TOSHIBA BIPOLAR DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT MULTI CHIP

# TD62M3704F

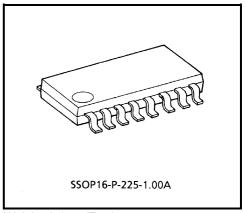
## LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE DRIVER FOR MOTOR

TD62M3704F is Multi Chip IC incorporates 5 low saturation discrete transistors which equipped fly-wheeling diodes and bias resistor.

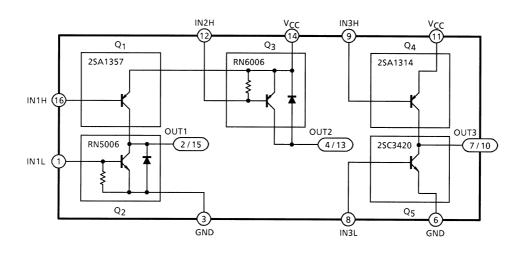
This IC is suitable for a battery use motor drive applications.

### FEATURES

- ch1 (Upper): 2SA1357
  ch1 (Lower): RN5006-Fly-wheeling Diode and Bias Resistor equipped
   ch2 (Upper): RN6006-Fly-wheeling Diode and Bias Resistor equipped
   ch3 (Upper): 2SA1314
   ch3 (Lower): 2SC3420
- Suitable for High Efficiency Motor drive circuit
- External Input Resistor
- SSOP16 (1 mm pitch) small package sealed



Weight: 0.14 g (Typ.)



### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

## PIN CONNECTION (TOP VIEW)

	1	16	] IN1H
ουτι [	2	15	] Ουτ1
GND [	3	14	] v <sub>cc</sub>
ουτ2 [	4	13	] OUT2
NC [	5	12	] IN2H
GND [	6	11	] v <sub>cc</sub>
ουτ3 [	7	10	] Ουτ3
IN3L	8	9	] імзн
			l

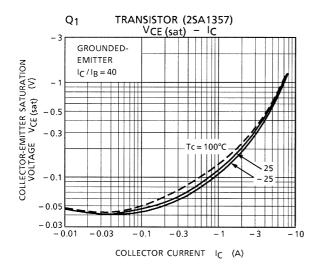
## MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

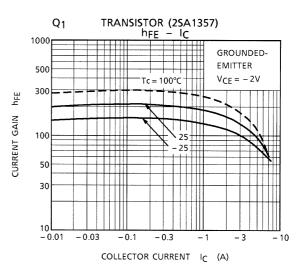
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL		RATING	UNIT	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		10	V	
	V <sub>CBO</sub>		10		
	V <sub>CEO</sub> (Note 2)		10		
Breakdown Voltage		Q <sub>1</sub> , Q <sub>5</sub>	8	V	
	V <sub>EBO</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub> , Q <sub>3</sub>	6		
		Q <sub>4</sub>	7		
		Q <sub>1</sub> , Q <sub>5</sub>	5	А	
Output Current	lo (AVE)	Q2~Q4	2	~	
Output ourient	I <sub>O (PEAK)</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub> , Q <sub>5</sub>	8	A	
	(Note 1)	Q <sub>2</sub> ~Q <sub>4</sub>	4		
Base Current	I <sub>B</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub> , Q <sub>5</sub>	1	А	
Dase Guilent	чВ	Q <sub>2</sub> ~Q <sub>4</sub>	0.4	~	
Power Dissipation	PD		490	mW	
Junction Temperature			150	°C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>		-40~85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-55~150	°C	

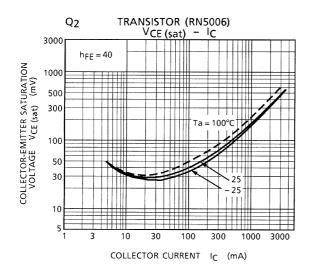
Note 1: T = 10 ms MAX. and maximum duty is less than 30%. Note 2:  $Q_5$  : 2SC3420 = 15 V

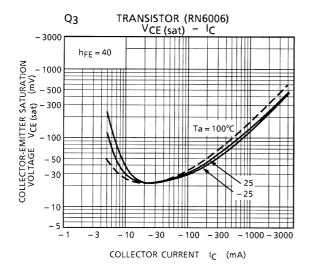
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

