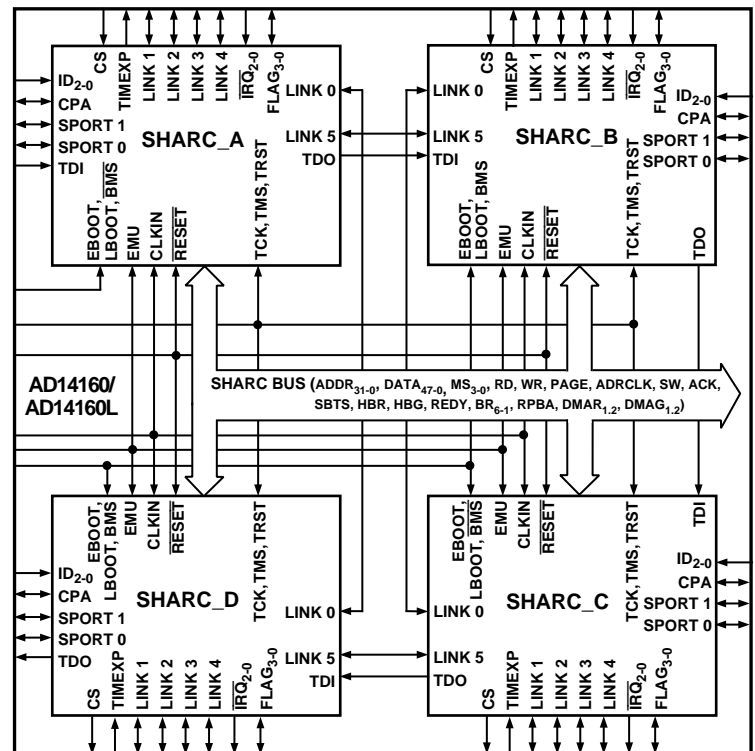


AD14160/AD14160L
PERFORMANCE FEATURES

ADSP-21060 Core Processor (. . . × 4)
480 MFLOPS Peak, 320 MFLOPS Sustained
25 ns Instruction Rate, Single-Cycle
Instruction Execution—Each of Four Processors
16 Mbit Shared SRAM (Internal to SHARCs)
4 Gigawords Addressable Off-Module Memory
Sixteen 40 Mbyte/s Link Ports (Four per SHARC)
Eight 40 Mbit/s Independent Serial Ports (Two from Each SHARC)
5 V and 3.3 V Operation
32-Bit Single Precision and 40-Bit Extended Precision IEEE Floating Point Data Formats, or 32-Bit Fixed Point Data Format
IEEE JTAG Standard 1149.1 Test Access Port and On-Chip Emulation

PACKAGING FEATURES

452-Lead Ceramic Ball Grid Array (CBGA)
1.85" (47 mm) Body Size
0.200" Max Height
0.050" Ball Pitch
29 Grams (typical)
 $\theta_{JC} = 0.36^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD14160/AD14160L Quad-SHARC Ceramic Ball Grid Array (CBGA) puts the power of the first generation AD14060 (CQFP) DSP multiprocessor into a very high density ball grid array package; now with additional link and serial I/O pinned out, beyond that from the CQFP package. The core of the multiprocessor is the ADSP-21060 DSP microcomputer. The AD14x60 modules have the highest performance—density and lowest cost—performance ratios of any in their class. They are ideal for applications requiring higher levels of performance and/or functionality per unit area.

The AD14160/AD14160L takes advantage of the built-in multiprocessing features of the ADSP-21060 to achieve 480 peak MFLOPS with a single chip type, in a single package. The on-chip SRAM of the DSPs provides 16 Mbits of on-module shared SRAM. The complete shared bus (48 data, 32 address) is also brought off-module for interfacing with expansion memory or other peripherals.

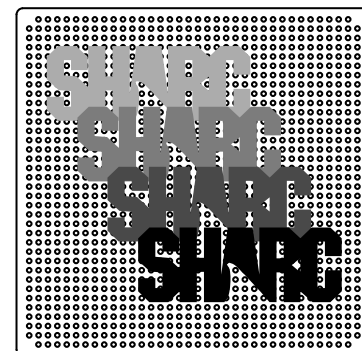
SHARC is a registered trademark of Analog Devices, Inc.

REV. A

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The ADSP-21060 link ports are interconnected to provide direct communication among the four SHARCs as well as high speed off-module access. Internally, links connect the SHARC in a ring. Externally, each SHARC has a total of 160 Mbytes/s link port bandwidth.

Multiprocessor performance is enhanced with embedded power and ground planes, matched impedance interconnect, and optimized signal routing lengths and separation. The fully tested and ready-to-insert multiprocessor also significantly reduces board space.



AD14160/AD14160L

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Architectural Features

ADSP-21060 Core

The AD14160/AD14160L is based on the powerful ADSP-21060 (SHARC) DSP chip. The ADSP-21060 SHARC combines a high performance floating-point DSP core with integrated, on-chip system features including a 4 Mbit SRAM memory, host processor interface, DMA controller, serial ports, and both link port and parallel bus connectivity for glueless DSP multiprocessing, (see Figure 1). It is fabricated in a high speed, low power CMOS process, and has a 25 ns instruction cycle time. The arithmetic/ logic unit (ALU), multiplier and shifter all perform single-cycle instructions, and the three units are arranged in parallel, maximizing computational throughput.

The SHARC features an enhanced Harvard architecture in which the data memory (DM) bus transfers data, and the program memory (PM) bus transfers both instructions and data. There is also an on-chip instruction cache which selectively caches only those instructions whose fetches conflict with the PM bus data accesses. This combines with the separate program and data memory buses to enable three-bus operation for fetching an instruction and two operands, all in a single cycle. The SHARC also contains a general purpose data register file, which

is a 10-port, 32-register (16 primary, 16 secondary) file. Each SHARC's core also implements two data address generators (DAGs), implementing circular data buffers in hardware. The DAGs contain sufficient registers to allow the creation of up to 32 circular buffers. The 48-bit instruction word accommodates a variety of parallel operations, for concise programming. For example, the ADSP-21060 can conditionally execute a multiply, an add, a subtract, and a branch, all in a single instruction.

The SHARCs contain 4 Mbits of on-chip SRAM each, organized as two blocks of 2 Mbits, which can be configured for different combinations of code and data storage. The memory can be configured as a maximum of 128K words of 32-bit data, 256K words of 16-bit data, 80K words of 48-bit instructions (or 40-bit data), or combinations of different word sizes up to 4 megabits. A 16-bit floating-point storage format is supported which effectively doubles the amount of data that may be stored on chip. Conversion between the 32-bit floating point and 16-bit floating point formats is done in a single instruction. Each memory block is dual-ported for single-cycle, independent accesses by the core processor and I/O processor or DMA controller. The dual-ported memory and separate on-chip buses allow two data transfers from the core and one from I/O, all in a single cycle.

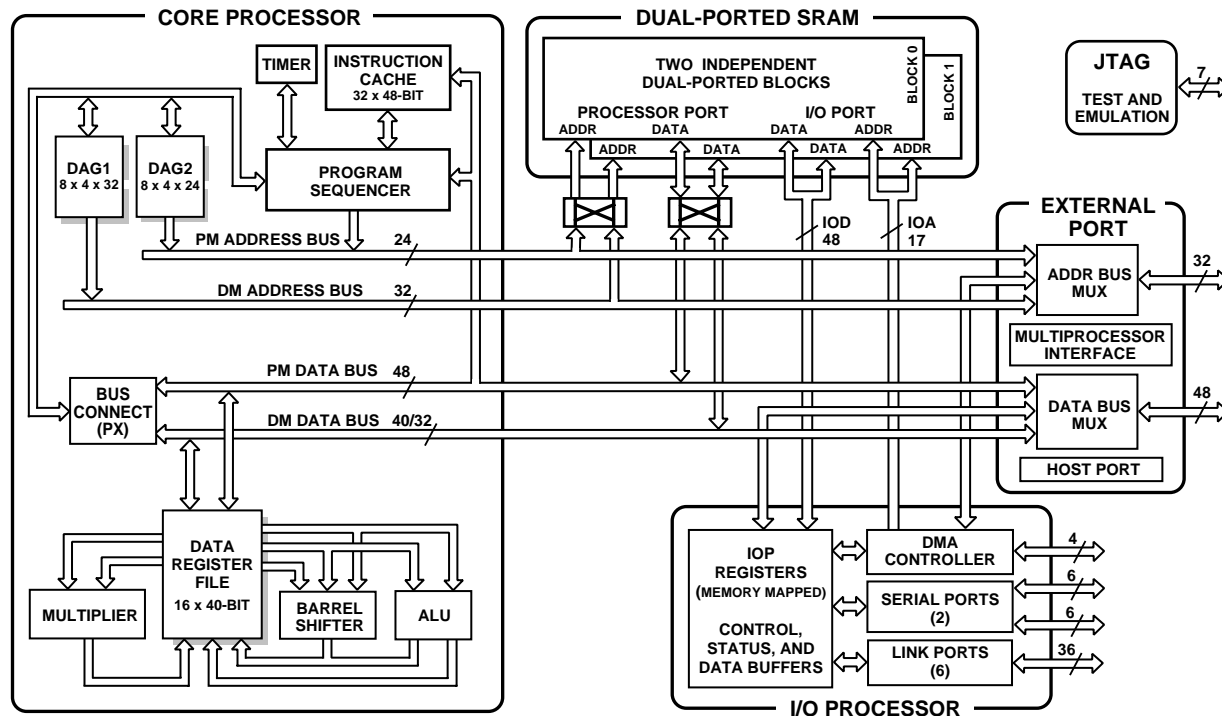


Figure 1. ADSP-21060 Processor Block Diagram (Core of the AD14160/AD14160L)

AD14160/AD14160L

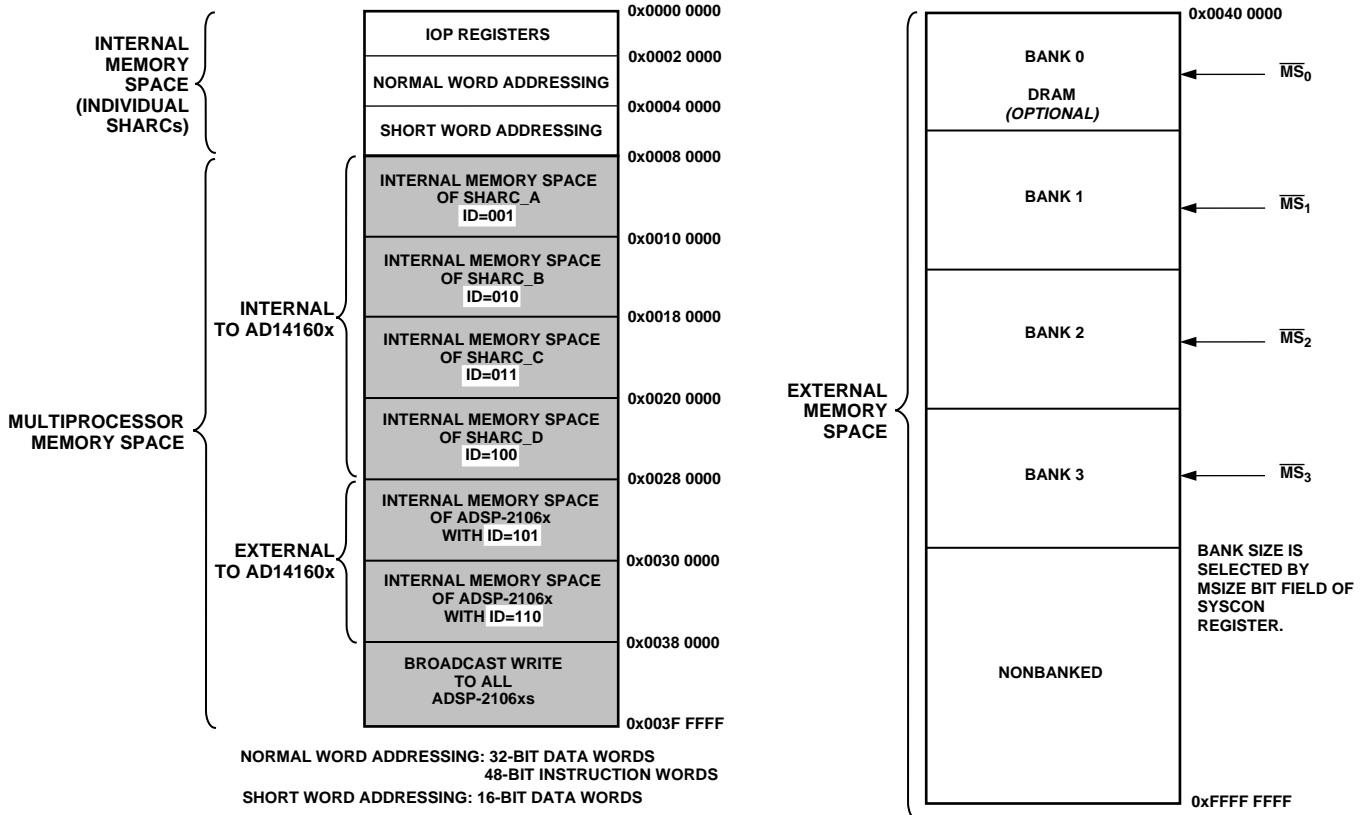


Figure 2. AD14160/AD14160L Memory Map

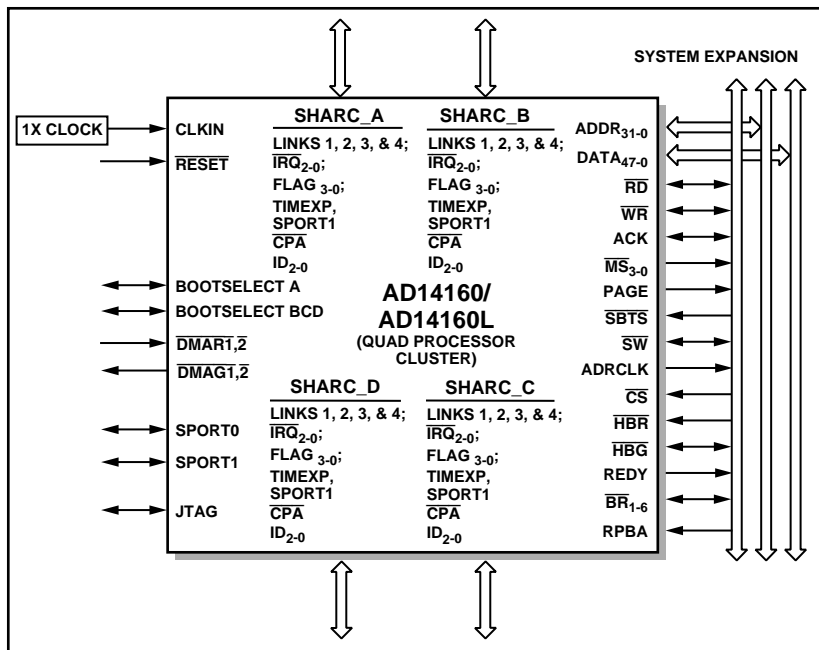


Figure 3. Complete Shared Memory Multiprocessing System

AD14160/AD14160L

Shared Memory Multiprocessing

The AD14160/AD14160L takes advantage of the powerful multiprocessing features built into the SHARC. The SHARCs are connected to maximize the performance of this cluster-of-four architecture, and still allow for off-module expansion. The AD14160/AD14160L in itself is a complete shared memory multiprocessing system, as shown in Figure 3. The unified address space of the SHARCs allows direct interprocessor accesses of each SHARC's internal memory. In other words, each SHARC can directly access the internal memory and IOP registers of each of the other SHARCs by simply reading or writing to the appropriate address in multi-processor memory space (see Figure 2)—this is called a *direct read* or *direct write*.

Bus arbitration is accomplished with the on-SHARC arbitration logic. Each SHARC has a unique ID, and drives the Bus-Request (BR) line corresponding to its ID, while monitoring all others. BR1–BR4 are used within the AD14160/AD14160L, while BR5 and BR6 can be used for expansion. All bus requests (BR1–BR6) are included in the module I/O.

Two different priority schemes, fixed and rotating, are available to resolve competing bus requests. The RPBA pin selects which scheme is used: when RPBA is high, rotating priority bus arbitration is selected, and when RPBA is low, fixed priority is selected.

Table I. Rotating Priority Arbitration Example

| Cycle | Hardware Processor IDs | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------------|------|------|-----|-----|------|-------------------------------------|
| | ID1 | ID2 | ID3 | ID4 | ID5 | ID6 | |
| 1 | M | 1 | 2 BR | 3 | 4 | 5 | <i>Initial Priority Assignments</i> |
| 2 | 4 | 5 BR | M-BR | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| 3 | 4 | 5 BR | M | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| 4 | 5 BR | M | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 BR | <i>Final Priority Assignments</i> |
| 5 | 1 BR | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | M | |

NOTES

- 1–5 = Assigned Priority.
- M = Bus Mastership (in that cycle).
- BR = Requesting Bus Mastership with BRx.

Bus mastership is passed from one SHARC to another during a *bus transition cycle*. A bus transition cycle only occurs when the current bus master deasserts its BR line and one of the slave SHARCs asserts its BR line. The bus master can therefore retain bus mastership by keeping its BR line asserted. When the bus master deasserts its BR line, and no other BR line is asserted, then the master will not lose any bus cycles. When more than one SHARC asserts its BR line, the SHARC with the highest priority request becomes bus master on the following cycle. Each SHARC observes all of the BR lines, and therefore tracks when a bus transition cycle has occurred, and which processor has become the new bus master. Master processor changeover incurs only one cycle of overhead. An example bus transition sequence is shown in Table I.

Bus locking is possible, allowing indivisible read-modify-write sequences for semaphores. In either the fixed or rotating priority scheme, it is also possible to limit the number of cycles the master can control the bus. The AD14160/AD14160L also provides the option of using the Core Priority Access (CPA) mode of the SHARC. Using the CPA signal allows external bus accesses by the core processor of a slave SHARC to take priority over ongoing DMA transfers. Also, each SHARC can broadcast write to all other SHARCs simultaneously, allowing the implementation of reflective semaphores.

The bus master can communicate with slave SHARCs by writing messages to their internal IOP registers. The MSR0–MSR7 registers are general-purpose registers that can be used for convenient message passing, semaphores and resource sharing between the SHARCs. For message passing, the master communicates with a slave by writing and/or reading any of the eight message registers on the slave. For vector interrupts, the master can issue a vector interrupt to a slave by writing the address of an interrupt service routine to the slave's VIRPT register. This causes an immediate high priority interrupt on the slave which, when serviced, will cause it to branch to the specified service routine.

Off-Module Memory and Peripherals Interface

The AD14160/AD14160L's external port provides the interface to off-module memory and peripherals (see Figure 5). This port consists of the complete external port bus of the SHARC, bused together in common among the four SHARCs.

The 4-gigaword off-module address space is included in the AD14160/AD14160L's unified address space. Addressing of external memory devices is facilitated by each SHARC internally decoding the high order address lines to generate memory bank select signals. Separate control lines are also generated for simplified addressing of page-mode DRAM. The AD14160/AD14160L also supports programmable memory wait states and external memory acknowledge controls to allow interfacing to DRAM and peripherals with variable access, hold and disable time requirements.

Link Port I/O

Each individual SHARC features six 4-bit link ports that facilitate SHARC-to-SHARC communication and external I/O interfacing. Each link port can be configured for either 1× or 2× operation, allowing each to transfer either 4 or 8 bits per cycle. The link ports can operate independently and simultaneously, with a maximum bandwidth of 40 MBytes/s each, or a total of 240 MBytes/s per SHARC.

The AD14160/AD14160L provides additional link port I/O beyond that of the AD14060. Internally, two links from each SHARC form a ring connection among the four. The remaining four link ports from each SHARC are brought out independently from each SHARC. A maximum of 640 MBytes/s link port bandwidth is then available off of the AD14160/AD14160L. The link port connections are detailed in Figure 4.

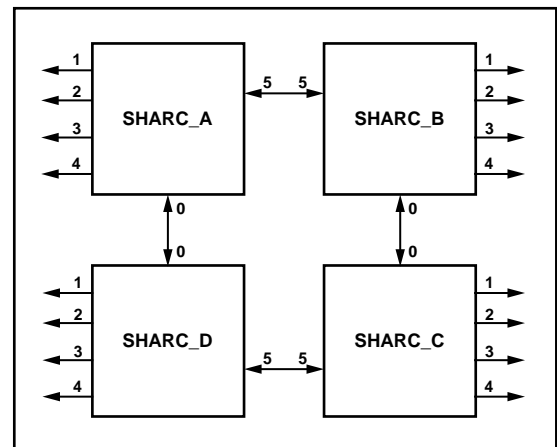


Figure 4. Link Port Connections

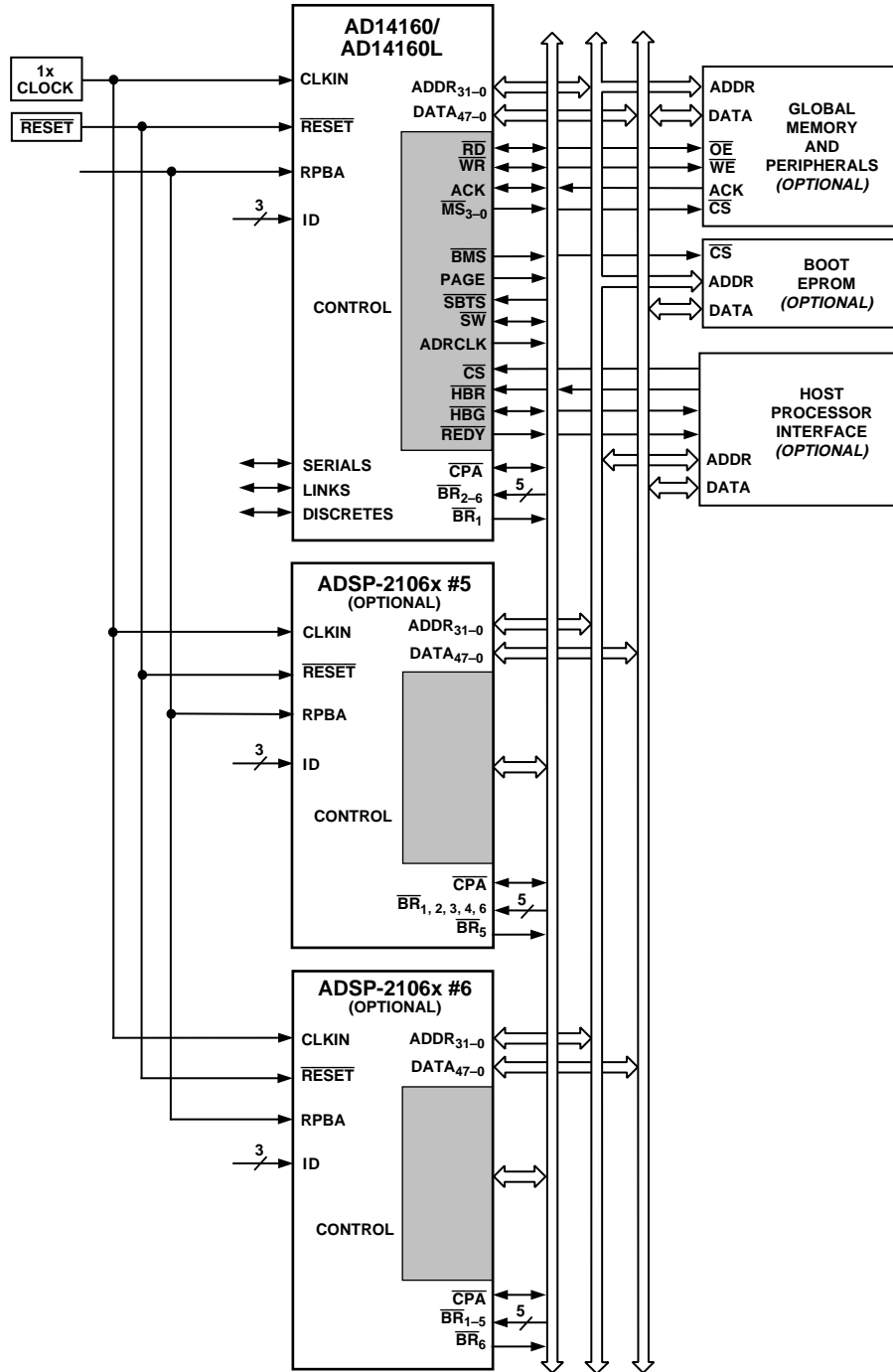


Figure 5. Optional System Interconnections

AD14160/AD14160L

Link port 4, the boot link port, is brought off independently from each SHARC. Individual booting is then allowed, or chained link port booting is possible as described under “Link Port Booting.”

Link port data is packed into 32-bit or 48-bit words, and can be directly read by the SHARC core processor or DMA-transferred to on-SHARC memory.

Each link port has its own double-buffered input and output registers. Clock/acknowledge handshaking controls link port transfers. Transfers are programmable as either transmit or receive.

Serial Ports

The SHARC serial ports provide an inexpensive interface to a wide variety of digital and mixed-signal peripheral devices. Each SHARC has two serial ports. All eight of the AD14160/AD14160L serial ports are brought off-module.

The serial ports can operate at the full clock rate of the module, providing each with a maximum data rate of 40 Mbit/s. Independent transmit and receive functions provide more flexible communications. Serial port data can be automatically transferred to and from on-SHARC memory via DMA, and each of the serial ports offers time division multiplexed (TDM) multi-channel mode.

The serial ports can operate with little-endian or big-endian transmission formats, with word lengths selectable from 3 bits to 32 bits. They offer selectable synchronization and transmit modes as well as optional μ -law or A-law companding. Serial port clocks and frame syncs can be internally or externally generated.

Program Booting

The AD14160/AD14160L supports automatic downloading of programs following power-up or a software reset. The SHARC offers four options for program booting: 1) from an 8-bit EPROM; 2) from a host processor; 3) through the link ports; and 4) no-boot. In no-boot mode, the SHARC starts executing instructions from address 0x0040 0004 in external memory. The boot mode is selected by the state of the following signals: BMS, EBOOT, and LBOOT.

On the AD14160/AD14160L, SHARC_A's boot mode is separately controlled, while SHARCs B, C, and D are controlled as a group. With this flexibility, the AD14160/AD14160L can be configured to boot in any of the following methods.

Multiprocessor Host Booting

To boot multiple ADSP-21060 processors from a host, each ADSP-21060 must have its EBOOT, LBOOT and BMS pins configured for host booting: EBOOT = 0, LBOOT = 0, and BMS = 1. After system power-up, each ADSP-21060 will be in the idle state and the $\overline{\text{BR}}_x$ bus request lines will be deasserted. The host must assert the $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ input and boot each ADSP-21060 by asserting its CS pin and downloading instructions.

Multiprocessor EPROM Booting

There are two methods of booting the multiprocessor system from an EPROM.

SHARC_A Is Booted, Which Then Boots the Others. The EBOOT pin on the SHARC_A must be set high for EPROM booting. All other ADSP-21060s should be configured for host booting (EBOOT = 0, LBOOT = 0, and BMS = 1), which leaves them in the idle state at start-up and allows SHARC_A

to become bus master and boot itself. Only the BMS pin of SHARC_A is connected to the chip select of the EPROM. When SHARC_A has finished booting, it can boot the remaining ADSP-21060s by writing to their external port DMA buffer 0 (EPB0) via multiprocessor memory space.

All ADSP-21060s Boot in Turn From a Single EPROM.

The BMS signals from each ADSP-21060 may be wire-ORed together to drive the chip select pin of the EPROM. Each ADSP-21060 can boot in turn, according to its priority. When the last one has finished booting, it must inform the others (which may be in the idle state) that program execution can begin.

