December 1994

LM3045/LM3046/LM3086 Transistor Arrays

# LM3045/LM3046/LM3086 Transistor Arrays

National Semiconductor

### **General Description**

The LM3045, LM3046 and LM3086 each consist of five general purpose silicon NPN transistors on a common monolithic substrate. Two of the transistors are internally connected to form a differentially-connected pair. The transistors are well suited to a wide variety of applications in low power system in the DC through VHF range. They may be used as discrete transistors in conventional circuits however, in addition, they provide the very significant inherent integrated circuit advantages of close electrical and thermal matching. The LM3045 is supplied in a 14-lead cavity dual-in-line package rated for operation over the full military temperature range. The LM3045 but are supplied in a 14-lead molded dual-in-line package for applications requiring only a limited temperature range.

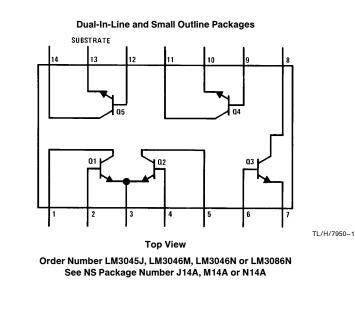
## Features

- Two matched pairs of transistors
  V<sub>BE</sub> matched ±5 mV
  Input offset current 2 μA max at I<sub>C</sub> = 1 mA
- Five general purpose monolithic transistors
- Operation from DC to 120 MHz
- Wide operating current range
- Low noise figure 3.2 dB typ at 1 kHz
- Full military
- temperature range (LM3045) -55°C to +125°C

### **Applications**

- General use in all types of signal processing systems operating anywhere in the frequency range from DC to VHF
- Custom designed differential amplifiers
- Temperature compensated amplifiers

## Schematic and Connection Diagram



©1995 National Semiconductor Corporation TL/H/7950

RRD-B30M115/Printed in U. S. A.

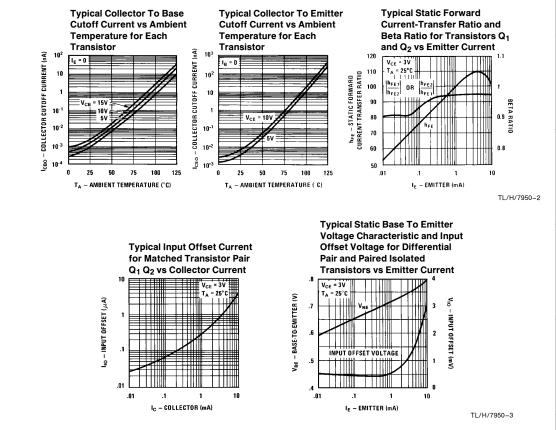
If Military/Aerospace specified devices are		ise contact th	e National Semi	conductor Sale	es Office,
Distributors for availability and specifications.	LM3	045	LM3046/		
	Each Transistor	Total Package	Each Transistor	Total Package	Units
Power Dissipation:					
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	300	750	300	750	mW
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to 55°C			300	750	mW
$T_A > 55^{\circ}C$			Derate a	at 6.67	mW/°(
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to 75°C	300	750			mW
$T_A > 75^{\circ}C$	Derate	e at 8			mW/°0
Collector to Emitter Voltage, V <sub>CEO</sub>	15		15		V
Collector to Base Voltage, V <sub>CBO</sub>	20		20		V
Collector to Substrate Voltage, V <sub>CIO</sub> (Note 1)	20		20		V
Emitter to Base Voltage, V <sub>EBO</sub>	5		5		V
Collector Current, I <sub>C</sub>	50		50		mA
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C		-40°C to	+85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to	+150°C	-65°C to	+85°C	
Soldering Information Dual-In-Line Package Soldering (10 Sec.)	260°C		260°C		
Small Outline Package			01500		
Vapor Phase (60 Seconds) Infrared (15 Seconds)			215°C 220°C		

