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Wide Temperature Range Version 8 M SRAM (1024-kword × 8-bit)



ADE-203-1278B (Z) Rev. 1.0 Mar. 12, 2002

#### Description

The Hitachi HM62V8100I Series is 8-Mbit static RAM organized 1,048,576-word  $\times$  8-bit. HM62V8100I Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing Hi-CMOS process technology. It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in 48 bumps chip size package with 0.75 mm bump pitch or standard 44-pin TSOP II for high density surface mounting.

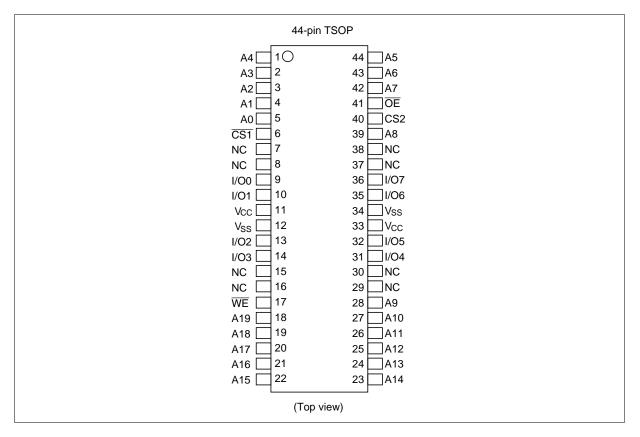
#### Features

- Single 3.0 V supply: 2.7 V to 3.6 V
- Fast access time: 55 ns (Max)
- Power dissipation:
  - Active: 6.0 mW/MHz (Typ)
  - Standby:  $1.5 \mu W$  (Typ)
- Completely static memory.
  - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
  - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
  - 2 chip selection for battery backup
- Temperature range: -40 to +85°C

# **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM62V8100LTTI-5	55 ns	400-mil 44pin plastic TSOP II (normal-bend type) (TTP-44DE)
HM62V8100LTTI-5SL	55 ns	_
HM62V8100LBPI-5	55 ns	48-bumps CSP with 0.75 mm bump pitch (TBP-48A)
HM62V8100LBPI-5SL	55 ns	_

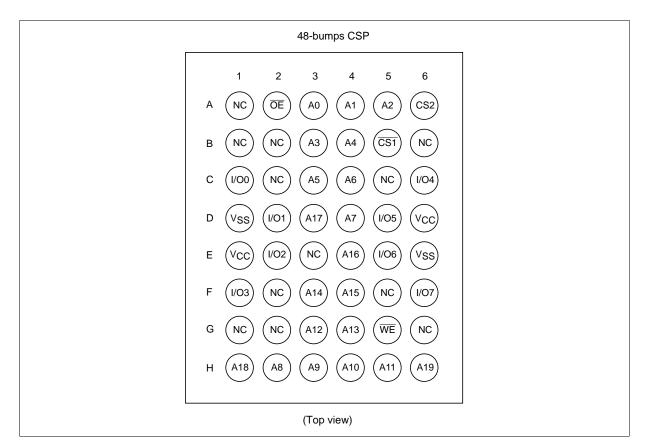
#### **Pin Arrangement**



#### **Pin Description (TSOP)**

Pin name	Function
A0 to A19	Address input
I/O0 to I/O7	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground
NC	No connection