Multiprocessor Link Port Booting

Booting can also be accomplished from a single source through the link ports. Link Buffer 4 must always be used for booting. To simultaneously boot all of the ADSP-21060s, a parallel common connection is available through Link Port 4 on each of the processors. Or, using the daisy chain connection that exists between the processors' link ports, each ADSP-21060 can boot the next one in turn. In this case, the Link Assignment Register (LAR) must be programmed to configure the internal link ports with Link Buffer 4.

Multiprocessor Booting From External Memory

If external memory contains a program after reset, then SHARC_A should be set up for *no boot* mode; it will begin executing from address 0x0040 0004 in external memory. When booting has completed, the other ADSP-21060s may be booted by SHARC_A if they are set up for host booting, or they can begin executing out of external memory if they are set up for *no boot* mode. Multiprocessor bus arbitration will allow this booting to occur in an orderly manner.

Host Processor Interface

The AD14160/AD14160L's host interface allows for easy connection to standard microprocessor buses, both 16-bit and 32-bit, with little additional hardware required. Asynchronous transfers at speeds up to the full clock rate of the module are supported. The host interface is accessed through the AD14160/AD14160L external port and is memory-mapped into the unified address space. Four channels of DMA are available for the host interface; code and data transfers are accomplished with low software overhead.

The host processor requests the AD14160/AD14160L's external bus with the host bus request ($\overline{\text{HBR}}$), host bus grant ($\overline{\text{HBG}}$), and ready (REDY) signals. The host can directly read and write the internal memory of the SHARCs, and can access the DMA channel setup and mailbox registers. Vector interrupt support is provided for efficient execution of host commands.

Direct Memory Access (DMA) Controller

The SHARCs on-chip DMA control logic allows zero-overhead data transfers without processor intervention. The DMA controller operates independently and invisibly to each SHARC's processor core, allowing DMA operations to occur while the core is simultaneously executing its program instructions.

DMA transfers can occur between SHARC internal memory and either external memory, external peripherals, or a host processor. DMA transfers can also occur between the SHARC's internal memory and its serial ports or link ports. DMA transfers between external memory and external peripheral devices are another option. External bus packing to 16-, 32- or 48-bit words is performed during DMA transfers.

Ten channels of DMA are available on the SHARCs—two via the link ports, four via the serial ports, and four via the processor's external port (for either host processor, other SHARCs, memory, or I/O transfers). Four additional link port DMA channels are shared with serial port 1 and the external port. Programs can be downloaded to the SHARCs using DMA transfers. Asynchronous off-module peripherals can control two DMA channels using DMA Request/Grant lines (DMARI-2, DMAG1-2). Other DMA features include interrupt generation upon completion of DMA transfers and DMA chaining for automatic linked DMA transfers.

Development Tools

The AD14160/AD14160L is supported with a complete set of software and hardware development tools, including an EZ-LAB[®] In-Circuit Emulator, and development software.

Analog Devices' ADSP-21000 Family Development Software includes an easy to use Assembler based on an algebraic syntax, an Assembly Library/Librarian, a Linker, an Instruction-Level Simulator, an ANSI C optimizing Compiler, the CBug[™] C Source-Level Debugger, and a C Runtime Library including DSP and mathematical functions. The Optimizing Compiler includes Numerical C extensions based on the work of the ANSI Numerical C Extensions Group. Numerical C provides extensions to the C language for array selection, vector math operations, complex data types, circular pointers and variably dimensioned arrays. The ADSP-21000 Family Development Software is available for both the PC and Sun platforms.

The SHARC EZ-KIT combines the ADSP-21000 Family Development Software for the PC and the EZ-LAB Development Board in one package.

The ADSP-2106x EZ-ICE[®] Emulator uses the IEEE 1149.1 JTAG test access port of the ADSP-2106x processor to monitor and control the target board processor during emulation. The

EZ-ICE provides full-speed emulation, allowing inspection and modification of memory, registers and processor stacks.

Nonintrusive in-circuit emulation is assured by the use of the processor's JTAG interface—the emulator does not affect target system loading or timing.

Further details and ordering information are available in the *ADSP-21000 Family Hardware & Software Development Tools* data sheet (ADDS-2100xx-TOOLS). This data sheet can be requested from any Analog Devices sales office or distributor, or from the Literature Center.

In addition to the software and hardware development tools available from Analog Devices, third parties provide a wide range of tools supporting the SHARC processor family. Hardware tools include SHARC PC plug-in cards, multiprocessor SHARC VME boards, and daughter card modules with multiple SHARCs and additional memory. These modules are based on the SHARCPAC[™] module specification. Third party software tools include an Ada compiler, DSP libraries, operating systems and block diagram design tools.

Other Package Details

The AD14160/AD14160L contains 14 on-module 0.1 microfarad bypass capacitors. It is recommended that in the target system at least four additional capacitors, of 0.018 microfarad value, be placed around the module—one near each of the four corners.

The top surface, lid, of the AD14160/AD14160L is electrically connected to GND.

Additional Information

This data sheet provides a general overview of the AD14160/AD14160L architecture and functionality. For detailed information on the ADSP-2106x SHARC and the ADSP-21000 Family core architecture and instruction set, refer to the *ADSP-2106x SHARC User's Manual*.

AD14160/AD14160L

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

AD14160/AD14160L pin definitions are listed below. Inputs identified as synchronous (S) must meet timing requirements with respect to CLKIN (or with respect to TCK for TMS, TDI). Inputs identified as asynchronous (A) can be asserted asynchronously to CLKIN (or to TCK for $\overline{\text{TRST}}$).

Unused inputs should be tied or pulled to V_{DD} or GND, except for ADDR₃₁₋₀, DATA₄₇₋₀, FLAG₂₋₀, $\overline{\text{SW}}$, and inputs that have internal pull-up or pull-down resistors (CPA, ACK, DTx, DRx,

TCLKx, RCLKx, LxDAT₃₋₀, LxCLK, LxACK, TMS and TDI)—these pins can be left floating. These pins have a logic-level hold circuit that prevents the input from floating internally.

A = Asynchronous O = Output (A/D) = Active Drive
 G = Ground P = Power Supply (O/D) = Open Drain
 I = Input S = Synchronous
 T = Three-State (when $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ is asserted, or when the AD14160/AD14160L is a bus slave)

| Pin | Type | Function |
|------------------------------|-------|---|
| ADDR ₃₁₋₀ | I/O/T | External Bus Address. (Common to all SHARCs) The AD14160/AD14160L outputs addresses for external memory and peripherals on these pins. In a multiprocessor system, the bus master outputs addresses for read/writes on the internal memory or IOP registers of slave ADSP-2106xs. The AD14160/AD14160L inputs addresses when a host processor or multiprocessing bus master is reading or writing the internal memory or IOP registers of internal ADSP-21060s. |
| DATA ₄₇₋₀ | I/O/T | External Bus Data. (Common to all SHARCs) The AD14160/AD14160L inputs and outputs data and instructions on these pins. 32-bit single-precision floating-point data and 32-bit fixed-point data is transferred over bits 47-16 of the bus. 40-bit extended-precision floating-point data is transferred over bits 47-8 of the bus. 16-bit short word data is transferred over bits 31-16 of the bus. In PROM boot mode, 8-bit data is transferred over bits 23-16. Pull-up resistors on unused DATA pins are not necessary. |
| $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$ | O/T | Memory Select Lines. (Common to all SHARCs) These lines are asserted (low) as chip selects for the corresponding banks of external memory. Memory bank size must be defined in the individual ADSP-21060's system control registers (SYSCON). The $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$ lines are decoded memory address lines that change at the same time as the other address lines. When no external memory access is occurring the $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$ lines are inactive; they are active, however, when a conditional memory access instruction is executed, whether or not the condition is true. $\overline{\text{MS}}_0$ can be used with the PAGE signal to implement a bank of DRAM memory (Bank 0). In a multiprocessing system, the $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$ lines are output by the bus master. |
| $\overline{\text{RD}}$ | I/O/T | Memory Read Strobe. (Common to all SHARCs) This pin is asserted (low) when the AD14160/AD14160L reads from external devices or when the internal memory of internal ADSP-2106xs is being accessed. External devices (including other ADSP-2106xs) must assert $\overline{\text{RD}}$ to read from the AD14160/AD14160L's internal memory. In a multiprocessing system, $\overline{\text{RD}}$ is output by the bus master and is input by all other ADSP-2106xs. |
| $\overline{\text{WR}}$ | I/O/T | Memory Write Strobe. (Common to all SHARCs) This pin is asserted (low) when the AD14160/AD14160L writes to external devices or when the internal memory of internal ADSP-2106xs is being accessed. External devices (including other ADSP-2106xs) must assert $\overline{\text{WR}}$ to write to the AD14160/AD14160L's internal memory. In a multiprocessing system $\overline{\text{WR}}$ is output by the bus master and is input by all other ADSP-2106xs. |
| PAGE | O/T | DRAM Page Boundary. (Common to all SHARCs) The AD14160/AD14160L asserts this pin to signal that an external DRAM page boundary has been crossed. DRAM page size must be defined in the individual ADSP-21060's memory control register (WAIT). DRAM can only be implemented in external memory Bank 0; the PAGE signal can only be activated for Bank 0 accesses. In a multiprocessing system, PAGE is output by the bus master. |
| ADRCLK | O/T | Clock Output Reference. (Common to all SHARCs) In a multiprocessing system, ADRCLK is output by the bus master. |
| $\overline{\text{SW}}$ | I/O/T | Synchronous Write Select. (Common to all SHARCs) This signal is used to interface the AD14160/AD14160L to synchronous memory devices (including other ADSP-2106xs). The AD14160/AD14160L asserts $\overline{\text{SW}}$ (low) to provide an early indication of an impending write cycle, which can be aborted if $\overline{\text{WR}}$ is not later asserted (e.g., in a conditional write instruction). In a multiprocessing system, $\overline{\text{SW}}$ is output by the bus master and is input by all other ADSP-2106xs to determine if the multiprocessor memory access is a read or write. $\overline{\text{SW}}$ is asserted at the same time as the address output. A host processor using synchronous writes must assert this pin when writing to the AD14160/AD14160L. |
| ACK | I/O/S | Memory Acknowledge. (Common to all SHARCs) External devices can deassert ACK (low) to add wait states to an external memory access. ACK is used by I/O devices, memory controllers, or other peripherals to hold off completion of an external memory access. The AD14160/AD14160L deasserts ACK, as an output, to add wait states to a synchronous access of its internal memory. In a multiprocessing system, a slave ADSP-2106x deasserts the bus master's ACK input to add wait state(s) to an access of its internal memory. The bus master has a keeper latch on its ACK pin that maintains the input at the level it was last driven to. |

| Pin | Type | Function |
|---------------------------------|-------|--|
| $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ | I/S | Suspend Bus Three-State. (Common to all SHARCs) External devices can assert $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ (low) to place the external bus address, data, selects, and strobes in a high impedance state for the following cycle. If the AD14160/AD14160L attempts to access external memory while $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ is asserted, the processor will halt and the memory access will not be completed until $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ is deasserted. $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ should only be used to recover from host processor/AD14160/AD14160L deadlock, or used with a DRAM controller. |
| $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ | I/A | Host Bus Request. (Common to all SHARCs) Must be asserted by a host processor to request control of the AD14160/AD14160L's external bus. When $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ is asserted in a multiprocessing system, the ADSP-2106x that is bus master will relinquish the bus and assert $\overline{\text{HBG}}$. To relinquish the bus, the ADSP-2106x places the address, data, select, and strobe lines in a high impedance state. $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ has priority over all ADSP-2106x bus requests ($\overline{\text{BR}}_{6-1}$) in a multiprocessing system. |
| $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ | I/O | Host Bus Grant. (Common to all SHARCs) Acknowledges an $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ bus request, indicating that the host processor may take control of the external bus. $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ is asserted (held low) by the AD14160/AD14160L until $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ is released. In a multiprocessing system, $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ is output by the ADSP-2106x bus master and is monitored by all others. |
| $\overline{\text{CSA}}$ | I/A | Chip Select. Asserted by host processor to select SHARC_A. |
| $\overline{\text{CSB}}$ | I/A | Chip Select. Asserted by host processor to select SHARC_B. |
| $\overline{\text{CSC}}$ | I/A | Chip Select. Asserted by host processor to select SHARC_C. |
| $\overline{\text{CSD}}$ | I/A | Chip Select. Asserted by host processor to select SHARC_D. |
| REDY (O/D) | O | Host Bus Acknowledge. (Common to all SHARCs) The AD14160/AD14160L deasserts REDY (low) to add wait states to an asynchronous access of its internal memory or IOP registers by a host. Open drain output (O/D) by default; can be programmed in ADREDY bit of SYSCON register of individual ADSP-21060s to be active drive (A/D). REDY will only be output if the CS and $\overline{\text{HBR}}$ inputs are asserted. |
| $\overline{\text{BR}}_{6-1}$ | I/O/S | Multiprocessing Bus Requests. (Common to all SHARCs) Used by multiprocessing ADSP-2106xs to arbitrate for bus mastership. An ADSP-2106x only drives its own $\overline{\text{BR}}_x$ line (corresponding to the value of its ID2-0 inputs) and monitors all others. In a multiprocessor system with less than six ADSP-2106xs, the unused $\overline{\text{BR}}_x$ pins should be pulled high; $\overline{\text{BR}}_{4-1}$ must not be pulled high or low because they are outputs. |
| IDy2-0 | I | Multiprocessing ID. (Individual ID2-0 from y = SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D.) Determines which multiprocessing bus request ($\overline{\text{BR}}_1$ - $\overline{\text{BR}}_6$) is used by individual ADSP-2106x's. ID = 001 corresponds to $\overline{\text{BR}}_1$, ID = 010 corresponds to $\overline{\text{BR}}_2$, etc. ID = 000 is reserved for single processor systems. These lines are a system configuration selection, which should be hardwired or only changed at reset. |
| RPBA | I/S | Rotating Priority Bus Arbitration Select. (Common to all SHARCs) When RPBA is high, rotating priority for multiprocessor bus arbitration is selected. When RPBA is low, fixed priority is selected. This signal is a system configuration selection that must be set to the same value on every ADSP-2106x. If the value of RPBA is changed during system operation, it must be changed in the same CLKIN cycle on every ADSP-2106x. |
| $\overline{\text{CPA}}_y$ (O/D) | I/O | Core Priority Access. (y = SHARC_A, B, C, D) Asserting its CPA pin allows the core processor of an ADSP-2106x bus slave to interrupt background DMA transfers and gain access to the external bus. CPA is an open drain output that is connected to all ADSP-2106x in the system if this function is required. The CPA pin of each internal ADSP-21060 is brought out individually. The CPA pin has an internal 5 k Ω pull-up resistor. If core access priority is not required in a system, the CPA pin should be left unconnected. |
| DTy0 | O/T | Data Transmit (Serial Port 0 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D). DT pin has a 50 k Ω internal pull-up resistor. |
| DRy0 | I | Data Receive (Serial Port 0 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D). DR pin has a 50 k Ω internal pull-up resistor. |
| TCLKy0 | I/O | Transmit Clock (Serial Port 0 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D). TCLK pin has a 50 k Ω internal pull-up resistor. |
| RCLKy0 | I/O | Receive Clock (Serial Port 0 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D). RCLK pin has a 50 k Ω internal pull-up resistor. |
| TFSy0 | I/O | Transmit Frame Sync (Serial Port 0 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D). |
| RFSy0 | I/O | Receive Frame Sync (Serial Port 0 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D). |

AD14160/AD14160L

| Pin | Type | Function |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| DTy1 | O/T | Data Transmit (Serial Port 1 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) DT pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. |
| DRy1 | I | Data Receive (Serial Port 1 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) DR pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. |
| TCLKy1 | I/O | Transmit Clock (Serial Port 1 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) TCLK pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. |
| RCLKy1 | I/O | Receive Clock (Serial Port 1 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) RCLK pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. |
| TFSy1 | I/O | Transmit Frame Sync (Serial Port 1 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) |
| RFSy1 | I/O | Receive Frame Sync (Serial Port 1 individual from SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) |
| FLAGy3-0 | I/O/A | Flag Pins. (Individual FLAG3-0 from y = SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) Each is configured via control bits as either an input or output. As an input, it can be tested as a condition. As an output, it can be used to signal external peripherals. |
| $\overline{\text{IRQ}}y2-0$ | I/A | Interrupt Request Lines. (Individual $\overline{\text{IRQ}}2-0$ from y = SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) May be either edge-triggered or level-sensitive. |
| $\overline{\text{DMAR}}1$ | I/A | DMA Request 1 (DMA Channel 7). Common to SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D. |
| $\overline{\text{DMAR}}2$ | I/A | DMA Request 2 (DMA Channel 8). Common to SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D. |
| $\overline{\text{DMAG}}1$ | O/T | DMA Grant 1 (DMA Channel 7). Common to SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D. |
| $\overline{\text{DMAG}}2$ | O/T | DMA Grant 2 (DMA Channel 8). Common to SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D. |
| LyxCLK | I/O | Link Port Clock (y = SHARC_A, B, C, D; x = Link Ports 1, 2, 3, 4) ¹ . Each LyxCLK pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-down resistor which is enabled or disabled by the LPDRD bit of the LCOM register, of the ADSP-20160. |
| LyxDAT3-0 | I/O | Link Port Data (y = SHARC_A, B, C, D; x = Link Ports 1, 2, 3, 4) ¹ . Each LyxDAT pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-down resistor which is enabled or disabled by the LPDRD bit of the LCOM register, of the ADSP-21060. |
| LyxACK | I/O | Link Port Acknowledge (y = SHARC_A, B, C, D; x = Link Ports 1, 2, 3, 4) ¹ . Each LyxACK pin has a 50 kΩ internal pull-down resistor which is enabled or disabled by the LPDRD bit of the LCOM register, of the ADSP-21060. |
| EBOOTA | I | EPROM Boot Select. (SHARC_A) When EBOOTA is high, SHARC_A is configured for booting from an 8-bit EPROM. When EBOOTA is low, the LBOOTA and $\overline{\text{BMSA}}$ inputs determine booting mode for SHARC_A. See the following table. This signal is a system configuration selection which should be hardwired. |
| LBOOTA | I | Link Boot. When LBOOTA is high, SHARC_A is configured for link port booting. When LBOOTA is low, SHARC_A is configured for host processor booting or no booting. See the following table. This signal is a system configuration selection which should be hardwired. |
| $\overline{\text{BMSA}}$ | I/O/T ² | Boot Memory Select. <i>Output:</i> Used as chip select for boot EPROM devices (when EBOOTA = 1, LBOOTA = 0). In a multiprocessor system, BMS is output by the bus master. <i>Input:</i> When low, indicates that no booting will occur and that SHARC_A will begin executing instructions from external memory. See the following table. This input is a system configuration selection which should be hardwired. |
| EBOOTBCD | I | EPROM Boot Select. (Common to SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) When EBOOTBCD is high, SHARC_B, C, D are configured for booting from an 8-bit EPROM. When EBOOTBCD is low, the LBOOTBCD and BMSBCD inputs determine booting mode for SHARC_B, C and D. See the following table. This signal is a system configuration selection which should be hardwired. |
| LBOOTBCD | I | LINK Boot. (Common to SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) When LBOOTBCD is high, SHARC_B, C, D are configured for link port booting. When LBOOTBCD is low, SHARC_B, C, D are configured for host processor booting or no booting. See the following table. This signal is a system configuration selection which should be hardwired. |

| Pin | Type | Function | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|-------|-------------------------|--------------|---|---|--------|--|---|---|-----------|----------------|---|---|-----------|-----------|---|---|-----------|--|---|---|-----------|----------|---|---|-----------|----------|
| $\overline{\text{BMSBCD}}$ | I/O/T ² | <p>Boot Memory Select. <i>Output:</i> Used as chip select for boot EPROM devices (when EBOOTBCD = 1, LBOOTBCD = 0). In a multiprocessor system, BMS is output by the bus master. <i>Input:</i> When low, indicates that no booting will occur and that SHARC_B, C, D will begin executing instructions from external memory. See table below. This input is a system configuration selection which should be hardwired.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>EBOOT</th> <th>LBOOT</th> <th>$\overline{\text{BMS}}$</th> <th>Booting Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Output</td> <td>EPROM (Connect BMS to EPROM chip select)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1 (Input)</td> <td>Host Processor</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1 (Input)</td> <td>Link Port</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 (Input)</td> <td>No Booting. Processor executes from external memory.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0 (Input)</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>x (Input)</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | EBOOT | LBOOT | $\overline{\text{BMS}}$ | Booting Mode | 1 | 0 | Output | EPROM (Connect BMS to EPROM chip select) | 0 | 0 | 1 (Input) | Host Processor | 0 | 1 | 1 (Input) | Link Port | 0 | 0 | 0 (Input) | No Booting. Processor executes from external memory. | 0 | 1 | 0 (Input) | Reserved | 1 | 1 | x (Input) | Reserved |
| EBOOT | LBOOT | $\overline{\text{BMS}}$ | Booting Mode | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | Output | EPROM (Connect BMS to EPROM chip select) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 (Input) | Host Processor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 (Input) | Link Port | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 (Input) | No Booting. Processor executes from external memory. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 (Input) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | x (Input) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TIMEXP _y | O | Timer Expired. (Individual TIMEXP from y = SHARC_A, SHARC_B, SHARC_C, SHARC_D) Asserted for four cycles when the timer is enabled and TCOUNT decrements to zero. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLKIN | I | Clock In. (Common to all SHARCs) External clock input to the AD14160/AD14160L. The instruction cycle rate is equal to CLKIN. CLKIN may not be halted, changed, or operated below the minimum specified frequency. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ | I/A | Module Reset. (Common to all SHARCs) Resets the AD14160/AD14160L to a known state. This input must be asserted (low) at power-up. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TCK | I | Test Clock (JTAG). (Common to all SHARCs) Provides an asynchronous clock for JTAG boundary scan. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TMS | I/S | Test Mode Select (JTAG). (Common to all SHARCs) Used to control the test state machine. TMS has a 20 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TDI | I/S | Test Data Input (JTAG). Provides serial data for the boundary scan logic chain starting at SHARC_A. TDI has a 20 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TDO | O | Test Data Output (JTAG). Serial scan output of the boundary scan chain path, from SHARC_D. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ | I/A | Test Reset (JTAG). (Common to all SHARCs) Resets the test state machine. $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ must be asserted (pulsed low) after power-up or held low for proper operation of the AD14160/AD14160L. $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ has a 20 kΩ internal pull-up resistor. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\overline{\text{EMU}}$ (O/D) | O | Emulation Status. (Common to all SHARCs) Must be connected to the ADSP-2106x EZ-ICE target board connector <i>only</i> . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V _{DD} | P | Power Supply. Nominally +5.0 V dc for 5 V devices or +3.3 V dc for 3.3 V devices (50 pins). | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GND | G | Power Supply Return. (64 pins). | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NOTES

¹LINK PORTS 0 and 5 are connected internally as described earlier in Link Port I/O.

²Three-statable only in EPROM boot mode (when $\overline{\text{BMS}}$ is an output).

AD14160/AD14160L

TARGET BOARD CONNECTOR FOR EZ-ICE PROBE

The ADSP-2106x EZ-ICE Emulator uses the IEEE 1149.1 JTAG test access port of the ADSP-2106x to monitor and control the target board processor during emulation. The EZ-ICE probe requires that the AD14160/AD14160L's $\overline{\text{CLKIN}}$ (optional), TMS, TCK, $\overline{\text{TRST}}$, TDI, TDO, $\overline{\text{EMU}}$ and GND signals be made accessible on the target system via a 14-pin connector (a pin strip header) such as that shown in Figure 6. The EZ-ICE probe plugs directly onto this connector for chip-on-board emulation. You must add this connector to your target board design if you intend to use the ADSP-2106x EZ-ICE. The length of the traces between the connector and the AD14160/AD14160L's JTAG pins should be as short as possible.

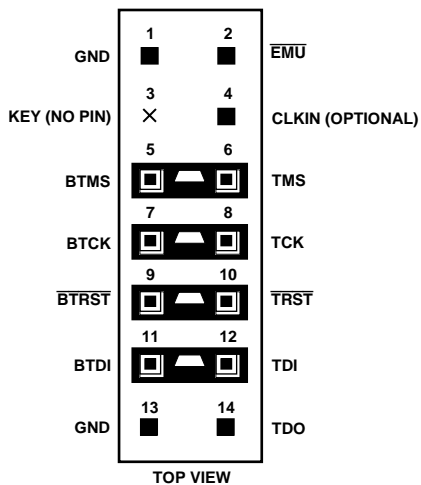


Figure 6. Target Board Connector for ADSP-2106x EZ-ICE Emulator (Jumpers in Place)

The 14-pin, 2-row pin strip header is keyed at the Pin 3 location; Pin 3 must be removed from the header. The pins must be 0.025 inch square and at least 0.20 inch in length. Pin spacing should be 0.1 × 0.1 inches. Pin strip headers are available from vendors such as 3M, McKenzie and Samtec.

The BTMS, BTCK, $\overline{\text{BTRST}}$ and BTDI signals are provided so that the test access port can also be used for board-level testing. When the connector is not being used for emulation, place jumpers between the Bxxx pins and the xxx pins as shown in Figure 6. If you are not going to use the test access port for board testing, tie $\overline{\text{BTRST}}$ to GND and tie or pull up BTCK to V_{DD} . The $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ pin must be asserted after power-up (through $\overline{\text{BTRST}}$ on the connector) or held low for proper operation of the AD14160/AD14160L. None of the Bxxx pins (Pins 5, 7, 9, 11) are connected on the EZ-ICE probe.

The JTAG signals are terminated on the EZ-ICE probe as follows:

| Signal | Termination |
|---------------------------|---|
| TMS | Driven through 22 Ω Resistor (16 mA/3.2 mA Driver) |
| TCK | Driven at 10 MHz through 22 Ω Resistor (16 mA/3.2 mA Driver) |
| $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ | Driven by Open-Drain Driver* (Pulled Up by On-Chip 20 k Ω Resistor) |
| TDI | Driven by 16 mA/3.2 mA Driver |
| TDO | One TTL Load, No Termination |
| $\overline{\text{CLKIN}}$ | One TTL Load, No Termination (Optional Signal) |
| $\overline{\text{EMU}}$ | 4.7 k Ω Pull-Up Resistor, One TTL Load (Open-Drain Output from ADSP-2106x) |

* $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ is driven low until the EZ-ICE probe is turned on by the EZ-ICE software (after the invocation command).

Figure 7 shows JTAG scan path connections for the multi-processor system.

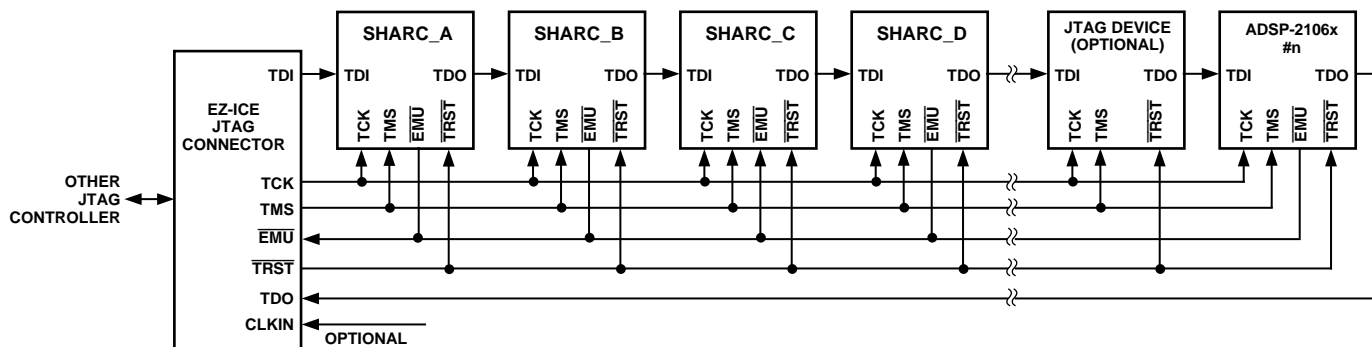


Figure 7. JTAG Scan Path Connections for the AD14160/AD14160L

Connecting CLKIN to Pin 4 of the EZ-ICE header is optional. The emulator only uses CLKIN when directed to perform operations such as starting, stopping and single-stepping multiple ADSP-2106xs in a synchronous manner. If you do not need these operations to occur synchronously on the multiple processors, simply tie Pin 4 of the EZ-ICE header to ground.

