DM}	Refer to Peak Current Curve
Pulsed Avalanche Rating	E_{AS}	Refer to UIS Curve
Power Dissipation	P_D 2	W
Derate Above 25°C	0.016	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG} -55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature of Leads for 10s	T_L 260	$^\circ\text{C}$

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied

NOTE:

- $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C .

Electrical Specifications $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	12	-	-	V	
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	1	-	2	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 12\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	μA
			$T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	50	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 10\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA	
Drain to Source On Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 7\text{A}, V_{GS} = 5\text{V}$	-	-	0.020	Ω	
Turn-On Time	t_{ON}	$V_{DD} = 6\text{V}, I_D \cong 7\text{A}, R_L = 0.86\Omega, V_{GS} = 5\text{V}, R_{GS} = 25\Omega$ (Figures 18, 19)	-	-	250	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$		-	50	-	ns	
Rise Time	t_r		-	150	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(OFF)}$		-	120	-	ns	
Fall Time	t_f		-	160	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t_{OFF}		-	-	350	ns	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TOT)}$		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 10\text{V}$	$V_{DD} = 9.6\text{V}, I_D \cong 7\text{A}, R_L = 1.37\Omega, I_{g(REF)} = 1.0\text{mA}$ (Figures 20, 21)	-	60	75
Gate Charge at 5V	$Q_{g(5)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 5\text{V}$	-		35	45	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 1\text{V}$	-		2	2.5	nC
Input Capacitance	C_{ISS}	$V_{DS} = 12\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$ (Figure 14)	-	1850	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C_{OSS}		-	1600	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{RSS}		-	600	-	pF	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	Pulse Width = 1s Device mounted on FR-4 material	-	-	62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	

Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = 7\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{SD} = 7\text{A}, dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	95	ns

