

# TC3405

# 16-Bit, Low Cost, Low Power Sigma-Delta A/D Converter

#### Features

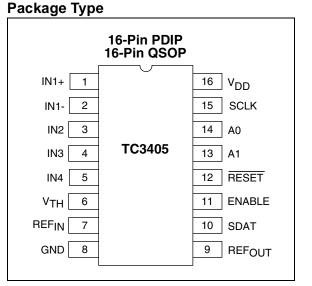
- 16-bit Resolution at Eight Conversions Per Second, Adjustable Down to 10-bit Resolution at 512 Conversions Per Second
- 1.8V 5.5V Operation, Low Power Operating 250μA; Sleep: 35μA
- microPort<sup>™</sup> Serial Bus Requires only two Interface Lines
- Uses Internal or External Reference
- · Automatically Enters Sleep Mode when not in use
- One Differential and Three Single-ended Inputs with Built-In Multiplexer
- V<sub>DD</sub> Monitor and Reset Generator Operational in Shutdown Mode

### Applications

- Consumer Electronics, Thermostats, CO Monitors, Humidity Meters, Security Sensors
- Embedded Systems, Data Loggers, Portable Equipment
- Medical Instruments

#### **Device Selection Table**

Part Number	Package	Temperature Range	
TC3405VPE	16-Pin PDIP (Narrow)	0°C to +85°C	
TC3405VQR	16-Pin QSOP Narrow)	0°C to +85°C	



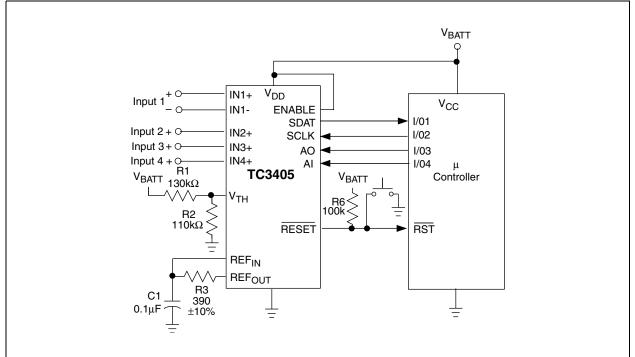
### **General Description**

The TC3405 is a low cost, low power analog-to-digital converter based on Microchip's Sigma-Delta technology. It will perform 16-bit conversions (15-bit plus sign) at up to eight per second. The TC3405 is optimized for use as a microcontroller peripheral in low cost, battery operated systems. A voltage reference is included, or an external reference can be used. A V<sub>DD</sub> monitor with a reset generator provides Power-on Reset and Brownout protection while an extra threshold detector is suitable for use as an early warning power fail detector, or as a Wake-up Timer.

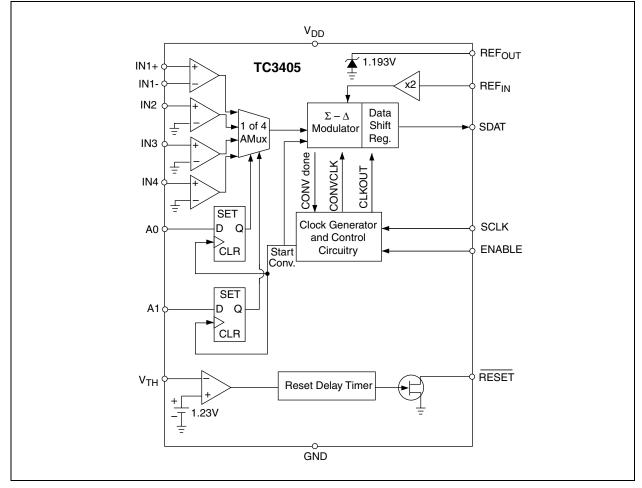
The TC3405's 2-wire microPort<sup>™</sup> digital interface is used for starting conversions and for reading out the data. Driving the SCLK line low starts a conversion. After the conversion starts, each additional falling edge (up to six) detected on SCLK for t<sub>4</sub> seconds reduces the A/D resolution by one bit and cuts conversion time in half. After a conversion is completed, clocking the SCLK line puts the MSB through LSB of the resulting data word onto the SDAT line, much like a shift register. The part automatically sleeps when not performing a data conversion.