If synchronous multiprocessor operations are needed and CLKIN is connected, clock skew between the AD14160/AD14160L and the CLKIN pin on the EZ-ICE header must be minimal. If the skew is too large, synchronous operations may be off by one cycle between processors. For synchronous multiprocessor operation TCK, TMS, CLKIN and EMU should be

treated as critical signals in terms of skew, and should be laid out as short as possible on your board. If TCK, TMS and CLKIN are driving a large number of ADSP-2106xs (more than eight) in your system, then treat them as a “clock tree” using multiple drivers to minimize skew. (See Figure 8 JTAG Clock Tree and Clock Distribution in the “High Frequency Design Considerations” section of the *ADSP-2106x User’s Manual*).

If synchronous multiprocessor operations are not needed (i.e., CLKIN is not connected), just use appropriate parallel termination on TCK and TMS. TDI, TDO, EMU and TRST are not critical signals in terms of skew.

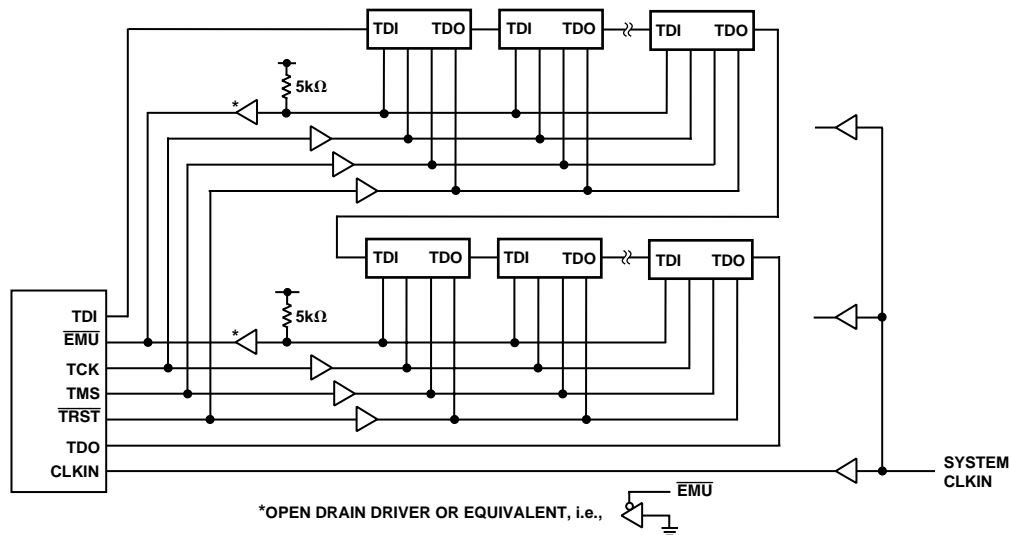


Figure 8. JTAG Clocktree for Multiple ADSP-2106x Systems

AD14160/AD14160L—SPECIFICATIONS

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter | | B Grade | | K Grade | | Units |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---------|------|---------|------|-------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| V _{DD} | Supply Voltage (5 V) | 4.75 | 5.25 | 4.75 | 5.25 | V |
| | Supply Voltage (3.3 V) | 3.15 | 3.6 | 3.15 | 3.6 | V |
| T _{CASE} | Case Operating Temperature | -40 | +100 | 0 | +85 | °C |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (5 V, 3.3 V SUPPLY)

| Parameter | Case Temp | Test Level | Test Condition | 5 V | | 3.3 V | | Units | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|--|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | | Typ |
| V _{IH1} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max | 2.0 | | V _{DD} + 0.5 | 2.0 | V _{DD} + 0.5 | V |
| V _{IH2} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max | 2.2 | | V _{DD} + 0.5 | 2.2 | V _{DD} + 0.5 | V |
| V _{IL} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = min | | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | V |
| V _{OH} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = min, I _{OH} = -2.0 mA ⁴ | 4.1 | | | 2.4 | | V |
| V _{OL} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = min, I _{OL} = 4.0 mA ⁴ | | 0.4 | | | 0.4 | V |
| I _{IH} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = V _{DD} max | | 10 | | | 10 | μA |
| I _{IHX4} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = V _{DD} max | | 40 | | | 40 | μA |
| I _{IL} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 10 | | | 10 | μA |
| I _{ILX4} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 40 | | | 40 | μA |
| I _{ILP} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 150 | | | 150 | μA |
| I _{ILPX4} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 600 | | | 600 | μA |
| I _{OZH} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = V _{DD} max | | 10 | | | 10 | μA |
| I _{OZHx4} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = V _{DD} max | | 40 | | | 40 | μA |
| I _{OZL} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 10 | | | 10 | μA |
| I _{OZLx4} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 40 | | | 40 | μA |
| I _{OZHP} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = V _{DD} max | | 350 | | | 350 | μA |
| I _{OZLC} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 1.5 | | | 1.5 | mA |
| I _{OZLAR} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 4.2 | | | 4.2 | mA |
| I _{OZLA} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 2 V (3.3 V), 1.5 V (5 V) | | 350 | | | 350 | μA |
| I _{OZLS} | | Full | I @ V _{DD} = max, V _{IN} = 0 V | | 150 | | | 150 | μA |
| I _{DDIN} | | Full | IV t _{CK} = 25 ns, V _{DD} = max | 1.4 | 3.4 | | 1 | 2.2 | A |
| I _{DDIDLE} | | Full | I V _{DD} = max | | 800 | | | 760 | mA |
| C _{IN} | | +25°C | V | | 15 | | | 15 | pF |

EXPLANATION OF TEST LEVELS

Test Level

- I 100% Production Tested²⁰.
- II 100% Production Tested at +25°C, and Sample Tested at Specified Temperatures.
- III Sample Tested Only.
- IV Parameter is guaranteed by design and analysis, and characterization testing on discrete SHARCS.
- V Parameter is typical value only.
- VI All devices are 100% production tested at +25°C; sample tested at temperature extremes.

NOTES

¹ Applies to input and bidirectional pins: DATA₄₇₋₀, ADDR₃₁₋₀, \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , \overline{SW} , ACK, \overline{SBTS} , $\overline{IRQy0-3}$, FLAGy0-3, \overline{HBG} , \overline{CSy} , $\overline{DMAR1}$, $\overline{DMAR2}$, \overline{BR}_{6-12} , IDy0-2, RPBA, CPAY, TFSy0, TFSy1, RFSy0, RFSy1, LyxDAT₃₋₀, LyxCLK, LyxACK, EBOOT, LBOOT, EBOOTBCD, LBOOTBCD, BMSA, BMSBCD, TMS, TDI, TCK, \overline{HBR} , DRy0, DRy1, TCLKy0, TCLKy1, RCLKy0, RCLKy1.

² Applies to input pins: CLKIN, \overline{RESET} , \overline{TRST} .

³ Applies to output and bidirectional pins: DATA₄₇₋₀, ADDR₃₁₋₀, \overline{MS}_{3-0} , \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , PAGE, ADRCLK, \overline{SW} , ACK, FLAGy0-3, TIMEXPy, \overline{HBG} , REDY, $\overline{DMAG1}$, $\overline{DMAG2}$, \overline{BR}_{6-12} , CPAY, DTy0, DTy1, TCLKy0, TCLKy1, RCLKy0, RCLKy1, TFSy0, TFSy1, RFSy0, RFSy1, LyxDAT₃₋₀, LyxCLK, LyxACK, BMSA, BMSBCD, TDO, EMU.

⁴ See Output Drive Currents for typical drive current capabilities.

⁵ Applies to input pins: $\overline{IRQy0-3}$, \overline{CSy} , IDy0-2, EBOOT, LBOOT.

⁶ Applies to input pins with internal pull-ups: DRy0, DRy1, TDI.

⁷ Applies to bussed input pins: \overline{SBTS} , \overline{HBR} , $\overline{DMAR1}$, $\overline{DMAR2}$, RPBA, EBOOTBCD, LBOOTBCD, CLKIN, \overline{RESET} , TCK.

⁸ Applies to bussed input pins with internal pull-ups: \overline{TRST} , TMS.

⁹ Applies to three-statable pins: FLAGy0-3, BMSA, TDO.

¹⁰ Applies to three-statable pins with internal pull-ups: DTy0, TCLKy0, RCLKy0, DTy1, TCLKy1, RCLKy1.

¹¹ Applies to ACK pin when pulled up. (Note that ACK is pulled up internally with 2 kΩ during reset in a multiprocessor system, when ID₂₋₀ = 001 and another ADSP-2106x is not requesting bus mastership.)

¹² Applies to bussed three-statable pins: DATA₄₇₋₀, ADDR₃₁₋₀, \overline{MS}_{3-0} , \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , PAGE, ADRCLK, \overline{SW} , ACK, REDY, \overline{HBG} , $\overline{DMAG1}$, $\overline{DMAG2}$, BMSBCD, EMU. (Note that ACK is pulled up internally with 2 kΩ during reset in a multiprocessor system, when ID₂₋₀ = 001 and another ADSP-2106x is not requesting bus mastership. \overline{HBG} and EMU are not tested for leakage current.)

¹³Applies to three-statable pins with internal pull-downs: LyxDAT₃₋₀, LyxCLK, LyxACK.

¹⁴Applies to $\overline{\text{CPAy}}$ pin.

¹⁵Applies to ACK pin when keeper latch enabled.

¹⁶Applies to V_{DD} pins. Conditions of operation: each processor executing radix-2 FFT butterfly with instruction in cache, one data operand fetched from each internal memory block, and one DMA transfer occurring from/to internal memory at t_{CK} = 25 ns.

¹⁷Applies to V_{DD} pins. Idle denotes AD14160/AD14160L state during execution of IDLE instruction.

¹⁸Applies to all signal pins.

¹⁹Guaranteed but not tested.

²⁰Link and Serial Ports: All are 100% tested at die level prior to assembly. All are 100% ac tested at module level; Link-4 and Serial-0 are also dc tested at the module level. See Timing Specifications.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage (5 V) | −0.3 V to +7 V |
| Supply Voltage (3.3 V) | −0.3 V to +4.6 V |
| Input Voltage | −0.5 V to V _{DD} + 0.5 V |
| Output Voltage Swing | −0.5 V to V _{DD} + 0.5 V |
| Load Capacitance | 200 pF |
| Junction Temperature Under Bias | 130°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | −65°C to +150°C |
| Solder Ball Temperature (5 seconds) | +230°C |

*Stresses greater than those listed above may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions greater than those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ESD SENSITIVITY

The AD14160/AD14160L modules are ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive devices. Electrostatic charges readily accumulate on the human body and equipment and can discharge without detection. Permanent damage may occur to devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges.

The ADSP-21060 processors include proprietary ESD protection circuitry to dissipate high energy discharges. Per method 3015 of MIL-STD-883, the ADSP-21060 processors have been classified as a Class 2 device.

Proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality. Unused devices must be stored in conductive foam or shunts, and the foam should be discharged to the destination socket before devices are removed.



TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL NOTES

This data sheet represents production released specifications for the AD14160L (3.3 V), and the AD14160 (5 V). The ADSP-21060 die components are 100% tested, and the assembled AD14160/AD14160L units are again extensively tested at-speed, and across-temperature. Parametric limits were established from the ADSP-21060 characterization followed by further design/analysis of the AD14160/AD14160L package characteristics. The specifications shown are based on a CLKIN frequency of 40 MHz (t_{CK} = 25 ns). The DT derating allows specifications at other CLKIN frequencies (within the min-max range of the t_{CK} specification; see “Clock Input” below). DT is the difference between the actual CLKIN period and a CLKIN period of 25 ns:

$$DT = t_{CK} - 25 \text{ ns}$$

Use the exact timing information given. Do not attempt to derive parameters from the addition or subtraction of others.

While addition or subtraction would yield meaningful results for an individual device, the values given in this data sheet reflect statistical variations and worst cases. Consequently, you cannot meaningfully add parameters to derive longer times.

Switching Characteristics specify how the processor changes its signals. You have no control over this timing—circuitry external to the processor must be designed for compatibility with these signal characteristics. Switching characteristics tell you what the processor will do in a given circumstance. You can also use switching characteristics to ensure that any timing requirement of a device connected to the processor (such as memory) is satisfied.

Timing Requirements apply to signals that are controlled by circuitry external to the processor, such as the data input for a read operation. Timing requirements guarantee that the processor operates correctly with other devices.

(O/D) = Open Drain
(A/D) = Active Drain

AD14160/AD14160L

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|--------------|------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Clock Input | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{CK} | CLKIN Period | | 25 | 100 | ns |
| t_{CKL} | CLKIN Width Low | | 7 | 8.75 | ns |
| t_{CKH} | CLKIN Width High | | 5 | 5 | ns |
| t_{CKRF} | CLKIN Rise/Fall (0.4 V–2.0 V) | | | 3 | ns |

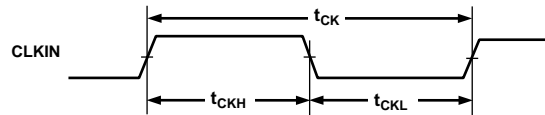


Figure 9. Clock Input

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------|--|-----|---------------|-----------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Reset | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{WRST} | \overline{RESET} Pulsewidth Low ¹ | | $4t_{CK}$ | $4t_{CK}$ | ns |
| t_{SRST} | RESET Setup Before CLKIN High ² | | $14.5 + DT/2$ | t_{CK} | ns |

NOTES

¹Applies after the power-up sequence is complete. At power-up, the processor's internal phase-locked loop requires no more than 2000 CLKIN cycles while \overline{RESET} is low, assuming stable V_{DD} and CLKIN (not including start-up time of external clock oscillator).

²Only required if multiple ADSP-2106xs must come out of reset synchronous to CLKIN with program counters (PC) equal (i.e., for a SIMD system). Not required for multiple ADSP-2106xs communicating over the shared bus (through the external port), because the bus arbitration logic automatically synchronizes itself after reset.

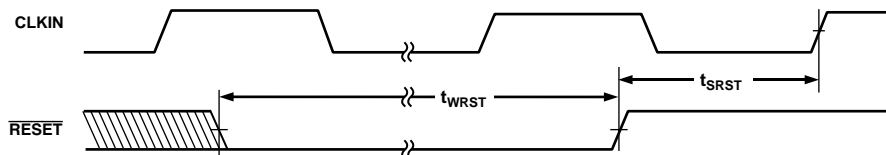


Figure 10. Reset

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------|---|-----|--------------|--------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Interrupts | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{SIR} | \overline{IRQ}_{2-0} Setup Before CLKIN High ¹ | | $18 + 3DT/4$ | $18 + 3DT/4$ | ns |
| t_{HIR} | \overline{IRQ}_{2-0} Hold Before CLKIN High ¹ | | $12 + 3DT/4$ | $12 + 3DT/4$ | ns |
| t_{IPW} | \overline{IRQ}_{2-0} Pulsewidth ² | | $2 + t_{CK}$ | $2 + t_{CK}$ | ns |

NOTES

¹Only required for \overline{IRQ}_x recognition in the following cycle.

²Applies only if t_{SIR} and t_{HIR} requirements are not met.

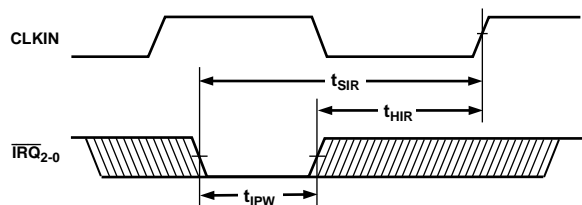


Figure 11. Interrupts

AD14160/AD14160L

| Parameter | 40 MHz-5 V | | 40 MHz-3.3 V | | Units |
|----------------------------------|------------|------|--------------|------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Timer | | | | | |
| <i>Switching Characteristic:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DTEX} | | 15.5 | | 15.5 | ns |

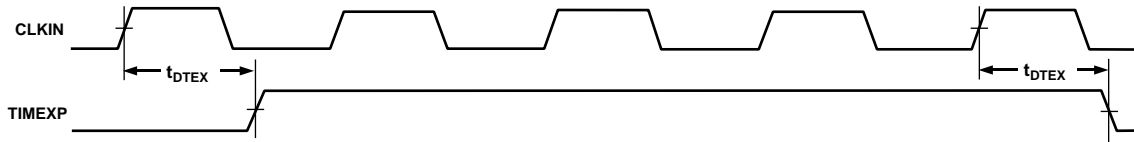


Figure 12. Timer

| Parameter | 40 MHz-5 V | | 40 MHz-3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|--------------|-----|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Flags | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{SFI} | FLAG3-0 _{IN} Setup Before CLKIN High ¹ | | $8 + 5DT/16$ | | ns |
| t_{HFI} | FLAG3-0 _{IN} Hold After CLKIN High ¹ | | $0 - 5DT/16$ | | ns |
| t_{DWRFI} | FLAG3-0 _{IN} Delay After $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Low ¹ | | $5 + 7DT/16$ | | ns |
| t_{HFIWR} | FLAG3-0 _{IN} Hold After $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Deasserted ¹ | | 0.5 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DFO} | FLAG3-0 _{OUT} Delay After CLKIN High | | 16.5 | | ns |
| t_{HFO} | FLAG3-0 _{OUT} Hold After CLKIN High | | 4 | | ns |
| t_{DFOE} | CLKIN High to FLAG3-0 _{OUT} Enable | | 3 | | ns |
| t_{DFOD} | CLKIN High to FLAG3-0 _{OUT} Disable | | 14.5 | | ns |

NOTE

¹Flag inputs meeting these setup and hold times will affect conditional instructions in the following instruction cycle.

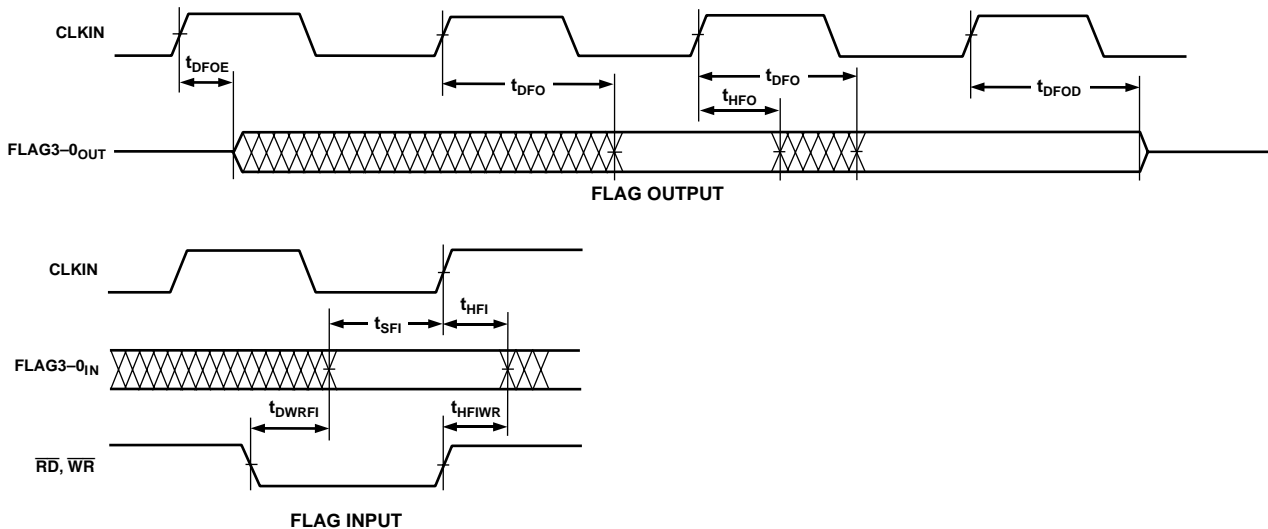


Figure 13. Flags

AD14160/AD14160L

Memory Read—Bus Master

Use these specifications for asynchronous interfacing to memories (and memory-mapped peripherals) without reference to CLKIN. These specifications apply when the AD14160/AD14160L is the bus master accessing external memory space.

These switching characteristics also apply for bus master synchronous read/write timing (see Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Master below). If these timing requirements are met, the synchronous read/write timing can be ignored (and vice versa).

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DAD} | Address, Selects Delay to Data Valid ^{1, 2} | | | | ns |
| t_{DRLD} | \overline{RD} Low to Data Valid ¹ | | | | ns |
| t_{HDA} | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | ns |
| t_{HDRH} | 3 | | 3 | | ns |
| t_{DAAK} | | $13 + 7DT/8 + W$ | | $13 + 7DT/8 + W$ | ns |
| t_{DSAK} | | $7 + DT/2 + W$ | | $7 + DT/2 + W$ | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DRHA} | Address Hold After \overline{RD} High | | $-1 + H$ | | ns |
| t_{DARL} | Address to \overline{RD} Low ² | | $1 + 3DT/8$ | | ns |
| t_{RW} | \overline{RD} Pulsewidth | | $12.5 + 5DT/8 + W$ | | ns |
| t_{RWR} | \overline{RD} High to \overline{WR} , \overline{RD} , \overline{DMAGx} Low | | $7.5 + 3DT/8 + HI$ | | ns |
| t_{SADADC} | Address Setup Before ADRCLK High ² | | $-0.5 + DT/4$ | | ns |

W = (number of wait states specified in WAIT register) $\times t_{CK}$.

HI = t_{CK} (if an address hold cycle or bus idle cycle occurs, as specified in WAIT register; otherwise $HI = 0$).

H = t_{CK} (if an address hold cycle occurs as specified in WAIT register; otherwise $H = 0$).

NOTES

¹Data Delay/Setup: User must meet t_{DAD} or t_{DRLD} or synchronous spec t_{SSDATI} .

²For \overline{MSx} , \overline{SW} , \overline{BMS} , the falling edge is referenced.

³Data Hold: User must meet t_{HDA} or t_{HDRH} or synchronous spec t_{HDATAI} . See System Hold Time Calculation under Test Conditions for the calculation of hold times given capacitive and dc loads.

⁴ACK Delay/Setup: User must meet t_{DSAK} or t_{DAAK} or synchronous specification t_{SACKC} .

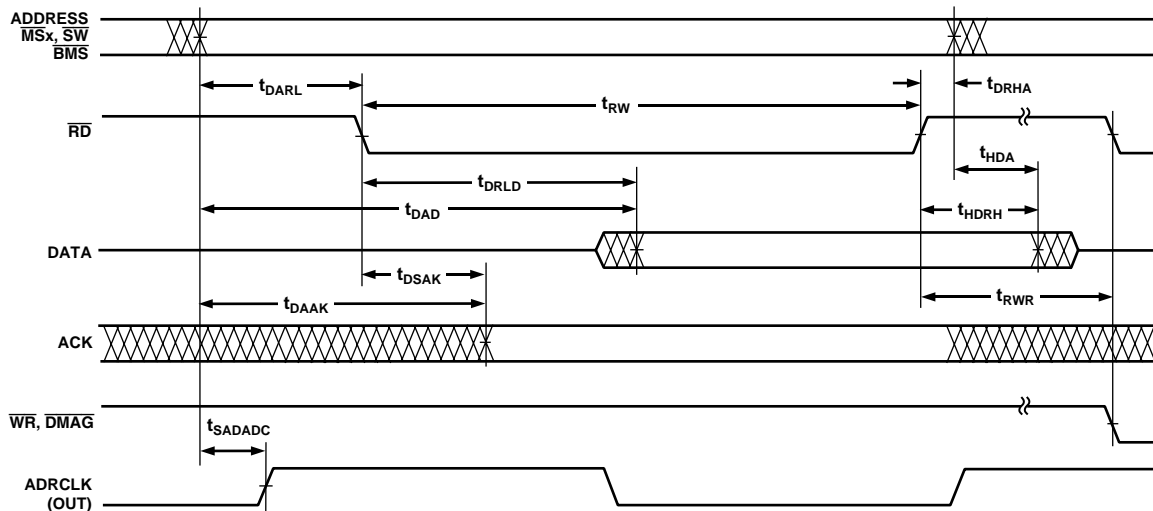


Figure 14. Memory Read—Bus Master

Memory Write—Bus Master

Use these specifications for asynchronous interfacing to memories (and memory-mapped peripherals) without reference to CLKIN. These specifications apply when the AD14160/AD14160L is the bus master accessing external memory space.

These switching characteristics also apply for bus master synchronous read/write timing (see Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Master). If these timing requirements are met, the synchronous read/write timing can be ignored (and vice versa).

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DAAK} | ACK Delay from Address, Selects ^{1,2} | | $13 + 7DT/8 + W$ | | ns |
| t_{DSAK} | ACK Delay from \overline{WR} Low ¹ | | $7 + DT/2 + W$ | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DAWH} | Address, Selects to \overline{WR} Deasserted ² | | $16 + 15DT/16 + W$ | | ns |
| t_{DAWL} | Address, Selects to \overline{WR} Low ² | | $2 + 3DT/8$ | | ns |
| t_{WW} | \overline{WR} Pulsewidth | | $12 + 9DT/16 + W$ | | ns |
| t_{DDWH} | Data Setup Before \overline{WR} High | | $6 + DT/2 + W$ | | ns |
| t_{DWH} | Address Hold After \overline{WR} Deasserted | | $0 + DT/16 + H$ | | ns |
| t_{DATRWH} | Data Disable After \overline{WR} Deasserted ³ | | $0.5 + DT/16 + H$ $7 + DT/16 + H$ | | ns |
| t_{WWR} | \overline{WR} High to \overline{RD} , \overline{DMAGx} Low | | $7.5 + 7DT/16 + H$ | | ns |
| t_{DDWR} | Data Disable Before \overline{WR} or \overline{RD} Low | | $4 + 3DT/8 + I$ | | ns |
| t_{WDE} | \overline{WR} Low to Data Enabled | | $-1.5 + DT/16$ | | ns |
| t_{SADADC} | Address, Selects to ADRCLK High ² | | $-0.5 + DT/4$ | | ns |

W = (number of wait states specified in WAIT register) × t_{CK} .
H = t_{CK} (if an address hold cycle occurs, as specified in WAIT register; otherwise H = 0).
I = t_{CK} (if a bus idle cycle occurs, as specified in WAIT register; otherwise I = 0).

NOTES

¹ACK Delay/Setup: User must meet t_{DAAK} or t_{DSAK} or synchronous specification t_{SACKC} .

²For \overline{MSx} , \overline{SW} , \overline{BMS} , the falling edge is referenced.

³See System Hold Time Calculation under Test Conditions for calculation of hold times given capacitive and dc loads.

