

# CMOS 8K x 8 ZEROPOWER SRAM

 INTEGRATED ULTRA LOW POWER SRAM, POWER-FAIL CONTROL CIRCUIT and BATTERY

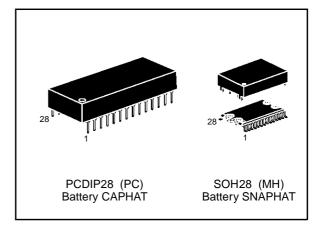
SGS-THOMSON MICROELECTRONICS

- READ CYCLE TIME EQUALS WRITE CYCLE TIME
- AUTOMATIC POWER-FAIL CHIP DESELECT and WRITE PROTECTION
- CHOICE of TWO WRITE PROTECT VOLTAGES:
  - M48Z58: 4.5V  $\leq$  V<sub>PFD</sub>  $\leq$  4.75V
  - M48Z58Y: 4.2V  $\leq$  V<sub>PFD</sub>  $\leq$  4.5V
- SELF CONTAINED BATTERY in the CAPHAT DIP PACKAGE
- SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE PROVIDES DIRECT CONNECTION for a SNAPHAT HOUSING CONTAINING the BATTERY
- SNAPHAT HOUSING (BATTERY) REPLACEABLE
- PIN and FUNCTION COMPATIBLE with JEDEC STANDARD 8K x 8 SRAMs

#### DESCRIPTION

The M48Z58 ZEROPOWER<sup>®</sup> RAM is an 8K x 8 non-volatile static RAM that integrates power-fail deselect circuitry and battery control logic on a single die. The monolithic chip is available in two special packages to provide a highly integrated battery backed-up memory solution.

A0-A12	Address Inputs
DQ0-DQ7	Data Inputs / Outputs
Ē	Chip Enable
G	Output Enable
W	Write Enable
Vcc	Supply Voltage
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground



#### Figure 1. Logic Diagram

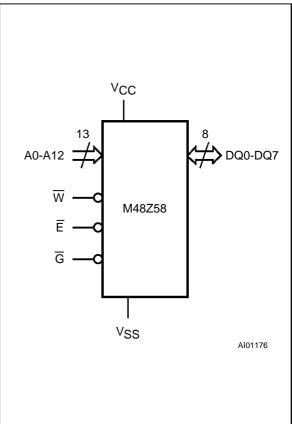
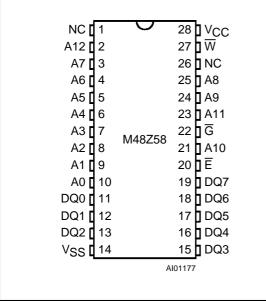


Figure 2A. DIP Pin Connections



Warning: NC = Not Connected

#### Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Operating Temperature	0 to 70	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature (V <sub>CC</sub> Off)	-40 to 85	°C
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input or Output Voltages	–0.3 to 7	V
Vcc	Supply Voltage	–0.3 to 7	V
lo	Output Current	20	mA
PD	Power Dissipation	1	W

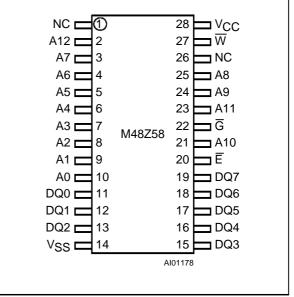
**Note:** Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability. *CAUTION:* Negative undershoots below –0.3 volts are not allowed on any pin while in the Battery Back-up mode.

#### Table 3. Operating Modes (1)

Vcc	Ē	G	w	DQ0-DQ7	Power
	VIH	Х	Х	High Z	Standby
or	VIL	Х	VIL	D <sub>IN</sub>	Active
4.5V to 5.5V	VIL	VIL	Vih	Dout	Active
	VIL	Vih	ViH	High Z	Active
$V_{\text{SO}}$ to $V_{\text{PFD}}$ (min) $^{(2)}$	Х	Х	Х	High Z	CMOS Standby
≤ V <sub>SO</sub>	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Battery Back-up Mode
-	4.75V to 5.5V or 4.5V to 5.5V V <sub>SO</sub> to V <sub>PFD</sub> (min) <sup>(2)</sup>	4.75V to 5.5V or 4.5V to 5.5V VIL VIL VSO to VPFD (min) (2) X	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