Typical Performance Curves

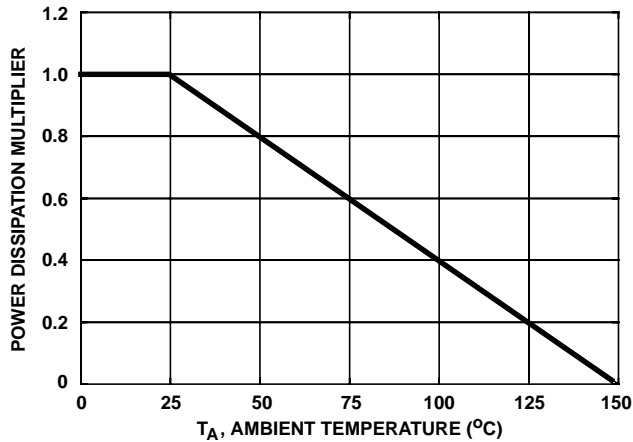


FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs TEMPERATURE

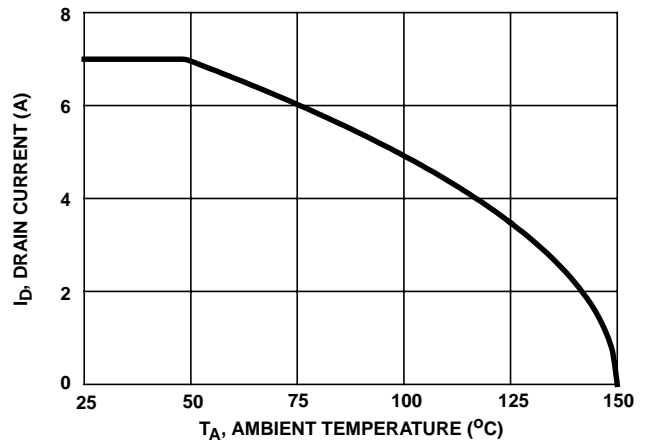


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

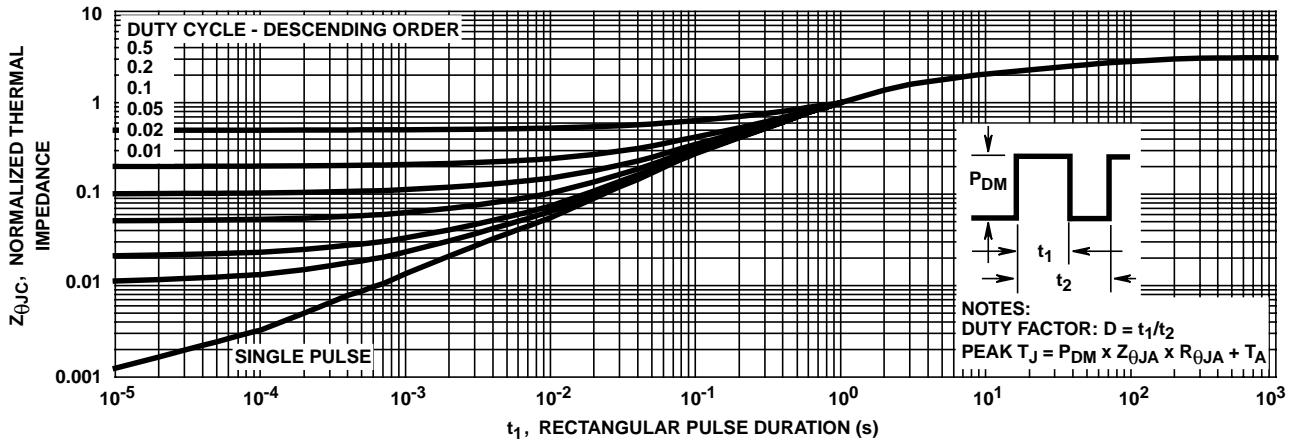


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

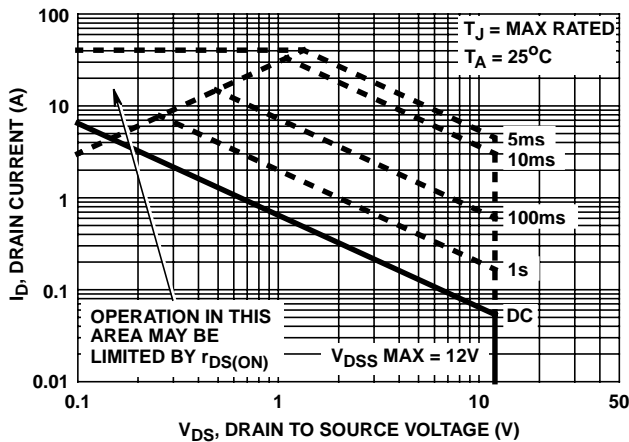


FIGURE 4. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

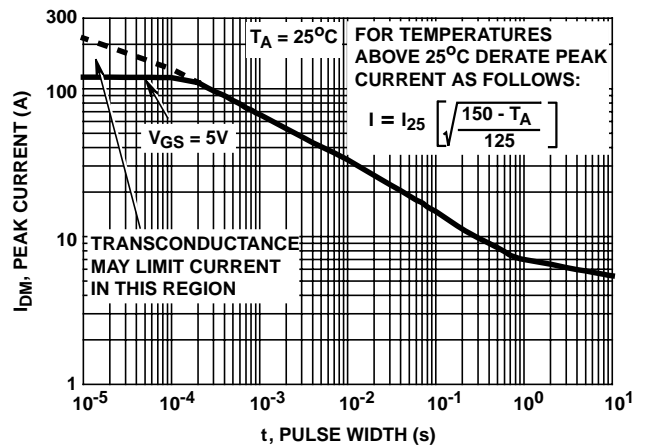
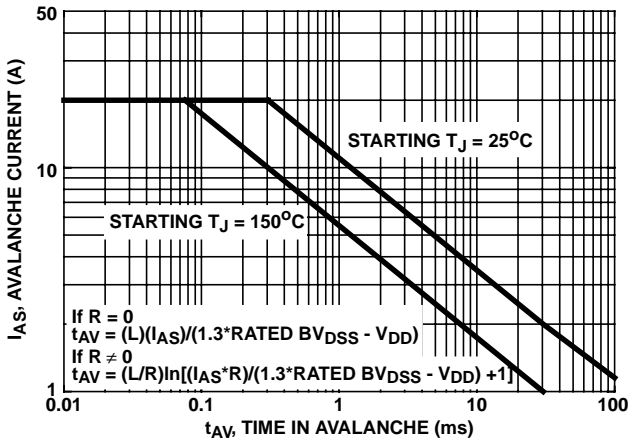


FIGURE 5. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



NOTE: Refer to Harris Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.
FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

