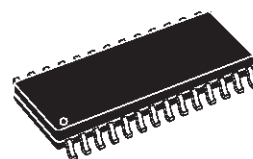




# TEA7540

## HANDSFREE CONTROLLER

- NOISE/SPEECH DISCRIMINATION IN EMISSION AND RECEPTION
- INTEGRATED SIGNAL GAIN COMPRESSOR IN BOTH MODES
- PROGRAMMABLE ATTENUATORS IN BOTH MODES
- ADAPTED TO ACOUSTIC PARAMETERS OF ALL CABINETS
- LOW OPERATING VOLTAGE 2.5V
- LOW OPERATING CURRENT 2.1mA
- CHIP SELECT BETWEEN HANDSFREE AND MONITORING MODES



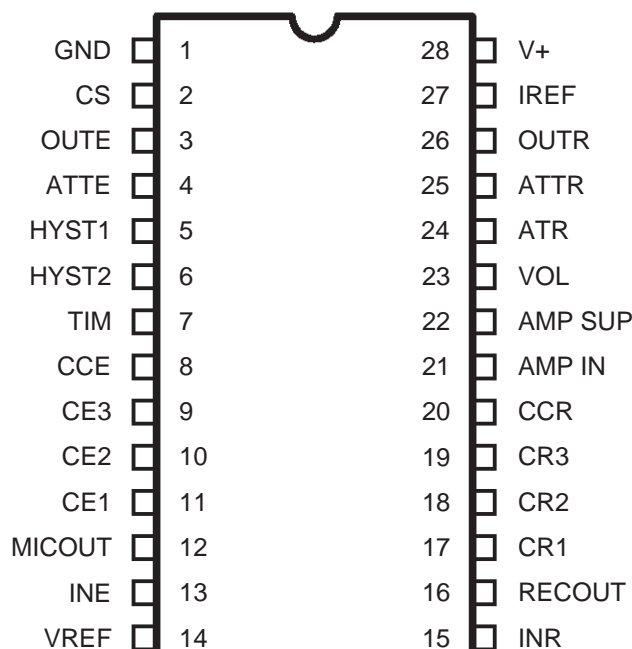
SO28

ORDERING NUMBERS: TEA7540FP

### DESCRIPTION

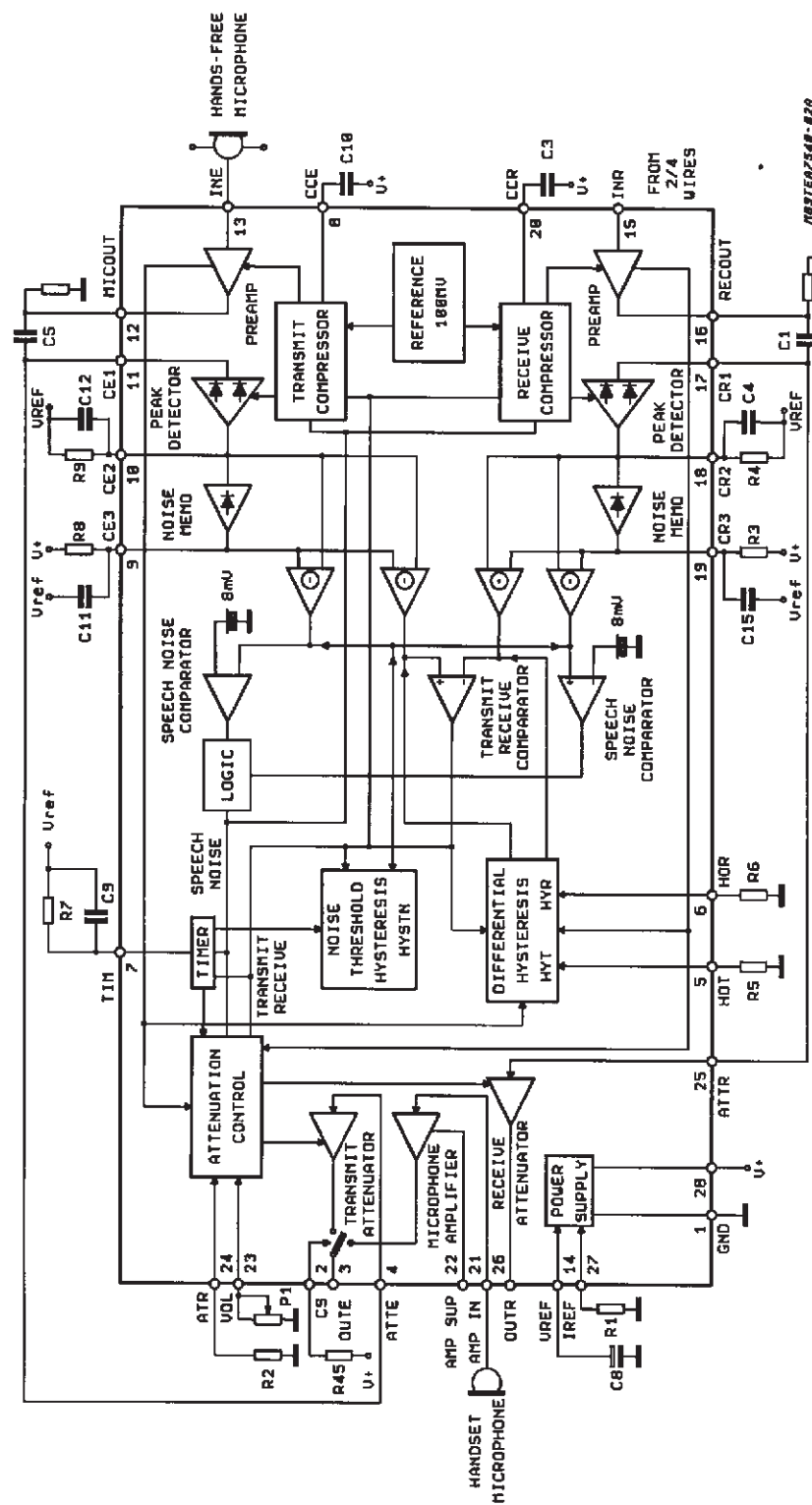
This 28 pins IC is an innovative approach to quality handsfree telephone sets. It results from an extensive research on speech signal.

### PIN CONNECTION (top view)



D93TL005

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



**PIN FUNCTION**

N°	Name	Function
1	GND	Ground
2	CS	Chip Select
3	OUTE	Transmit Attenuator Output
4	ATTE	Transmit Attenuator Input
5	HYST1	Transmit Channel Hysteresis
6	HYST2	Receive Channel Hysteresis
7	TIM	RC Timer
8	CCE	Time Constant of the Transmit Signal Compressor
9	CE3	Transmit Background Noise Memorization Output
10	CE2	Transmit Peak Detector Output
11	CE1	Transmit Rectifier Input
12	MICOUT	Transmit Signal Compressor Output
13	INE	Transmit Signal Compressor Input
14	V <sub>ref</sub>	V+/2 - Reference Voltage
15	INR	Receive Signal Compressor Input
16	RECOUT	Receive Signal Compressor Output
17	CR1	Receive Rectifier Input
18	CR2	Receive Peak Detector Output
19	CR3	Receive Background Noise Memorization Output
20	CCR	Time Constant of the Receive Signal Compressor
21	AMP IN	Handset Preamplifier Input
22	AMP SUP	Handset Preamplifier Power Supply
23	VOL	Volume Control
24	ATR	Attenuation Value
25	ATTR	Receive Attenuator Input
26	OUTR	Receive Attenuator Output
27	I <sub>ref</sub>	Reference Current Source
28	V+	

**FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION****SWITCHED ATTENUATORS**

Fig.A represents a block diagram of a handsfree subset with attenuators in signal mode. To prevent the system from howling, the total loop gain, including acoustic feedback through the housing and sidetone coupling, must be less than 0dB. For this purpose, two switched attenuators are inserted in each mode (emission and reception). The attenuation is shifted from one mode to the other, resulting from the speech level comparison between each way.

To prevent the circuit to switch continuously in one way, the operation of the IC must be fully symmetrical in both ways. This involves signal comparison, attenuation value.

**GAIN COMPRESSOR**

In TEA7540, two signal compressors are inserted in each mode before the signal comparison, so

the signal coming from each end has the same level (100mV peak), the losses in each way (for instance losses resulting from the line length in receiving mode) are compensated and the signal comparison is fully symmetrical. The time constant of each signal compressor decreases 80 times more quickly than it increases to prevent from noise increasing between words. The compressing depth is 38dB.

**BACKGROUND NOISE DISCRIMINATION**

An additional feature provided in TEA7540 is background noise level discrimination in each way. The IC stores the background sound level with a long time constant (3 to 5 seconds depending on an external RC) and compares it with the incoming signal in order to distinguish a useful signal (speech) from the background noise. This background noise memorization is also used to compensate the noise in each mode before signal comparison: the noise level in each mode is sub-

## TEA7540

strated from the incoming signal before the comparison. So very high noise level in one mode cannot trouble the comparison between the useful signals.

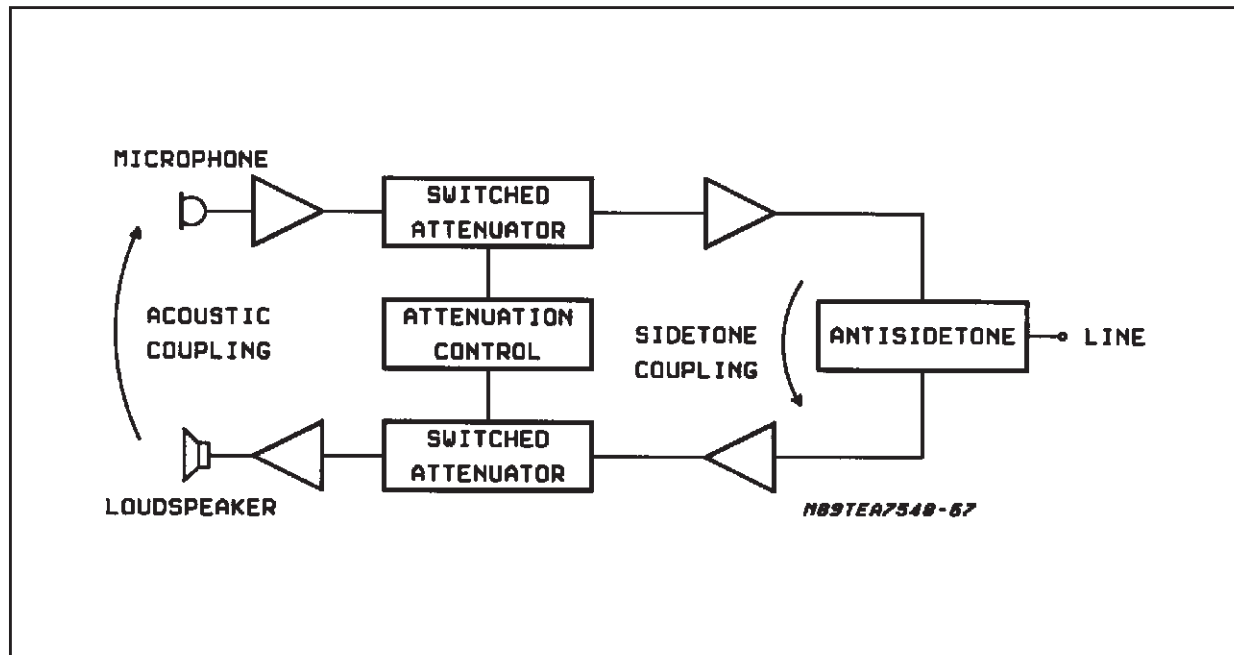
The result of the comparison manages the attenuators in the following way:

- The maximum attenuation is switched on the mode where the speech signal is the lowest. The maximum attenuation is fixed by two external resistor (maximum 52dB).

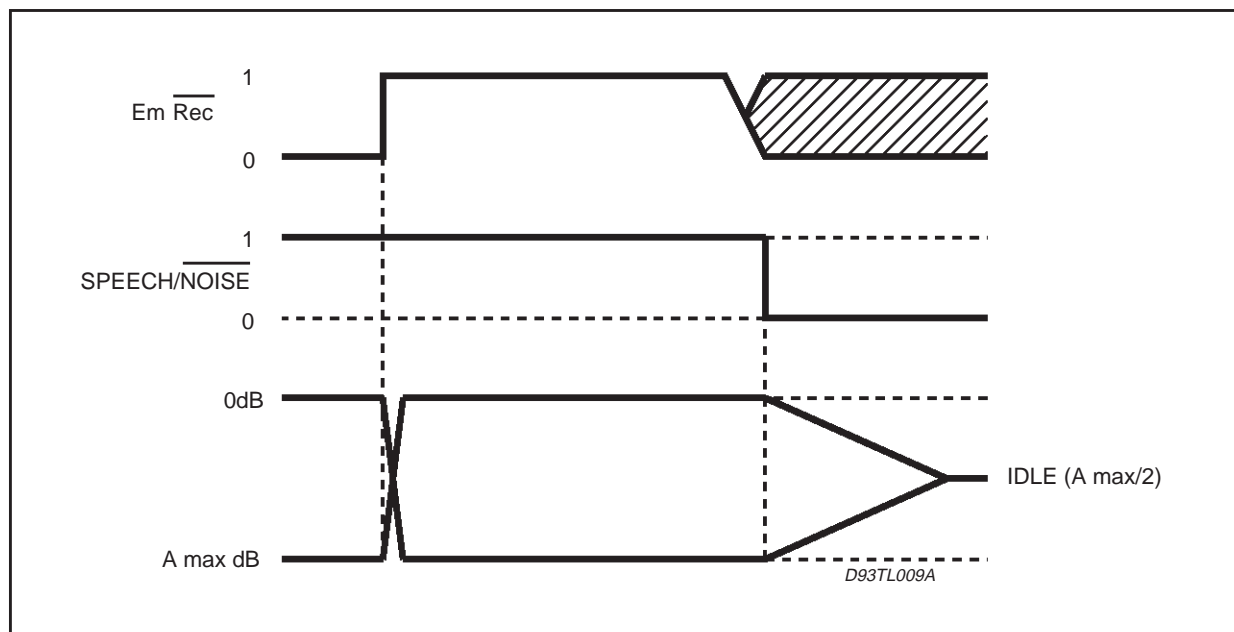
The time constant of the switch is fixed by the timer via an external capacitor.

- When neither party is talking both attenuators are set to a medium attenuation. Thus each mode is in idle mode. The time constant of the switch from active mode to idle mode must be long enough to prevent from switching to idle mode between two words (see fig.B). This time constant is fixed by an external RC.

**Figure A**



**Figure B**



**TEA7540 OPERATION**

TEA7540 is powered through an external shunt regulator (for instance the shunt regulator of the monitor amplifier TEA7532) or an external zener diode.

It can work at a very low voltage (2.5V) over the circuit and it has a low current consumption (2.1mA).