2. See Table 6 for details.

Figure 2B. SO Pin Connections

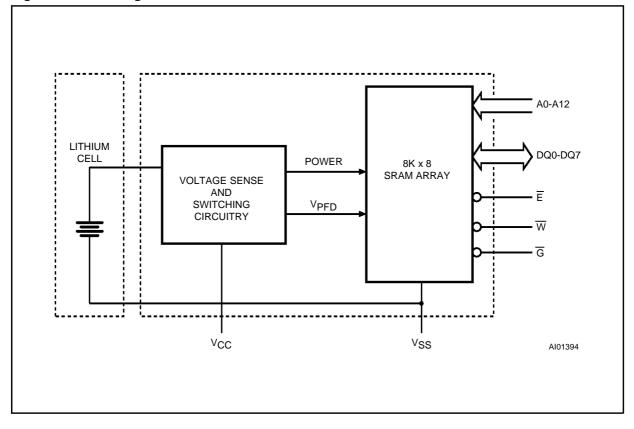


Warning: NC = Not Connected





Figure 3. Block Diagram



#### DESCRIPTION (cont'd)

The M48Z58 is a non-volatile pin and function equivalent to any JEDEC standard 8K x 8 SRAM. It also easily fits into many ROM, EPROM, and EEPROM sockets, providing the non-volatility of PROMs without any requirement for special write timing or limitations on the number of writes that can be performed.

The 28 pin 600mil DIP CAPHAT<sup>M</sup> houses the M48Z58 silicon with a long life lithium button cell in a single package.

The 28 pin 330mil SO provides sockets with gold plated contacts at both ends for direct connection to a separate SNAPHAT<sup>™</sup> housing containing the battery. The unique design allows the SNAPHAT battery package to be mounted on top of the SO package after the completion of the surface mount process. Insertion of the SNAPHAT housing after reflow prevents potential battery damage due to the high temperatures required for device surfacemounting. The SNAPHAT housing is keyed to prevent reverse insertion.

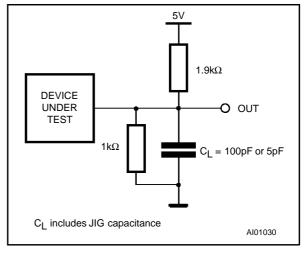
The SO and battery packages are shipped separately in plastic anti-static tubes. The SO package is also available to ship in Tape & Reel form.

#### AC MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

Input Rise and Fall Times	≤ 5ns
Input Pulse Voltages	0 to 3V
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages	1.5V

Note that Output Hi-Z is defined as the point where data is no longer driven.

#### Figure 4. AC Testing Load Circuit





### Table 4. Capacitance <sup>(1, 2)</sup> $(T_A = 25 \ ^{\circ}C)$

Symbol	Parameter	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Мах	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0V$		10	pF
C <sub>IO</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Input / Output Capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		10	pF

**Notes:** 1. Effective capacitance measured with power supply at 5V.

Sampled only, not 100% tested.
Outputs descloated

3. Outputs deselected.

#### Table 5. DC Characteristics ( $T_A = 0$ to 70°C; $V_{CC} = 4.75V$ to 5.5V or 4.5V to 5.5V)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$		±1	μA
ILO	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$		±5	μΑ
Icc	Supply Current	Outputs open		50	mA
Icc1	Supply Current (Standby) TTL	Ē = VIH		3	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply Current (Standby) CMOS	$\overline{E} = V_{CC} - 0.2V$		3	mA
VIL	Input Low Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1mA		0.4	V
Vон	Output High Voltage	lон = -1mA	2.4		V

Table 6. Power Down/Up Trip Points DC Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup> ( $T_A = 0$  to 70°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>PFD</sub>	Power-fail Deselect Voltage (M48Z58)	4.5	4.6	4.75	V
V <sub>PFD</sub>	Power-fail Deselect Voltage (M48Z58Y)	4.2	4.35	4.5	V
V <sub>SO</sub>	Battery Back-up Switchover Voltage		3.0		V
t <sub>DR</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Expected Data Retention Time	10			YEARS

Notes: 1. All voltages referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>.

2. @ 25 °C

#### DESCRIPTION (cont'd)

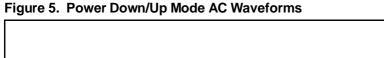
For the 28 lead SO, the battery package (i.e. SNAPHAT) part number is "M4Z28-BR00SH1". The M48Z58 also has its own Power-fail Detect circuit. The control circuitry constantly monitors the single 5V supply for an out of tolerance condition. When  $V_{CC}$  is out of tolerance, the circuit write protects the SRAM, providing a high degree of data security in the midst of unpredictable system operation brought on by low  $V_{CC}$ . As  $V_{CC}$  falls below approximately 3V, the control circuitry connects the battery which maintains data until valid power returns.