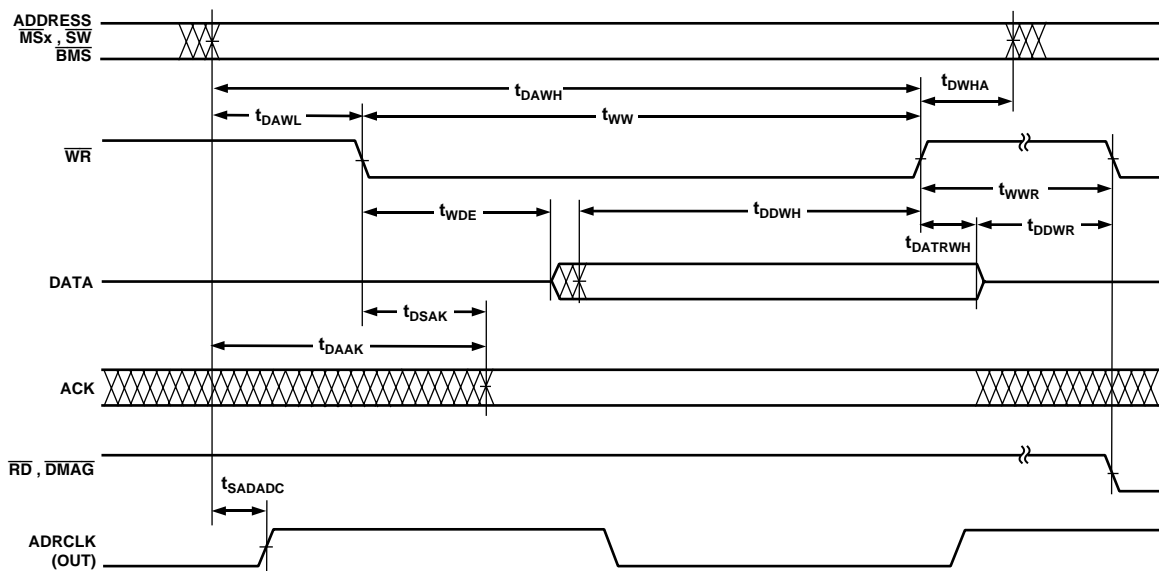


Figure 15. Memory Write—Bus Master

AD14160/AD14160L

Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Master

Use these specifications for interfacing to external memory systems that require CLKIN—relative timing or for accessing a slave ADSP-2106x (in multiprocessor memory space). These synchronous switching characteristics are also valid during asynchronous memory reads and writes (see Memory Read—Bus Master and Memory Write—Bus Master).

When accessing a slave ADSP-2106x, these switching characteristics must meet the slave's timing requirements for synchronous read/writes (see Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Slave). The slave ADSP-2106x must also meet these (bus master) timing requirements for data and acknowledge setup and hold times.

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|--------------------------|-----|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SSDATI} | Data Setup Before CLKIN | | 3.5 + DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{HSDATI} | Data Hold After CLKIN | | 3.5 – DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{DAAK} | ACK Delay After Address, \overline{MS}_x , \overline{SW} , \overline{BMS} ^{1, 2} | | 13 + 7 DT/8 + W | | ns |
| t _{SACKC} | ACK Setup Before CLKIN ² | | 7 + DT/4 | | ns |
| t _{HACKC} | ACK Hold After CLKIN | | –1 – DT/4 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DADRO} | Address, \overline{MS}_x , \overline{BMS} , \overline{SW} Delay After CLKIN ¹ | | 8 – DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{HADRO} | Address, \overline{MS}_x , \overline{BMS} , \overline{SW} Hold After CLKIN | | –1 – DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{DPGC} | PAGE Delay After CLKIN | | 9 + DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{DRDO} | \overline{RD} High Delay After CLKIN | | –2 – DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{DWRO} | \overline{WR} High Delay After CLKIN | | –3 – 3DT/16 | | ns |
| t _{DRWL} | $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Low Delay After CLKIN | | 8 + DT/4 | | ns |
| t _{SDDATO} | Data Delay After CLKIN | | 20 + 5DT/16 | | ns |
| t _{DATTR} | Data Disable After CLKIN ³ | | 0 – DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{DADCK} | ADRCLK Delay After CLKIN | | 4 + DT/8 | | ns |
| t _{ADRCK} | ADRCLK Period | | t _{CK} | | ns |
| t _{ADRCKH} | ADRCLK Width High | | (t _{CK} /2 – 2) | | ns |
| t _{ADRCKL} | ADRCLK Width Low | | (t _{CK} /2 – 2) | | ns |

W = (number of Wait states specified in WAIT register) × t_{CK}.

NOTES

¹For \overline{MS}_x , \overline{SW} , \overline{BMS} , the falling edge is referenced.

²ACK Delay/Setup: User must meet t_{DAAK} or t_{DSAK} or synchronous specification t_{SACKC}.

³See System Hold Time Calculation under Test Conditions for calculation of hold times given capacitive and dc loads.

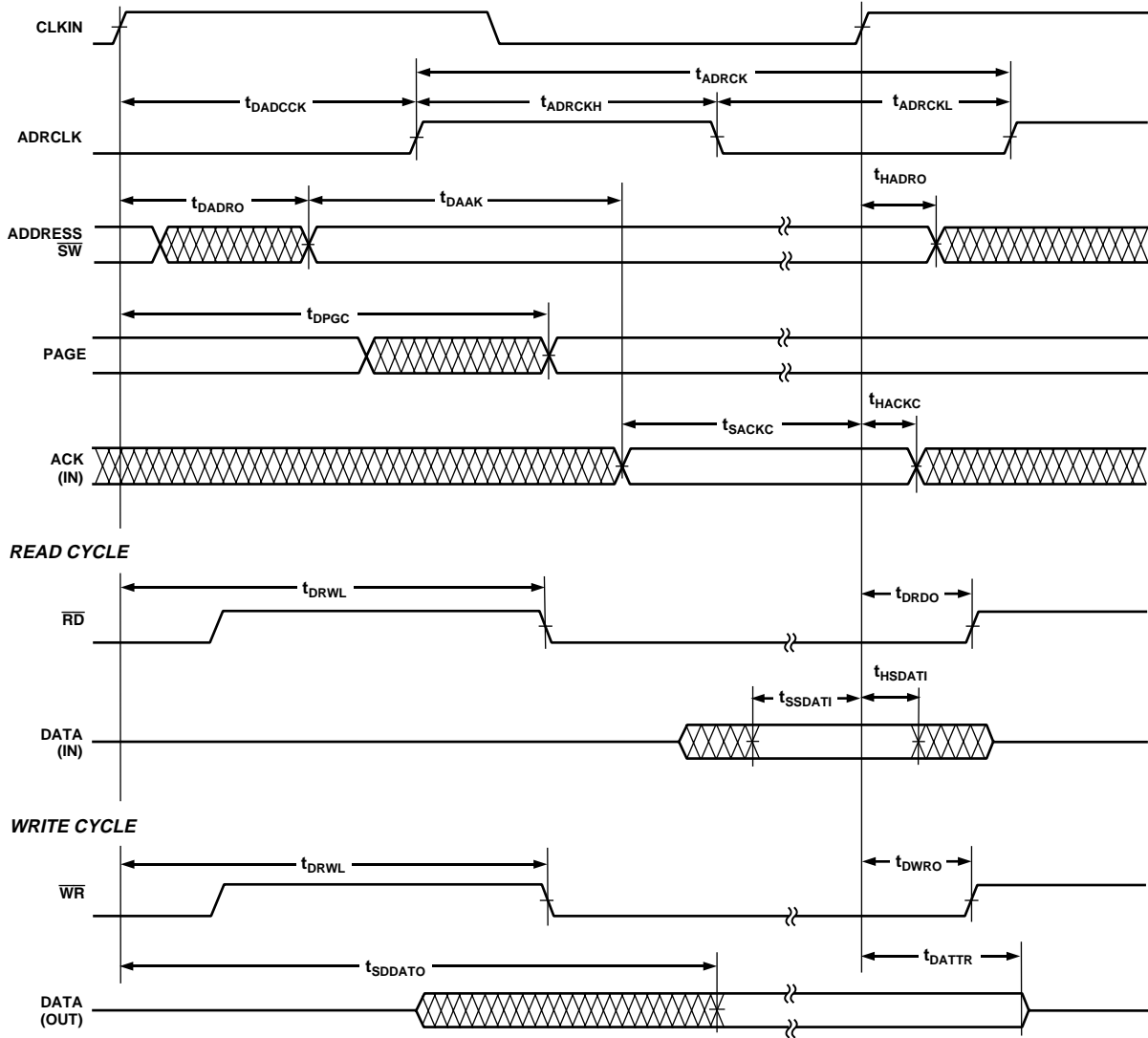


Figure 16. Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Master

AD14160/AD14160L

Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Slave

The bus master must meet these (bus slave) timing requirements.

Use these specifications for bus master accesses of a slave's IOP registers or internal memory (in multiprocessor memory space).

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{SADRI} | Address, \overline{SW} Setup Before CLKIN | | 15.5 + DT/2 | | ns |
| t_{HADRI} | Address, \overline{SW} Hold Before CLKIN | | 5 + DT/2 | | ns |
| t_{SRWLI} | $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Low Setup Before CLKIN ¹ | | 10 + 5DT/16 | | ns |
| t_{HRWLI} | $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Low Hold After CLKIN | | -4 - 5DT/16 7.5 + 7DT/16 | | ns |
| t_{RWHPI} | $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Pulse High | | 3 | | ns |
| t_{SDATWH} | Data Setup Before \overline{WR} High | | 6 | | ns |
| t_{HDATWH} | Data Hold After \overline{WR} High | | 1.5 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{SDDATO} | Data Delay After CLKIN | | 20 + 5DT/16 | | ns |
| t_{DATTR} | Data Disable After CLKIN ² | | 0 - DT/8 8 - DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{DACKAD} | ACK Delay After Address, \overline{SW} ³ | | 10 | | ns |
| t_{ACKTR} | ACK Disable After CLKIN ³ | | -1 - DT/8 7 - DT/8 | | ns |

NOTES

¹ t_{SRWLI} (min) = 10 + 5DT/16 when Multiprocessor Memory Space Wait State (MMSWS bit in WAIT register) is disabled; when MMSWS is enabled, t_{SRWLI} (min) = 4.5 + DT/8.

²See System Hold Time Calculation under Test Conditions for calculation of hold times given capacitive and dc loads.

³ t_{DACKAD} is true only if the address and \overline{SW} inputs have setup times (before CLKIN) greater than 10.5 + DT/8 and less than 19 + 3DT/4. If the address and \overline{SW} inputs have setup times greater than 19 + 3DT/4, then ACK is valid 15 + DT/4 (max) after CLKIN. A slave that sees an address with an M field match will respond with ACK regardless of the state of MMSWS or strobes. A slave will three-state ACK every cycle with t_{ACKTR} .

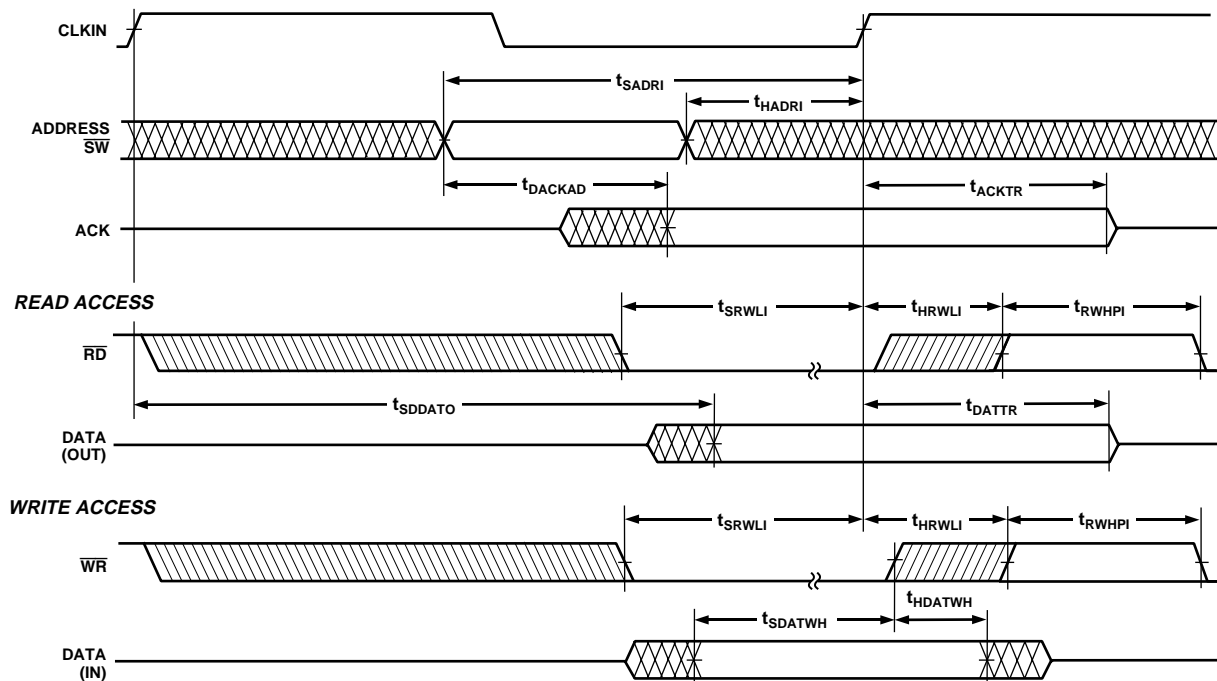


Figure 17. Synchronous Read/Write—Bus Slave

Multiprocessor Bus Request and Host Bus Request

Use these specifications for passing of bus mastership between multiprocessing ADSP-2106x's (\overline{BRx}) or a host processor (HBR, HBG).

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| $t_{HBGRCSV}$ | \overline{HBG} Low to $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}/\overline{CS}$ Valid ¹ | | | | ns |
| t_{SHBRI} | 20 + 3DT/4 | 19.5 + 5DT/4 | 20 + 3DT/4 | 19.5 + 5DT/4 | ns |
| t_{HHBRI} | \overline{HBR} Setup Before CLKIN ² | | 20 + 3DT/4 | 14 + 3DT/4 | ns |
| t_{HHBRI} | \overline{HBR} Hold Before CLKIN ² | | 13 + DT/2 | 14 + 3DT/4 | ns |
| t_{SHBGI} | \overline{HBG} Setup Before CLKIN | | 13 + DT/2 | 6 + DT/2 | ns |
| t_{HHBGI} | \overline{HBG} Hold Before CLKIN High | | 13.5 + DT/2 | 6 + DT/2 | ns |
| t_{SBRI} | \overline{BRx} , \overline{CPA} Setup Before CLKIN ³ | | 13.5 + DT/2 | 6 + DT/2 | ns |
| t_{HBRI} | \overline{BRx} , \overline{CPA} Hold Before CLKIN High | | 21.5 + 3DT/4 | 6 + DT/2 | ns |
| t_{SRPBAI} | RPBA Setup Before CLKIN | | 21.5 + 3DT/4 | 12 + 3DT/4 | ns |
| t_{HRPBAI} | RPBA Hold Before CLKIN | | | 12 + 3DT/4 | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DHBGO} | \overline{HBG} Delay After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | 7.5 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{HHBGO} | \overline{HBG} Hold After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | 7.5 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{DBRO} | \overline{BRx} Delay After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | 8 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{HBRO} | \overline{BRx} Hold After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | 8 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{DCPAO} | \overline{CPA} Low Delay After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | 8.5 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{TRCPA} | \overline{CPA} Disable After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | 5 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{DRDYCS} | REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Low from \overline{CS} and \overline{HBR} Low ⁴ | | | 9.5 | ns |
| t_{TRDYHG} | REDY (O/D) Disable or REDY (A/D) High from \overline{HBG} ⁴ | | 43.5 + 27DT/16 | 43.5 + 27DT/16 | ns |
| t_{ARDYTR} | REDY (A/D) Disable from \overline{CS} or \overline{HBR} High ⁴ | | | 11 | ns |

NOTES

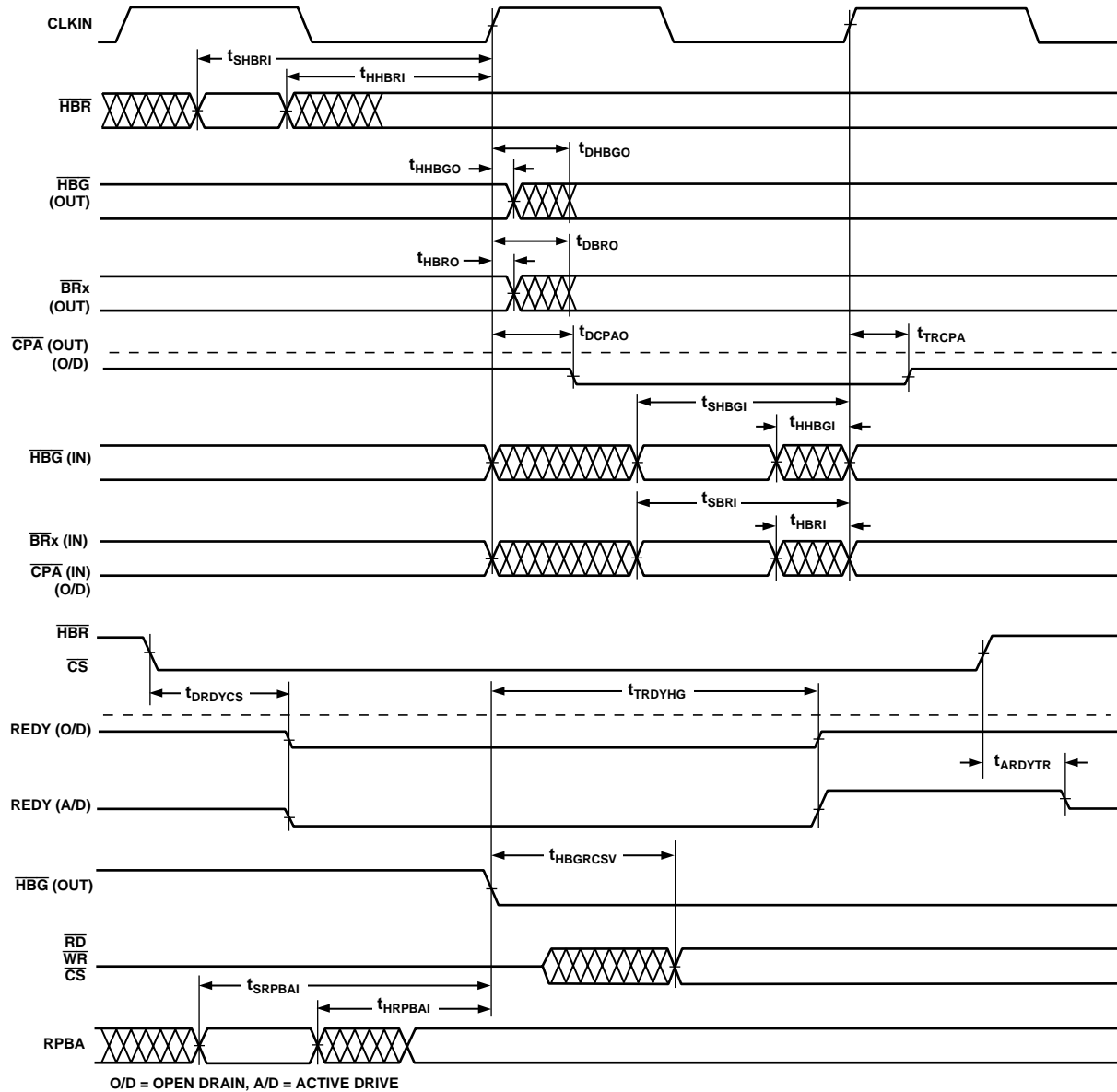
¹For first asynchronous access after \overline{HBR} and \overline{CS} asserted, $ADDR_{31-0}$ must be a non-MMS value 1/2 t_{CR} before \overline{RD} or \overline{WR} goes low or by $t_{HBGRCSV}$ after HBG goes low. This is easily accomplished by driving an upper address signal high when \overline{HBG} is asserted.

²Only required for recognition in the current cycle.

³ \overline{CPA} assertion must meet the setup to CLKIN; deassertion does not need to meet the setup to CLKIN.

⁴(O/D) = open drain, (A/D) = active drive.

AD14160/AD14160L



O/D = OPEN DRAIN, A/D = ACTIVE DRIVE

NOTE:
HBG WILL BE DELAYED BY n CLOCK CYCLES
WHEN WAIT STATES OR BUS LOCK ARE IN EFFECT.

Figure 18. Multiprocessor Bus Request and Host Bus Request

Asynchronous Read/Write—Host to AD14160/AD14160L

Use these specifications for asynchronous host processor accesses of an AD14160/AD14160L, after the host has asserted \overline{CS} and \overline{HBR} (low). After \overline{HBG} is returned by the AD14160/AD14160L,

the host can drive the \overline{RD} and \overline{WR} pins to access the AD14160/AD14160L's internal memory or IOP registers. \overline{HBR} and \overline{HBG} are assumed low for this timing.

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|--------------|------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Lead Cycle | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{SADRDL} | Address Setup/ \overline{CS} Low Before \overline{RD} Low ¹ | | 1 | | ns |
| t_{HADRDH} | Address Hold/ \overline{CS} Hold Low After \overline{RD} | | 1 | | ns |
| t_{WRWH} | $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ High Width | | 6 | | ns |
| $t_{DRDHRDY}$ | \overline{RD} High Delay After REDY (O/D) Disable | | 0.5 | | ns |
| $t_{DRDHRDY}$ | \overline{RD} High Delay After REDY (A/D) Disable | | 0.5 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| $t_{SDATRDY}$ | Data Valid Before REDY Disable from Low | | 1 | | ns |
| $t_{DRDYRDL}$ | REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Low Delay After \overline{RD} Low | | | 11 | ns |
| t_{RDYPRD} | REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Low Pulsewidth for Read | | 45 + DT | | ns |
| t_{HDARWH} | Data Disable After \overline{RD} High | | 2 | 9.5 | ns |
| Write Cycle | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{SCSWRL} | \overline{CS} Low Setup Before \overline{WR} Low | | 0 | | ns |
| t_{HCSWRH} | \overline{CS} Low Hold After \overline{WR} High | | 0.5 | | ns |
| t_{SADWRH} | Address Setup Before \overline{WR} High | | 6 | | ns |
| t_{HADWRH} | Address Hold After \overline{WR} High | | 2.5 | | ns |
| t_{WWRL} | \overline{WR} Low Width | | 7 | | ns |
| t_{WRWH} | $\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ High Width | | 6 | | ns |
| $t_{DWRHRDY}$ | \overline{WR} High Delay After REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Disable | | 0.5 | | ns |
| t_{SDATWH} | Data Setup Before \overline{WR} High | | 6 | | ns |
| t_{HDATWH} | Data Hold After \overline{WR} High | | 1.5 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| $t_{DRDYWRL}$ | REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Low Delay After $\overline{WR}/\overline{CS}$ Low | | | 11 | ns |
| t_{RDYPWR} | REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Low Pulsewidth for Write | | 15 | | ns |
| t_{SRDYCK} | REDY (O/D) or (A/D) Disable to CLKIN | | 0.5 + 7DT/16 | 8 + 7DT/16 | ns |

NOTE

¹Not required if \overline{RD} and address are valid $t_{HBGRCSV}$ after \overline{HBG} goes low. For first access after \overline{HBR} asserted, $ADDR_{31-0}$ must be a non-MMS value $1/2 t_{CLK}$ before \overline{RD} or \overline{WR} goes low or by $t_{HBGRCSV}$ after \overline{HBG} goes low. This is easily accomplished by driving an upper address signal high when \overline{HBG} is asserted. For address bits to be driven during asynchronous host accesses, see Table 8.2 of the *ADSP-2106x SHARC User's Manual*.

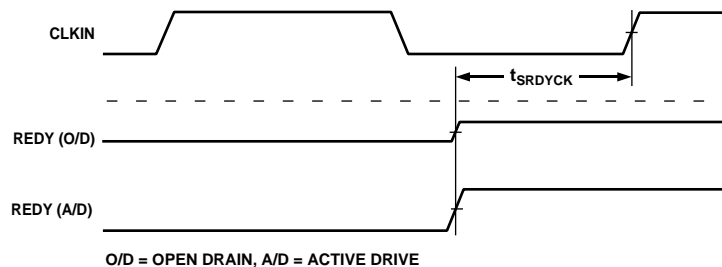


Figure 19a. Synchronous REDY Timing

AD14160/AD14160L

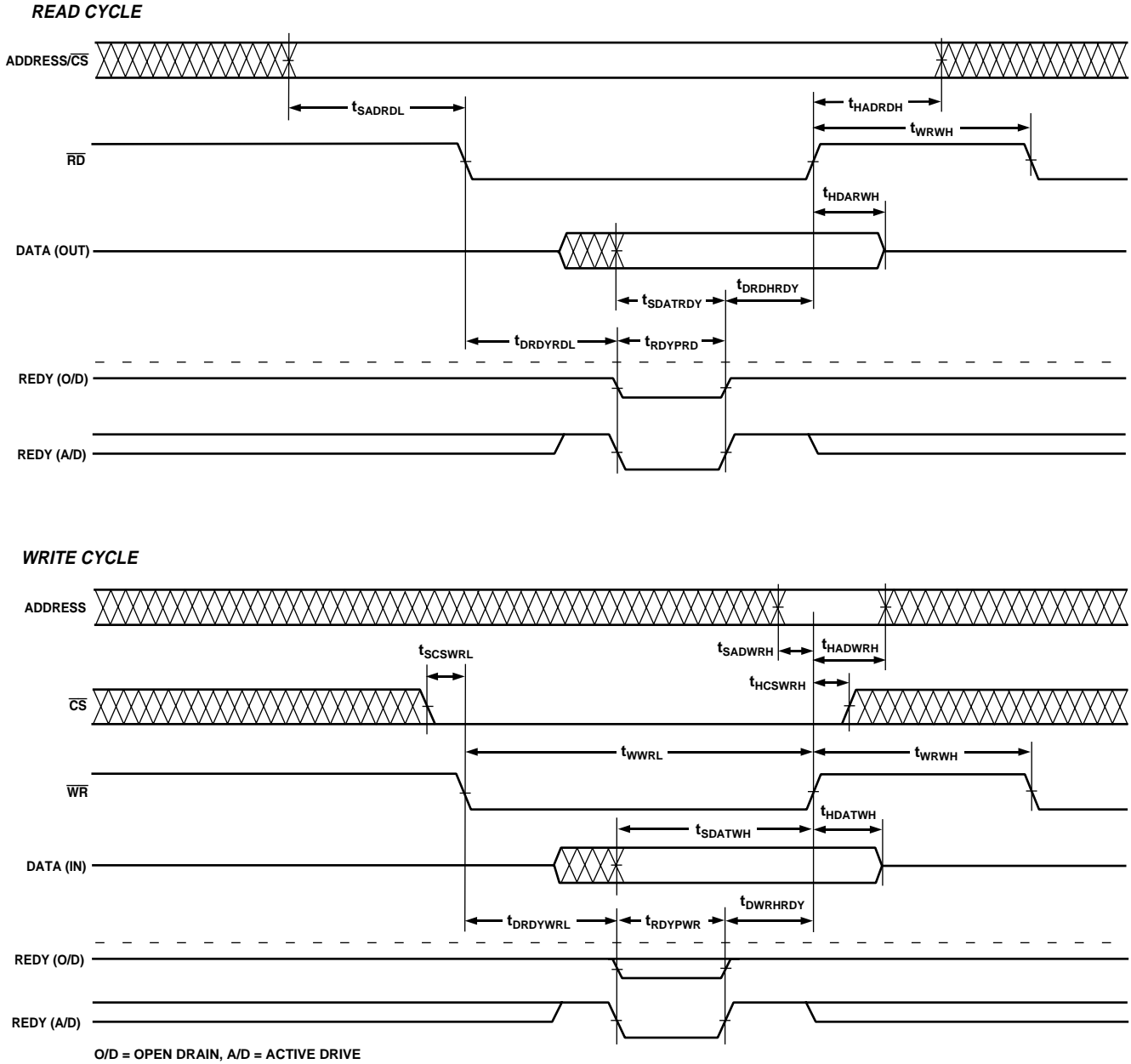


Figure 19b. Asynchronous Read/Write—Host to ADSP-2106x

Three-State Timing—Bus Master, Bus Slave, $\overline{\text{HBR}}$, $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$

These specifications show how the memory interface is disabled (stops driving) or enabled (resumes driving) relative to CLKIN and the $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ pin. This timing is applicable to bus master transition cycles (BTC) and host transition cycles (HTC) as well as the $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ pin.