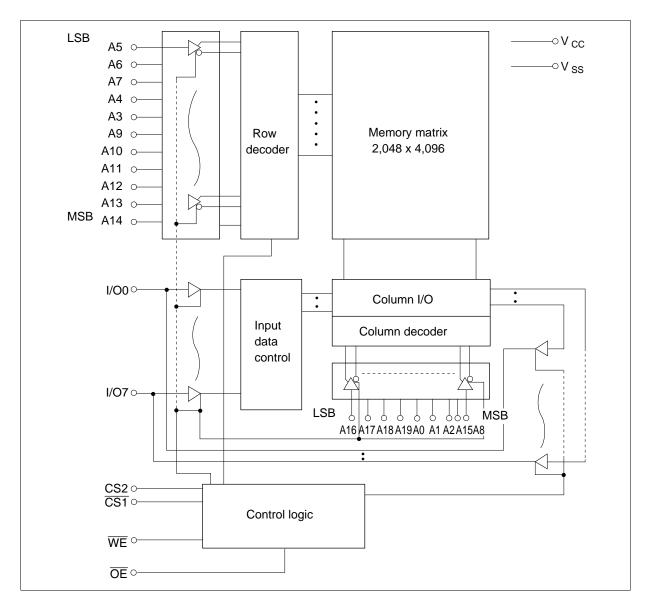


#### **Pin Description (CSP)**

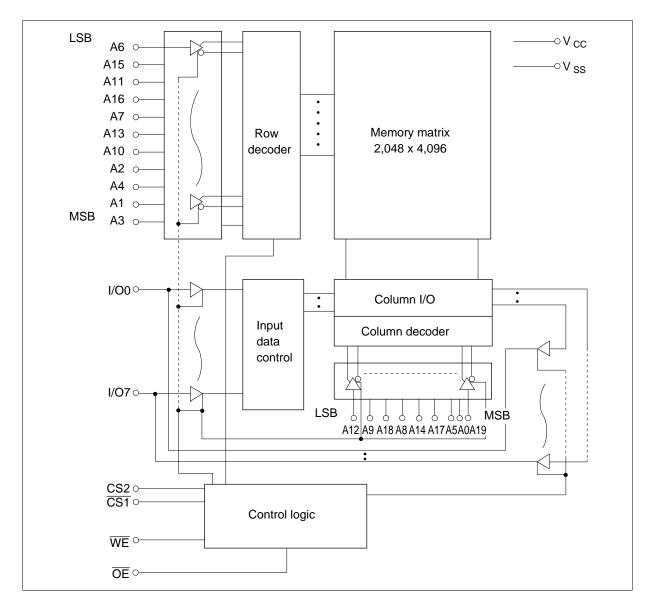
Pin name	Function
A0 to A19	Address input
I/O0 to I/O7	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground
NC	No connection



#### **Block Diagram** (TSOP)



#### **Block Diagram** (CSP)





#### **Operation Table**

CS1	CS2	WE	OE	I/O0 to I/O7	Operation
Н	×	×	×	High-Z	Standby
×	L	×	×	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	Dout	Read
L	Н	L	×	Din	Write
L	Н	Н	Н	High-Z	Output disable

Note: H: V  $_{\rm IH}$ , L: V  $_{\rm IL}$ ,  $\times:$  V  $_{\rm IH}$  or V  $_{\rm IL}$ 

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to $\rm V_{ss}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5 to + 4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ss}}$	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3 <sup>*2</sup>	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Storage temperature range	Tstg	–55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C

Notes: 1.  $V_{\tau}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

#### **DC** Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
	V <sub>ss</sub>	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	—	$V_{cc} + 0.3$	V	
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3	—	0.6	V	1
Ambient temperature range	Та	-40		85	°C	

Note: 1.  $V_{\parallel}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns.

#### **DC** Characteri stics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*1	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$Vin = V_{ss} to V_{cc}$
Output leakage current	<sub>LO</sub>		—	1	μA	$\frac{\overline{CS1}}{\overline{OE}} = V_{IH} \text{ or } CS2 = V_{IL} \text{ or}$ $\overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{WE} = V_{IL}, \text{ or}$ $V_{I/O} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC}$
Operating current	I <sub>cc</sub>	—	_	20	mA	$\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}, CS2 = V_{IH},$ Others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Average operating current	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	14	25	mA	
	I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	2	4	mA	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Cycle time} = 1 \ \mu s, \ duty = 100\%, \\ I_{I\!I\!O} = 0 \ mA, \ \overline{CS1} \leq 0.2 \ V, \\ \ CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \\ V_{I\!H} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \ V_{I\!L} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array}$
Standby current	I <sub>SB</sub>	_	0.1	0.3	mA	CS2 = V <sub>IL</sub>
Standby current	<sub>SB1</sub> *2		0.5	25	μA	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \ V \leq V \text{in} \\ (1) \ 0 \ V \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \ V \ \text{or} \\ (2) \ \overline{CS1} \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V, \\ CS2 \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V \end{array}$
	I*³ SB1	_	0.5	10	μΑ	_
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.2	_	—	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	_		0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$

Note: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{cc}$  = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C and not guaranteed.

2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L version.

3. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

#### **Capacitance** (Ta = +25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

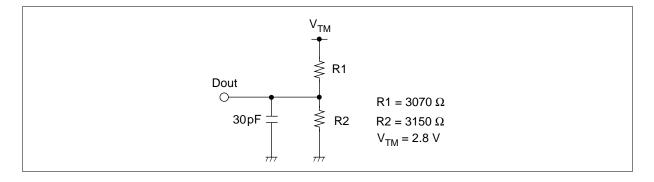
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	—	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>			10	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$	1

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

#### AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to $+85^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

- Input pulse levels:  $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{IH} = 2.2 \text{ V}$
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5 V
- Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



#### Read Cycle

		HM62V	81001		
		-5			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	55	_	ns	
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>		55	ns	
Chip select access time	t <sub>ACS1</sub>		55	ns	
	t <sub>ACS2</sub>		55	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>oe</sub>		35	ns	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>oh</sub>	10		ns	
Chip select to output in low-Z	t <sub>cLZ1</sub>	10	_	ns	2, 3
	t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10		ns	2, 3
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>oLZ</sub>	5		ns	2, 3
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3
	t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>oHZ</sub>	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3