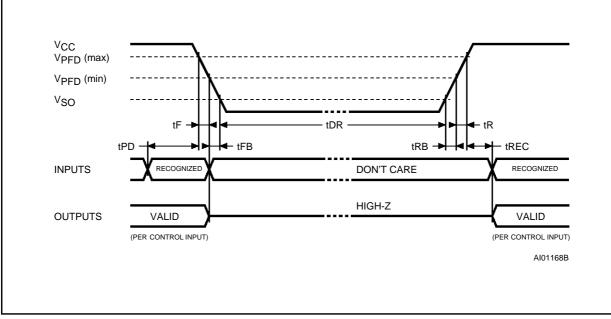


	•			
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
tPD	$\overline{E}$ or $\overline{W}$ at $V_{IH}$ before Power Down	0		μs
t <sub>F</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{\text{PFD}}$ (max) to $V_{\text{PFD}}$ (min) $V_{\text{CC}}$ Fall Time	300		μs
t <sub>FB</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>PFD</sub> (min) to V <sub>SO</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> Fall Time	10		μs
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>PFD</sub> (min) to V <sub>PFD</sub> (max) V <sub>CC</sub> Rise Time	10		μs
t <sub>RB</sub>	V <sub>SO</sub> to V <sub>PFD</sub> (min) V <sub>CC</sub> Rise Time	1		μs
t <sub>REC</sub>	VPFD (max) to Inputs Recognized	40	200	ms

Table 7. Power Down/Up Mode AC Characteristics ( $T_A = 0$  to  $70^{\circ}C$ )

Notes: 1. V<sub>PFD</sub> (max) to V<sub>PFD</sub> (min) fall time of less than t⊧ may result in deselection/write protection not occurring until 200 µs after V<sub>CC</sub> passes V<sub>PFD</sub> (min).
2. V<sub>PFD</sub> (min) to V<sub>SO</sub> fall time of less than t⊧ may cause corruption of RAM data.







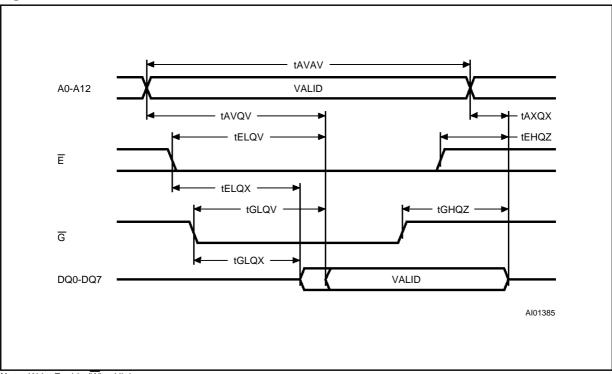
#### Table 8. Read Mode AC Characteristics

 $(T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V to } 5.5\text{V or } 4.5\text{V to } 5.5\text{V})$ 

		M48Z	M48Z58 / 58Y		
Symbol	Parameter	-	-70		
		Min	Max		
t <sub>AVAV</sub>	Read Cycle Time	70		ns	
t <sub>AVQV</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Address Valid to Output Valid		70	ns	
t <sub>ELQV</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid		70	ns	
t <sub>GLQV</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Output Enable Low to Output Valid		35	ns	
t <sub>ELQX</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Chip Enable Low to Output Transition	5		ns	
t <sub>GLQX</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Output Enable Low to Output Transition	5		ns	
t <sub>EHQZ</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z		25	ns	
t <sub>GHQZ</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z		25	ns	
t <sub>AXQX</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Address Transition to Output Transition	10		ns	

Notes: 1.  $C_L$  = 100pF (see Figure 4). 2.  $C_L$  = 5pF (see Figure 4).