The TC3405 is available in a 16-Pin PDIP and a 16-Pin QSOP package.

# **Typical Application**



### **Functional Block Diagram**



# 1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Supply Voltage6.0V
Voltage on Pin:
RESET (GND – 0.3V) to 5.5V
Input Voltage (All Other Pins):
(GND – 0.3V) to (V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V)
Operating Temperature Range 0°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C

\*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### TC3405 DC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Electrical Characteristics:**  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and  $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ , unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** type specifications apply for temperatures of 0°C to 85°C.  $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ , Internal Clock Frequency = 520kHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Power Sup	pply					
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage	1.8	—	5.5	V	
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current, During Data Conversion	_	250	_	μA	
IDDSLEEP	Supply Current, Sleep Mode		35	80	μΑ	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C
			38	50	μΑ	
Accuracy	(Differential Inputs)					
RES	Resolution	_	16	_	Bits	
INL	Integral Non-Linearity	_	.0038	_	%FSR	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V
V <sub>OS</sub>	Offset Error		_	±0.9	%FSR	IN+, IN- = 0V
V <sub>NOISE</sub>	Referred to input		60		μVrms	
CMR	Common Mode Rejection	_	75	_	dB	At DC
FSE	Full Scale Error	_	0.4%	_	%FS	
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	_	75	_	dB	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V to 3.5V
INn+, INn-,	INn					
V <sub>IN</sub> ±	Differential Input Voltage	_	_	V <sub>DD</sub>	V	Note 1
	Absolute Voltage Range on INn+, INn-, INn	GND	_	V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
	Input Bias Current	_	1	100	nA	
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Sampling Capacitance	_	2	_	pF	
R <sub>IN</sub>	Differential Input Resistance		2.0		MΩ	Note 2
REF <sub>IN,</sub> REF	оит					
V <sub>REF</sub>	REF <sub>IN</sub> Voltage Range	0	—	1.25	V	
I <sub>REF</sub>	REF <sub>IN</sub> Input Current	_	1		μA	
V <sub>REFOUT</sub>	REF <sub>OUT</sub> Voltage	1.175	1.193		V	
REF <sub>SINK</sub>	REF <sub>OUT</sub> Current Sink Capability	_	10	_	μΑ	
REF <sub>SRC</sub>	REF <sub>OUT</sub> Current Source Capability	300	—		μA	

Note 1: Differential input voltage defined as  $(V_{IN} + - V_{IN} -)$ .

2: Resistance from INn+ to INn- or INn to GND.

3: @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, I<sub>SOURCE</sub>  $\leq$  200 $\mu$ A.

#### TC3405 DC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

**Electrical Characteristics:**  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and  $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ , unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** type specifications apply for temperatures of 0°C to 85°C.  $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ , Internal Clock Frequency = 520kHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
SCLK, A0	A1, ENABLE					
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	—	—	0.3 x V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage	0.7 x V <sub>DD</sub>			V	
I <sub>LEAK</sub>	Leakage Current	—	1	-	μΑ	
SDAT, RES	ET					
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	—		0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5mA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage (SDAT)	0.9 x V <sub>DD</sub>	_	_	V	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 400µA (Note 3)
V <sub>DDMIN</sub>	Minimum V <sub>DD</sub> for PFO, RESET Valid	—	1.1	1.3	μA	
V <sub>TH</sub> , PFI						
V <sub>CCPFI</sub>	PFI Input Voltage Range	0	_	V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
	V <sub>TH</sub> , PFI Input Current	-0.1	.01	0.1	μΑ	
V <sub>THR</sub>	Threshold (V <sub>TH</sub> , PFI)	—	1.23	_	V	
	Threshold Hysteresis	—	30	_	mV	
	Threshold Tempco	_	30	_	ppm/°C	

Note 1: Differential input voltage defined as (V<sub>IN</sub>+ - V<sub>IN</sub>-).