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|--------------|------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{STCK} | $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ Setup Before CLKIN | | 12 + DT/2 | | ns |
| t_{HTCK} | $\overline{\text{SBTS}}$ Hold Before CLKIN | | 6 + DT/2 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{MIENA} | Address/Select Enable After CLKIN | | -1.5 - DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{MIENS} | Strobes Enable After CLKIN ¹ | | -1.5 - DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{MIENHG} | $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ Enable After CLKIN | | -1.5 - DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{MITRA} | Address/Select Disable After CLKIN | | | 1 - DT/4 | ns |
| t_{MITRS} | Strobes Disable After CLKIN ¹ | | 2.5 - DT/4 | | ns |
| t_{MITRHG} | $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ Disable After CLKIN | | 2.5 - DT/4 | | ns |
| t_{DATEN} | Data Enable After CLKIN ² | | 9 + 5DT/16 | | ns |
| t_{DATTR} | Data Disable After CLKIN ² | | 0 - DT/8 | 8 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{ACKEN} | ACK Enable After CLKIN ² | | 7.5 + DT/4 | | ns |
| t_{ACKTR} | ACK Disable After CLKIN ² | | -1 - DT/8 | 7 - DT/8 | ns |
| t_{ADCEN} | ADRCLK Enable After CLKIN | | -2 - DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{ADCTR} | ADRCLK Disable After CLKIN | | | 8.5 - DT/4 | ns |
| t_{MTRHBG} | Memory Interface Disable Before $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ Low ³ | | -0.5 + DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{MENHBG} | Memory Interface Enable After $\overline{\text{HBG}}$ High ³ | | 18.5 + DT | | ns |

NOTES

¹Strobes = $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{SW}}$, PAGE, $\overline{\text{DMAG}}$.

²In addition to bus master transition cycles, these specs also apply to bus master and bus slave synchronous read/write.

³Memory Interface = Address, $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{MSx}}$, $\overline{\text{SW}}$, $\overline{\text{HBG}}$, PAGE, $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$, $\overline{\text{BMS}}$ (in EPROM boot mode).

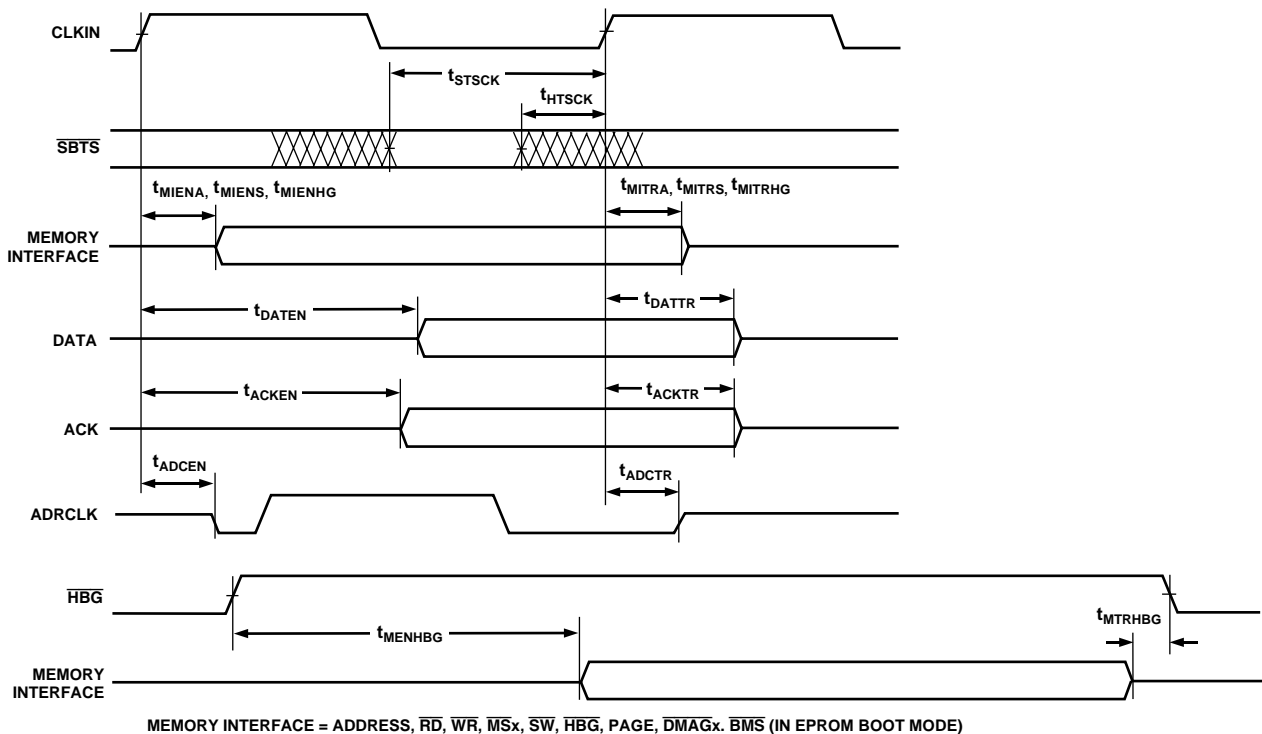


Figure 20. Three-State Timing

AD14160/AD14160L

DMA Handshake

These specifications describe the three DMA handshake modes. In all three modes $\overline{\text{DMAR}}$ is used to initiate transfers. For handshake mode, $\overline{\text{DMAG}}$ controls the latching or enabling of data externally. For external handshake mode, the data transfer is controlled by the ADDR_{31-0} , $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{SW}}$, PAGE , $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$, ACK , and $\overline{\text{DMAG}}$ signals. For Paced Master mode, the data

transfer is controlled by ADDR_{31-0} , $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$, and ACK (not $\overline{\text{DMAG}}$). For Paced Master mode, the “Memory Read–Bus Master”, “Memory Write–Bus Master”, and “Synchronous Read/Write–Bus Master” timing specifications for ADDR_{31-0} , $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{MS}}_{3-0}$, $\overline{\text{SW}}$, PAGE , DATA_{47-0} , and ACK also apply.

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|----|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | | |
| t_{SDRLC} | $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ Low Setup Before CLKIN^1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | | ns | |
| t_{SDRHC} | $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ High Setup Before CLKIN^1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | | ns | |
| t_{WDR} | $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ Width Low (Nonsynchronous) | 6 | 6 | | ns | |
| t_{SDATDGL} | Data Setup After $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low ² | | 9 + 5DT/8 | 9 + 5DT/8 | ns | |
| t_{HDATIDG} | Data Hold After $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High | 2.5 | 2.5 | | ns | |
| t_{DATDRH} | Data Valid After $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High ² | | 15 + 7DT/8 | 15 + 7DT/8 | ns | |
| t_{DMARLL} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low Edge to Low Edge | 23 + 7DT/8 | 23 + 7DT/8 | | ns | |
| t_{DMARH} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Width High | 6 | 6 | | ns | |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | | |
| t_{DDGL} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low Delay After CLKIN | 9 + DT/4 | 16 + DT/4 | 9 + DT/4 | 16 + DT/4 | ns |
| t_{WDGH} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High Width | 6 + 3DT/8 | | 6 + 3DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{WDGL} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low Width | 12 + 5DT/8 | | 12 + 5DT/8 | | ns |
| t_{HDGC} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High Delay After CLKIN | –2 – DT/8 | 7 – DT/8 | –2 – DT/8 | 7 – DT/8 | ns |
| t_{VDATDGH} | Data Valid Before $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High ³ | 7 + 9DT/16 | | 7 + 9DT/16 | | ns |
| t_{DATRDGH} | Data Disable After $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High ⁴ | –0.5 | 8 | –0.5 | 8 | ns |
| t_{DGWRF} | $\overline{\text{WR}}$ Low Before $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low | –0.5 | 2.5 | –0.5 | 2.5 | ns |
| t_{DGWRH} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low Before $\overline{\text{WR}}$ High | 9.5 + 5DT/8 + W | | 9.5 + 5DT/8 + W | | ns |
| t_{DGWRR} | $\overline{\text{WR}}$ High Before $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High | 0.5 + DT/16 | 3.5 + DT/16 | 0.5 + DT/16 | 3.5 + DT/16 | ns |
| t_{DGRDF} | $\overline{\text{RD}}$ Low Before $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low | –0.5 | 2.5 | –0.5 | 2.5 | ns |
| t_{DRDGH} | $\overline{\text{RD}}$ Low Before $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High | 10.5 + 9DT/16 + W | | 10.5 + 9DT/16 + W | | ns |
| t_{DGRDR} | $\overline{\text{RD}}$ High Before $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High | –0.5 | 3.5 | –0.5 | 3.5 | ns |
| t_{DGWR} | $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High to $\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ Low | 5 + 3DT/8 + HI | | 5 + 3DT/8 + HI | | ns |
| t_{DADGH} | Address/Select Valid to $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High | 16 + DT | | 16 + DT | | ns |
| t_{DDGHA} | Address/Select Hold After $\overline{\text{DMAGx}}$ High | –1.5 | | –1.5 | | ns |

W = (number of wait states specified in WAIT register) × t_{CK} .

HI = t_{CK} (if an address hold cycle or bus idle cycle occurs, as specified in WAIT register; otherwise HI = 0).

NOTES

¹Only required for recognition in the current cycle.

² t_{SDATDGL} is the data setup requirement if $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ is not being used to hold off completion of a write. Otherwise, if $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ low holds off completion of the write, the data can be driven t_{DATDRH} after $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ is brought high.

³ t_{VDATDGH} is valid if $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ is not being used to hold off completion of a read. If $\overline{\text{DMARx}}$ is used to prolong the read, then $t_{\text{VDATDGH}} = 7 + 9DT/16 + (n \times t_{\text{CK}})$ where n equals the number of extra cycles that the access is prolonged.

⁴See System Hold Time Calculation under Test Conditions for calculation of hold times given capacitive and dc loads.

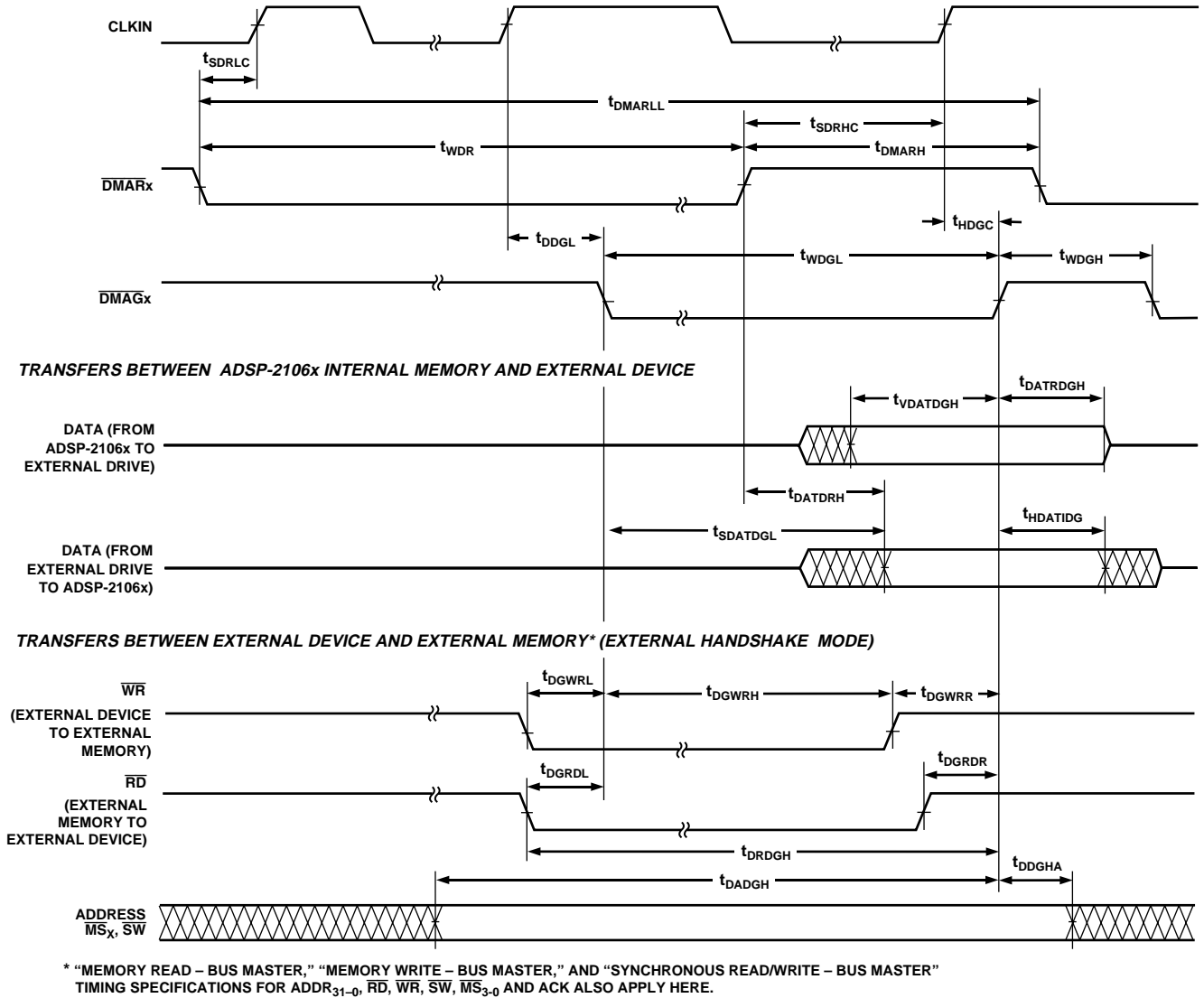


Figure 21. DMA Handshake Timing

AD14160/AD14160L

Link Ports: 1 × CLK Speed Operation

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|---|---|-----|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Receive | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SLDCL} | Data Setup Before LCLK Low | | 3 | | ns |
| t _{HLDC} | Data Hold After LCLK Low | | 3 | | ns |
| t _{LCLKIW} | LCLK Period (1 × Operation) | | t _{CK} | t _{CK} | ns |
| t _{LCLKRWL} | LCLK Width Low | | 6 | | ns |
| t _{LCLKRWH} | LCLK Width High | | 5 | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DLAHC} | LACK High Delay After CLKIN High | | 18 + DT/2 | 29 + DT/2 | ns |
| t _{DLALC} | LACK Low Delay After LCLK High ¹ | | -3 | 13.5 | ns |
| t _{ENDLK} | LACK Enable from CLKIN | | 5 + DT/2 | 5 + DT/2 | ns |
| t _{TDLK} | LACK Disable from CLKIN | | | 20.5 + DT/2 | ns |
| Transmit | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SLACH} | LACK Setup Before LCLK High | | 18 | 20 | ns |
| t _{HLACH} | LACK Hold After LCLK High | | -7 | -7 | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DLCLK} | LCLK Delay After CLKIN (1 × Operation) | | | 16 | ns |
| t _{DLDC} | Data Delay After LCLK High | | | 3.5 | ns |
| t _{HLDC} | Data Hold After LCLK High | | -3 | | ns |
| t _{LCLKTWL} | LCLK Width Low | | (t _{CK} /2) - 2 | (t _{CK} /2) + 2 | ns |
| t _{LCLKTWH} | LCLK Width High | | (t _{CK} /2) - 2 | (t _{CK} /2) + 2 | ns |
| t _{DLACLK} | LCLK Low Delay After LACK High | | (t _{CK} /2) + 8.5 | (3 × t _{CK} /2) + 17.5 | ns |
| t _{ENDLK} | LDAT, LCLK Enable After CLKIN | | 5 + DT/2 | 5 + DT/2 | ns |
| t _{TDLK} | LDAT, LCLK Disable After CLKIN | | | 20.5 + DT/2 | ns |
| Link Port Service Request Interrupts: 1 × and 2 × Speed Operations | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SLCK} | LACK/LCLK Setup Before CLKIN Low ² | | 10 | 10 | ns |
| t _{HLCK} | LACK/LCLK Hold After CLKIN Low ² | | 2 | 2 | ns |

NOTES

¹LACK will go low with t_{DLALC} relative to rising edge of LCLK after first nibble is received. LACK will not go low if the receiver's link buffer is not about to fill.

²Only required for interrupt recognition in the current cycle.

Link Ports: 2 × CLK Speed Operation

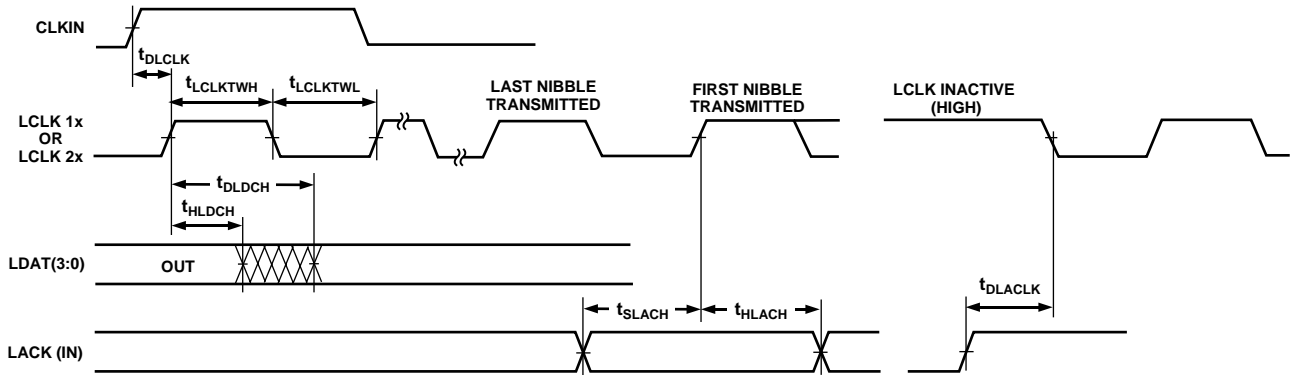
| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Receive | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SLDCL} | Data Setup Before LCLK Low | | 2.5 | 2.25 | ns |
| t _{HLDC} | Data Hold After LCLK Low | | 2.25 | 2.25 | ns |
| t _{LCLKIW} | LCLK Period (2 × Operation) | | t _{CK} /2 | t _{CK} /2 | ns |
| t _{LCLKRWL} | LCLK Width Low | | 4.5 | 5 | ns |
| t _{LCLKRWH} | LCLK Width High | | 4.25 | 4 | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DLAHC} | LACK High Delay After CLKIN High | | 18 + DT/2 | 29 + DT/2 | ns |
| t _{DLALC} | LACK Low Delay After LCLK High ¹ | | 6 | 16.5 | ns |
| Transmit | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SLACH} | LACK Setup Before LCLK High | | 19 | 19 | ns |
| t _{HLACH} | LACK Hold After LCLK High | | -6.75 | -6.5 | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DLCLK} | LCLK Delay After CLKIN | | | 8.5 | ns |
| t _{DLDC} | Data Delay After LCLK High | | | 3 | ns |
| t _{HLDC} | Data Hold After LCLK High | | -2 | | ns |
| t _{LCLKTWL} | LCLK Width Low | | (t _{CK} /4) - 1 | (t _{CK} /4) + 1 | ns |
| t _{LCLKTWH} | LCLK Width High | | (t _{CK} /4) - 1 | (t _{CK} /4) + 1 | ns |
| t _{DLACLK} | LCLK Low Delay After LACK High | | (t _{CK} /4) + 9 | (3 × t _{CL} /4) + 17 | ns |

NOTE

¹LACK will go low with t_{DLALC} relative to rising edge of LCLK after first nibble is received. LACK will not go low if the receiver's link buffer is not about to fill.

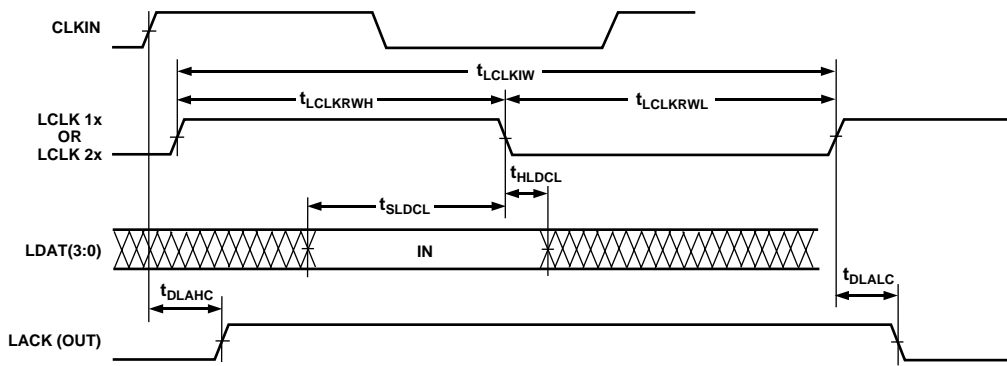
AD14160/AD14160L

TRANSMIT



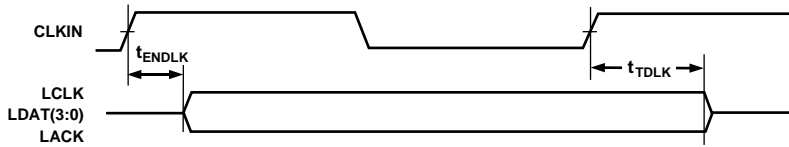
THE t_{SLACH} REQUIREMENT APPLIES TO THE RISING EDGE OF LCLK ONLY FOR THE FIRST NIBBLE TRANSMITTED.

RECEIVE



LACK GOES LOW ONLY AFTER THE SECOND NIBBLE IS RECEIVED.

LINK PORT ENABLE/THREE-STATE DELAY FROM INSTRUCTION



LINK PORT ENABLE OR THREE-STATE TAKES EFFECT 2 CYCLES AFTER A WRITE TO A LINK PORT CONTROL REGISTER.

LINK PORT INTERRUPT SETUP TIME

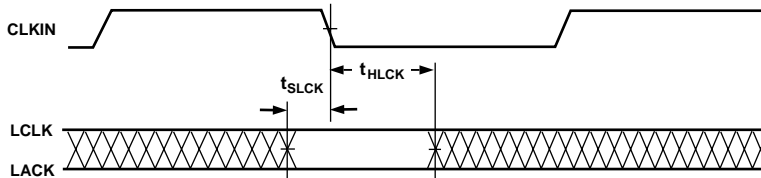


Figure 22. Link Ports

Serial Ports

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|-----------------|--------------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| External Clock | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SFSE} | TFS/RFS Setup Before TCLK/RCLK ¹ | | 3.5 | | ns |
| t _{HFSE} | TFS/RFS Hold After TCLK/RCLK ^{1, 2} | | 4 | | ns |
| t _{SDRE} | Receive Data Setup Before RCLK ¹ | | 1.5 | | ns |
| t _{HDRE} | Receive Data Hold After RCLK ¹ | | 4 | | ns |
| t _{SCLKW} | TCLK/RCLK Width | | 9.5 | | ns |
| t _{SCLK} | TCLK/RCLK Period | | t _{CK} | | ns |
| Internal Clock | | | | | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{SFSI} | TFS Setup Before TCLK ¹ ; RFS Setup Before RCLK ¹ | | 8 | | ns |
| t _{HFSI} | TFS/RFS Hold After TCLK/RCLK ^{1, 2} | | 1 | | ns |
| t _{SDRI} | Receive Data Setup Before RCLK ¹ | | 3 | | ns |
| t _{HDRI} | Receive Data Hold After RCLK ¹ | | 3 | | ns |
| External or Internal Clock | | | | | |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DFSE} | RFS Delay After RCLK (Internally Generated RFS) ³ | | | 13.5 | ns |
| t _{HFSE} | RFS Hold After RCLK (Internally Generated RFS) ³ | | 3 | | ns |
| External Clock | | | | | |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DFSE} | TFS Delay After TCLK (Internally Generated TFS) ³ | | | 13.5 | ns |
| t _{HFSE} | TFS Hold After TCLK (Internally Generated TFS) ³ | | 3 | | ns |
| t _{DDTE} | Transmit Data Delay After TCLK ³ | | | 16.5 | ns |
| t _{HDTE} | Transmit Data Hold After TCLK ³ | | 5 | | ns |
| Internal Clock | | | | | |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DFSI} | TFS Delay After TCLK (Internally Generated TFS) ³ | | | 4.5 | ns |
| t _{HFSI} | TFS Hold After TCLK (Internally Generated TFS) ³ | | -1.5 | | ns |
| t _{DDTI} | Transmit Data Delay After TCLK ³ | | | 7.5 | ns |
| t _{HDTI} | Transmit Data Hold After TCLK ³ | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{SCLKIW} | TCLK/RCLK Width | | (SCLK/2) – 2 | (SCLK/2) + 2 | ns |
| Enable and Three-State | | | | | |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DDTEN} | Data Enable from External TCLK ³ | | 3.5 | | ns |
| t _{DDTTE} | Data Disable from External TCLK ³ | | | 11 | ns |
| t _{DDTIN} | Data Enable from Internal TCLK ³ | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{DDTTI} | Data Disable from Internal TCLK ³ | | | 3 | ns |
| t _{DCLK} | TCLK/RCLK Delay from CLKIN | | | 22.5 + 3DT/8 | ns |
| t _{DPTR} | SPORT Disable After CLKIN | | | 17.5 | ns |
| External Late Frame Sync | | | | | |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t _{DDTLFSE} | Data Delay from Late External TFS or External RFS with MCE = 1, MFD = 0 ⁴ | | | 12.5 | ns |
| t _{DDTENFS} | Data Enable from Late FS or MCE = 1, MFD = 0 ⁴ | | 3 | | ns |

To determine whether communication is possible between two devices at clock speed n , the following specifications must be confirmed: 1) frame sync delay and frame sync setup and hold, 2) data delay and data setup and hold, and 3) SCLK width.

NOTES

¹Referenced to sample edge.

²RFS hold after RCLK when MCE = 1, MFD = 0 is 0 ns minimum from drive edge. TFS hold after TCLK for late external TFS is 0 ns minimum from drive edge.

³Referenced to drive edge.

⁴MCE = 1, TFS enable and TFS valid follow t_{DDTLFSE} and t_{DDTENFS}.