#### Write Cycle

		HM62V	8100I		
		-5			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	55		ns	
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	50	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	50	_	ns	5
Write pulse width	t <sub>wP</sub>	40		ns	4
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		ns	6
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0		ns	7
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	25		ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0		ns	
Output active from end of write	t <sub>ow</sub>	5		ns	2
Output disable to output in High-Z	t <sub>oHZ</sub>	0	20	ns	1, 2
Write to output in high-Z	t <sub>wHZ</sub>	0	20	ns	1, 2

Notes: 1. t<sub>CHZ</sub>, t<sub>OHZ</sub> and t<sub>WHZ</sub> are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

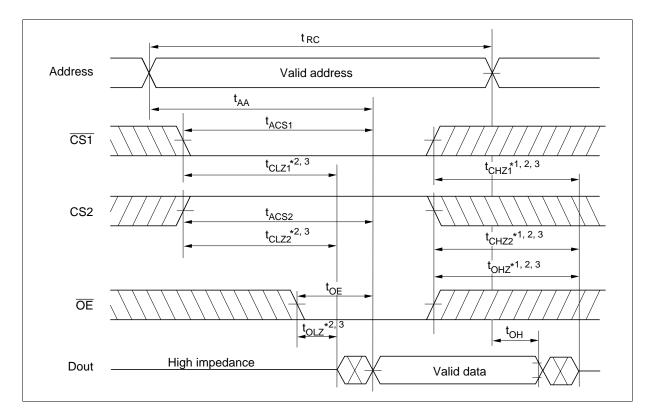
2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

 At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>Hz</sub> max is less than t<sub>Lz</sub> min both for a given device and from device to device.

- 4. A write occures during the overlap of a low CS1, a high CS2, a low WE. A write begins at the latest transition among CS1 going low, CS2 going high, WE going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among CS1 going high, CS2 going low, WE going high. t<sub>wP</sub> is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{cw}$  is measured from the later of  $\overline{CS1}$  going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 6.  $t_{AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 7.  $t_{WR}$  is measured from the earliest of  $\overline{CS1}$  or  $\overline{WE}$  going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.

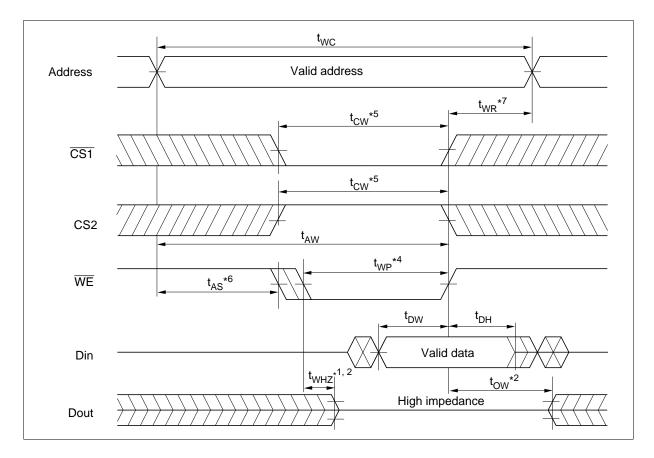
#### **Timing Waveform**

#### Read Cycle

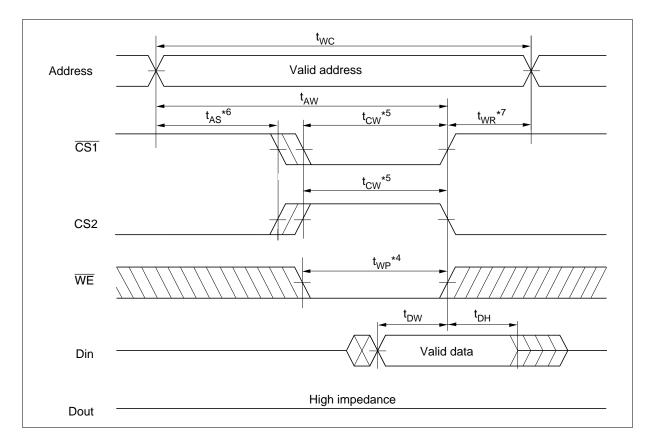




#### Write Cycle (1) (WE Clock)



#### Write Cycle (2) ( $\overline{CS}$ Clock, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ )



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ* <sup>4</sup>	Мах	Unit	Test conditions*3
V <sub>cc</sub> for data retention	V <sub>dr</sub>	2.0	_	3.6	V	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Vin} \geq 0\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{(1)}  0 \ \mbox{V} \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \ \mbox{V} \ \mbox{or} \\ \mbox{(2)}  \frac{CS2}{CS1} \geq \mbox{V}_{\rm CC} - 0.2 \ \mbox{V} \\ \hline \hline \hline CS1 \geq \mbox{V}_{\rm CC} - 0.2 \ \mbox{V} \\ \end{array} $
Data retention current	I *1	_	0.5	25	μΑ	$\begin{array}{l} V_{cc} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin } \geq 0\text{V} \\ (1) \ 0 \ \text{V} \leq \text{CS2} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \text{ or} \\ (2) \ \underline{\text{CS2}} \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \overline{\text{CS1}} \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \text{ V} \end{array}$
	I <sub>CCDR</sub> * <sup>2</sup>	—	0.5	10	μA	
Chip deselect to data retention time	t <sub>CDR</sub>	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub> *5	—	_	ns	

#### Low $V_{cc}$ Data Retention Characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85°C)

Notes: 1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L version.