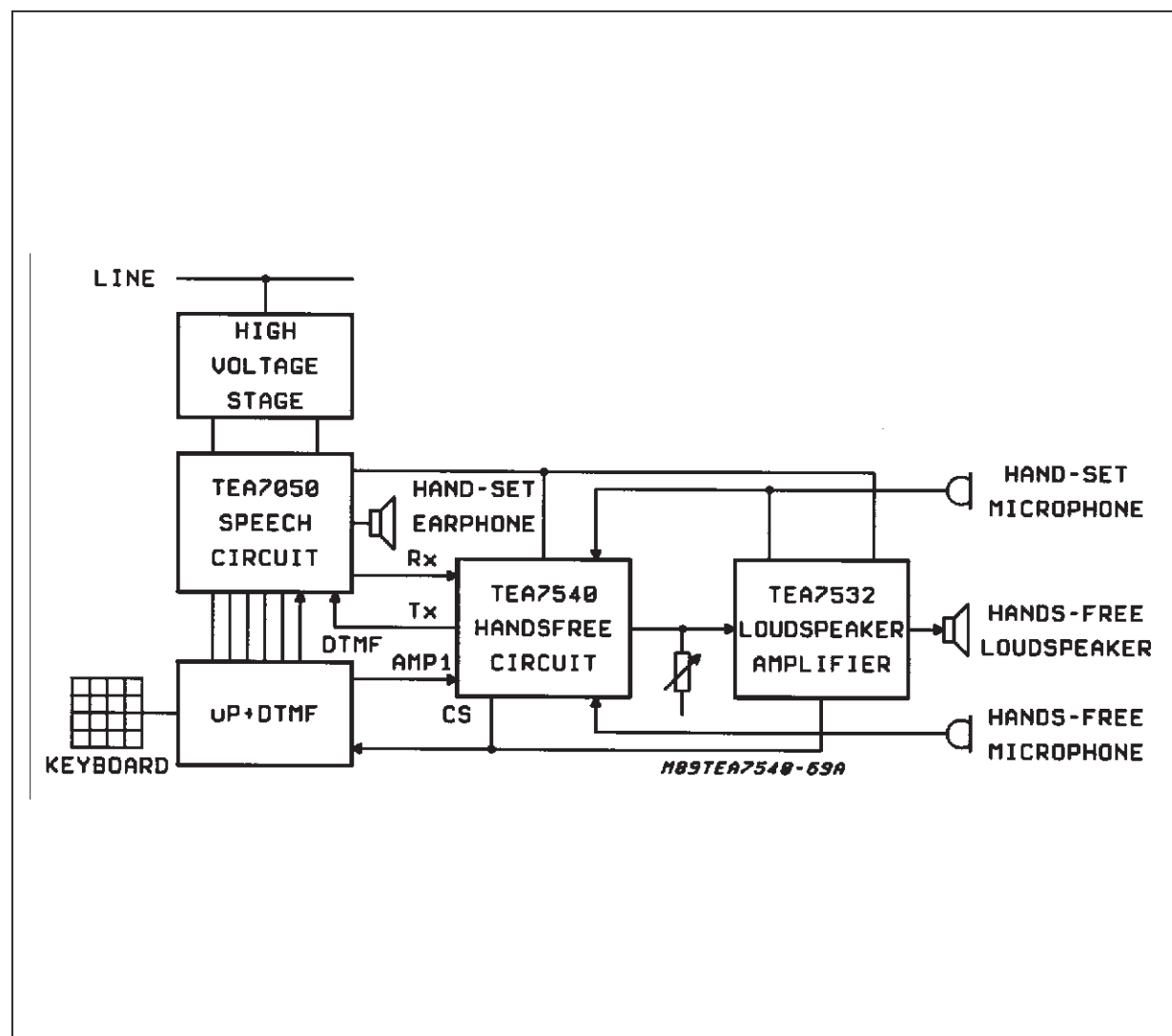
It's also possible via the chip select pin (CS) to

put the handsfree function in standby to use the circuit in monitoring mode with the handset microphone.

TEA7540 is designed to work with all kind of microphone, including Electret.

TEA7540 also handles the handset microphone signal (AMP IN) when the system is set to normal conversation mode.

**Figure C:** Application Diagram (Example of high range telephone set using TEA7540).

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sup>+</sup>	Supply Voltage	12	V
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating Temperature	-20 to 70	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 125	°C

## TEA7540

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Refer to test circuits,  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V^{+} = 3\text{V}$ ;  $f = 1\text{KHz}$  unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
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### SUPPLY SECTION

$V^{+}$	Supply Voltage		2.5		7.0	V	1
$I_c$	Current Consumption	$V_{cs} = 0$ Handsfree mode $V_{cs} = \text{N.C.}$ Monitoring mode		2.1 1.1	3.0 1.5	mA mA	1

### TRANSMIT SECTION

#### COMPRESSOR

$R_{ine}$	Compressor input impedance	PIN13	7.5	10.0	14.5	$\text{K}\Omega$	1
$C_R$	Compressor Range			16.5		dB	
$G_{1max}$	Maximum Gain		40.5	41.5	42.5	dB	2
$G_{1min}$	Minimum Gain		24.0	25.0	26.0	dB	3
$V_O$	Output Voltage	PIN12 compressing range	160	200	240	mVpp	4
$T_{dh}$	Transmit Distortion				3.0	%	4
$I_{cce1}$	Compressor decay time current	Increasing gain	1.0	1.25	1.5	$\mu\text{A}$	5
$I_{cce2}$	Compressor rise time current	Decreasing gain	65	85	105	$\mu\text{A}$	6
$V_{cce1}$	Voltage drop PIN8	$G_{1max}$		0	20	mV	2
$V_{cce2}$	$V_{cce} = V_{ref} - V_{pin8}$	$G_{1min}$	175	225	275	mV	3

#### PEAK DETECTOR

$R_{inpd}$	Input impedance PIN11		7.5	10.0	14.5	$\text{K}\Omega$	1
$I_{ce2}$	Rise time current		16	20	24	$\mu\text{A}$	7

#### NOISE MEMORIZATION

$V_1$	Max voltage drop on pin 9		33	36	45	mV	8
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#### ATTENUATOR

$R_{ina}$	Input impedance PIN4		7.5	10	14.5	$\text{K}\Omega$	1
ATE-	Attenuation= $20\log(V_{oute}/V_{atte})$ Mode: Inactive Tx, Rx Comp. Max Gain	$R_{pin24} = 11\text{K}\Omega$ $R_{pin24} = 15\text{K}\Omega$		46 58		dB dB	9
ATE-active	Mode: Active	$R_{pin24} = 11\text{K}\Omega$	0	1.5	3	dB	10
ATE-IDLE	Mode: Noise Tx, Rx Comp. Max Gain	$R_{pin24} = 11\text{K}\Omega$		23		dB	11

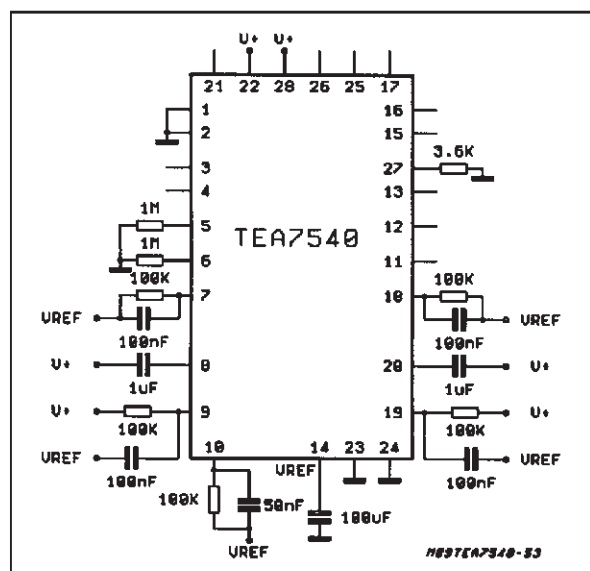
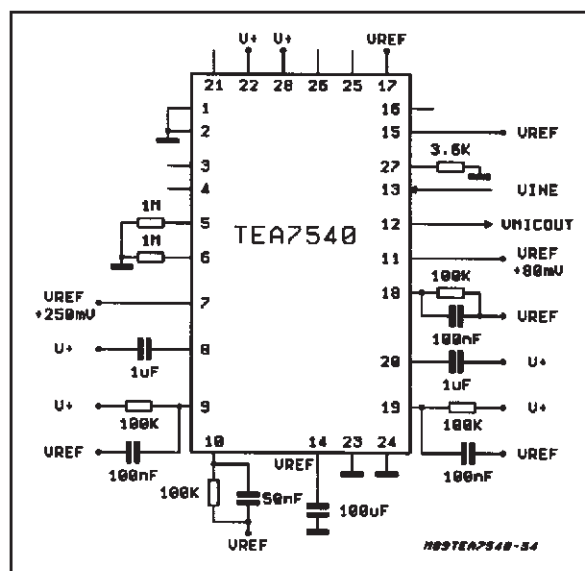
### RECEIVE SECTION

#### COMPRESSOR

$R_{inr}$	Input impedance	PIN15	7.5	10.0	14.5	$\text{K}\Omega$	1
$C_R$	Compressor Range			20.5		dB	
$G_{2max}$	Maximum Gain		35.5	36.5	37.5	dB	2
$G_{2min}$	Minimum Gain		15.0	16.0	17.0	dB	3
$V_{micout}$	Compressor output voltage	PIN16 compressing range	160	200	240	mVpp	4
$R_{dh}$	Receive Distortion				3.0	%	4
$I_{ccr1}$	Compressor decay time current	Increasing gain	1.0	1.25	1.5	$\mu\text{A}$	5
$I_{ccr2}$	Compressor rise time current	Decreasing gain	65	85	105	$\mu\text{A}$	6
$V_{ccr1}$	Voltage drop PIN20	$G_{2max}$		0	20	mV	2
$V_{ccr2}$	$V_{ccr} = V_{ref} - V_{pin20}$	$G_{2min}$	175	225	275	mV	3

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
<b>PEAK DETECTOR</b>							
$R_{inpd}$	Input impedance	PIN17	7.5	10	14.5	K $\Omega$	1
$I_{cr2}$	Rise time current		16	20	24	$\mu$ A	7
<b>NOISE MEMORIZATION</b>							
V1	Max voltage drop on PIN 19		33	36	45	mV	8
<b>ATTENUATOR</b>							
Rina	Input impedance	PIN25	7.5	10	14.5	K $\Omega$	1
ATR-	Attenuation= $20\lg(V_{out}/V_{att})$ Mode: Inactive RX, TX Comp. Max Gain	Rpin24 = 11K $\Omega$ Rpin24 = 15K $\Omega$		46 58		dB dB	9
ATR-active	Mode: Active	Rpin24 = 11K $\Omega$	0	1.5	3	dB	10
ATR-IDLE	Mode: Noise RX, TX Comp. Max Gain	Rpin24 = 11K $\Omega$		23		dB	11
<b>ATTENUATION CONTROL SECTION</b>							
V <sub>TIME</sub>	Tx Mode Att.Voltage		190	250	325	mV	12
I <sub>TIME</sub>	TX Mode Att.Current		40	50	70	$\mu$ A	12
V <sub>TIMR</sub>	RX Mode Att.Voltage		-325	-250	-190	mV	13
I <sub>TIMR</sub>	RX Mode Att.Current		40	50	70	$\mu$ A	13
ATRVOL	Volume Control		29	32	35	dB	14
<b>MICROPHONE PREAMPLIFIER</b>							
R <sub>amp</sub>	Input impedance	PIN21	35	50	70	K $\Omega$	
G <sub>mic</sub>	$V_{mic} = V_{oute} - V_{amp\ in}$	V <sub>CS</sub> open	19	20	21	dB	
G <sub>2off</sub>	Compressor Gain Monitoring Mode $G2 = V_{recout}/V_{inr}$	Rext between PINs 2 - 28 Rext = open Rext = 40K $\Omega$		36.5 16		dB dB	

**Figure 1: Basic Configuration****Figure 2: Test Configuration**V<sup>+</sup> = 3V

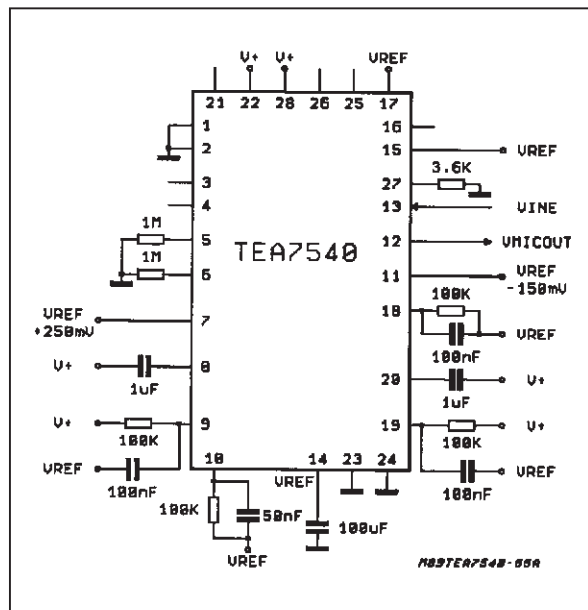
pin 7 is forced to transmit mode

pin 11 is forced to max gain

Input signal on pin 13 V<sub>INE</sub> = 1.5mV<sub>pp</sub>output voltage V<sub>MICOUT</sub> measured on pin 12G<sub>1max</sub> = 20log (V<sub>MICOUT</sub> / V<sub>INE</sub>)

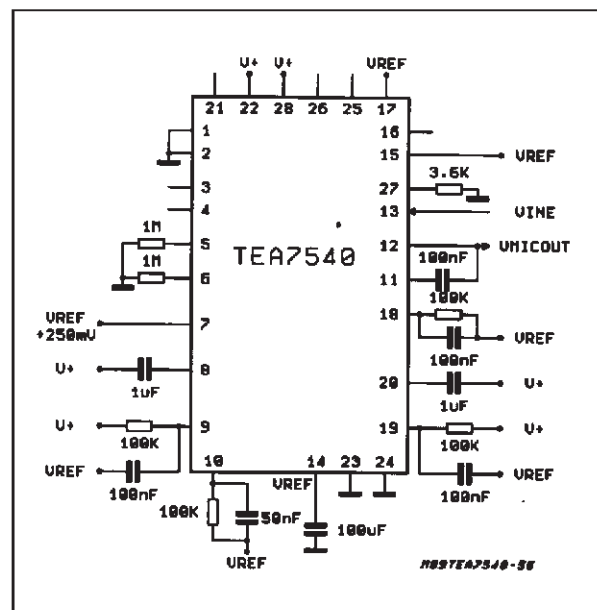
## TEA7540

**Figure 3: Test Configuration**



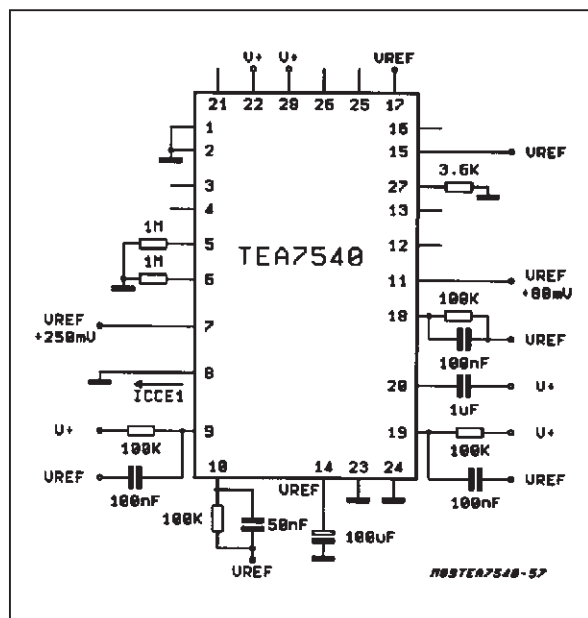
$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 7 is forced to transmit mode  
pin 11 is forced to minimum gain  
Input signal on pin 13 VINE = 1.5mVpp  
output voltage VMICOUT measured on pin 12  
 $G_{1min} = 20 \log (VMICOUT / VINE)$

**Figure 4: Test Configuration**



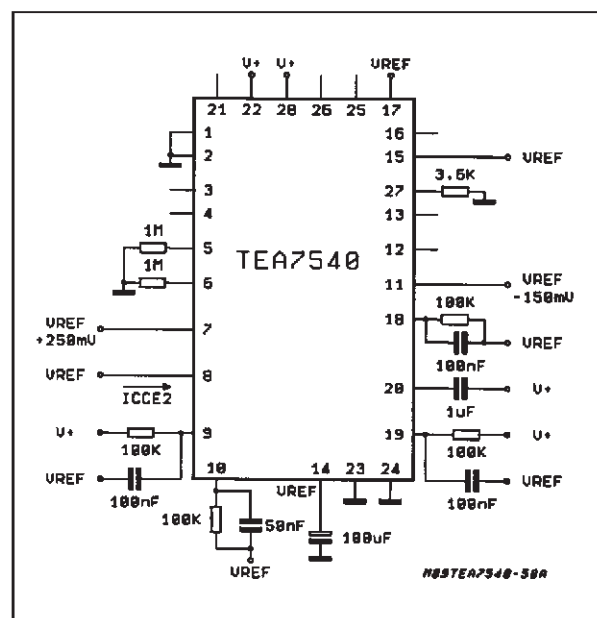
$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 7 is forced to transmit mode  
Input signal on pin 13 VINE in the compressing range (5mVpp for example)  
output voltage VMICOUT measured on pin 12

**Figure 5: Test Configuration**



$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 7 is forced to transmit mode  
pin 11 is forced to maximum gain

**Figure 6: Test Configuration**



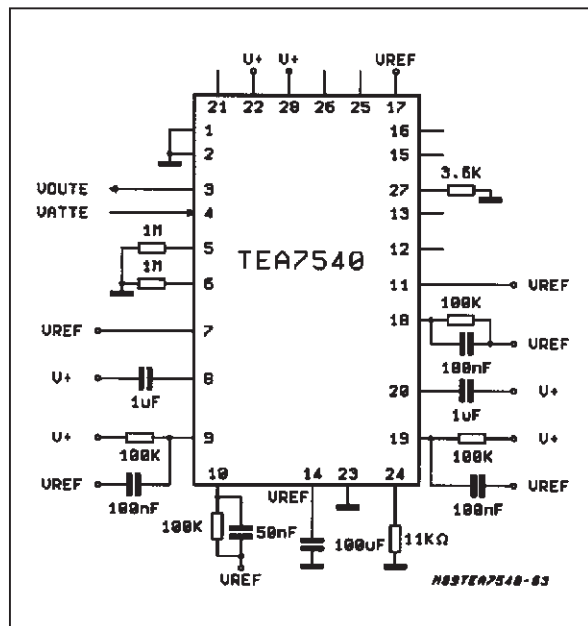
$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 7 is forced to transmit mode  
pin 11 is forced to minimum gain





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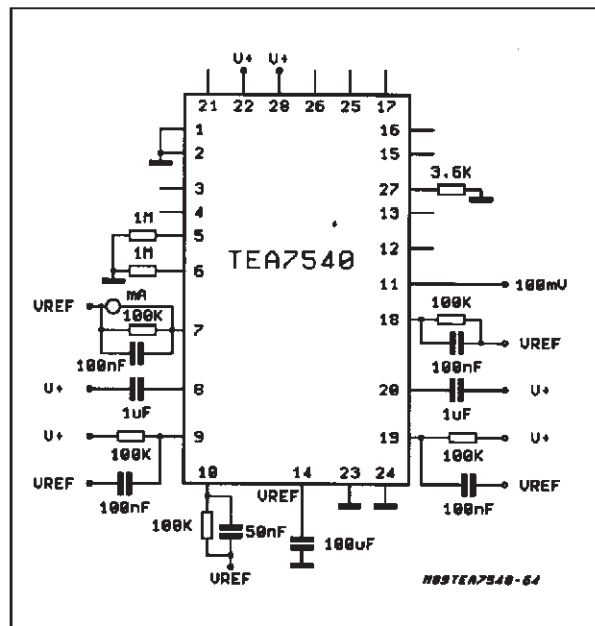
Figure 11: Test Configuration



$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 7 is forced to idle mode after that the two compressor have been forced at maximum gain by V11 and V17  
Input signal on pin 4 VATTE = 200mVpp  
 $R_{pin24} = 11K\Omega$

$$ATE6 = 20\log(VOUT / VATTE)$$

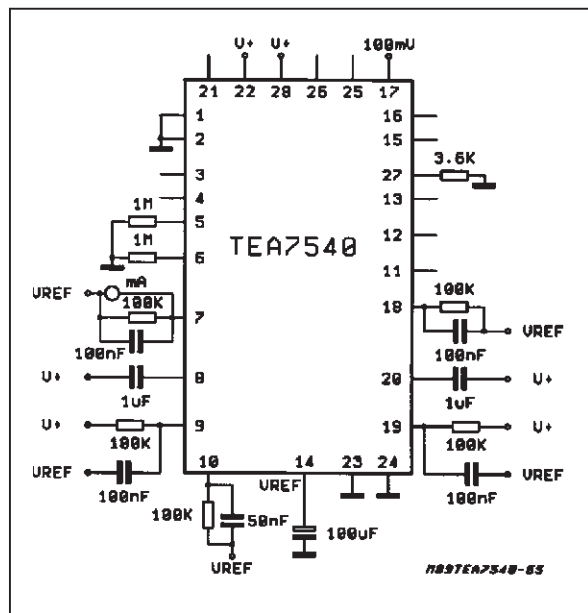
Figure 12: Test Configuration



$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 11 is forced to 100mV to force the transmit mode