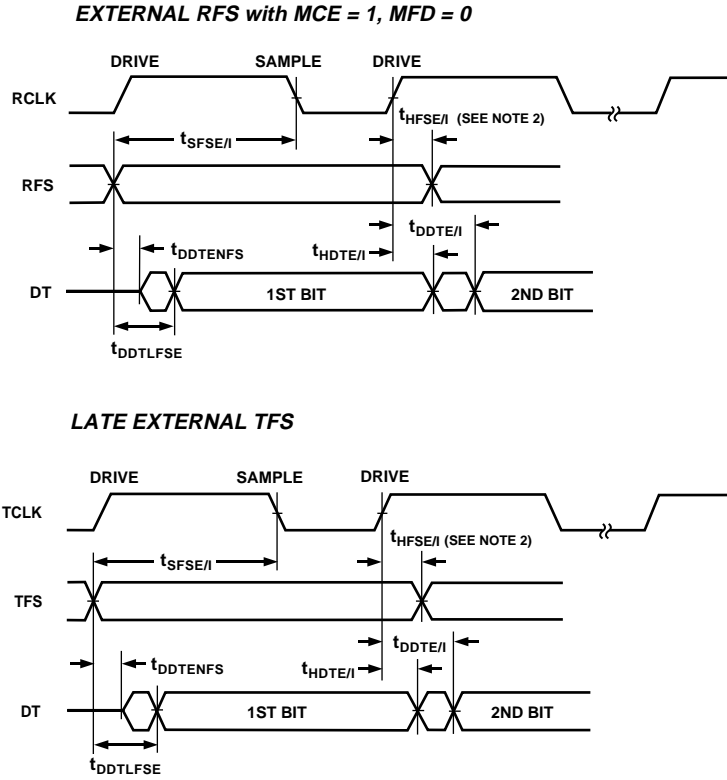
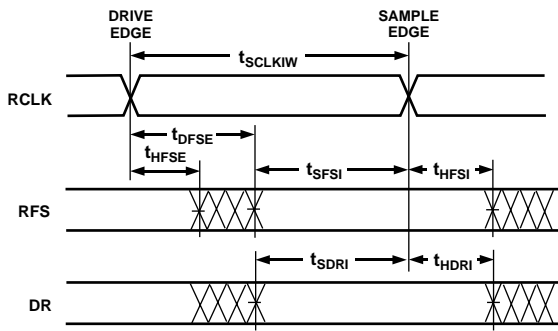
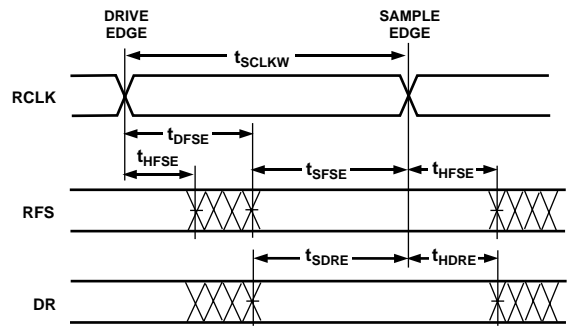


Figure 23. External Late Frame Sync

DATA RECEIVE- INTERNAL CLOCK

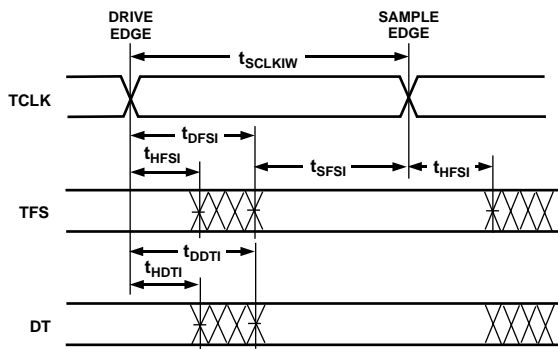


DATA RECEIVE- EXTERNAL CLOCK

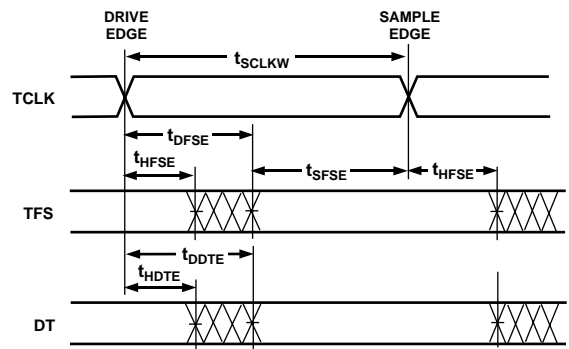


NOTE: EITHER THE RISING EDGE OR FALLING EDGE OF RCLK, TCLK CAN BE USED AS THE ACTIVE SAMPLING EDGE.

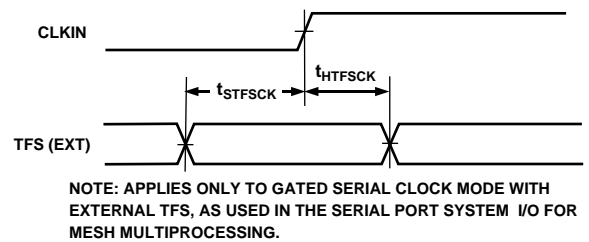
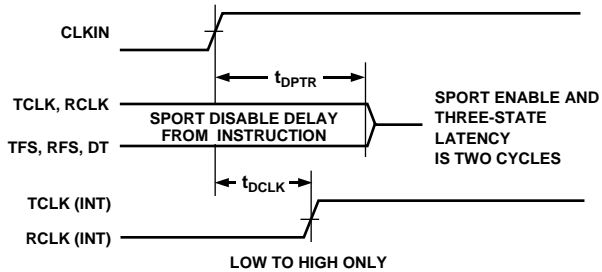
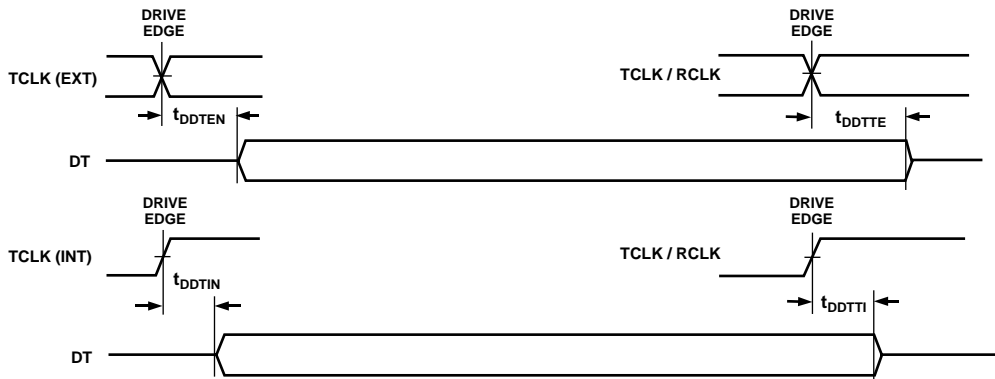
DATA TRANSMIT- INTERNAL CLOCK



DATA TRANSMIT- EXTERNAL CLOCK



NOTE: EITHER THE RISING EDGE OR FALLING EDGE OF RCLK, TCLK CAN BE USED AS THE ACTIVE SAMPLING EDGE.



NOTE: APPLIES ONLY TO GATED SERIAL CLOCK MODE WITH EXTERNAL TFS, AS USED IN THE SERIAL PORT SYSTEM I/O FOR MESH MULTIPROCESSING.

Figure 24. Serial Ports

AD14160/AD14160L

JTAG Test Access Port and Emulation

| Parameter | 40 MHz–5 V | | 40 MHz–3.3 V | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|--------------|------|-------|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| <i>Timing Requirements:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{TCK} | TCK Period | | t_{TCK} | | ns |
| t_{STAP} | TDI, TMS Setup Before TCK High | | 5.5 | | ns |
| t_{HTAP} | TDI, TMS Hold After TCK High | | 6.5 | | ns |
| t_{SSYS} | System Inputs Setup Before TCK Low ¹ | | 8 | | ns |
| t_{HSYS} | System Inputs Hold After TCK Low ¹ | | 18.5 | | ns |
| t_{TRSTW} | \overline{TRST} Pulsewidth | | $4t_{TCK}$ | | ns |
| <i>Switching Characteristics:</i> | | | | | |
| t_{DTDO} | TDO Delay from TCK Low | | | 13.5 | ns |
| t_{DSYS} | System Outputs Delay After TCK Low ² | | 20 | 20 | ns |

NOTES

¹System Inputs = DATA₄₇₋₀, ADDR₃₁₋₀, \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , ACK, \overline{SBTS} , \overline{SW} , \overline{HBR} , \overline{HBG} , \overline{CS} , $\overline{DMAR1}$, $\overline{DMAR2}$, \overline{BR}_{6-1} , RPBA, IDy2-0, \overline{IRQ}_{2-0} , FLAGy3-0, DRy0, DyR1, TCLKy0, TCLKy1, RCLKy0, RCLKy1, TFSy0, TFSy1, RFSy0, RFSy1, LxDAT₃₋₀, LxCLK, LxACK, EBOOT, LBOOT, BMS, CLKIN, RESET.

²System Outputs = DATA₄₇₋₀, ADDR₃₁₋₀, \overline{MS}_{3-0} , \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , ACK, PAGE, ADRCLK, \overline{SW} , \overline{HBG} , REDY, $\overline{DMAG1}$, $\overline{DMAG2}$, \overline{BR}_{6-1} , CPA, FLAG₂₋₀, TIMEXP, DT0, DT1, TCLK0, TCLK1, RCLK0, RCLK1, TFS0, TFS1, RFS0, RFS1, LxDAT₃₋₀, LxCLK, LxACK, BMS.

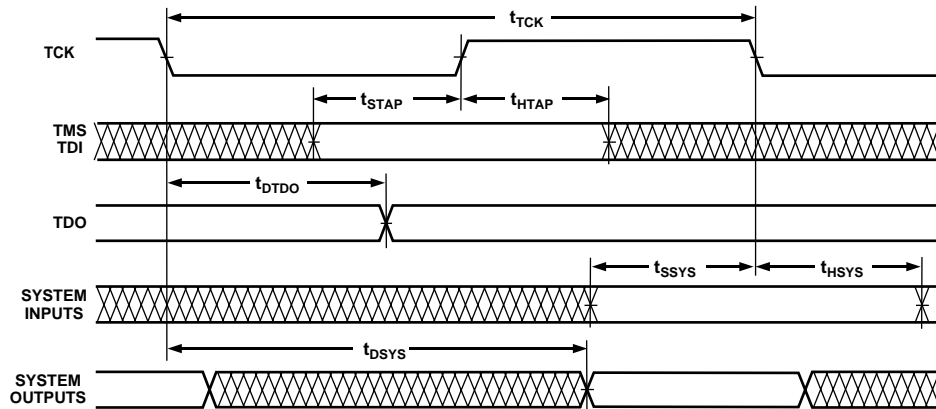


Figure 25. IEEE 11499.1 JTAG Test Access Port

OUTPUT DRIVE CURRENTS

Figure 26 shows typical I-V characteristics for the output drivers of the ADSP-2106x. The curves represent the current drive capability of the output drivers as a function of output voltage.

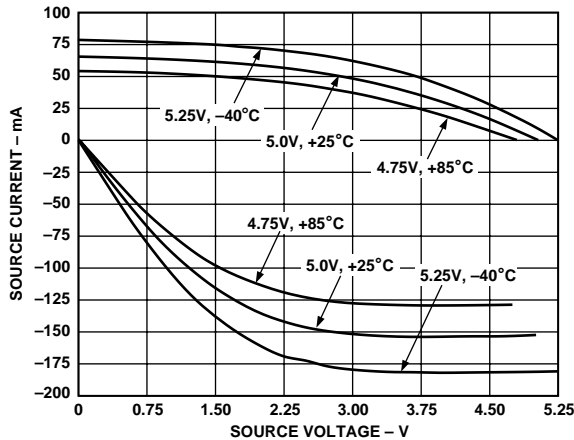


Figure 26. ADSP-2106x Typical Drive Currents ($V_{DD} = 5 V$)

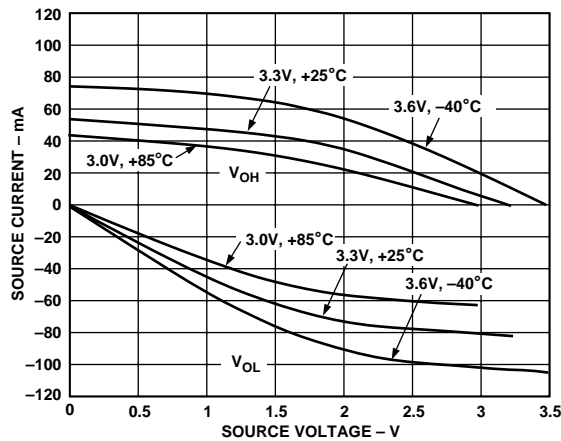


Figure 27. ADSP-2106x Typical Drive Currents ($V_{DD} = 3.3 V$)

POWER DISSIPATION

Total power dissipation has two components, one due to internal circuitry and one due to the switching of external output drivers. Internal power dissipation is dependent on the instruction execution sequence and the data operands involved. Internal power dissipation is calculated in the following way:

$$P_{INT} = I_{DDIN} \times V_{DD}$$

The external component of total power dissipation is caused by the switching of output pins. Its magnitude depends on:

- the number of output pins that switch during each cycle (O)
- the maximum frequency at which they can switch (f)
- their load capacitance (C)
- their voltage swing (V_{DD})

and is calculated by:

$$P_{EXT} = O \times C \times V_{DD}^2 \times f$$

The load capacitance should include the processor's package capacitance (C_{IN}). The switching frequency includes driving the load high and then back low. Address and data pins can drive high and low at a maximum rate of $1/(2t_{CK})$. The write strobe can switch every cycle at a frequency of $1/t_{CK}$. Select pins switch at $1/(2t_{CK})$, but selects can switch on each cycle.

Example:

Estimate P_{EXT} with the following assumptions:

- A system with one bank of external data memory RAM (32-bit).
- Four 128K \times 8 RAM chips are used, each with a load of 10 pF.
- External data memory writes occur every other cycle, a rate of $1/(4t_{CK})$, with 50% of the pins switching.
- The instruction cycle rate is 40 MHz ($t_{CK} = 25$ ns) and $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V.

The P_{EXT} equation is calculated for each class of pins that can drive:

| Pin Type | # of Pins | % Switching | $\times C$ | \times | $\times V_{DD}^2$ | = P_{EXT} |
|------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Address | 15 | 50 | $\times 55$ pF | $\times 20$ MHz | $\times 10.9$ V | = 0.089 W |
| $\overline{MS0}$ | 1 | 0 | $\times 55$ pF | $\times 20$ MHz | $\times 10.9$ V | = 0.00 W |
| \overline{WR} | 1 | - | $\times 55$ pF | $\times 40$ MHz | $\times 10.9$ V | = 0.024 W |
| Data | 32 | 50 | $\times 25$ pF | $\times 20$ MHz | $\times 10.9$ V | = 0.087 W |
| ADRCLK | 1 | - | $\times 15$ pF | $\times 40$ MHz | $\times 10.9$ V | = 0.007 W |

$$P_{EXT} (3.3 V) = 0.207 W$$

$$P_{EXT} (5 V) = 0.476 W$$

A typical power consumption can now be calculated for these conditions by adding a typical internal power dissipation:

$$P_{TOTAL} = P_{EXT} + (I_{DDIN2} \times 5.0 V)$$

Note that the conditions causing a worst-case P_{EXT} are different from those causing a worst-case P_{INT} . Maximum P_{INT} cannot occur while 100% of the output pins are switching from all ones to all zeros. Also note that it is not common for an application to have 100% or even 50% of the outputs switching simultaneously.

AD14160/AD14160L

TEST CONDITIONS

Output Disable Time

Output pins are considered to be disabled when they stop driving, go into a high impedance state, and start to decay from their output high or low voltage. The time for the voltage on the bus to decay by ΔV is dependent on the capacitive load, C_L , and the load current, I_L . This decay time can be approximated by the following equation:

$$t_{DECAY} = \frac{C_L \Delta V}{I_L}$$

The output disable time, t_{DIS} , is the difference between $t_{MEASURED}$ and t_{DECAY} as shown in Figure 28. The time $t_{MEASURED}$ is the interval from when the reference signal switches to when the output voltage decays ΔV from the measured output high or output low voltage. t_{DECAY} is calculated with test loads C_L and I_L , and with ΔV equal to 0.5 V.

Output Enable Time

Output pins are considered to be enabled when they have made a transition from a high impedance state to when they start driving. The output enable time, t_{ENA} , is the interval from when a reference signal reaches a high or low voltage level to when the output has reached a specified high or low trip point, as shown in the Output Enable/Disable diagram (Figure 28). If multiple pins (such as the data bus) are enabled, the measurement value is that of the first pin to start driving.

Example System Hold Time Calculation

To determine the data output hold time in a particular system, first calculate t_{DECAY} using the equation given above. Choose ΔV to be the difference between the ADSP-2106x's output voltage and the input threshold for the device requiring the hold time. A typical ΔV will be 0.4 V. C_L is the total bus capacitance (per data line), and I_L is the total leakage or three-state current (per data line). The hold time will be t_{DECAY} plus the minimum disable time (i.e., t_{HDWD} for the write cycle).

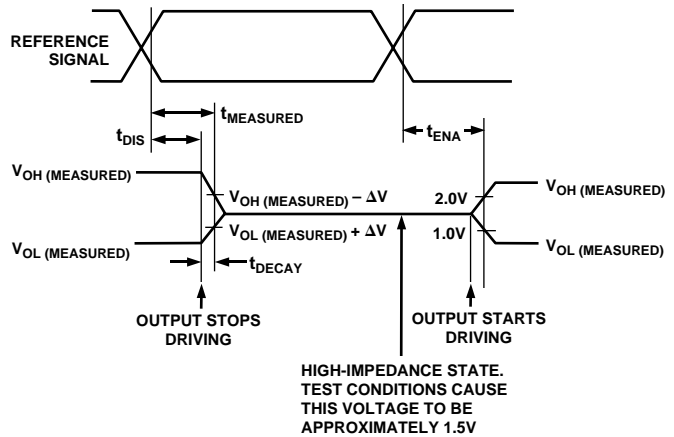


Figure 28. Output Enable/Disable

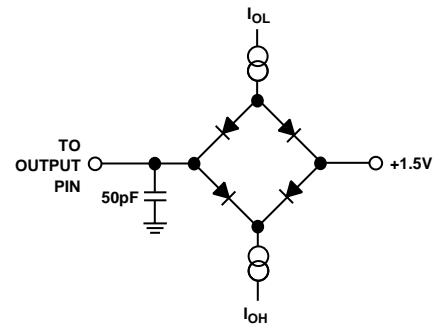


Figure 29. Equivalent Device Loading for AC Measurements (Includes All Fixtures)



Figure 30. Voltage Reference Levels for AC Measurements (Except Output Enable/Disable)

Capacitive Loading

Output delays and holds are based on standard capacitive loads: 50 pF on all pins (see Figure 29). The delay and hold specifications given should be derated by a factor of 1.5 ns/50 pF for loads other than the nominal value of 50 pF. Figures 31, 32, 33 and 34 show how output rise time varies with capacitance. Figures 35 and 36 graphically show how output delays and holds vary with load capacitance. (Note that these graphs or derating does not apply to output disable delays; see the previous section Output Disable Time under Test Conditions.) The graphs of Figures 31 through 36 may not be linear outside the ranges shown.

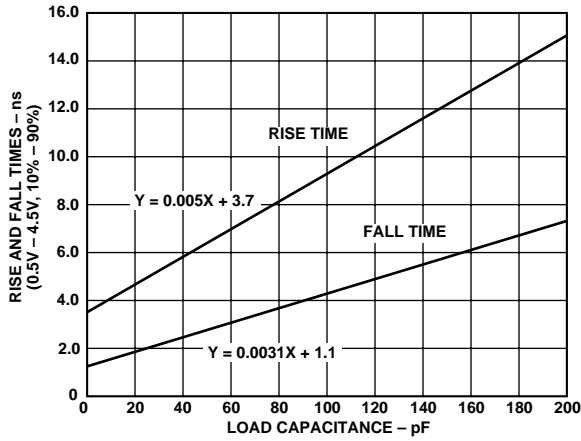


Figure 31. Typical Output Rise Time (10%–90%) vs. Load Capacitance ($V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$)

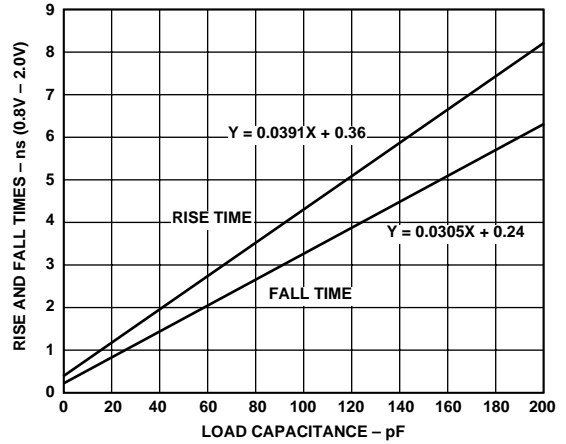


Figure 34. Typical Output Rise Time (0.8 V–2.0 V) vs. Load Capacitance ($V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

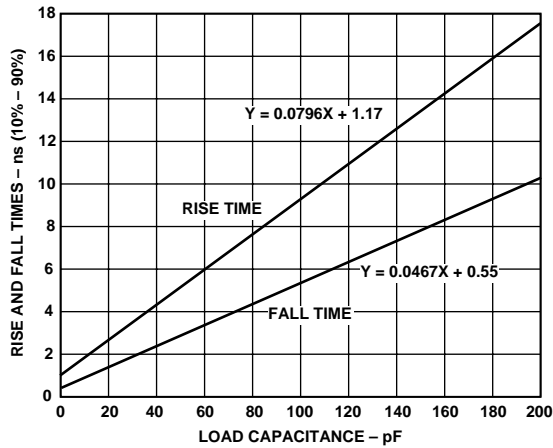


Figure 32. Typical Output Rise Time (10%–90%) vs. Load Capacitance ($V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

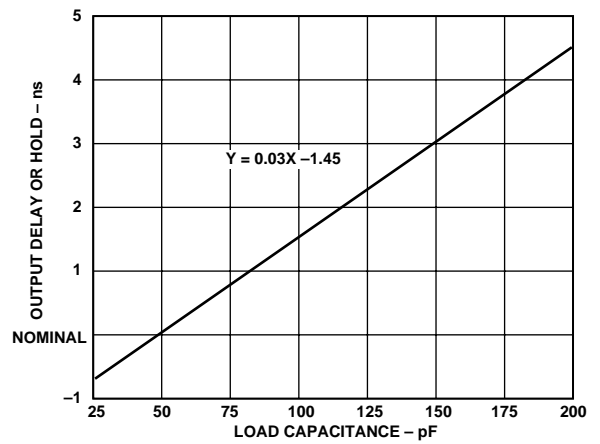


Figure 35. Typical Output Delay or Hold vs. Load Capacitance (at Maximum Case Temperature) ($V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$)

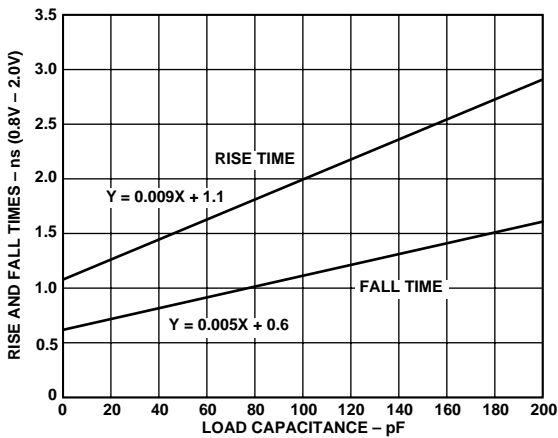


Figure 33. Typical Output Rise Time (0.8 V–2.0 V) vs. Load Capacitance ($V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$)

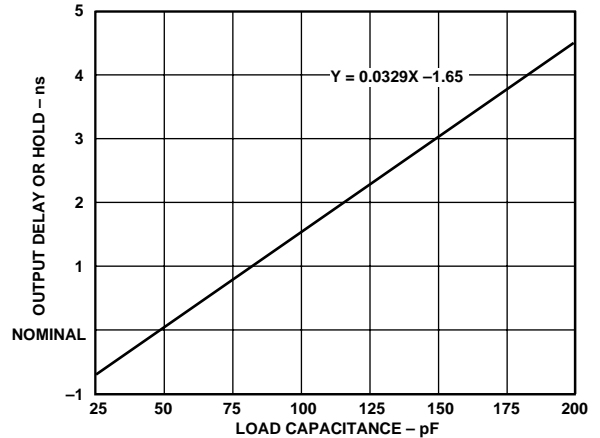


Figure 36. Typical Output Delay or Hold vs. Load Capacitance (at Maximum Case Temperature) ($V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

AD14160/AD14160L

ASSEMBLY RECOMMENDATIONS

Socket Information

Standard sockets are available from 3M and Plastronics. The 3M socket used is the BGA III style. The customer must specify how they want the socket populated with pins and a slight modification is required to compensate for the tolerance of the package thickness.

PCB Board Layout

A classical dog bone style pad should be used. A solder pad diameter of 0.65 mm is recommended. The pad should be non-soldermask defined.

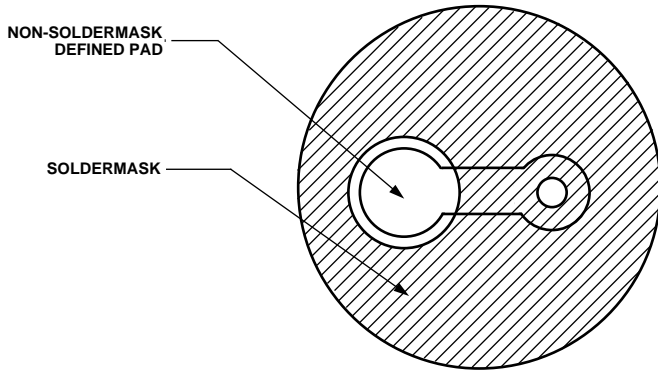


Figure 37.

Solder Paste Printing

A solder paste print of 0.7 mm diameter with thickness of 0.15 to 0.2 mm is recommended. Normal solder paste alloy can be used, i.e., 60/40, 63/37, etc.

Reflow Profile

The profile shown below is recommended.

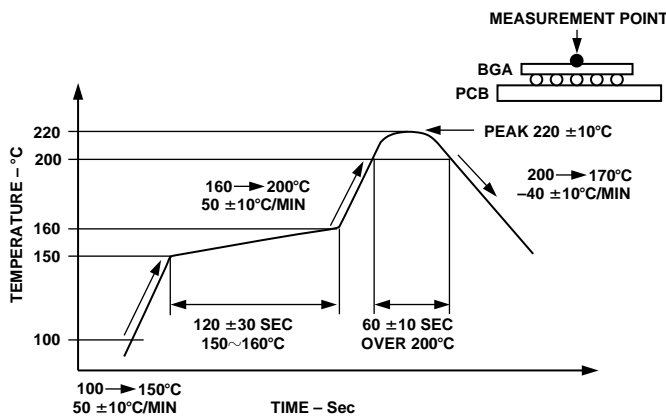


Figure 38.

Signal Pad Assignment Topology

The AD14160/AD14160L signal pad assignments were carefully analyzed for improved board routing and maximum reliability. By restricting the required 432 I/O to the inner 25 mm circle, TCE mismatch concerns are minimized. (BGA ball patterns of 25 mm size are well characterized and documented.) The signal I/O is carefully placed and grouped to minimize pin escape difficulties in routing. Redundant power/ground contact pads are also provided (but not required) to improve the thermal performance and the ground bounce performance of the package (see Figure 42).

DENSITY IMPROVEMENTS

In addition to careful considerations to performance characteristics such as ground bounce, signal quality, and noise isolation, the AD14160/AD14160L also provides significant density advantages.

Board Area Reduction

The minimally packaged AD14160/AD14160L CBGA reduces required board area by approximately 75%.

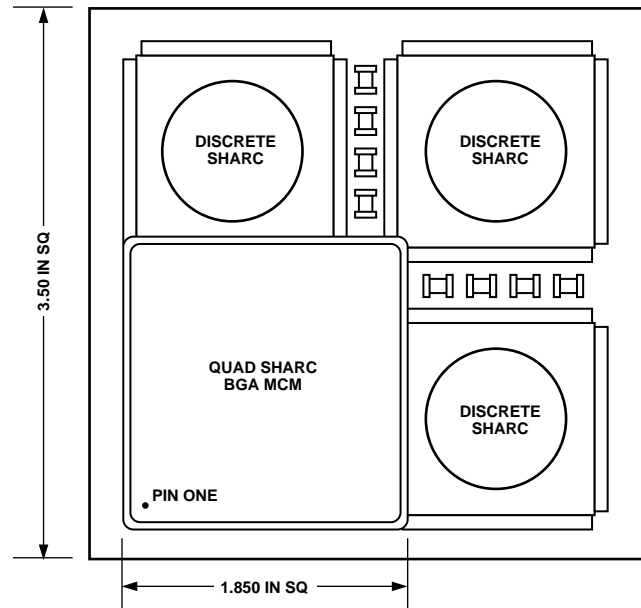


Figure 39.