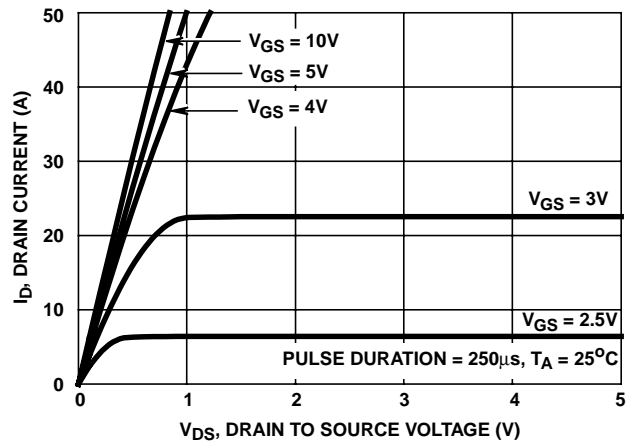


FIGURE 7. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

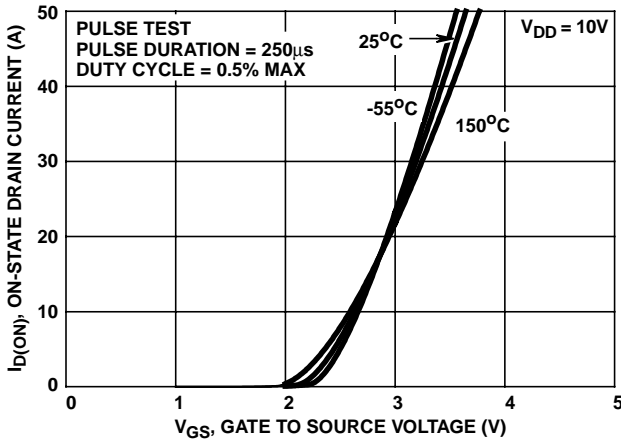


FIGURE 8. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

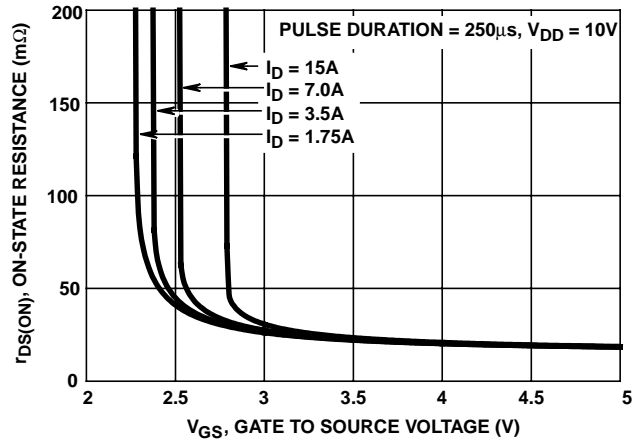


FIGURE 9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs GATE VOLTAGE AND DRAIN CURRENT

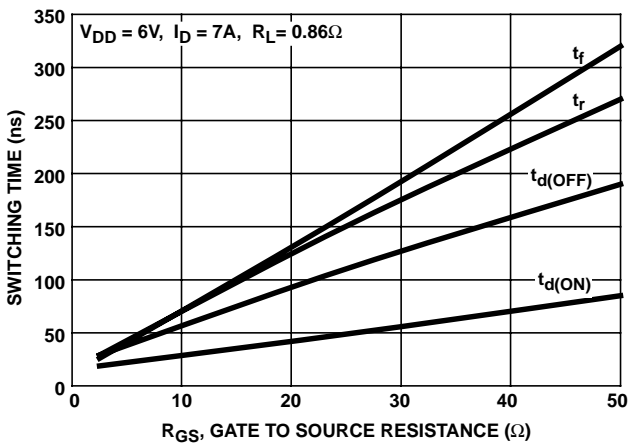


FIGURE 10. SWITCHING TIME AS A FUNCTION OF GATE RESISTANCE

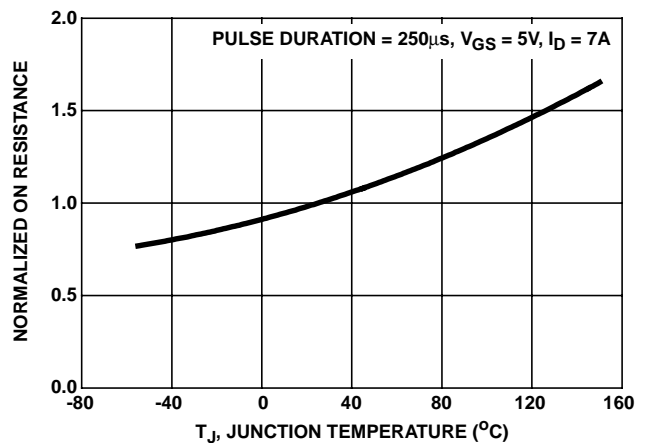


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED $r_{DS(ON)}$ vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