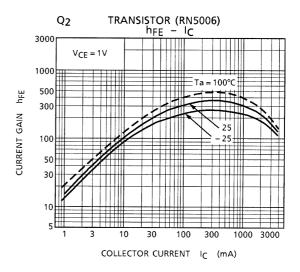
CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	
Current Gain	Q <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>FE (1)</sub>	-	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A	100	-	600	· ·	
		h <sub>FE (2)</sub>	_	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 A	70	-	_		
	Q <sub>5</sub>	h <sub>FE (1)</sub>	_	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A	140	-	600		
		h <sub>FE (2)</sub>	-	$V_{CE}$ = 2 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 A	70	-	—		
	Q4	h <sub>FE (1)</sub>	-	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A	200	-	650		
		h <sub>FE (2)</sub>	—	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0 A	60	130	—		
	Q <sub>2</sub> , Q <sub>3</sub>	h <sub>FE (1)</sub>	—	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A	160	_	600		
		h <sub>FE (2)</sub>	_	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0 A	60	130	_		
Saturation Voltage	Q <sub>1</sub>	V <sub>CE (sat)</sub>	_	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 25 mA	-	0.15	0.25	- V	
				I <sub>C</sub> = 3 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 75 mA		0.38	0.70		
	Q <sub>5</sub>	V <sub>CE (sat)</sub>	_	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 25 mA		0.16	0.25		
				I <sub>C</sub> = 3 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 75 mA	-	0.40	0.70		
	Q <sub>3</sub> , Q <sub>4</sub>	V <sub>CE (sat)</sub>	-	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 25 mA	-	0.14	0.25		
				I <sub>C</sub> = 2 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA		0.25	0.45		
	Q <sub>2</sub>	V <sub>CE (sat)</sub>	_	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 25 mA	_	0.17	0.32		
				I <sub>C</sub> = 2 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA	_	0.31	0.45		
Fly-wheeling Diode Forward Voltage	Q <sub>2</sub> , Q <sub>3</sub>	V <sub>F</sub>	_	I <sub>F</sub> = 300 mA	_	0.89	1.2	V	
Transition Frequency		f <sub>T</sub>	_	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5A	_	100	_	MHz	
Leakage Current		I <sub>OL</sub>	_	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 V	_	0	10	μA	
Base-Emitter Forward Voltage	Q <sub>1</sub> , Q <sub>5</sub>	Var		_	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 A	_	0.84	1.5	v
	Q <sub>2</sub> ,Q <sub>3</sub> , Q <sub>4</sub>	V <sub>BE</sub>	_	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0 A		0.84	1.5		
Base-Emitter Resistor		R <sub>BE</sub>	_	_	7	10	13	kΩ	

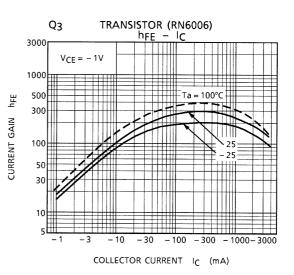


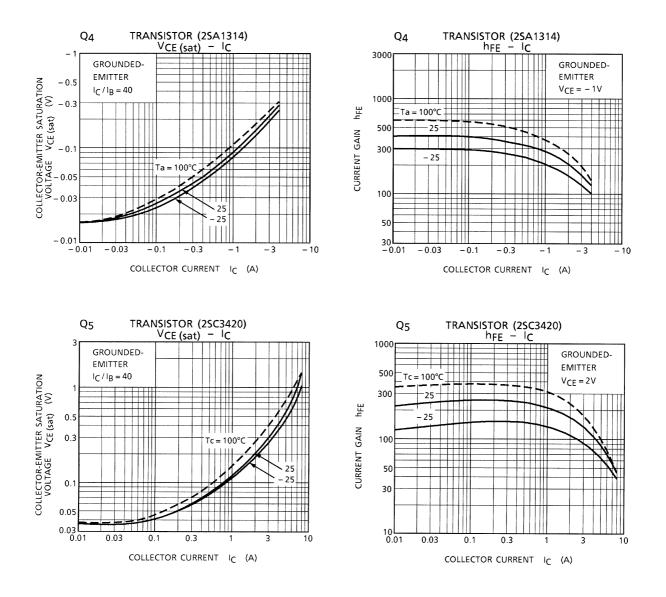












#### **PRECAUTIONS for USING**

This IC does not integrate protection circuits such as overcurrent and overvoltage protectors.

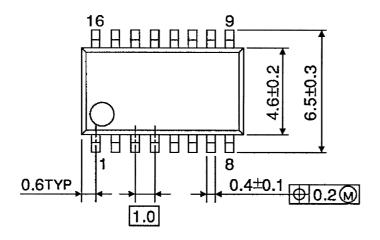
Thus, if excess current or voltage is applied to the IC, the IC may be damaged. Please design the IC so that excess current or voltage will not be applied to the IC.

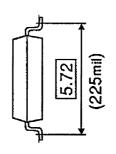
Utmost care is necessary in the design of the output line, V<sub>CC</sub> and GND line since IC may be destroyed due to short-circuit between outputs, air contamination fault, or fault by improper grounding.

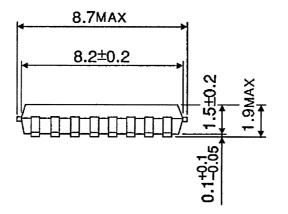
## **TOSHIBA**

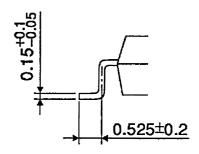
## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SSOP16-P-225-1.00A









Weight: 0.14 g (Typ.)

Unit: mm

#### **RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

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