2: Resistance from INn+ to INn- or INn to GND.

3: @  $V_{DD}$  = 1.8V,  $I_{SOURCE} \le 200 \mu A$ .

#### **TC3405 AC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Electrical Characteristics:  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and  $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ , unless otherwise specified. Boldface type specifications apply for temperatures of 0°C to 85°C. V<sub>REF</sub> = 1.25V, Internal Clock Frequency = 520kHz. Min Unit **Test Conditions** Symbol Parameter Max Тур **Resolution Reduction Clock Width** 1 µsec Width of SCLK (Negative) t1 Width of SCLK (Positive) **Resolution Reduction Clock Width** 1 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ µsec t<sub>2</sub> Conversion Time (15-bit Plus Sign) 125 16-bit Conversion,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  (Note 1) \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ msec t<sub>3</sub> Conversion Time (14-bit Plus Sign) t<sub>3</sub>/2.0 15-bit Conversion \_ \_ msec Conversion Time (13-bit Plus Sign) t<sub>3</sub>/4.0 msec 14-bit Conversion \_\_\_\_ Conversion Time (12-bit Plus Sign) \_\_\_\_ t<sub>3</sub>/7.8 \_\_\_\_ msec 13-bit Conversion Conversion Time (11-bit Plus Sign) t<sub>3</sub>/15.1 msec 12-bit Conversion Conversion Time (10-bit Plus Sign) t<sub>3</sub>/28.6 msec 11-bit Conversion Conversion Time (9-bit Plus Sign) t<sub>3</sub>/51.4 msec 10-bit Conversion **Resolution Reduction Window** Width of SCLK t<sub>3</sub>/85.7 msec t⊿ SCLK to Data Valid 1000 nsec SCLK Falling Edge to SDAT Valid t<sub>5</sub> Address Setup 0 Address Valid to SCLK nsec t<sub>6</sub> Address Hold 1000 SCLK to Address Valid Hold t<sub>7</sub> nsec SCLK to SDAT Delay Acknowledge Delay 1000 t<sub>8</sub> nsec **RESET** Active Time-out Period Delay from POR or Brown-out t<sub>3</sub>\*2 \_\_\_\_ msec t<sub>9</sub> Recovery to  $\overline{\text{RESET}} = V_{OH}$ Delay V<sub>TH</sub> Falling at 10V/msec to **RESET** Delay 5 64 µsec t<sub>11</sub> RESET Low Note 1: Nominal temperature drift is -2830ppm/C° for temperature less than 25°C and -1340ppm/°C for temperatures

greater than 25°C.

# 2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

# TABLE 2-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Pin No. (16-Pin PDIP) (16-Pin QSOP)	Symbol	Description		
1	IN1+	Analog Input. This is the positive terminal of a true differential input consisting of IN1+ and IN1 $V_{IN1} = (IN1+ - IN-)$ . See Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.		
2	IN1-	Analog Input. This is the negative terminal of a true differential input consisting of IN1+ and IN1 V <sub>IN1</sub> = (IN+ – IN-) IN1- can swing to, but not below, ground. See Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics		
3	IN2	Analog Input. This is the positive terminal of a true differential input with the negative input tied internally to GND. See Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.		
4	IN3	Analog Input. This is the positive terminal of a true differential input with the negative input tied nternally to GND. See Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.		
5	IN4	Analog Input. This is the positive terminal of a true differential input with the negative input tied nternally to GND. See Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.		
6	V <sub>TH</sub>	Analog Input. This is the positive input to the internal comparator used to monitor the voltage supply. The negative input is tied to an internal reference. When $V_{TH}$ falls below the internal reference, the reset generator drives RESET low. See Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.		
7	REF <sub>IN</sub>	Analog Input. The converter's reference voltage is the differential between this pin and ground times two. It may be tied directly to REF <sub>OUT</sub> or scaled using a resistor divider. Any user supplied reference voltage less than 1.25 may be used in place of REF <sub>OUT</sub> .		
8	GND	Ground Terminal.		
9	REF <sub>OUT</sub>	Analog Output. The internal reference connects to this pin. It may be scaled externally, and tied to the REF <sub>IN</sub> input to provide the converter's reference voltage. Care must be taken in connecting external circuitry to this pin. This pin is in a high impedance state during Sleep mode.		
10	SDAT	Digital Output (push-pull). This is the microPort <sup>™</sup> serial data output. SDAT is driven low while the TC3405 is converting data, effectively providing a "busy" signal. After the conversion is complete, every high to low transition on the SCLK pin puts a bit from the resulting data word on the SDAT pin (from MSB to LSB).		
11	ENABLE	Digital Input. When this input control is pulled low, the part is internally restarted. That is, any data conversion or data read sequence is cleared and the part goes into Sleep mode. When ENABLE returns high, the part resumes normal operation.		
12	RESET	Digital Output (open drain). This is the output of the V <sub>DD</sub> monitor reset generator. RESET is driven low when a Power-on Reset or Brown-out condition is detected. See Section 1.0, AC Electrical Characteristics.		
13	A1	Digital Input. Controls analog multiplexer in conjunction with A0 to select one of the four input channels. This address is latched at the falling edge of the SCLK, which starts an A/D conversion. A1, A0 = $00 = $ Input 1; $01 = $ Input 2; $10 = $ Input 3; $11 = $ Input 4.		
14	AO	Digital Input. Controls analog multiplexer in conjunction with A1 to select one of the four input channels. This address is latched at the falling edge of the SCLK, which starts an A/D conversion. A1, A0 = 00 = Input 1; 01 = Input 2; 10 = Input 3; 11 = Input 4.		
15	SCLK	Digital Input. This is the microPort <sup>TM</sup> serial clock input. The TC3405 comes out of Sleep mode and a conversion cycle begins when this pin is driven low. After the conversion starts, each additional falling edge (up to six) detected on SCLK for $t_4$ seconds, reduces the A/D resolution by one bit. When the conversion is complete, the data word can be shifted out on the SDAT pin by clocking the SCLK pin.		
16	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Input.		

# 3.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC3405 has a 16-bit sigma-delta A/D converter. It has one differential input, three single-ended inputs, an analog multiplexer and a  $V_{DD}$  monitor with reset generator. See the Typical Application circuit and the Functional Block diagram. The key components of the TC3405 are described below.

Also refer to Figure 3-5, A/D Operational Flowchart and the Timing Diagrams, Figure 3-1, Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3.

### 3.1 A/D Converter Operation

When the TC3405 is not converting, it is in Sleep mode with both the SCLK and SDAT lines high. An A/D conversion is initiated by a high to low transition on the SCLK line at which time the internal clock of the TC3405 is started and the address value (A0 and A1) is internally latched. The address value steers the analog multiplexer to select the input channel to be converted. Each additional high to low transition of SCLK (following the initial SCLK falling edge) during the time interval  $t_{4,}$  will decrement the conversion resolution by one bit and reduce the conversion time by one half. The time interval  $t_4$  is referred to as the resolution reduction window. The minimum conversion resolution is 10-bits so any more than 6 SCLK transitions during  $t_4$  will be ignored.

After each high to low transition of SCLK, in the  $t_4$  interval, the SDAT output is driven high by the TC3405 to acknowledge that the resolution has been decremented. When the SCLK returns high or the  $t_4$  interval ends, the SDAT line returns low (see Figure 3-2). When the conversion is complete SDAT is driven high. The TC3405 now enters Sleep mode and the conversion value can be read as a serial data word on the SDAT line.

## 3.2 Reading the Data Word

After the conversion is complete and SDAT goes high, the conversion value can be clocked serially onto the SDAT line by high to low transitions of the SCLK. The data word is in two's compliment format with the sign bit clocked onto the SDAT line, first followed by the MSB and ending in the LSB. For a 16-bit conversion the data word would consist of a sign bit followed by 15 magnitude bits, Table 3-1 shows the data word versus input voltage for a 16-bit conversion. Note that the full scale input voltage range is  $\pm$ (2 REF<sub>IN</sub> – 1LSB). When REF<sub>OUT</sub> is fed back directly to REF<sub>IN</sub>, an LSB is 73µV for a 16-bit conversion, as REF<sub>OUT</sub> is typically 1.193V.

Figure 3-4 shows typical SCLK and SDAT waveforms for 16, 12 and 10-bit conversions. Note that any complete convert and read cycle requires 17 negative edge clock pulses. The first is the convert command. Then, up to six of these can occur in the resolution reduction window,  $t_4$ , to decrement resolution. The remaining pulses clock out the conversion data word.

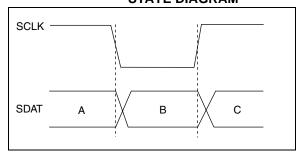
# TABLE 3-1:DATA CONVERSION WORD<br/>VS. VOLTAGE INPUT<br/>(REFIN = 1.193V)

Data Word	INn+ – INn- (Volts)
0111 1111 1111 1111	2.38596 (Positive Full Scale)
0000 0000 0000 0001	72.8 E -6
0000 0000 0000 0000	0
1111 1111 1111 1111	-72.8 E -6
1000 0000 0000 0001	-2.38596 (Negative Full Scale)
1000 0000 0000 0000	Reserved Code

The SCLK input has a filter which rejects any positive or negative pulse of width less than 50nsec to reduce noise. The rejection width of this pulse can vary between 50nsec and 750nsec depending on processing parameters and supply voltage.

Figure 3-1 and Table 3-2 show information for determining the mode of operation for the TC3401 part by recording the value of SDAT for SCLK in a high, then low, then high state. For example, if SCLK goes through a 1-0-1 transition and the corresponding values of SDAT are 1-1-0, then the SCLK falling edge started a new data conversion. A 0-1-0 for SDAT would have indicated a resolution reduction had occurred. This is useful if the microcontroller has a Watchdog Reset or otherwise loses track of where the TC3405 is in the conversion and data readout sequence. The microcontroller can simply transition SCLK until it "finds" a Start Conversion condition.

FIGURE 3-1: SCLK, SDAT LOGIC STATE DIAGRAM

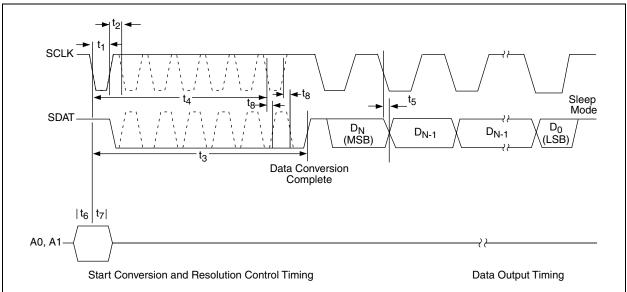




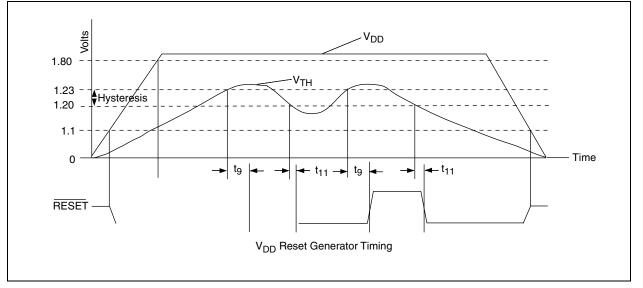
Α	В	С	Status
1	1	0	Start Conversion
0	1	0	Resolution Reduction
х	1	1	Data Transfer
х	0	0	Data Transfer or Busy*

\*Note: The code X00 has a dual meaning: Data Transfer or Busy converting. To avoid confusion, the user should send only the required number of pulses for the desired resolution, then wait for SDAT to rise to 1, indicating conversion is complete before clocking SCLK again to read out data bits.

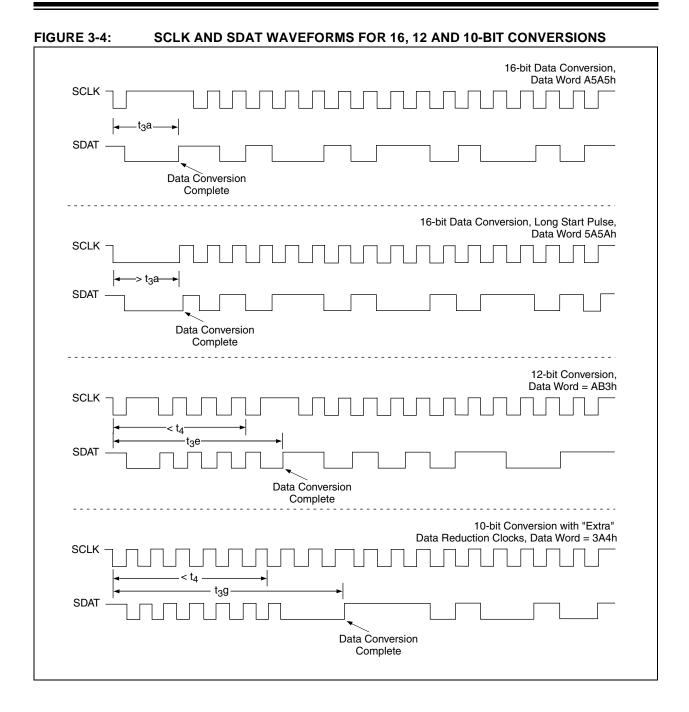


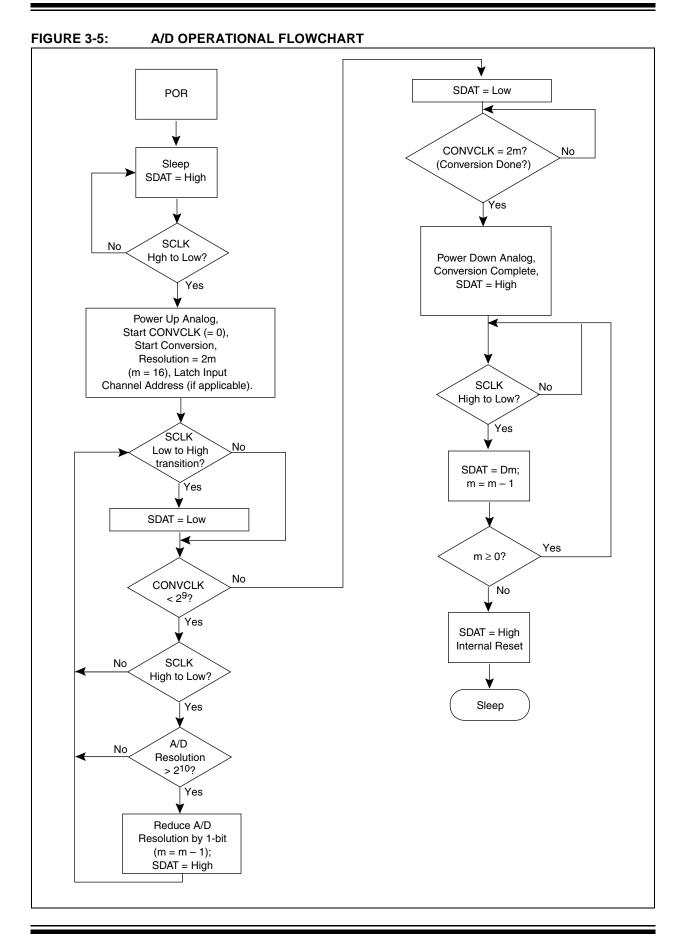






# TC3405





## 3.3 V<sub>DD</sub> Monitor

The TC3405 RESET output is in high impedance provided the voltage at V<sub>TH</sub> is greater than the internal voltage reference. This reference is approximately the same value as the voltage appearing at REF<sub>OUT</sub>. When V<sub>TH</sub> is less than the internal reference, RESET is pulled low. When V<sub>TH</sub> rises above the internal reference voltage again, RESET is held low for the reset active time-out period, t<sub>9</sub>, before being released. The RESET output is valid for V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.3V to 5.5V.