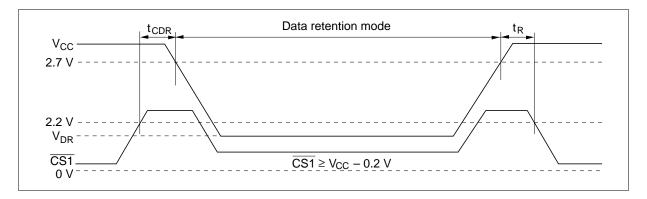
2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

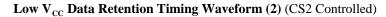
CS2 controls address buffer, WE buffer, CS1 buffer, OE buffer and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE, OE, CS1, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If CS1 controls data retention mode, CS2 must be CS2 ≥ V<sub>cc</sub> – 0.2 V or 0 V ≤ CS2 ≤ 0.2 V. The other input levels (address, WE, OE, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.

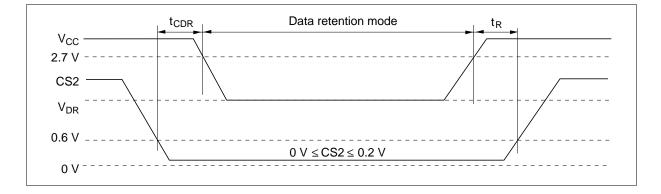
4. Typical values are at  $V_{cc}$  = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 °C and not guaranteed.

5.  $t_{RC}$  = read cycle time.

#### Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) ( $\overline{CS1}$ Controlled)

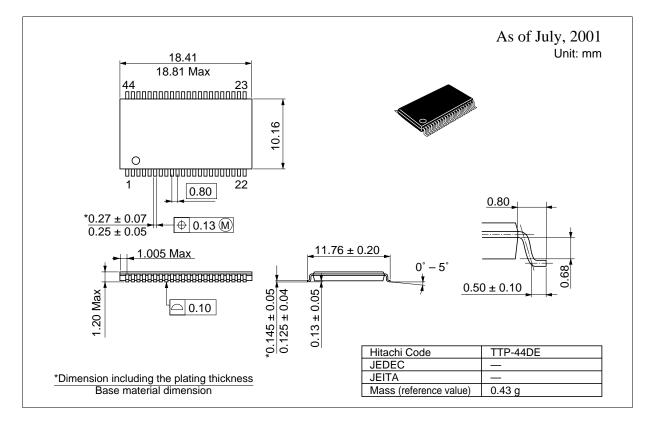




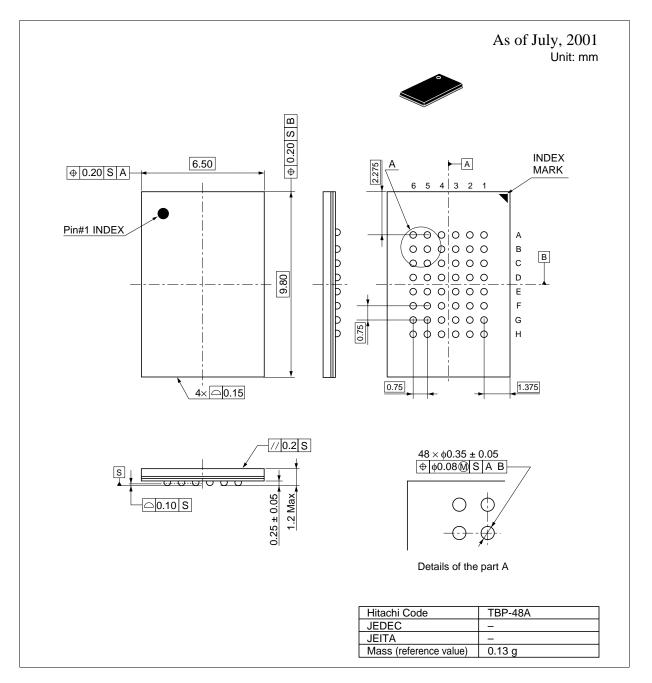


#### **Package Dimensions**

#### HM62V8100LTTI Series (TTP-44DE)



#### HM62V8100LBPI Series (TBP-48A)





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