Embedded Wiring

Forty feet of optimized routing is embedded in four integrated signal routing layers (in addition to power and ground planes). This eliminated hundreds of feet of multiprocessing interconnect on the target PCB; thereby, also reducing board cost and required routing layers.

GROUND BOUNCE ESTIMATE

Ground bounce diminishes noise margins in a system and must be held as low as possible. Ground bounce results from switching output pins from a high to a low state with the ensuing discharge current creating a voltage across the parasitic inductance of the MCM's ground pins (and to a lesser extent across the wirebond wires connecting the ground pads). A useful model for calculating the level of ground bounce is shown below (Johnson, Howard W. and Graham, Martin, "High-Speed Digital Design," Prentice Hall p67, 1993).

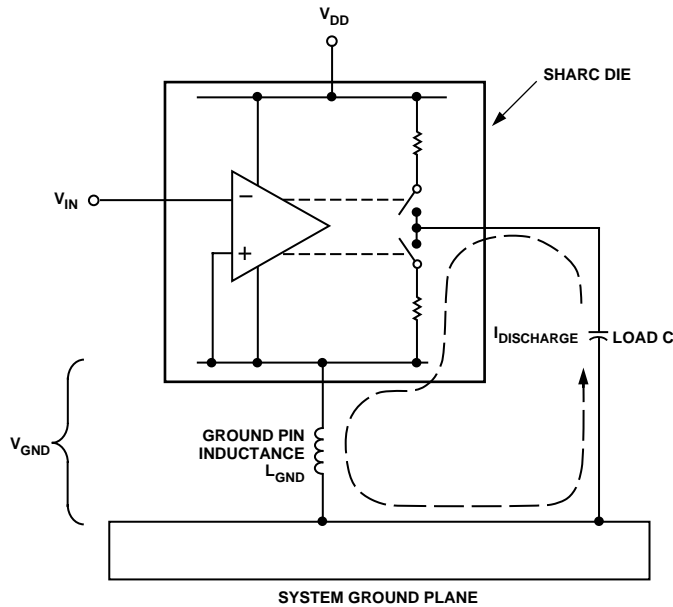


Figure 40.

In the Quad-SHARC module, the worst case ground bounce condition occurs during an external memory operation in which 86 signals switch simultaneously from high to low. Because of the ground planes embedded within the substrate of the module, the effective ground pin inductance is found by dividing the CBGA's single ground pin inductance, estimated to be about 3 nH, by the 64 ground pins resulting in $L_{GND} = 0.05$ nH. Typical output fall times for varying load conditions can be obtained from this data sheet.

The induced voltage generated by the switching currents is given by

$$V_{GND} = L_{GND} \frac{d}{dt} (I_{DISCHARGE})$$

Assuming the voltage waveform is an integrated Gaussian pulse, the peak amplitude is approximated by

$$|V_{GND}|_{max} = L_{GND} \frac{1.52\Delta V}{T_{10-90}^2} C.$$

Calculated ground bounce maximum values for the CBGA module are listed below.

| Load per Output (pF) | Fall Time (ns) | Ground Bounce (V) |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 20 | 1.8 | 0.161 |
| 100 | 4.2 | 0.148 |
| 200 | 7.4 | 0.095 |

AD14160/AD14160L

Thermal Characteristics

The AD14160/AD14160L is packaged in a 452-lead ceramic ball grid array (CBGA). The package is optimized for thermal conduction through the core (base of the package) down to the mounting surface. The AD14160/AD14160L is specified for a case temperature (T_{CASE}). Design of the mounting surface and attachment material should be such that T_{CASE} is not exceeded.

$$\theta_{JC} = 0.36^{\circ}C/W$$

Thermal Cross-Section

The data below, together with the detailed mechanical drawings at the end of the data sheet, allows for constructing simple thermal models for further analysis within targeted systems. The top layer of the package, where the die are mounted, is a metal V_{DD} layer. The approximate metal area coverage from the metal planes and routing layers is estimated below.

Metal Coverage Per Layer

| Layer | Percent Metal (1 Mil Thick) |
|----------|-----------------------------|
| V_{DD} | 87 |
| SIG2 | 12 |
| SIG3 | 12 |
| GND | 89 |
| SIG4 | 14 |
| SIG5 | 13 |
| BASE | 91 |

(Assume Uniformly Distributed)

Thermal Conductivity

| Material | Thermal Conductivity $W/cm^{\circ}C$ |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ceramic | 0.18 |
| Kovar | 0.14 |
| Tungsten | 1.78 |
| Thermoplastic | 0.03 |
| Silicon | 1.45 |

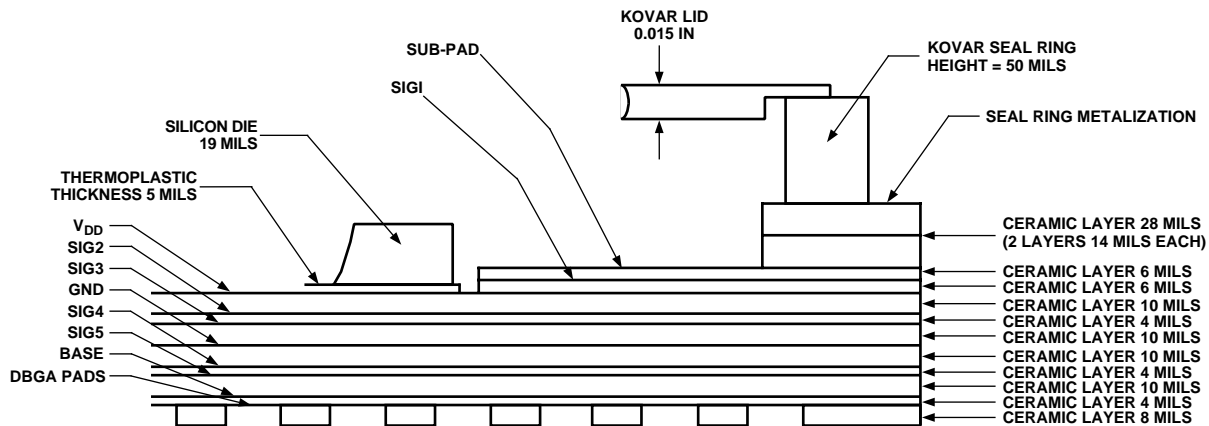


Figure 41.

AD14160/AD14160L

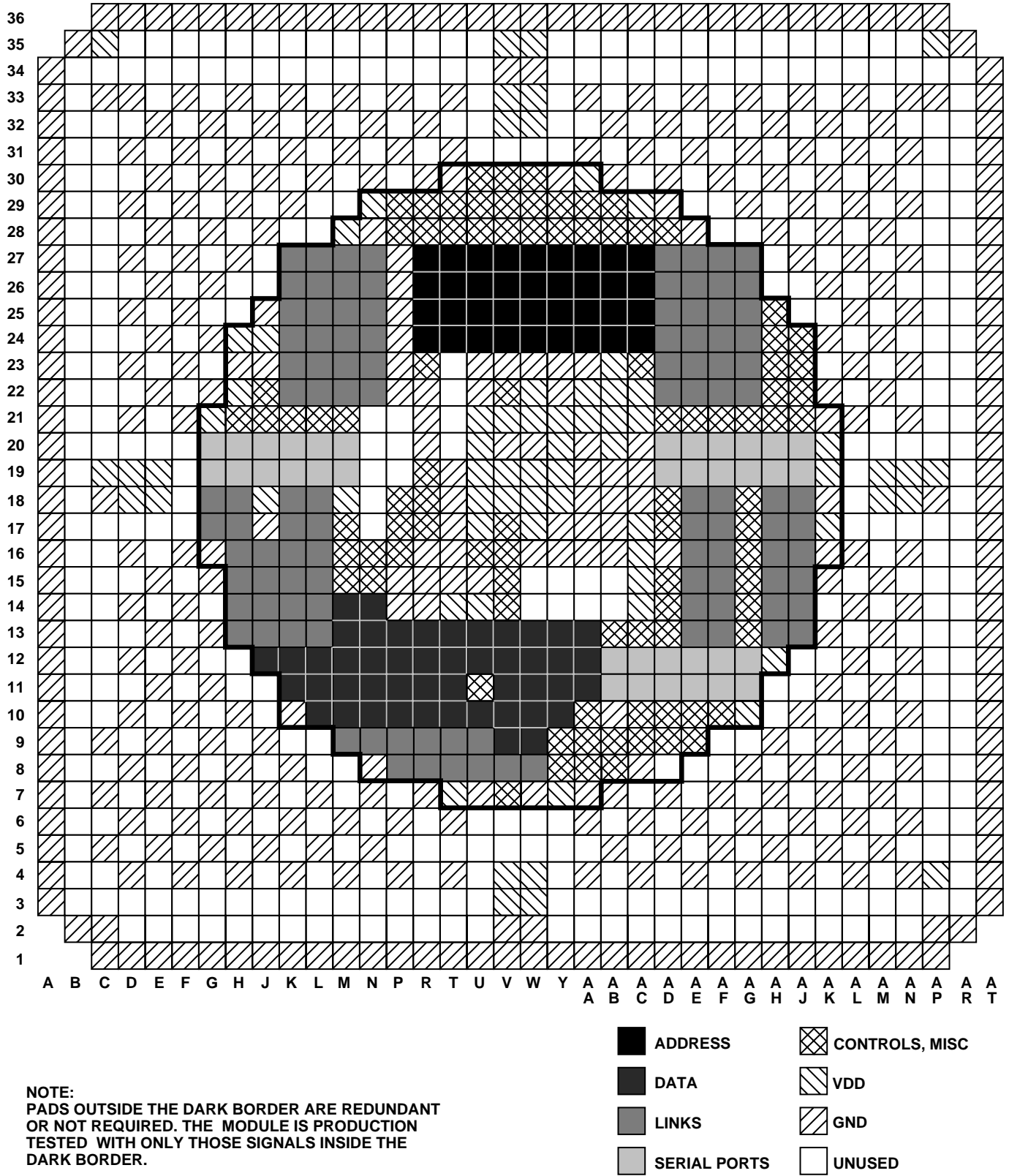


Figure 42. Board Footprint for AD14160/AD14160L Quad SHARC BGA

AD14160/AD14160L

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Lid Deflection Analysis

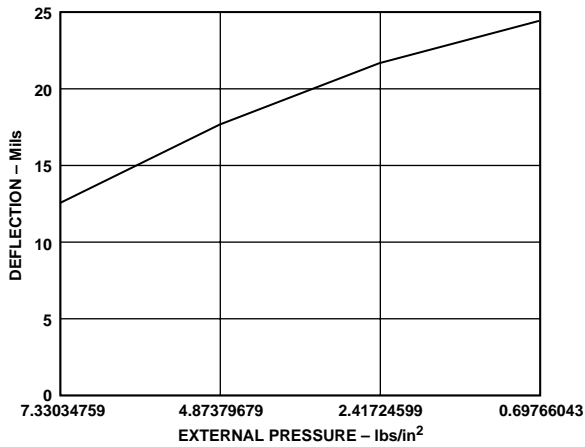


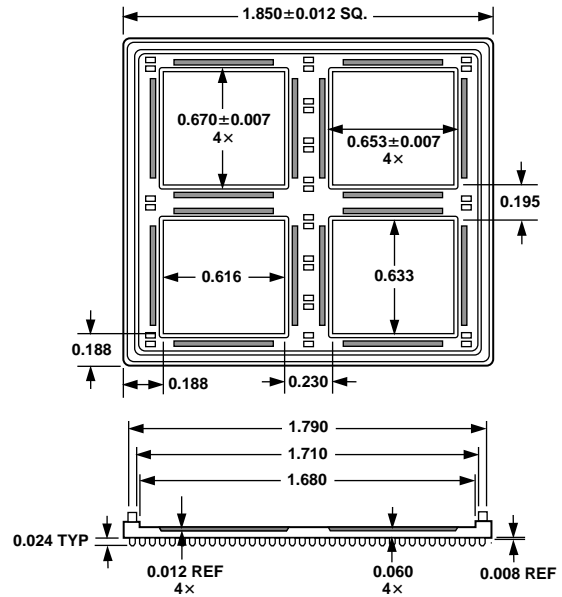
Figure 43. Deflection (mils) vs. External Pressure

Mechanical Model

The data below, together with the detailed mechanical drawings at the end of the data sheet, allows for construction of simple mechanical models for further analysis within targeted systems.

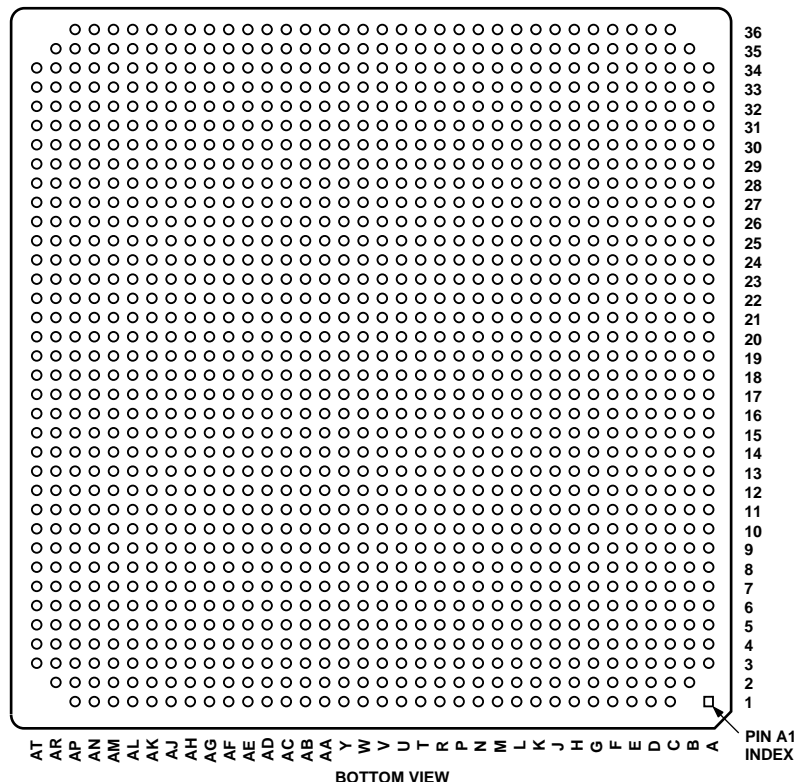
Mechanical Properties

| Material | Modulus of Elasticity |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Ceramic | $26 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/mm}^2$ |
| Kovar | $14.1 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/mm}^2$ |
| Tungsten | $35 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/mm}^2$ |
| Thermoplastic | 279 kg/mm^2 |
| Silicon | $11 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/mm}^2$ |



The following pages list two separate pin listings. The first is ordered by pin number and the second is an alphabetical list by pin name. Note that there are many not required or redundant pins beyond the standard package 452 leads. These pins are noted in parentheses. For example: (GND), (VDD), (unused), (TEST). These pins are extraneous and only the redundant (GND) and (VDD) should be connected if desired.

452-LEAD CBGA PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Pin Order Listing)

| Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name |
|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| | | C1 | (GND) | E1 | (GND) | G1 | (GND) | J1 | (GND) | L1 | (GND) |
| | | C2 | (GND) | E2 | (unused) | G2 | (unused) | J2 | (unused) | L2 | (unused) |
| A3 | (GND) | C3 | (unused) | E3 | (unused) | G3 | (unused) | J3 | (unused) | L3 | (unused) |
| A4 | (GND) | C4 | (VDD) | E4 | (unused) | G4 | (unused) | J4 | (unused) | L4 | (unused) |
| A5 | (GND) | C5 | (unused) | E5 | (GND) | G5 | (GND) | J5 | (GND) | L5 | (GND) |
| A6 | (GND) | C6 | (unused) | E6 | (unused) | G6 | (unused) | J6 | (unused) | L6 | (unused) |
| A7 | (GND) | C7 | (unused) | E7 | (GND) | G7 | (GND) | J7 | (GND) | L7 | (GND) |
| A8 | (GND) | C8 | (unused) | E8 | (unused) | G8 | (unused) | J8 | (unused) | L8 | (unused) |
| A9 | (GND) | C9 | (unused) | E9 | (GND) | G9 | (GND) | J9 | (GND) | L9 | (TEST10) |
| A10 | (GND) | C10 | (unused) | E10 | (unused) | G10 | (unused) | J10 | (unused) | L10 | DATA30 |
| A11 | (GND) | C11 | (unused) | E11 | (GND) | G11 | (GND) | J11 | (TEST11) | L11 | DATA22 |
| A12 | (GND) | C12 | (unused) | E12 | (unused) | G12 | (unused) | J12 | DATA10 | L12 | DATA12 |
| A13 | (GND) | C13 | (unused) | E13 | (GND) | G13 | (GND) | J13 | LB2ACK | L13 | LB4ACK |
| A14 | (GND) | C14 | (unused) | E14 | (unused) | G14 | (unused) | J14 | LB2CLK | L14 | LB4CLK |
| A15 | (GND) | C15 | (unused) | E15 | (GND) | G15 | (GND) | J15 | LB2DAT0 | L15 | LB4DAT0 |
| A16 | (GND) | C16 | (unused) | E16 | (unused) | G16 | GND | J16 | LB2DAT1 | L16 | LB4DAT1 |
| A17 | (GND) | C17 | (unused) | E17 | (unused) | G17 | LB1DAT2 | J17 | GND | L17 | LB4DAT2 |
| A18 | (GND) | C18 | (GND) | E18 | (VDD) | G18 | LB1DAT3 | J18 | VDD | L18 | LB4DAT3 |
| A19 | (GND) | C19 | (VDD) | E19 | (VDD) | G19 | RFSA1 | J19 | DRA1 | L19 | TCLKA1 |
| A20 | (GND) | C20 | (unused) | E20 | (unused) | G20 | RFSA0 | J20 | DRA0 | L20 | TCLKA0 |
| A21 | (GND) | C21 | (unused) | E21 | (unused) | G21 | VDD | J21 | ACK | L21 | RESET |
| A22 | (GND) | C22 | (unused) | E22 | (GND) | G22 | (GND) | J22 | PAGE | L22 | LA2ACK |
| A23 | (GND) | C23 | (unused) | E23 | (unused) | G23 | (unused) | J23 | GND | L23 | LA2CLK |
| A24 | (GND) | C24 | (unused) | E24 | (GND) | G24 | (GND) | J24 | VDD | L24 | LA2DAT0 |
| A25 | (GND) | C25 | (unused) | E25 | (unused) | G25 | (unused) | J25 | GND | L25 | LA2DAT1 |
| A26 | (GND) | C26 | (unused) | E26 | (GND) | G26 | (GND) | J26 | (TEST14) | L26 | LA2DAT2 |
| A27 | (GND) | C27 | (unused) | E27 | (unused) | G27 | (unused) | J27 | (unused) | L27 | LA2DAT3 |
| A28 | (GND) | C28 | (unused) | E28 | (GND) | G28 | (GND) | J28 | (GND) | L28 | (TEST15) |
| A29 | (GND) | C29 | (unused) | E29 | (unused) | G29 | (unused) | J29 | (unused) | L29 | (unused) |
| A30 | (GND) | C30 | (unused) | E30 | (GND) | G30 | (GND) | J30 | (GND) | L30 | (GND) |
| A31 | (GND) | C31 | (unused) | E31 | (unused) | G31 | (unused) | J31 | (unused) | L31 | (unused) |
| A32 | (GND) | C32 | (unused) | E32 | (GND) | G32 | (GND) | J32 | (GND) | L32 | (GND) |
| A33 | (GND) | C33 | (GND) | E33 | (unused) | G33 | (unused) | J33 | (unused) | L33 | (unused) |
| A34 | (GND) | C34 | (unused) | E34 | (unused) | G34 | (unused) | J34 | (unused) | L34 | (unused) |
| | | C35 | (VDD) | E35 | (unused) | G35 | (unused) | J35 | (unused) | L35 | (unused) |
| | | C36 | (GND) | E36 | (GND) | G36 | (GND) | J36 | (GND) | L36 | (GND) |
| B2 | (GND) | D1 | (GND) | F1 | (GND) | H1 | (GND) | K1 | (GND) | M1 | (GND) |
| B3 | (unused) | D2 | (unused) | F2 | (unused) | H2 | (unused) | K2 | (unused) | M2 | (unused) |
| B4 | (unused) | D3 | (unused) | F3 | (unused) | H3 | (unused) | K3 | (unused) | M3 | (unused) |
| B5 | (unused) | D4 | (GND) | F4 | (GND) | H4 | (GND) | K4 | (GND) | M4 | (GND) |
| B6 | (unused) | D5 | (unused) | F5 | (unused) | H5 | (unused) | K5 | (unused) | M5 | (unused) |
| B7 | (unused) | D6 | (GND) | F6 | (GND) | H6 | (GND) | K6 | (GND) | M6 | (GND) |
| B8 | (unused) | D7 | (unused) | F7 | (unused) | H7 | (unused) | K7 | (unused) | M7 | (unused) |
| B9 | (unused) | D8 | (GND) | F8 | (GND) | H8 | (GND) | K8 | (GND) | M8 | (TEST10) |
| B10 | (unused) | D9 | (unused) | F9 | (unused) | H9 | (unused) | K9 | (unused) | M9 | RFSB0 |
| B10 | (unused) | D10 | (GND) | F10 | (GND) | H10 | (GND) | K10 | GND | M10 | DATA31 |
| B11 | (unused) | D11 | (unused) | F11 | (unused) | H11 | (unused) | K11 | DATA21 | M11 | DATA23 |
| B12 | (unused) | D12 | (GND) | F12 | (GND) | H12 | (TEST11) | K12 | DATA11 | M12 | DATA13 |
| B13 | (unused) | D13 | (unused) | F13 | (unused) | H13 | LB1ACK | K13 | LB3ACK | M13 | DATA2 |
| B14 | (unused) | D14 | (GND) | F14 | (GND) | H14 | LB1CLK | K14 | LB3CLK | M14 | DATA0 |
| B15 | (unused) | D15 | (unused) | F15 | (unused) | H15 | LB1DAT0 | K15 | LB3DAT0 | M15 | DMAG1 |
| B16 | (unused) | D16 | (GND) | F16 | (GND) | H16 | LB1DAT1 | K16 | LB3DAT1 | M16 | DMARI |
| B17 | (unused) | D17 | (unused) | F17 | (TEST12) | H17 | LB2DAT2 | K17 | LB3DAT2 | M17 | DMAR2 |
| B18 | (unused) | D18 | (VDD) | F18 | (TEST12) | H18 | LB2DAT3 | K18 | LB3DAT3 | M18 | VDD |
| B19 | (unused) | D19 | (VDD) | F19 | (TEST13) | H19 | RCLKA1 | K19 | TFSA1 | M19 | DTA1 |
| B20 | (unused) | D20 | (unused) | F20 | (TEST13) | H20 | RCLKA0 | K20 | TFSA0 | M20 | DTA0 |
| B21 | (unused) | D21 | (GND) | F21 | (GND) | H21 | REDY | K21 | CSA | M21 | CPAA |
| B22 | (unused) | D22 | (unused) | F22 | (unused) | H22 | VDD | K22 | LA1ACK | M22 | LA3ACK |
| B23 | (unused) | D23 | (GND) | F23 | (GND) | H23 | GND | K23 | LA1CLK | M23 | LA3CLK |
| B24 | (unused) | D24 | (unused) | F24 | (unused) | H24 | VDD | K24 | LA1DAT0 | M24 | LA3DAT0 |
| B25 | (unused) | D25 | (GND) | F25 | (GND) | H25 | (TEST14) | K25 | LA1DAT1 | M25 | LA3DAT1 |
| B26 | (unused) | D26 | (unused) | F26 | (unused) | H26 | (unused) | K26 | LA1DAT2 | M26 | LA3DAT2 |
| B27 | (unused) | D27 | (GND) | F27 | (GND) | H27 | (GND) | K27 | LA1DAT3 | M27 | LA3DAT3 |
| B28 | (unused) | D28 | (unused) | F28 | (unused) | H28 | (unused) | K28 | (unused) | M28 | VDD |
| B29 | (unused) | D29 | (GND) | F29 | (GND) | H29 | (GND) | K29 | (GND) | M29 | (TEST15) |
| B30 | (unused) | D30 | (unused) | F30 | (unused) | H30 | (unused) | K30 | (unused) | M30 | (unused) |
| B31 | (unused) | D31 | (GND) | F31 | (GND) | H31 | (GND) | K31 | (GND) | M31 | (GND) |
| B32 | (unused) | D32 | (unused) | F32 | (unused) | H32 | (unused) | K32 | (unused) | M32 | (unused) |
| B33 | (unused) | D33 | (GND) | F33 | (GND) | H33 | (GND) | K33 | (GND) | M33 | (GND) |
| B34 | (unused) | D34 | (unused) | F34 | (unused) | H34 | (unused) | K34 | (unused) | M34 | (unused) |
| B35 | (GND) | D35 | (unused) | F35 | (unused) | H35 | (unused) | K35 | (unused) | M35 | (unused) |
| | | D36 | (GND) | F36 | (GND) | H36 | (GND) | K36 | (GND) | M36 | (GND) |