When used to generate a Power-on or Brown-out Reset, an external resistor network is required to divide the appropriate V<sub>DD</sub> threshold down to 1.23V at the V<sub>TH</sub> input, (See the Typical Application circuit). For example, to generate a POR for a V<sub>DD</sub> at 3V -10%, the values of R1 and R2 should be 137k $\Omega$  and 115k $\Omega$  respectively.

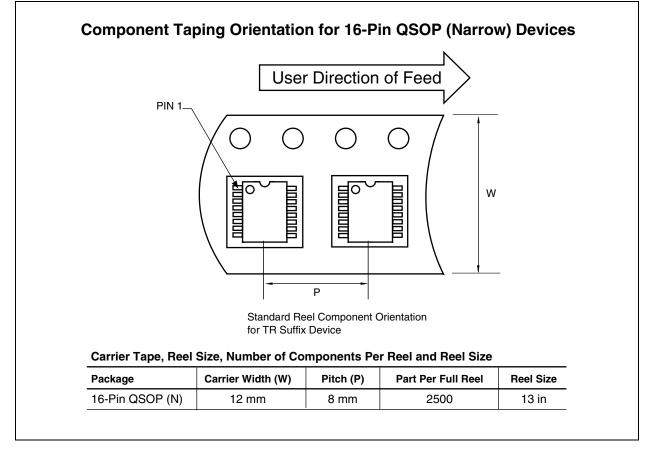
Since **RESET** is an open drain, it can be wired-OR'ed with another open drain or external switch if desired.

# 4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

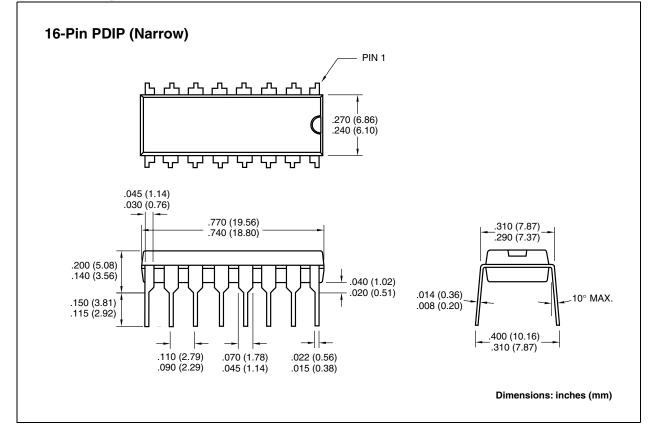
### 4.1 Package Marking Information

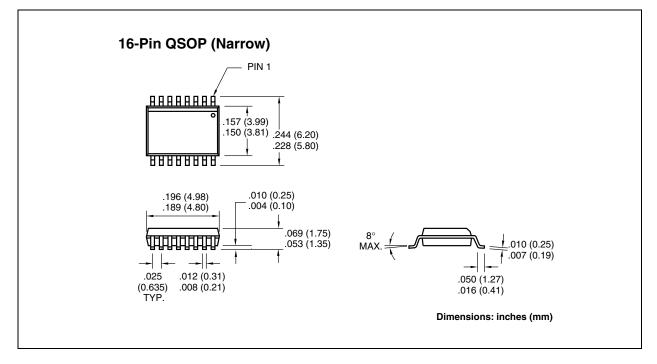
Package marking data not available at this time.

#### 4.2 Taping Forms



#### 4.3 Package Dimensions





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# TC3405

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