#### Figure 6. Read Mode AC Waveforms



**Note:** Write Enable  $(\overline{W})$  = High.

SGS-THOMSON MIGROELECTRONICS

#### Table 9. Write Mode AC Characteristics

 $(T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V to } 5.5\text{V or } 4.5\text{V to } 5.5\text{V})$ 

		M48Z5	8 / 58Y	
Symbol	Parameter	-7	-70	
		Min	Max	
t <sub>AVAV</sub>	Write Cycle Time	70		ns
t <sub>AVWL</sub>	Address Valid to Write Enable Low	0		ns
tavel	Address Valid to Chip Enable Low	0		ns
twlwh	Write Enable Pulse Width	50		ns
teleh	Chip Enable Low to Chip Enable High	55		ns
t <sub>WHAX</sub>	Write Enable High to Address Transition	0		ns
t <sub>EHAX</sub>	Chip Enable High to Address Transition	0		ns
t <sub>DVWH</sub>	Input Valid to Write Enable High	30		ns
t <sub>DVEH</sub>	Input Valid to Chip Enable High	30		ns
t <sub>WHDX</sub>	Write Enable High to Input Transition	5		ns
t <sub>EHDX</sub>	Chip Enable High to Input Transition	5		ns
t <sub>WLQZ</sub> <sup>(1, 2)</sup>	Write Enable Low to Output Hi-Z		25	ns
tavwh	Address Valid to Write Enable High	60		ns
t <sub>AVEH</sub>	Address Valid to Chip Enable High	60		ns
twhqx <sup>(1, 2)</sup>	Write Enable High to Output Transition	5		ns

**Notes:** 1.  $C_{L}$  = 5pF (see Figure 4).

2. If  $\overline{E}$  goes low simultaneously with  $\overline{W}$  going low, the outputs remain in the high impedance state.

#### **READ MODE**

The M48Z58 is in the Read Mode whenever  $\overline{W}$  (Write Enable) is high,  $\overline{E}$  (Chip Enable) is low. Thus, the unique address specified by the 13 Address Inputs defines which one of the 8,192 bytes of data is to be accessed. Valid data will be available at the Data I/O pins within  $t_{AVQV}$  (Address Access Time) after the last address input signal is stable, providing that the  $\overline{E}$  and  $\overline{G}$  access times are also satisfied. If the  $\overline{E}$  and  $\overline{G}$  access times are not met, valid data will be available after the latter of the Chip Enable Access Time ( $t_{ELQV}$ ) or Output Enable Access Time ( $t_{GLQV}$ ).

The state of the eight three-state Data I/O signals is controlled by  $\overline{E}$  and  $\overline{G}$ . If the outputs are activated before  $t_{AVQV}$ , the data lines will be driven to an indeterminate state until  $t_{AVQV}$ . If the Address Inputs are changed while  $\overline{E}$  and  $\overline{G}$  remain active, output data will remain valid for  $t_{AXQX}$  (Output Data Hold

Time) but will go indeterminate until the next Address Access.

#### WRITE MODE

The M48Z58 is in the Write Mode whenever  $\overline{W}$  and  $\overline{E}$  are low. The start of a write is referenced from the latter occurring falling edge of  $\overline{W}$  or  $\overline{E}$ . A write is terminated by the earlier rising edge of  $\overline{W}$  or  $\overline{E}$ . The addresses must be held valid throughout the cycle.  $\overline{E}$  or  $\overline{W}$  must return high for minimum of t<sub>EHAX</sub> from Chip Enable or t<sub>WHAX</sub> from Write Enable prior to the initiation of another read or write cycle. Data-in must be valid to t<sub>WHDX</sub> afterward.  $\overline{G}$  should be kept high during write cycles to avoid bus contention; although, if the output bus has been activated by a low on  $\overline{E}$  and  $\overline{G}$ , a low on  $\overline{W}$  will disable the outputs t<sub>WLQZ</sub> after  $\overline{W}$  falls.



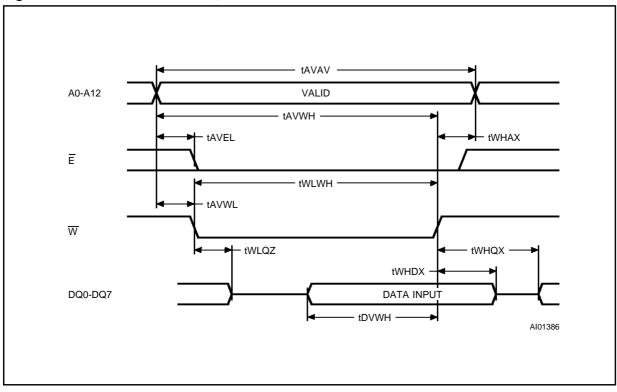
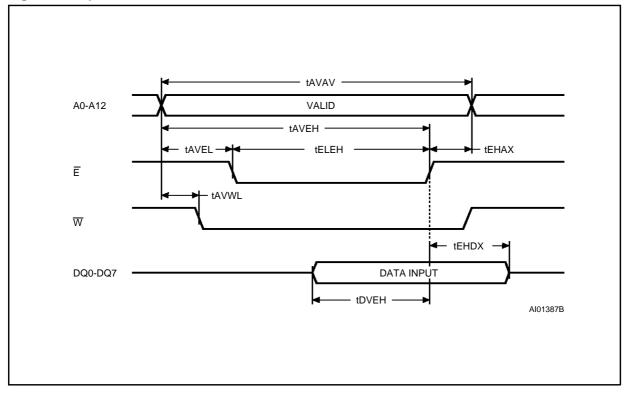