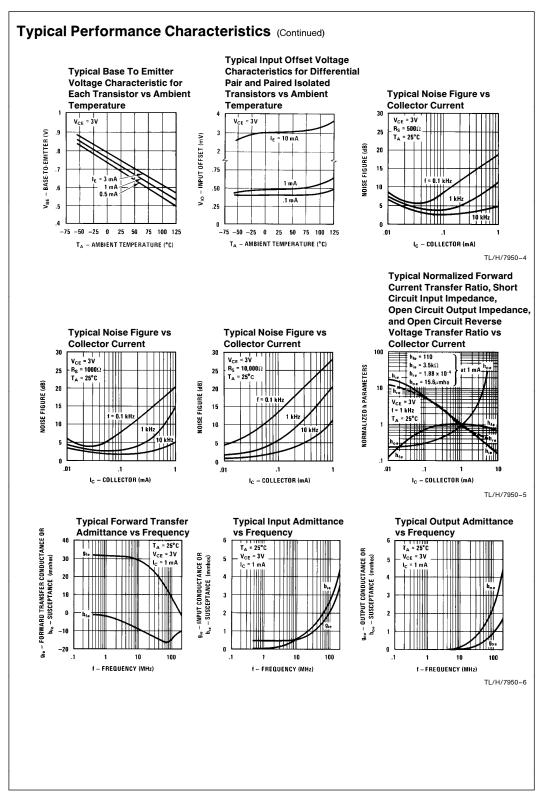
See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

 $\label{eq:Electrical Characteristics} \textbf{(} T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ unless otherwise specified)}$ 

		Limits			Limits			
Parameter	Conditions	LM3045, LM3046			LM3086			Units
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage (V(BR)CBO)	$I_{C} = 10 \ \mu A, I_{E} = 0$	20	60		20	60		V
Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage (V(BR)CEO)	$I_{\rm C} = 1  {\rm mA}, I_{\rm B} = 0$	15	24		15	24		V
Collector to Substrate Breakdown Voltage (V <sub>(BR)CIO</sub> )	$I_{C} = 10 \ \mu A, I_{CI} = 0$	20	60		20	60		V
Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage (V(BR)EBO)	I <sub>E</sub> 10 μA, I <sub>C</sub> = 0	5	7		5	7		V
Collector Cutoff Current (I <sub>CBO</sub> )	$V_{CB} = 10V, I_E = 0$		0.002	40		0.002	100	nA
Collector Cutoff Current (I <sub>CEO</sub> )	$V_{CE} = 10V, I_B = 0$			0.5			5	μΑ
Static Forward Current Transfer Ratio (Static Beta) (h <sub>FE</sub> )	$V_{CE} = 3V$ (lc = 10 mA)		100			100		
	$V_{CE} = 3V \\ \begin{cases} I_C = 10 \text{ mA} \\ I_C = 1 \text{ mA} \\ I_C = 10 \mu\text{A} \end{cases}$	40	100		40	100		
	$l_{\rm C} = 10 \mu{\rm A}$		54			54		
Input Offset Current for Matched Pair $Q_1$ and $Q_2 \left  I_{O1} - I_{IO2} \right $	$V_{CE} = 3V$ , $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.3	2				μA
Base to Emitter Voltage (V <sub>BE</sub> )	$V_{CE} = 3V \int I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$ 0.	0.715			0.715		v	
	$V_{CE} = 3V  \begin{cases} I_E = 1 \text{ mA} \\ I_E = 10 \text{ mA} \end{cases}$		0.800			0.800		v
Magnitude of Input Offset Voltage for Differential Pair $ V_{BE1} - V_{BE2} $	$V_{CE} = 3V$ , $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.45	5				mV
$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Magnitude of Input Offset Voltage for Isolated} \\ \mbox{Transistors }  V_{BE3} - V_{BE4} ,  V_{BE4} - V_{BE5} , \\  V_{BE5} - V_{BE3}  \end{array}$	$V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.45	5				mV
Temperature Coefficient of Base to Emitter Voltage $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{BE}}{\Delta T}\right)$	$V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$		-1.9			-1.9		mV/°C
Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $V_{CE(SAT)}$ )	$I_{B} = 1 \text{ mA}, I_{C} = 10 \text{ mA}$		0.23			0.23		V
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{10}}{\Delta T}\right)$	$V_{CE} = 3V$ , $I_C = 1$ mA		1.1					μV/°C
Note 1: The collector of each transistor of the LM3045, LM304 be connected to the most negative point in the external circuit								3) must