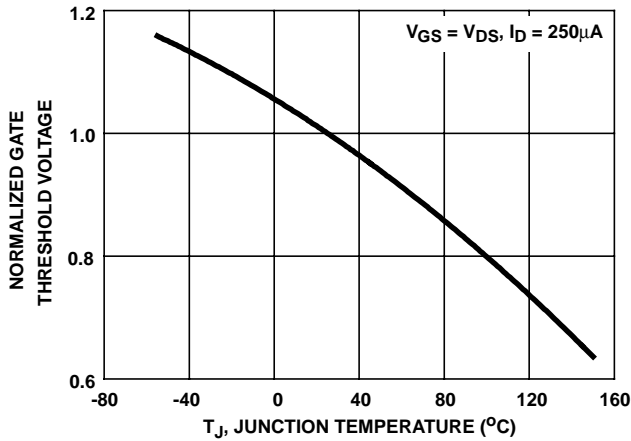


FIGURE 12. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

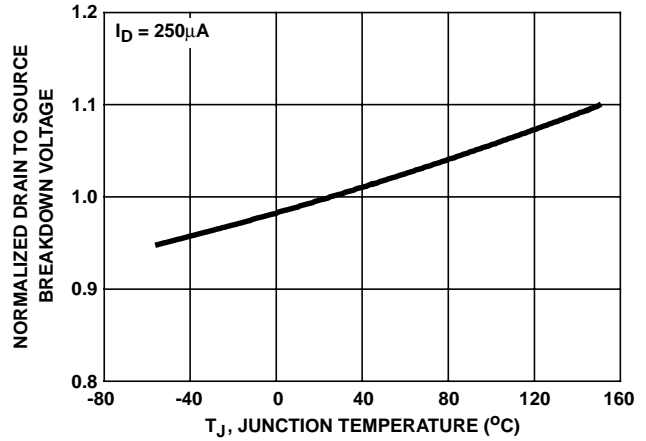


FIGURE 13. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

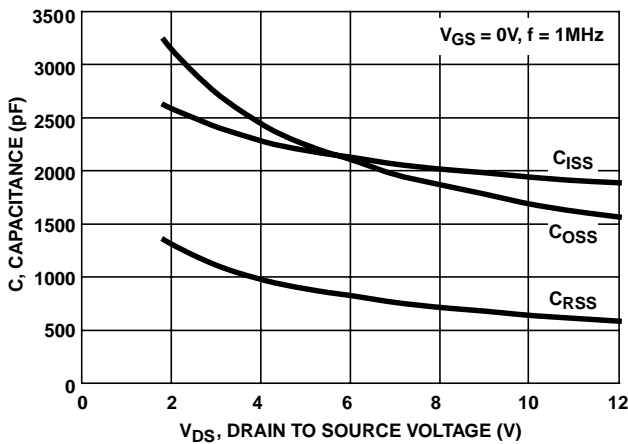
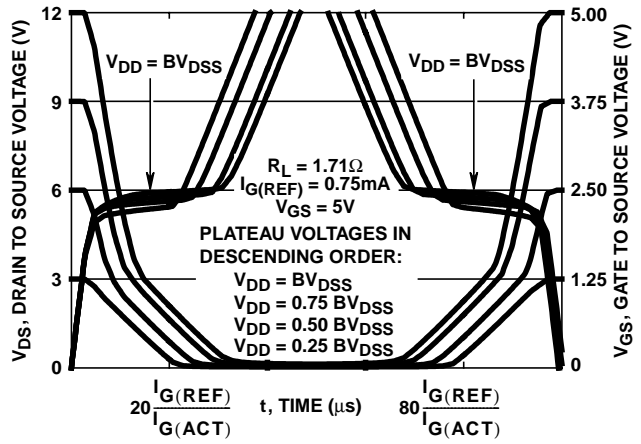


FIGURE 14. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Harris Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 15. NORMALIZED SWITCHING WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

Test Circuits and Waveforms

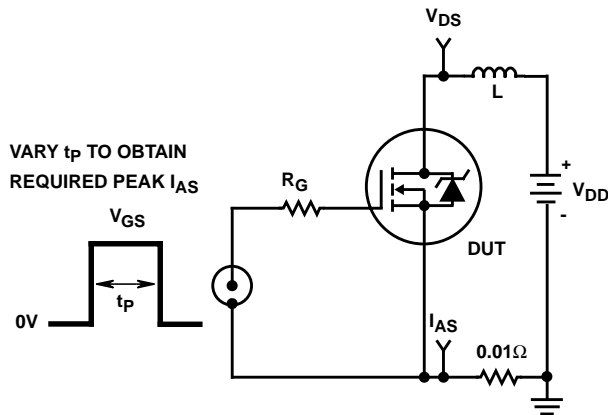


FIGURE 16. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

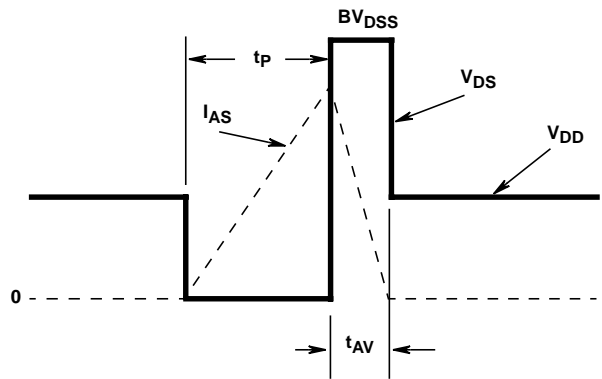


FIGURE 17. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

Test Circuits and Waveforms

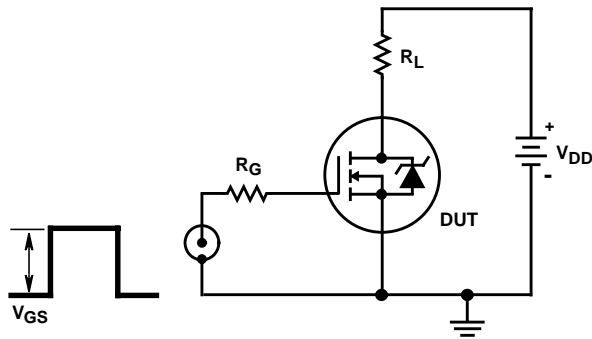


FIGURE 18. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

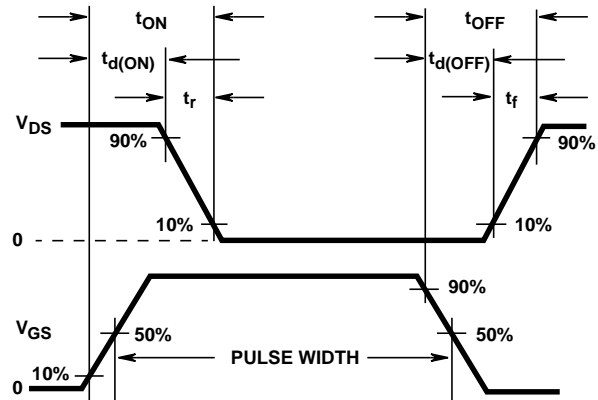


FIGURE 19. RESISTIVE SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

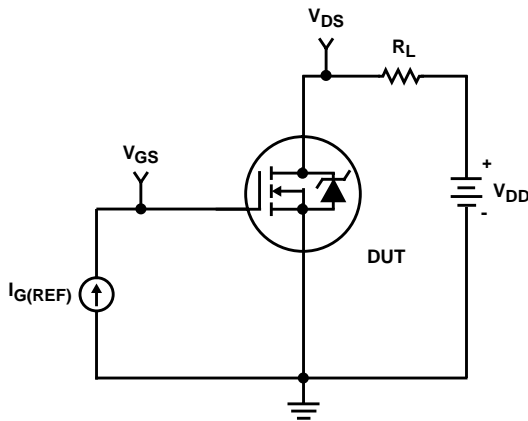


FIGURE 20. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

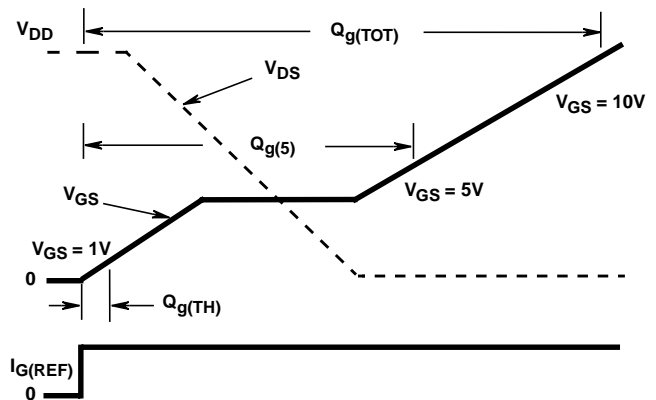


FIGURE 21. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

Soldering Precautions

The soldering process creates a considerable thermal stress on any semiconductor component. The melting temperature of solder is higher than the maximum rated temperature of the device. The amount of time the device is heated to a high temperature should be minimized to assure device reliability. Therefore, the following precautions should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