Figure 7. Write Enable Controlled, Write AC Waveforms

Figure 8. Chip Enable Controlled, Write AC Waveforms



SGS-THOMSON

67/

8/14

#### DATA RETENTION MODE

With valid V<sub>CC</sub> applied, the M48Z58 operates as a conventional BYTEWIDE<sup>TM</sup> static RAM. Should the supply voltage decay, the RAM will automatically power-fail deselect, write protecting itself when V<sub>CC</sub> falls within the V<sub>PFD</sub>(max), V<sub>PFD</sub>(min) window. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as "don't care."

**Note:** A power failure during a write cycle may corrupt data at the currently addressed location, but does not jeopardize the rest of the RAM's content. At voltages below  $V_{PFD}(min)$ , the user can be assured the memory will be in a write protected state, provided the  $V_{CC}$  fall time is not less than t<sub>F</sub>. The M48Z58 may respond to transient noise spikes on

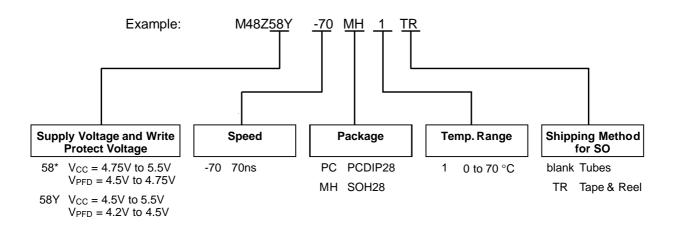
 $V_{CC}$  that reach into the deselect window during the time the device is sampling  $V_{CC}$ . Therefore, decoupling of the power supply lines is recommended.

When  $V_{CC}$  drops below  $V_{SO}$ , the control circuit switches power to the internal battery which preserves data. The internal button cell will maintain data in the M48Z58 for an accumulated period of at least 10 years when  $V_{CC}$  is less than  $V_{SO}$ .

As system power returns and V<sub>CC</sub> rises above V<sub>SO</sub>, the battery is disconnected, and the power supply is switched to external V<sub>CC</sub>. Write protection continues for t<sub>REC</sub> until V<sub>CC</sub> reaches V<sub>PFD</sub>(min). Normal RAM operation can resume t<sub>REC</sub> after V<sub>CC</sub> exceeds V<sub>PFD</sub>(max).



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION SCHEME**



Note: 58\* CAPHAT package only.

The SO and battery packages are shipped separately in plastic anti-static tubes. The SO package is also available to ship in Tape & Reel form. For the 28 lead SO, the battery package (i.e. SNAPHAT) part number is "M4Z28-BR00SH1".

For a list of available options (Supply Voltage, Speed, Package, etc...) refer to the current Memory Shortform catalogue.

For further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the SGS-THOMSON Sales Office nearest to you.