VTIM\_E voltage on pin 7  
ITIM\_E current through the mA

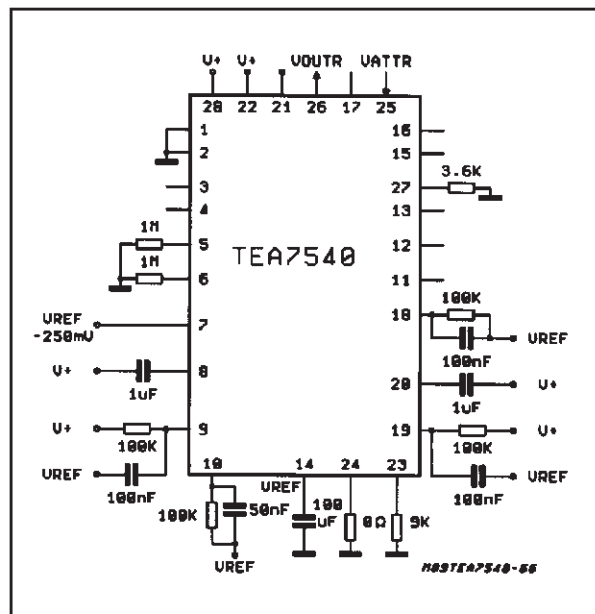
Figure 13: Test Configuration



$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 17 is forced to 100mV to force the receive mode

VTIM\_R voltage on pin 7  
ITIM\_R current through the mA

Figure 14: Test Configuration

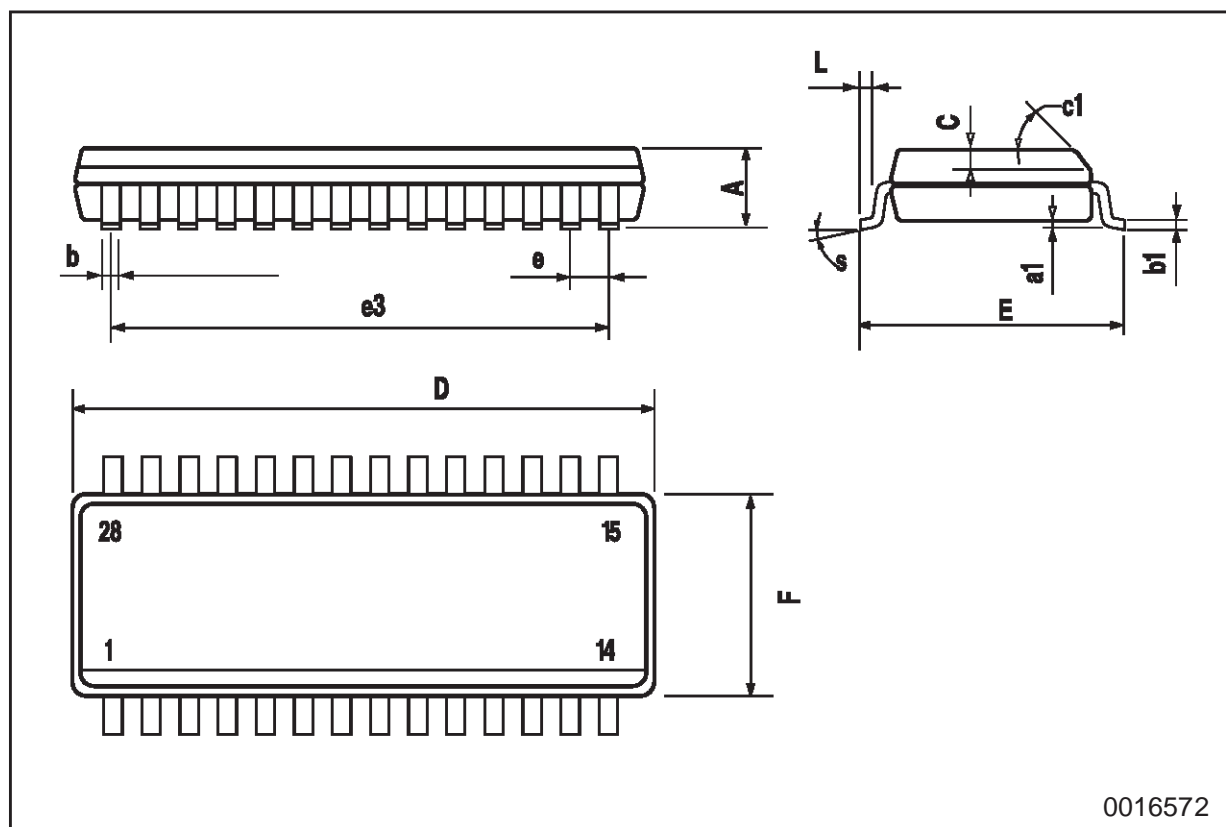


$V^+ = 3V$   
pin 7 is forced to receive mode  
Input signal pin 25: VATTR = 200mVpp  
 $R_{pin23} = 9K\Omega$

$$ATRVOL = 20\log(VOUTR / VATTR)$$

## SO28 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			2.65			0.104
a1	0.1		0.3	0.004		0.012
b	0.35		0.49	0.014		0.019
b1	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013
C		0.5			0.020	
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	17.7		18.1	0.697		0.713
E	10		10.65	0.394		0.419
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		16.51			0.65	
F	7.4		7.6	0.291		0.299
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050
S	8° (max.)					



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