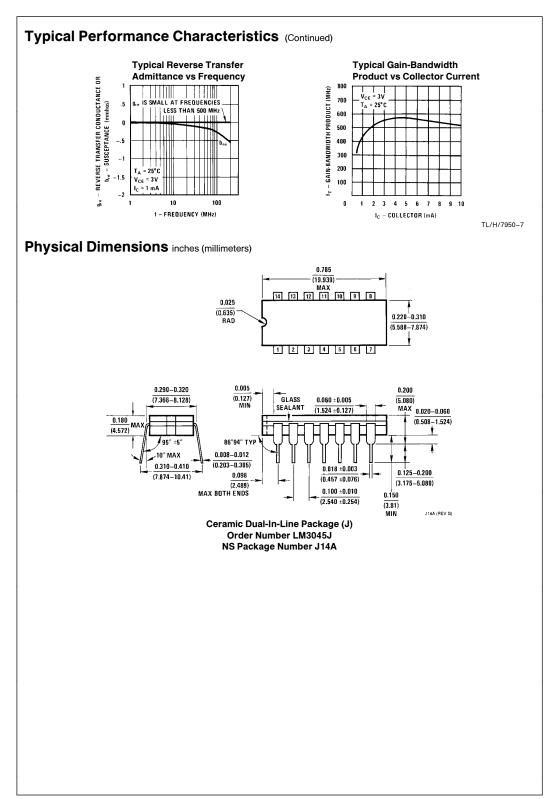
Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unite
Low Frequency Noise Figure (NF)	$      f = 1 \text{ kHz},  \text{V}_{\text{CE}} = 3\text{V}, \\       I_{\text{C}} = 100  \mu\text{A},  \text{R}_{\text{S}} = 1  \text{k}\Omega $		3.25		dB
LOW FREQUENCY, SMALL SIGNAL EQUIVALEN	IT CIRCUIT CHARACTERIS	TICS			
Forward Current Transfer Ratio (h <sub>fe</sub> )	$    f = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ V}_{\text{CE}} = 3\text{V}, $ $    I_{\text{C}} = 1 \text{ mA} $		110 (LM3045, LM3046) (LM3086)		
Short Circuit Input Impednace (h <sub>ie</sub> )			3.5		kΩ
Open Circuit Output Impedance (h <sub>oe</sub> )			15.6		μmh
Open Circuit Reverse Voltage Transfer Ratio (hre)			1.8 x 10−4		
ADMITTANCE CHARACTERISTICS					
Forward Transfer Admittance (Yfe)	$f = 1 MHz, V_{CE} = 3V,$		31 — j 1.5		
Input Admittance (Yie)	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 mA		0.3+J 0.04		
Output Admittance (Yoe)			0.001+j 0.03		
Reverse Transfer Admittance (Yre)			See Curve		
Gain Bandwidth Product (f <sub>T</sub> )	$V_{CE} = 3V$ , $I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$	300	550		
Emitter to Base Capacitance (C <sub>EB</sub> )	$V_{EB} = 3V, I_E = 0$		0.6		pF
Collector to Base Capacitance (C <sub>CB</sub> )	$V_{CB} = 3V, I_{C} = 0$		0.58		pF
Collector to Substrate Capacitance (C <sub>CI</sub> )	$V_{CS} = 3V, I_{C} = 0$		2.8		pF

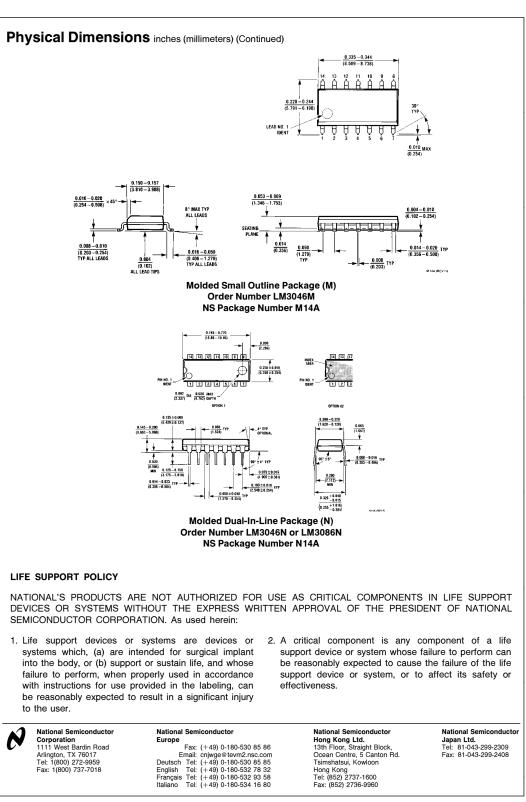






.





National does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and National reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications