

LTC2050/LTC2050HV

Zero-Drift Operational Amplifiers in SOT-23

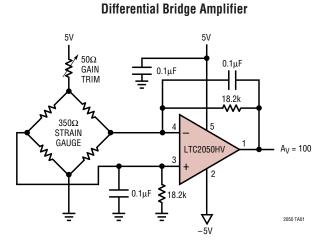
FEATURES

- Maximum Offset Voltage of 3µV
- Maximum Offset Voltage Drift of 30nV/°C
- Noise: 1.5μV_{P-P} (0.01Hz to 10Hz Typ)
- Voltage Gain: 140dB (Typ)
- PSRR: 130dB (Typ)
- CMRR: 130dB (Typ)
- Supply Current: 0.8mA (Typ)
- Supply Operation: 2.7V to 6V (LTC2050) 2.7V to ±5.5V (LTC2050HV)
- Extended Common Mode Input Range
- Output Swings Rail-to-Rail
- Input Overload Recovery Time: 2ms (Typ)
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to 125°C
- SOT-23 Package

APPLICATIONS

- Thermocouple Amplifiers
- Electronic Scales
- Medical Instrumentation
- Strain Gauge Amplifiers
- High Resolution Data Acquisition
- DC Accurate RC Active Filters
- Low Side Current Sense

TYPICAL APPLICATION



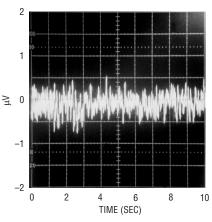
DESCRIPTION

The LTC[®]2050 and LTC2050HV are zero-drift operational amplifiers available in the 5- or 6-lead SOT-23 and SO-8 packages. The LTC2050 operates from a single 2.7V to 6V supply. The LTC2050HV operates on supplies from 2.7V to \pm 5.5V. The current consumption is 800µA and the versions in the 6-lead SOT-23 and SO-8 packages offer power shutdown (active low).

The LTC2050, despite its miniature size, features uncompromising DC performance. The typical input offset voltage and offset drift are 0.5μ V and 10nV/°C. The almost zero DC offset and drift are supported with a power supply rejection ratio (PSRR) and common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) of more than 130dB.

The input common mode voltage ranges from the negative supply up to typically 1V from the positive supply. The LTC2050 also has an enhanced output stage capable of driving loads as low as $2k\Omega$ to both supply rails. The open-loop gain is typically 140dB. The LTC2050 also features a $1.5\mu V_{P-P}$ DC to 10Hz noise and a 3MHz gain bandwidth product.

C, LTC and LT are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation.



Input Referred Noise 0.1Hz to 10Hz

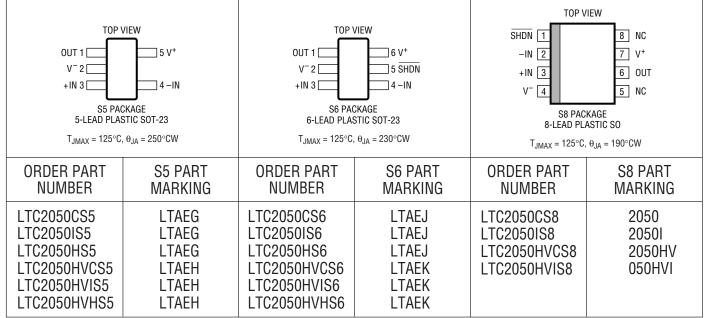


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Total Supply Voltage (V ⁺ to V ⁻)
LTC2050 7V
LTC2050HV 12V
Input Voltage $(V^+ + 0.3V)$ to $(V^ 0.3V)$
Output Short-Circuit Duration Indefinite

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to 125°C
Specified Temperature Range	
(Note 3)	-40°C to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (LTC2050, LTC2050HV) The • denotes specifications which apply over the

full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25$ °C. $V_S = 3V$ unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

DADAMETED	CONDITIONS			2050C/LTC	2050I Max	MIN	LTC2050H TYP	MAX	LINITO
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР		MIN			UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 2)			±0.5	±3		±0.5	±3	μV
Average Input Offset Drift	(Note 2)				±0.03			±0.05	μV/°C
Long-Term Offset Drift				50			50		nV/√mo
Input Bias Current	LTC2050	•		±20	±75 ±300		±20	±75 ±4000	pA pA
	LTC2050HV	•		±1	±50 ±100		±1	±50 ±4000	pA pA
Input Offset Current	LTC2050	•			±150 ±200			±150 ±1000	pA pA
	LTC2050HV	•			±100 ±150			±100 ±1000	pA pA
Input Noise Voltage	$R_{\rm S} = 100\Omega$, 0.01Hz to 10Hz			1.5			1.5		μν _{Ρ-Ρ}
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = GND \text{ to } (V^+ - 1.3)$ $V_{CM} = GND \text{ to } (V^+ - 1.3)$	•	115 110	130 130		115 110	130 130		dB dB
	•								2050fa



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (LTC2050, LTC2050HV) The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. V_S = 3V unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

			LTC2	050C/LT(20501		LTC2050H			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 2.7V to 6V		120	130		120	130		dB	
		•	115	130		115	130		dB	
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L = 10k$		120	140		120	140		dB	
			115	140		115	140		dB	
Output Voltage Swing High	$R_{I} = 2k \text{ to GND}$		2.85	2.94		2.85	2.94		V	
	R_{L}^{-} = 10k to GND	•	2.95	2.98		2.95	2.98		V	
Output Voltage Swing Low	$R_{I} = 2k \text{ to GND}$			1	10		1	10	mV	
	R_{L}^{-} = 10k to GND			1	10		1	10	mV	
Slew Rate				2			2		V/µs	
Gain Bandwidth Product				3			3		MHz	
Supply Current	V _{SHDN} = V _{IH} , No Load			0.75	1.1		0.75	1.2	mA	
	$V_{SHDN} = V_{IL}$				10			10	μA	
Shutdown Pin Input Low Voltage (V _{IL})		•			V ⁻ + 0.5			V ⁻ + 0.5	V	
Shutdown Pin Input High Voltage (V _{IH})		•	V ⁺ - 0.5			V ⁺ - 0.5			V	
Shutdown Pin Input Current	V _{SHDN} = GND			-0.5	-3		-0.5	-3	μA	
Internal Sampling Frequency				7.5			7.5		kHz	

The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. (LTC2050, LTC2050HV) V_S = 5V unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		LTC: Min	2050C/LTC TYP	2050I Max	MIN	LTC2050H TYP	I Max	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 2)			±0.5	±3		±0.5	±3	μV
Average Input Offset Drift	(Note 2)				±0.03			±0.05	μV/°C
Long-Term Offset Drift				50			50		nV/√mo
Input Bias Current	LTC2050	•		±75	±150 ±300		±75	±150 ±4000	рА pA
	LTC2050HV	•		±7	±50 ±150		±7	±50 ±4000	рА pA
Input Offset Current	LTC2050	•			±300 ±400			±300 ±1000	рА pA
	LTC2050HV	•			±100 ±200			±100 ±1000	рА pA
Input Noise Voltage	$R_{S} = 100\Omega$, 0.01Hz to 10Hz			1.5			1.5		μν _{Ρ-Ρ}
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = GND \text{ to } (V^+ - 1.3)$ $V_{CM} = GND \text{ to } (V^+ - 1.3)$	•	120 115	130 130		120 110	130 130		dB dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 2.7V to 6V	•	120 115	130 130		120 115	130 130		dB dB
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	R _L = 10k	•	125 120	140 140		125 115	140 140		dB dB
Output Voltage Swing High	$R_L = 2k \text{ to GND}$ $R_L = 10k \text{ to GND}$	•	4.85 4.95	4.94 4.98		4.85 4.95	4.94 4.98		V V
Output Voltage Swing Low	$R_L = 2k \text{ to GND}$ $R_L = 10k \text{ to GND}$	•		1 1	10 10		1 1	10 10	mV mV
Slew Rate				2			2		V/µs
Gain Bandwidth Product				3			3		MHz
Supply Current	$V_{SHDN} = V_{IH}$, No Load $V_{SHDN} = V_{IL}$	•		0.8	1.2 15		0.8	1.3 15	mA μA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. (LTC2050, LTC2050HV) V_S = 5V unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

		LTC2	050C/LTC	20501	LTC2050H				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Shutdown Pin Input Low Voltage (VIL)					$V^{-} + 0.5$			V ⁻ + 0.5	V
Shutdown Pin Input High Voltage (V _{IH})			V ⁺ -0.5			V ⁺ - 0.5			V
Shutdown Pin Input Current	V _{SHDN} = GND			-0.5	-7		-0.5	-7	μA
Internal Sampling Frequency				7.5			7.5		kHz

(LTC2050HV) The • denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 5V$ unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

			LTC2	050C/LTC	20501				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 2)			±0.5	±3		±0.5	±3	μV
Average Input Offset Drift	(Note 2)				±0.03			±0.05	μV/°C
Long-Term Offset Drift				50			50		nV/√mo
Input Bias Current (Note 4)		•		±25	±125 ±300		±25	±125 ±4000	pA pA
Input Offset Current (Note 4)		•			±250 ±500			±250 ±1000	pA pA
Input Noise Voltage	R_{S} = 100 Ω , 0.01Hz to 10Hz			1.5			1.5		μV _{P-P}
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = V^{-}$ to $(V^{+} - 1.3)$ $V_{CM} = V^{-}$ to $(V^{+} - 1.3)$	•	120 115	130 130		120 115	130 130		dB dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 2.7V to 11V	•	120 115	130 130		120 115	130 130		dB dB
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	R _L = 10k	•	125 120	140 140		125 120	140 140		dB dB
Maximum Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 2k \text{ to GND}$ $R_L = 10k \text{ to GND}$	•	±4.75 ±4.90	±4.94 ±4.98		±4.50 ±4.85	±4.94 ±4.98		V V
Slew Rate				2			2		V/µs
Gain Bandwidth Product				3			3		MHz
Supply Current	$V_{SHDN} = V_{IH}$, No Load $V_{SHDN} = V_{IL}$	•		1	1.5 25		1	1.6 25	mA μA
Shutdown Pin Input Low Voltage (VIL)					V ⁻ + 0.5			V ⁻ + 0.5	V
Shutdown Pin Input High Voltage (V _{IH})		•	V ⁺ - 0.5			V ⁺ - 0.5			V
Shutdown Pin Input Current	$V_{SHDN} = V^{-}$	•		-3	-20		-3	-20	μA
Internal Sampling Frequency				7.5			7.5		kHz

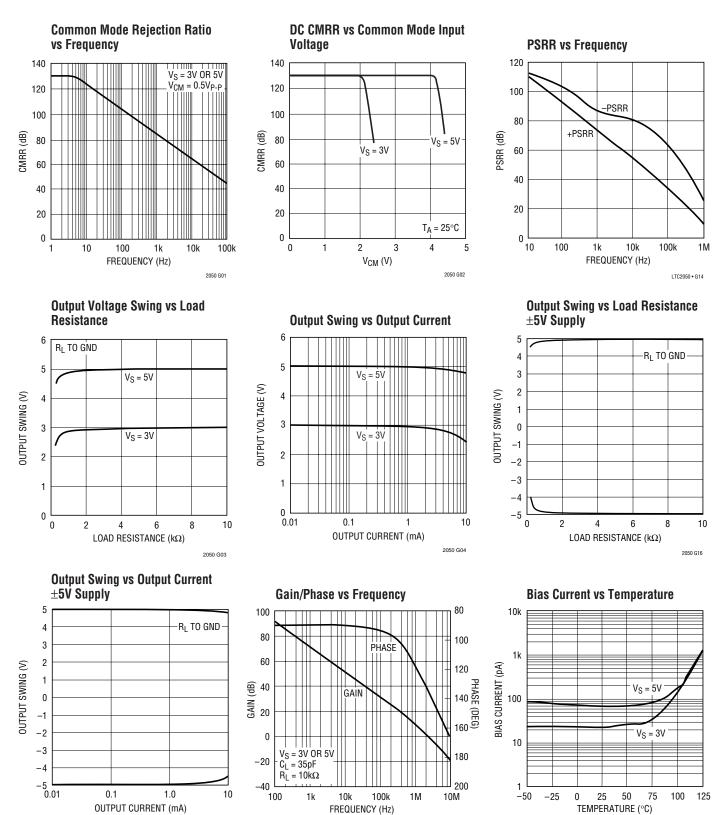
Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

Note 2: These parameters are guaranteed by design. Thermocouple effects preclude measurements of these voltage levels during automated testing. Note 3: All versions of the LTC2050 are designed, characterized and expected to meet the extended temperature limits of -40°C and 125°C. The LTC2050C/LTC2050HVC are guaranteed to meet the temperature limits of 0°C and 70°C. The LTC2050I/LTC2050HVI are guaranteed to meet the temperature limits of -40°C and 85°C. The LTC2050H/LTC2050HVH are guaranteed to meet the temperature limits of -40°C and 125°C.

Note 4: The bias current measurement accuracy depends on the proximity of the supply bypass capacitor to the device under test, especially at $\pm 5V$ supplies. Because of testing limitations on the placement of this bypass capacitor, the bias current at ±5V supplies is guaranteed by design to meet the data sheet limits, but tested to relaxed limits.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



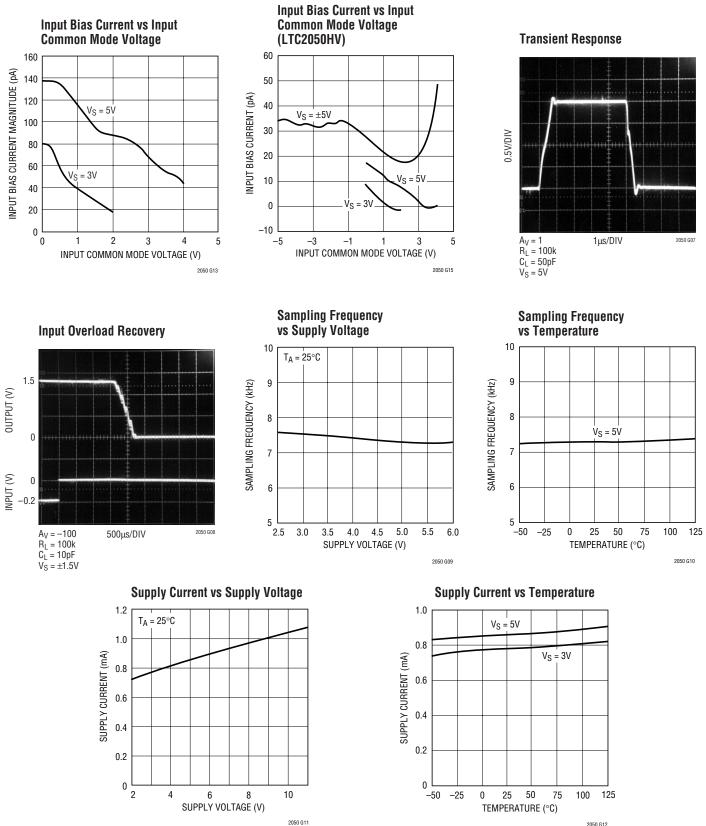
2050 G05



2050 G17

2050 G06 2050fa

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



2050 G12



TEST CIRCUITS Electrical Characteristics DC-10Hz Noise Test Circuit Test Circuit 100k 100k 475k OUTPUT 100 100 0.01µF 158k 316k 475k LTC2050 LTC2050 T0 X-Y 0.1µŀ 0.01µF LT1012 RECORDER 2050 TC01 FOR 1Hz NOISE BW INCREASE ALL THE CAPACITORS BY A FACTOR OF 10. 2050 TC02

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Shutdown

The LTC2050 includes a shutdown pin in the 6-lead SOT-23 and the SO-8 version. When this active low pin is high or allowed to float, the device operates normally. When the shutdown pin is pulled low, the device enters shutdown mode; supply current drops to 3μ A, all clocking stops, and both inputs and output assume a high impedance state.

Clock Feedthrough, Input Bias Current

The LTC2050 uses auto-zeroing circuitry to achieve an almost zero DC offset over temperature, common mode voltage, and power supply voltage. The frequency of the clock used for auto-zeroing is typically 7.5kHz. The term clock feedthrough is broadly used to indicate visibility of this clock frequency in the op amp output spectrum. There are typically two types of clock feedthrough in auto zeroed op amps like the LTC2050.

The first form of clock feedthrough is caused by the settling of the internal sampling capacitor and is input referred; that is, it is multiplied by the closed loop gain of

the op amp. This form of clock feedthrough is independent of the magnitude of the input source resistance or the magnitude of the gain setting resistors. The LTC2050 has a residue clock feedthrough of less then $1\mu V_{RMS}$ input referred at 7.5kHz.

The second form of clock feedthrough is caused by the small amount of charge injection occurring during the sampling and holding of the op amp's input offset voltage. The current spikes are multiplied by the impedance seen at the input terminals of the op amp, appearing at the output multiplied by the closed loop gain of the op amp. To reduce this form of clock feedthrough, use smaller valued gain setting resistors and minimize the source resistance at the input. If the resistance seen at the inputs is less than 10k, this form of clock feedthrough is less than 1 μ V_{RMS} input referred at 7.5kHz, or less than the amount of residue clock feedthrough from the first form described above.

Placing a capacitor across the feedback resistor reduces either form of clock feedthrough by limiting the bandwidth of the closed loop gain.



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Input bias current is defined as the DC current into the input pins of the op amp. The same current spikes that cause the second form of clock feedthrough described above, when averaged, dominate the DC input bias current of the op amp below 70°C.

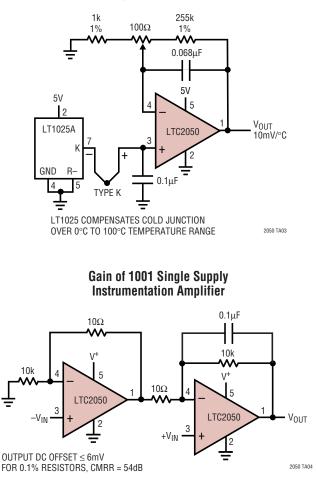
At temperatures above 70° C, the leakage of the ESD protection diodes on the inputs increases the input bias currents of both inputs in the positive direction, while the current caused by the charge injection stays relatively constant. At elevated temperatures (above 85° C) the

leakage current begins to dominate and both the negative and positive pin's input bias currents are in the positive direction (into the pins).

Input Pins, ESD Sensitivity

ESD voltages above 700V on the input pins of the op amp will cause the input bias currents to increase (more DC current into the pins). At these voltages, it is possible to damage the device to a point where the input bias current exceeds the maximums specified in this data sheet.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

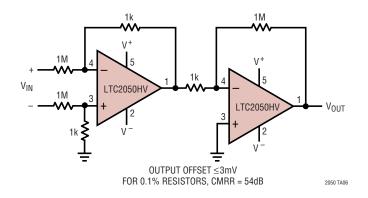


Single Supply Thermocouple Amplifier

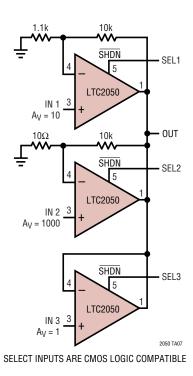


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

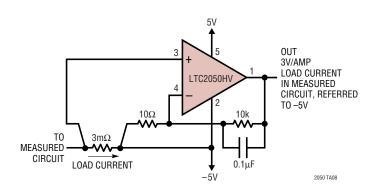
Instrumentation Amplifier with 100V Common Mode Input Voltage



High Precision Three-Input Mux



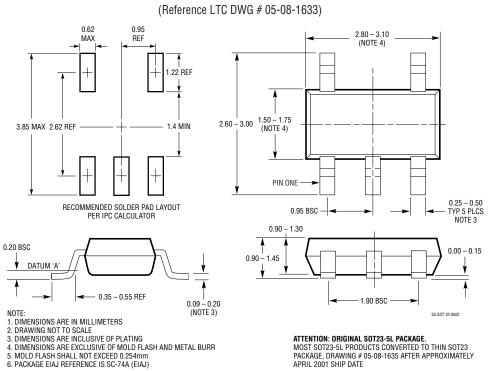
Low-Side Power Supply Current Sensing





9

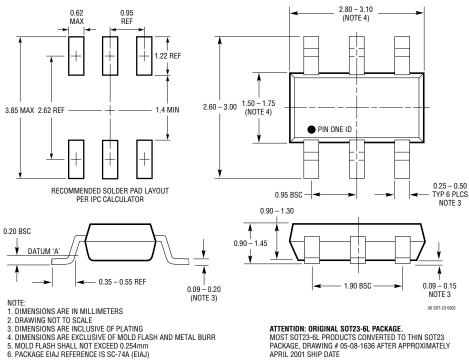
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



S5 Package 5-Lead Plastic SOT-23

> ATTENTION: ORIGINAL SOT23-5L PACKAGE. MOST SOT23-5L PRODUCTS CONVERTED TO THIN SOT23 PACKAGE, DRAWING # 05-08-1635 AFTER APPROXIMATELY APRIL 2001 SHIP DATE

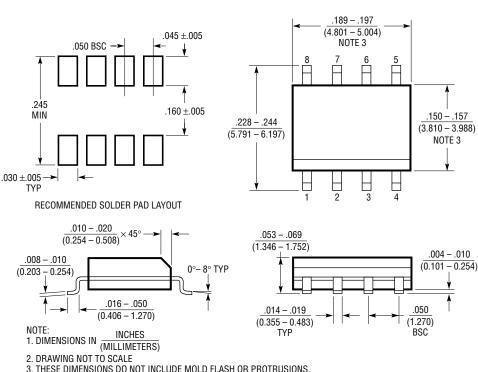
S6 Package 6-Lead Plastic SOT-23 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1634)



ATTENTION: ORIGINAL SOT23-6L PACKAGE. MOST SOT23-6L PRODUCTS CONVERTED TO THIN SOT23 PACKAGE, DRAWING # 05-08-1636 AFTER APPROXIMATELY APRIL 2001 SHIP DATE



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

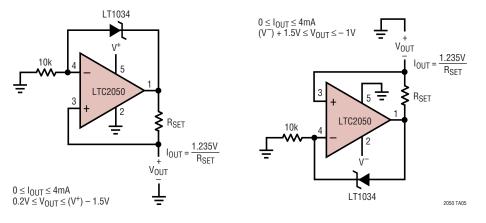
3. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006" (0.15mm)

SO8 0303



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Ground Referred Precision Current Sources



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC1049	Low Power Zero-Drift Op Amp	Low Supply Current 200µA
LTC1050	Precision Zero-Drift Op Amp	Single Supply Operation 4.75V to 16V, Noise Tested and Guaranteed
LTC1051/LTC1053	Precision Zero-Drift Op Amp	Dual/Quad
LTC1150	±15V Zero-Drift Op Amp	High Voltage Operation ±18V
LTC1152	Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Zero-Drift Op Amp	Single Zero-Drift Op Amp with Rail-to-Rail Input and Output and Shutdown
LT1677	Low Noise Rail-to-Rail Input and Ouptput Precision Op Amp	$V_{0S} = 90\mu V$, $V_S = 2.7V$ to 44V
LT1884/LT1885	Rail-to-Rail Output Precision Op Amp	$V_{0S} = 50\mu V$, $I_B = 400pA$, $V_S = 2.7V$ to 40V
LTC2051	Dual Zero-Drift Op Amp	Dual Version of the LTC2050 in MS8 Package