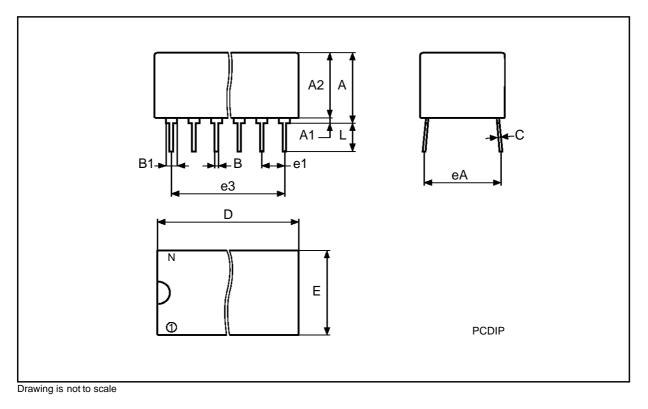


10/14

Symb		mm			inches	
Cynno	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Мах
А		8.89	9.65		0.350	0.380
A1		0.38	0.76		0.015	0.030
A2		8.38	8.89		0.330	0.350
В		0.38	0.53		0.015	0.021
B1		1.14	1.78		0.045	0.070
С		0.20	0.31		0.008	0.012
D		39.37	39.88		1.550	1.570
E		17.83	18.34		0.702	0.722
e1		2.29	2.79		0.090	0.110
e3		29.72	36.32		1.170	1.430
eA		15.24	16.00		0.600	0.630
L		3.05	3.81		0.120	0.150

PCDIP28 - 28 pin Plastic DIP, battery CAPHAT

PCDIP28

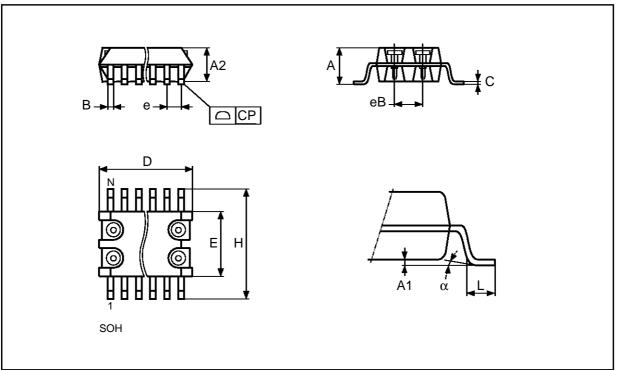




Symb	mm			inches		
	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Мах
А			3.05			0.120
A1		0.05	0.36		0.002	0.014
A2		2.34	2.69		0.092	0.106
В		0.36	0.51		0.014	0.020
С		0.15	0.32		0.006	0.012
D		17.71	18.49		0.697	0.728
E		8.23	8.89		0.324	0.350
е	1.27	_	_	0.050	_	_
eВ		3.20	3.61		0.126	0.142
н		11.51	12.70		0.453	0.500
L		0.41	1.27		0.016	0.050
α		0°	8°		0°	<b>8</b> °
N		28			28	

## SOH28 - 28 lead Plastic Small Outline, battery SNAPHAT

SOH28



SGS-THOMSON

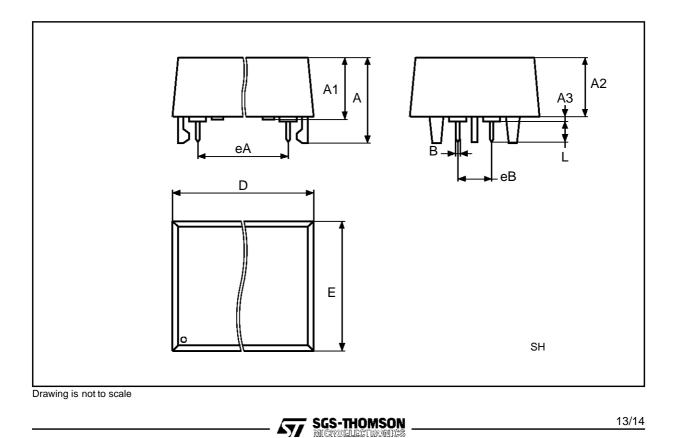
5/

Drawing is not to scale

Symb	mm			inches			
	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Max	
А			9.78			0.385	
A1		6.73	7.24		0.265	0.285	
A2		6.48	6.99		0.255	0.275	
A3			0.38			0.015	
В		0.46	0.56		0.018	0.022	
D		21.21	21.84		0.835	0.860	
E		14.22	14.99		0.560	0.590	
eA		15.55	15.95		0.612	0.628	
eB		3.20	3.61		0.126	0.142	
L		2.03	2.29		0.080	0.090	

## SH28 - SNAPHAT Housing for 28 lead Plastic Small Outline

SH28



<u>ل</u>رک

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics or systems without express written approval of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics.

© 1995 SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics - All Rights Reserved

® ZEROPOWER is a registered trademark of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics <sup>™</sup> SNAPHAT, CAPHAT and BYTEWIDE are trademarks of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics

SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES Australia - Brazil - China - France - Germany - Hong Kong - Italy - Japan - Korea - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - The Netherlands -Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - Taiwan - Thailand - United Kingdom - U.S.A.