1. Always preheat the device.
2. The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should always be less than 100°C . Failure to preheat the device can result in excessive thermal stress which can damage the device.
3. The maximum temperature gradient should be less than 5°C per second when changing from preheating to soldering.
4. The peak temperature in the soldering process should be at least 30°C higher than the melting point of the solder chosen.
5. The maximum soldering temperature and time must not exceed 260°C for 10 seconds on the leads and case of the device.
6. After soldering is complete, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes, as forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and may result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
7. During cooling, mechanical stress or shock should be avoided.

RF1K49211

Temperature Compensated PSPICE Model for the RF1K49211

SUBCKT RF1K49211 2 1 3 ; rev 6/26/96

CA 12 8 2.11e-9
 CB 15 14 2.99e-9
 CIN 6 8 1.30e-9

DBODY 7 5 DBODYMOD
 DBREAK 5 11 DBREAKMOD
 DPLCAP 10 5 DPLCAPMOD

EBREAK 11 7 17 18 15.81
 EDS 14 8 5 8 1
 EGS 13 8 6 8 1
 ESG 6 10 6 8 1
 EVTHRES 6 21 19 8 1
 EVTEMP 20 6 18 22 1

IT 8 17 1

LDRAIN 2 5 1e-9
 LGATE 1 9 1.04e-9
 LSOURCE 3 7 2.37e-10

MMED 16 6 8 8 MMEDMOD
 MSTRO 16 6 8 8 MSTROMOD
 MWEAK 16 21 8 8 MWEAKMOD

RBREAK 17 18 RBREAKMOD 1
 RDRAIN 50 16 RDRAINMOD 3.50e-3
 RGATE 9 20 1.57
 RLDRAIN 2 5 10
 RLGATE 1 9 10.4
 RLSOURCE 3 7 2.37
 RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
 RSLC2 5 50 1e3
 RSOURCE 8 7 RSOURCEMOD 11.42e-3
 RVTHRES 22 8 RVTHRESMOD 1
 RVTEMP 18 19 RVTEMPMOD 1

S1A 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
 S1B 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
 S2A 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
 S2B 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD

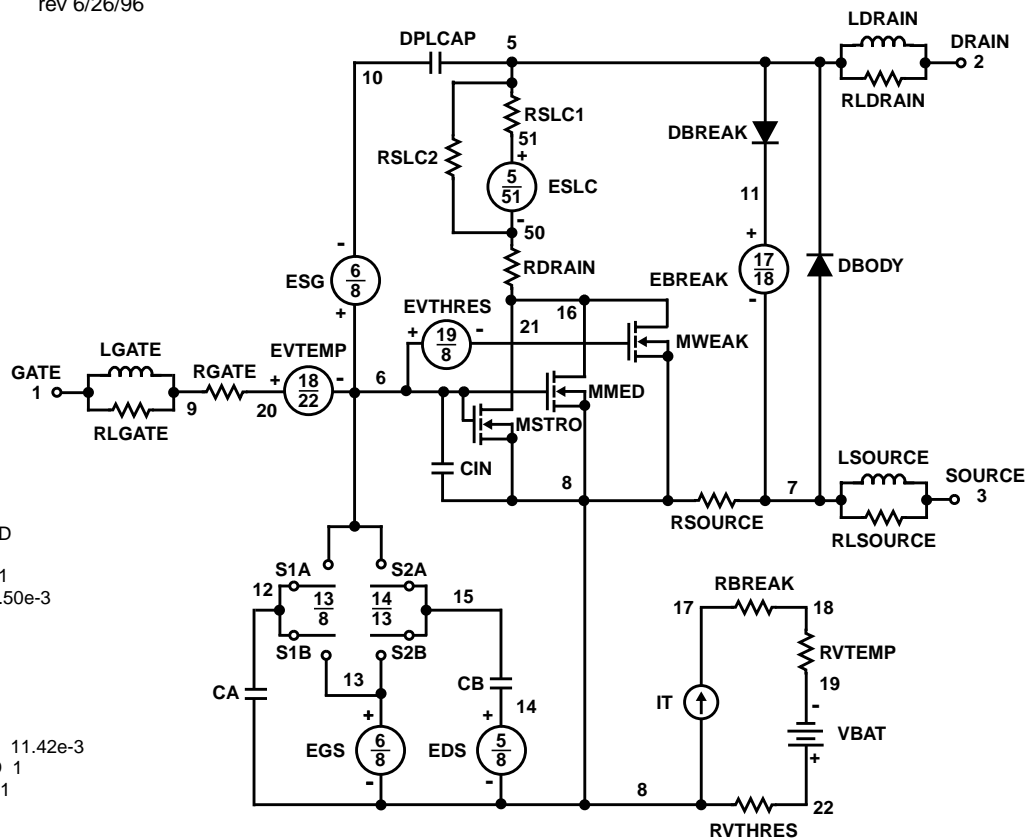
VBAT 22 19 DC 1

ESLC 51 50 VALUE = {(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*170),3))}

.MODEL DBODYMOD D (IS = 1.36e-12 RS = 1.65e-2 TRS1 = 3.88e-3 TRS2 = -5.45e-6 CJO = 2.95e-9 TT = 2.70e-8 M = 0.43)
 .MODEL DBREAKMOD D (RS = 2.75e-3 TRS1 = -5.01e-4 TRS2 = -1.60e-4)
 .MODEL DPLCAPMOD D (CJO = 2.40e-9 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 M = 0.55)
 .MODEL MMEDMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.62 KP = 1.5 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 1.57)
 .MODEL MSTROMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.08 KP = 98.0 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u)
 .MODEL MWEAKMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.402 KP = 0.067 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 15.7 RS = 0.1)
 .MODEL RBREAKMOD RES (TC1 = 8.51e-4 TC2 = 7.88e-7)
 .MODEL RDRAINMOD RES (TC1 = 1.55e-2 TC2 = 5.78e-5)
 .MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1 = 1.02e-4 TC2 = 1.07e-6)
 .MODEL RSOURCEMOD RES (TC1 = 0 TC2 = 0)
 .MODEL RVTHRESMOD RES (TC1 = -2.20e-3 TC2 = -7.29e-6)
 .MODEL RVTEMPMOD RES (TC1 = -5.10e-4 TC2 = 8.07e-7)
 .MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -4.1 VOFF = -1.1)
 .MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -1.1 VOFF = -4.1)
 .MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -0.5 VOFF = 2.5)
 .MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 2.5 VOFF = -0.5)

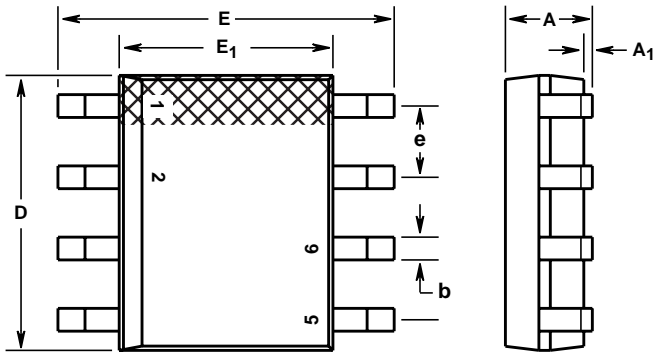
.ENDS

NOTE: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991.



MS-012AA

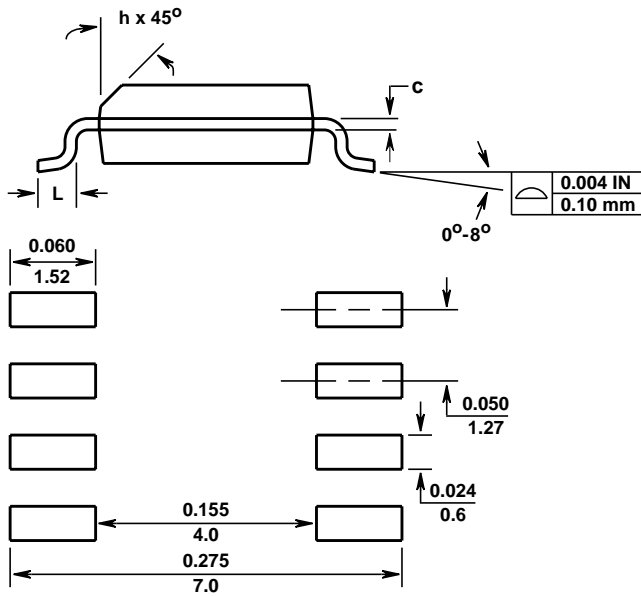
8 LEAD JEDEC MS-012AA SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE



SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.0532	0.0688	1.35	1.75	-
A ₁	0.004	0.0098	0.10	0.25	-
b	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	-
c	0.0075	0.0098	0.19	0.25	-
D	0.189	0.1968	4.80	5.00	2
E	0.2284	0.244	5.80	6.20	-
E ₁	0.1497	0.1574	3.80	4.00	3
e	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
H	0.0099	0.0196	0.25	0.50	-
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	4

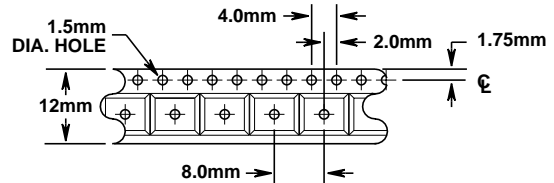
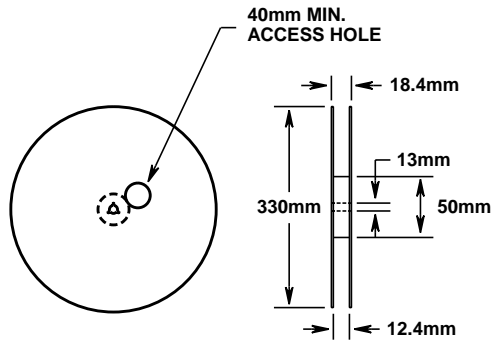
NOTES:

1. All dimensions are within allowable dimensions of Rev. C of JEDEC MS-012AA outline dated 5-90.
2. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 inches (0.15mm) per side.
3. Dimension "E₁" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions. Inter-lead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inches (0.25mm) per side.
4. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering.
5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
6. Controlling dimension: Millimeter.
7. Revision 5 dated 2-23-96.

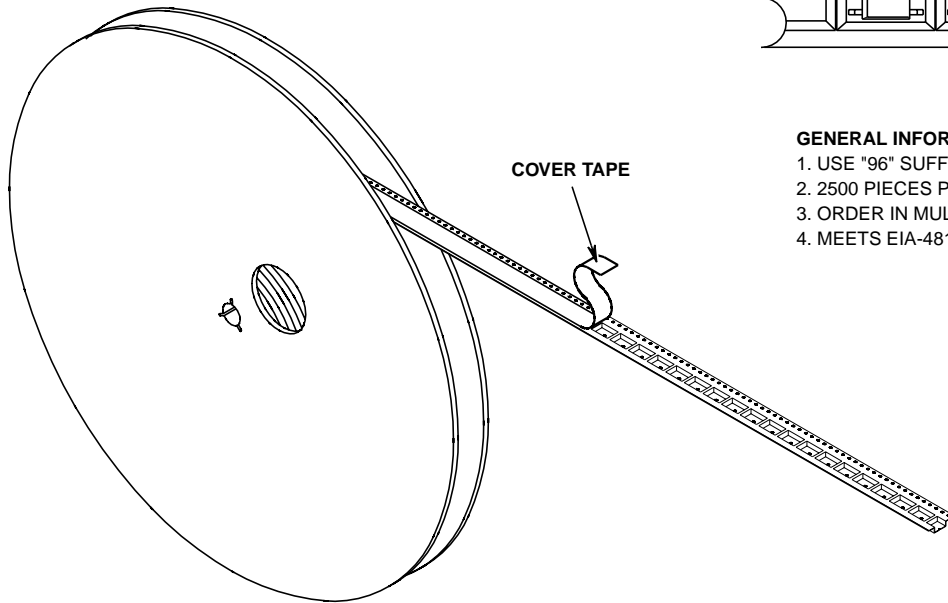
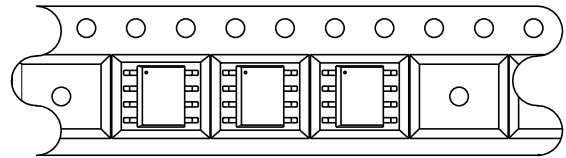


MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE-MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

MS-012AA
12mm TAPE AND REEL



USER DIRECTION OF FEED
→



GENERAL INFORMATION

1. USE "96" SUFFIX ON PART NUMBER.
2. 2500 PIECES PER REEL.
3. ORDER IN MULTIPLES OF FULL REELS ONLY.
4. MEETS EIA-481 REVISION "A" SPECIFICATIONS.

Revision 5 dated 2-96

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