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PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Pin Order Listing *Continued*)

| Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name |
|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| N1 | (GND) | R1 | (GND) | U1 | (GND) | W1 | (GND) | AA1 | (GND) | AC1 | (GND) |
| N2 | (unused) | R2 | (unused) | U2 | (unused) | W2 | (GND) | AA2 | (unused) | AC2 | (unused) |
| N3 | (unused) | R3 | (unused) | U3 | (unused) | W3 | (VDD) | AA3 | (unused) | AC3 | (unused) |
| N4 | (unused) | R4 | (unused) | U4 | (unused) | W4 | (VDD) | AA4 | (GND) | AC4 | (GND) |
| N5 | (GND) | R5 | (GND) | U5 | (unused) | W5 | (VDD) | AA5 | (unused) | AC5 | (unused) |
| N6 | (unused) | R6 | (unused) | U6 | (TEST9) | W6 | (TEST8) | AA6 | (GND) | AC6 | (GND) |
| N7 | (GND) | R7 | (GND) | U7 | GND | W7 | GND | AA7 | GND | AC7 | (unused) |
| N8 | VDD | R8 | RCLKB1 | U8 | TFSB1 | W8 | DTB1 | AA8 | HBR | AC8 | GND |
| N9 | RCLKB0 | R9 | TFSB0 | U9 | DTB0 | W9 | DATA46 | AA9 | BR2 | AC9 | BR4 |
| N10 | DATA32 | R10 | DATA34 | U10 | DATA36 | W10 | DATA38 | AA10 | CPAB | AC10 | FLAGC0 |
| N11 | DATA24 | R11 | DATA26 | U11 | CLKIN | W11 | DATA29 | AA11 | DATA44 | AC11 | RCLKC1 |
| N12 | DATA14 | R12 | DATA16 | U12 | DATA18 | W12 | DATA20 | AA12 | DATA42 | AC12 | RCLKC0 |
| N13 | DATA3 | R13 | DATA5 | U13 | DATA7 | W13 | DATA9 | AA13 | DATA40 | AC13 | ADRCLK |
| N14 | DATA1 | R14 | GND | U14 | VDD | W14 | (unused) | AA14 | (unused) | AC14 | VDD |
| N15 | DMAG2 | R15 | GND | U15 | GND | W15 | (unused) | AA15 | (unused) | AC15 | VDD |
| N16 | SBTS | R16 | GND | U16 | TIMEXPB | W16 | GND | AA16 | GND | AC16 | VDD |
| N17 | (unused) | R17 | IRQB0 | U17 | VDD | W17 | VDD | AA17 | GND | AC17 | VDD |
| N18 | (unused) | R18 | IRQB1 | U18 | VDD | W18 | VDD | AA18 | GND | AC18 | GND |
| N19 | (unused) | R19 | IRQB2 | U19 | VDD | W19 | VDD | AA19 | GND | AC19 | GND |
| N20 | (unused) | R20 | GND | U20 | VDD | W20 | GND | AA20 | GND | AC20 | GND |
| N21 | (unused) | R21 | GND | U21 | VDD | W21 | VDD | AA21 | VDD | AC21 | VDD |
| N22 | LA4ACK | R22 | GND | U22 | GND | W22 | VDD | AA22 | VDD | AC22 | VDD |
| N23 | LA4CLK | R23 | RPBA | U23 | GND | W23 | GND | AA23 | GND | AC23 | TIMEXPC |
| N24 | LA4DAT0 | R24 | MS0 | U24 | ADDR24 | W24 | ADDR16 | AA24 | ADDR8 | AC24 | ADDR0 |
| N25 | LA4DAT1 | R25 | MS1 | U25 | ADDR25 | W25 | ADDR17 | AA25 | ADDR9 | AC25 | ADDR1 |
| N26 | LA4DAT2 | R26 | MS2 | U26 | ADDR26 | W26 | ADDR18 | AA26 | ADDR10 | AC26 | ADDR2 |
| N27 | LA4DAT3 | R27 | MS3 | U27 | ADDR27 | W27 | ADDR19 | AA27 | ADDR11 | AC27 | ADDR3 |
| N28 | GND | R28 | IDA0 | U28 | IRQA2 | W28 | FLAGA3 | AA28 | FLAGD1 | AC28 | FLAGD3 |
| N29 | VDD | R29 | LBOOTA | U29 | IRQA1 | W29 | FLAGA2 | AA29 | IRQD1 | AC29 | VDD |
| N30 | (GND) | R30 | (GND) | U30 | TDOA | W30 | TDI | AA30 | VDD | AC30 | (unused) |
| N31 | (unused) | R31 | (unused) | U31 | (TEST16) | W31 | (TEST1) | AA31 | (GND) | AC31 | (GND) |
| N32 | (GND) | R32 | (GND) | U32 | (unused) | W32 | (VDD) | AA32 | (unused) | AC32 | (unused) |
| N33 | (unused) | R33 | (unused) | U33 | (unused) | W33 | (VDD) | AA33 | (GND) | AC33 | (GND) |
| N34 | (unused) | R34 | (unused) | U34 | (unused) | W34 | (GND) | AA34 | (unused) | AC34 | (unused) |
| N35 | (unused) | R35 | (unused) | U35 | (unused) | W35 | (VDD) | AA35 | (unused) | AC35 | (unused) |
| N36 | (GND) | R36 | (GND) | U36 | (GND) | W36 | (GND) | AA36 | (GND) | AC36 | (GND) |
| P1 | (GND) | T1 | (GND) | V1 | (GND) | Y1 | (GND) | AB1 | (GND) | AD1 | (GND) |
| P2 | (unused) | T2 | (unused) | V2 | (GND) | Y2 | (unused) | AB2 | (unused) | AD2 | (unused) |
| P3 | (unused) | T3 | (unused) | V3 | (VDD) | Y3 | (unused) | AB3 | (unused) | AD3 | (unused) |
| P4 | (GND) | T4 | (GND) | V4 | (VDD) | Y4 | (unused) | AB4 | (unused) | AD4 | (unused) |
| P5 | (unused) | T5 | (unused) | V5 | (VDD) | Y5 | (unused) | AB5 | (GND) | AD5 | (GND) |
| P6 | (GND) | T6 | (GND) | V6 | (TEST9) | Y6 | (TEST8) | AB6 | (unused) | AD6 | (unused) |
| P7 | (unused) | T7 | VDD | V7 | CSB | Y7 | VDD | AB7 | (GND) | AD7 | (GND) |
| P8 | RFSB1 | T8 | DRB1 | V8 | TCLKB1 | Y8 | SW | AB8 | HGB | AD8 | VDD |
| P9 | DRB0 | T9 | TCLKB0 | V9 | DATA45 | Y9 | BR1 | AB9 | BR3 | AD9 | BR5 |
| P10 | DATA33 | T10 | DATA35 | V10 | DATA37 | Y10 | DATA47 | AB10 | GND | AD10 | FLAGC1 |
| P11 | DATA25 | T11 | DATA27 | V11 | DATA28 | Y11 | DATA43 | AB11 | RFSC1 | AD11 | DRC1 |
| P12 | DATA15 | T12 | DATA17 | V12 | DATA19 | Y12 | DATA41 | AB12 | RFSC0 | AD12 | DRC0 |
| P13 | DATA4 | T13 | DATA6 | V13 | DATA8 | Y13 | DATA39 | AB13 | TDOB | AD13 | CPAC |
| P14 | GND | T14 | VDD | V14 | FLAGB0 | Y14 | (unused) | AB14 | (unused) | AD14 | CSC |
| P15 | GND | T15 | GND | V15 | FLAGB1 | Y15 | (unused) | AB15 | (unused) | AD15 | EMU |
| P16 | IDB0 | T16 | GND | V16 | FLAGB2 | Y16 | GND | AB16 | GND | AD16 | GND |
| P17 | IDB1 | T17 | GND | V17 | FLAGB3 | Y17 | GND | AB17 | GND | AD17 | TMS |
| P18 | IDB2 | T18 | GND | V18 | VDD | Y18 | VDD | AB18 | GND | AD18 | TRST |
| P19 | (unused) | T19 | GND | V19 | VDD | Y19 | VDD | AB19 | GND | AD19 | RFSD1 |
| P20 | (unused) | T20 | (unused) | V20 | GND | Y20 | VDD | AB20 | VDD | AD20 | RFSD0 |
| P21 | (unused) | T21 | (unused) | V21 | VDD | Y21 | VDD | AB21 | VDD | AD21 | BMSBCD |
| P22 | GND | T22 | (unused) | V22 | BMSA | Y22 | GND | AB22 | VDD | AD22 | LD1ACK |
| P23 | GND | T23 | (unused) | V23 | GND | Y23 | GND | AB23 | VDD | AD23 | LD1CLK |
| P24 | GND | T24 | ADDR28 | V24 | ADDR20 | Y24 | ADDR12 | AB24 | ADDR4 | AD24 | LD1DAT0 |
| P25 | GND | T25 | ADDR29 | V25 | ADDR21 | Y25 | ADDR13 | AB25 | ADDR5 | AD25 | LD1DAT1 |
| P26 | GND | T26 | ADDR30 | V26 | ADDR22 | Y26 | ADDR14 | AB26 | ADDR6 | AD26 | LD1DAT2 |
| P27 | GND | T27 | ADDR31 | V27 | ADDR23 | Y27 | ADDR15 | AB27 | ADDR7 | AD27 | LD1DAT3 |
| P28 | IDA1 | T28 | IRQA0 | V28 | FLAGA0 | Y28 | FLAGD0 | AB28 | FLAGD2 | AD28 | TIMEXPD |
| P29 | IDA2 | T29 | EBOOTA | V29 | FLAGA1 | Y29 | IRQD0 | AB29 | IRQD2 | AD29 | GND |
| P30 | (unused) | T30 | GND | V30 | TIMEXPA | Y30 | GND | AB30 | (GND) | AD30 | (GND) |
| P31 | (GND) | T31 | (GND) | V31 | (TEST16) | Y31 | (TEST1) | AB31 | (unused) | AD31 | (unused) |
| P32 | (unused) | T32 | (unused) | V32 | (VDD) | Y32 | (unused) | AB32 | (GND) | AD32 | (GND) |
| P33 | (GND) | T33 | (GND) | V33 | (VDD) | Y33 | (unused) | AB33 | (unused) | AD33 | (unused) |
| P34 | (unused) | T34 | (unused) | V34 | (GND) | Y34 | (unused) | AB34 | (unused) | AD34 | (unused) |
| P35 | (unused) | T35 | (unused) | V35 | (VDD) | Y35 | (unused) | AB35 | (unused) | AD35 | (unused) |
| P36 | (GND) | T36 | (GND) | V36 | (GND) | Y36 | (GND) | AB36 | (GND) | AD36 | (GND) |

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Pin Order Listing *Continued*)

| Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name |
|--------|-------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| AE1 | (GND) | AG1 | (GND) | AJ1 | (GND) | AL1 | (GND) | AN1 | (GND) | AR2 | (GND) |
| AE2 | (unused) | AG2 | (unused) | AJ2 | (unused) | AL2 | (unused) | AN2 | (unused) | AR3 | (unused) |
| AE3 | (unused) | AG3 | (unused) | AJ3 | (unused) | AL3 | (unused) | AN3 | (unused) | AR4 | (unused) |
| AE4 | (GND) | AG4 | (GND) | AJ4 | (GND) | AL4 | (GND) | AN4 | (GND) | AR5 | (unused) |
| AE5 | (unused) | AG5 | (unused) | AJ5 | (unused) | AL5 | (unused) | AN5 | (unused) | AR6 | (unused) |
| AE6 | (GND) | AG6 | (GND) | AJ6 | (GND) | AL6 | (GND) | AN6 | (GND) | AR7 | (unused) |
| AE7 | (unused) | AG7 | (unused) | AJ7 | (unused) | AL7 | (unused) | AN7 | (unused) | AR8 | (unused) |
| AE8 | (TEST7) | AG8 | (GND) | AJ8 | (GND) | AL8 | (GND) | AN8 | (GND) | AR9 | (unused) |
| AE9 | BR6 | AG9 | (unused) | AJ9 | (unused) | AL9 | (unused) | AN9 | (unused) | AR10 | (unused) |
| AE10 | FLAGC2 | AG10 | GND | AJ10 | (GND) | AL10 | (GND) | AN10 | (GND) | AR11 | (unused) |
| AE11 | TFSC1 | AG11 | DTC1 | AJ11 | (unused) | AL11 | (unused) | AN11 | (unused) | AR12 | (unused) |
| AE12 | TFSC0 | AG12 | DTC0 | AJ12 | (TEST6) | AL12 | (GND) | AN12 | (GND) | AR13 | (unused) |
| AE13 | LC1ACK | AG13 | IRQC0 | AJ13 | LC4ACK | AL13 | (unused) | AN13 | (unused) | AR14 | (unused) |
| AE14 | LC1CLK | AG14 | IRQC1 | AJ14 | LC4CLK | AL14 | (GND) | AN14 | (GND) | AR15 | (unused) |
| AE15 | LC1DAT0 | AG15 | IRQC2 | AJ15 | LC4DAT0 | AL15 | (unused) | AN15 | (unused) | AR16 | (unused) |
| AE16 | LC1DAT1 | AG16 | IDC0 | AJ16 | LC4DAT1 | AL16 | (GND) | AN16 | (GND) | AR17 | (unused) |
| AE17 | LC1DAT2 | AG17 | IDC1 | AJ17 | LC4DAT2 | AL17 | (TEST5) | AN17 | (unused) | AR18 | (unused) |
| AE18 | LC1DAT3 | AG18 | IDC2 | AJ18 | LC4DAT3 | AL18 | (TEST5) | AN18 | (VDD) | AR19 | (unused) |
| AE19 | RCLKD1 | AG19 | TFS1 | AJ19 | DT1 | AL19 | (TEST4) | AN19 | (VDD) | AR20 | (unused) |
| AE20 | RCLKD0 | AG20 | TFS0 | AJ20 | DT0 | AL20 | (TEST4) | AN20 | (unused) | AR21 | (unused) |
| AE21 | WR | AG21 | CSD | AJ21 | CPAD | AL21 | (GND) | AN21 | (GND) | AR22 | (unused) |
| AE22 | LD2ACK | AG22 | LD4ACK | AJ22 | TDO | AL22 | (unused) | AN22 | (unused) | AR23 | (unused) |
| AE23 | LD2CLK | AG23 | LD4CLK | AJ23 | LBOOTBCD | AL23 | (GND) | AN23 | (GND) | AR24 | (unused) |
| AE24 | LD2DAT0 | AG24 | LD4DAT0 | AJ24 | TCK | AL24 | (unused) | AN24 | (unused) | AR25 | (unused) |
| AE25 | LD2DAT1 | AG25 | LD4DAT1 | AJ25 | (TEST3) | AL25 | (GND) | AN25 | (GND) | AR26 | (unused) |
| AE26 | LD2DAT2 | AG26 | LD4DAT2 | AJ26 | (unused) | AL26 | (unused) | AN26 | (unused) | AR27 | (unused) |
| AE27 | LD2DAT3 | AG27 | LD4DAT3 | AJ27 | (GND) | AL27 | (GND) | AN27 | (GND) | AR28 | (unused) |
| AE28 | VDD | AG28 | (unused) | AJ28 | (unused) | AL28 | (unused) | AN28 | (unused) | AR29 | (unused) |
| AE29 | (TEST2) | AG29 | (GND) | AJ29 | (GND) | AL29 | (GND) | AN29 | (GND) | AR30 | (unused) |
| AE30 | (unused) | AG30 | (unused) | AJ30 | (unused) | AL30 | (unused) | AN30 | (unused) | AR31 | (unused) |
| AE31 | (GND) | AG31 | (GND) | AJ31 | (GND) | AL31 | (GND) | AN31 | (GND) | AR32 | (unused) |
| AE32 | (unused) | AG32 | (unused) | AJ32 | (unused) | AL32 | (unused) | AN32 | (unused) | AR33 | (unused) |
| AE33 | (GND) | AG33 | (GND) | AJ33 | (GND) | AL33 | (GND) | AN33 | (GND) | AR34 | (unused) |
| AE34 | (unused) | AG34 | (unused) | AJ34 | (unused) | AL34 | (unused) | AN34 | (unused) | AR35 | (GND) |
| AE35 | (unused) | AG35 | (unused) | AJ35 | (unused) | AL35 | (unused) | AN35 | (unused) | | |
| AE36 | (GND) | AG36 | (GND) | AJ36 | (GND) | AL36 | (GND) | AN36 | (GND) | | |
| AF1 | (GND) | AH1 | (GND) | AK1 | (GND) | AM1 | (GND) | AP1 | (GND) | AT3 | (GND) |
| AF2 | (unused) | AH2 | (unused) | AK2 | (unused) | AM2 | (unused) | AP2 | (GND) | AT4 | (GND) |
| AF3 | (unused) | AH3 | (unused) | AK3 | (unused) | AM3 | (unused) | AP3 | (unused) | AT5 | (GND) |
| AF4 | (unused) | AH4 | (unused) | AK4 | (unused) | AM4 | (unused) | AP4 | (VDD) | AT6 | (GND) |
| AF5 | (GND) | AH5 | (GND) | AK5 | (GND) | AM5 | (GND) | AP5 | (unused) | AT7 | (GND) |
| AF6 | (unused) | AH6 | (unused) | AK6 | (unused) | AM6 | (unused) | AP6 | (unused) | AT8 | (GND) |
| AF7 | (GND) | AH7 | (GND) | AK7 | (GND) | AM7 | (GND) | AP7 | (unused) | AT9 | (GND) |
| AF8 | (unused) | AH8 | (unused) | AK8 | (unused) | AM8 | (unused) | AP8 | (unused) | AT10 | (GND) |
| AF9 | (TEST7) | AH9 | (GND) | AK9 | (GND) | AM9 | (GND) | AP9 | (unused) | AT11 | (GND) |
| AF10 | FLAGC3 | AH10 | (unused) | AK10 | (unused) | AM10 | (unused) | AP10 | (unused) | AT12 | (GND) |
| AF11 | TCLKC1 | AH11 | (TEST6) | AK11 | (GND) | AM11 | (GND) | AP11 | (unused) | AT13 | (GND) |
| AF12 | TCLKC0 | AH12 | VDD | AK12 | (unused) | AM12 | (GND) | AP12 | (unused) | AT14 | (GND) |
| AF13 | LC2ACK | AH13 | LC3ACK | AK13 | (GND) | AM13 | (GND) | AP13 | (unused) | AT15 | (GND) |
| AF14 | LC2CLK | AH14 | LC3CLK | AK14 | (unused) | AM14 | (unused) | AP14 | (unused) | AT16 | (GND) |
| AF15 | LC2DAT0 | AH15 | LC3DAT0 | AK15 | (GND) | AM15 | (GND) | AP15 | (unused) | AT17 | (GND) |
| AF16 | LC2DAT1 | AH16 | LC3DAT1 | AK16 | GND | AM16 | (unused) | AP16 | (unused) | AT18 | (GND) |
| AF17 | LC2DAT2 | AH17 | LC3DAT2 | AK17 | VDD | AM17 | (unused) | AP17 | (unused) | AT19 | (GND) |
| AF18 | LC2DAT3 | AH18 | LC3DAT3 | AK18 | GND | AM18 | (VDD) | AP18 | (GND) | AT20 | (GND) |
| AF19 | DRD1 | AH19 | TCLKD1 | AK19 | VDD | AM19 | (VDD) | AP19 | (VDD) | AT21 | (GND) |
| AF20 | DRD0 | AH20 | TCLKD0 | AK20 | VDD | AM20 | (unused) | AP20 | (unused) | AT22 | (GND) |
| AF21 | R \bar{D} | AH21 | IDD0 | AK21 | GND | AM21 | (unused) | AP21 | (unused) | AT23 | (GND) |
| AF22 | LD3ACK | AH22 | IDD1 | AK22 | (GND) | AM22 | (GND) | AP22 | (unused) | AT24 | (GND) |
| AF23 | LD3CLK | AH23 | IDD2 | AK23 | (unused) | AM23 | (unused) | AP23 | (unused) | AT25 | (GND) |
| AF24 | LD3DAT0 | AH24 | EBOOTBCD | AK24 | (GND) | AM24 | (GND) | AP24 | (unused) | AT26 | (GND) |
| AF25 | LD3DAT1 | AH25 | TDOC | AK25 | (unused) | AM25 | (unused) | AP25 | (unused) | AT27 | (GND) |
| AF26 | LD3DAT2 | AH26 | (TEST3) | AK26 | (GND) | AM26 | (GND) | AP26 | (unused) | AT28 | (GND) |
| AF27 | LD3DAT3 | AH27 | (unused) | AK27 | (unused) | AM27 | (unused) | AP27 | (unused) | AT29 | (GND) |
| AF28 | (TEST2) | AH28 | (GND) | AK28 | (GND) | AM28 | (GND) | AP28 | (unused) | AT30 | (GND) |
| AF29 | (unused) | AH29 | (unused) | AK29 | (unused) | AM29 | (unused) | AP29 | (unused) | AT31 | (GND) |
| AF30 | (GND) | AH30 | (GND) | AK30 | (GND) | AM30 | (GND) | AP30 | (unused) | AT32 | (GND) |
| AF31 | (unused) | AH31 | (unused) | AK31 | (unused) | AM31 | (unused) | AP31 | (unused) | AT33 | (GND) |
| AF32 | (GND) | AH32 | (GND) | AK32 | (GND) | AM32 | (GND) | AP32 | (unused) | AT34 | (GND) |
| AF33 | (unused) | AH33 | (unused) | AK33 | (unused) | AM33 | (unused) | AP33 | (GND) | | |
| AF34 | (unused) | AH34 | (unused) | AK34 | (unused) | AM34 | (unused) | AP34 | (unused) | | |
| AF35 | (unused) | AH35 | (unused) | AK35 | (unused) | AM35 | (unused) | AP35 | (VDD) | | |
| AF36 | (GND) | AH36 | (GND) | AK36 | (GND) | AM36 | (GND) | AP36 | (GND) | | |

AD14160/AD14160L

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Alphabetical Listing)

| Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. |
|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| ACK | J21 | DATA21 | K11 | GND | N28 | IRQA0 | T28 | LC2DAT2 | AF17 | TCLKD0 | AH20 |
| ADDR0 | AC24 | DATA22 | L11 | GND | P14 | IRQA1 | U29 | LC2DAT3 | AF18 | TCLKD1 | AH19 |
| ADDR1 | AC25 | DATA23 | M11 | GND | P15 | IRQA2 | U28 | LC3ACK | AH13 | TDI | W30 |
| ADDR2 | AC26 | DATA24 | N11 | GND | P22 | IRQB0 | R17 | LC3CLK | AH14 | TDO | AJ22 |
| ADDR3 | AC27 | DATA25 | P11 | GND | P23 | IRQB1 | R18 | LC3DAT0 | AH15 | TDOA | U30 |
| ADDR4 | AB24 | DATA26 | R11 | GND | P24 | IRQB2 | R19 | LC3DAT1 | AH16 | TDOB | AB13 |
| ADDR5 | AB25 | DATA27 | T11 | GND | P25 | IRQC0 | AG13 | LC3DAT2 | AH17 | TDOC | AH25 |
| ADDR6 | AB26 | DATA28 | V11 | GND | P26 | IRQC1 | AG14 | LC3DAT3 | AH18 | TFSA0 | K20 |
| ADDR7 | AB27 | DATA29 | W11 | GND | P27 | IRQC2 | AG15 | LC4ACK | AJ13 | TFSA1 | K19 |
| ADDR8 | AA24 | DATA30 | L10 | GND | R14 | IRQD0 | Y29 | LC4CLK | AJ14 | TFSB0 | R9 |
| ADDR9 | AA25 | DATA31 | M10 | GND | R15 | IRQD1 | AA29 | LC4DAT0 | AJ15 | TFSB1 | U8 |
| ADDR10 | AA26 | DATA32 | N10 | GND | R16 | IRQD2 | AB29 | LC4DAT1 | AJ16 | TFSC0 | AE12 |
| ADDR11 | AA27 | DATA33 | P10 | GND | R20 | LA1ACK | K22 | LC4DAT2 | AJ17 | TFSC1 | AE11 |
| ADDR12 | Y24 | DATA34 | R10 | GND | R21 | LA1CLK | K23 | LC4DAT3 | AJ18 | TFSD0 | AG20 |
| ADDR13 | Y25 | DATA35 | T10 | GND | R22 | LA1DAT0 | K24 | LD1ACK | AD22 | TFSD1 | AG19 |
| ADDR14 | Y26 | DATA36 | U10 | GND | T15 | LA1DAT1 | K25 | LD1CLK | AD23 | TIMEXPA | V30 |
| ADDR15 | Y27 | DATA37 | V10 | GND | T16 | LA1DAT2 | K26 | LD1DAT0 | AD24 | TIMEXPB | U16 |
| ADDR16 | W24 | DATA38 | W10 | GND | T17 | LA1DAT3 | K27 | LD1DAT1 | AD25 | TIMEXPC | AC23 |
| ADDR17 | W25 | DATA39 | Y13 | GND | T18 | LA2ACK | L22 | LD1DAT2 | AD26 | TIMEXPD | AD28 |
| ADDR18 | W26 | DATA40 | AA13 | GND | T19 | LA2CLK | L23 | LD1DAT3 | AD27 | TMS | AD17 |
| ADDR19 | W27 | DATA41 | Y12 | GND | T30 | LA2DAT0 | L24 | LD2ACK | AE22 | TRST | AD18 |
| ADDR20 | V24 | DATA42 | AA12 | GND | U7 | LA2DAT1 | L25 | LD2CLK | AE23 | VDD | G21 |
| ADDR21 | V25 | DATA43 | Y11 | GND | U15 | LA2DAT2 | L26 | LD2DAT0 | AE24 | VDD | H26 |
| ADDR22 | V26 | DATA44 | AA11 | GND | U22 | LA2DAT3 | L27 | LD2DAT1 | AE25 | VDD | H24 |
| ADDR23 | V27 | DATA45 | V9 | GND | U23 | LA3ACK | M22 | LD2DAT2 | AE26 | VDD | J18 |
| ADDR24 | U24 | DATA46 | W9 | GND | V20 | LA3CLK | M23 | LD2DAT3 | AE27 | VDD | J24 |
| ADDR25 | U25 | DATA47 | Y10 | GND | V23 | LA3DAT0 | M24 | LD3ACK | AF22 | VDD | M18 |
| ADDR26 | U26 | DMAG1 | M15 | GND | W7 | LA3DAT1 | M25 | LD3CLK | AF23 | VDD | M28 |
| ADDR27 | U27 | DMAG2 | N15 | GND | W16 | LA3DAT2 | M26 | LD3DAT0 | AF24 | VDD | N8 |
| ADDR28 | T24 | DMAR1 | M16 | GND | W20 | LA3DAT3 | M27 | LD3DAT1 | AF25 | VDD | N29 |
| ADDR29 | T25 | DMAR2 | M17 | GND | W23 | LA4ACK | N22 | LD3DAT2 | AF26 | VDD | T7 |
| ADDR30 | T26 | DRA0 | J20 | GND | Y16 | LA4CLK | N23 | LD3DAT3 | AF27 | VDD | T14 |
| ADDR31 | T27 | DRA1 | J19 | GND | Y17 | LA4DAT0 | N24 | LD4ACK | AG22 | VDD | U14 |
| ADRCLK | AC13 | DRB0 | P9 | GND | Y22 | LA4DAT1 | N25 | LD4CLK | AG23 | VDD | U17 |
| BMSA | V22 | DRB1 | T8 | GND | Y23 | LA4DAT2 | N26 | LD4DAT0 | AG24 | VDD | U18 |
| BMSBCD | AD21 | DRC0 | AD12 | GND | Y30 | LA4DAT3 | N27 | LD4DAT1 | AG25 | VDD | U19 |
| BR1 | Y9 | DRC1 | AD11 | GND | AA7 | LB1ACK | H13 | LD4DAT2 | AG26 | VDD | U20 |
| BR2 | AA9 | DRD0 | AF20 | GND | AA16 | LB1CLK | H14 | LD4DAT3 | AG27 | VDD | U21 |
| BR3 | AB9 | DRD1 | AF19 | GND | AA17 | LB1DAT0 | H15 | MS0 | R24 | VDD | V18 |
| BR4 | AC9 | DTA0 | M20 | GND | AA18 | LB1DAT1 | H16 | MS1 | R25 | VDD | V19 |
| BR5 | AD9 | DTA1 | M19 | GND | AA19 | LB1DAT2 | G17 | MS2 | R26 | VDD | V21 |
| BR6 | AE9 | DTB0 | U9 | GND | AA20 | LB1DAT3 | G18 | MS3 | R27 | VDD | W17 |
| CLKIN | U11 | DTB1 | W8 | GND | AA23 | LB2ACK | J13 | PAGE | J22 | VDD | W18 |
| CPAA | M21 | DTC0 | AG12 | GND | AB10 | LB2CLK | J14 | RCLKA0 | H20 | VDD | W19 |
| CPAB | AA10 | DTC1 | AG11 | GND | AB16 | LB2DAT0 | J15 | RCLKA1 | H19 | VDD | W21 |
| CPAC | AD13 | DTD0 | AJ20 | GND | AB17 | LB2DAT1 | J16 | RCLKB0 | N9 | VDD | W22 |
| CPAD | AJ21 | DTD1 | AJ19 | GND | AB18 | LB2DAT2 | H17 | RCLKB1 | R8 | VDD | Y7 |
| CSA | K21 | EBOOTA | T29 | GND | AB19 | LB2DAT3 | H18 | RCLKC0 | AC12 | VDD | Y18 |
| CSB | V7 | EBOOTBCD | AH24 | GND | AC8 | LB3ACK | K13 | RCLKC1 | AC11 | VDD | Y19 |
| CSC | AD14 | EMU | AD15 | GND | AC18 | LB3CLK | K14 | RCLKD0 | AE20 | VDD | Y20 |
| CSD | AG21 | FLAGA0 | V28 | GND | AC19 | LB3DAT0 | K15 | RCLKD1 | AE19 | VDD | Y21 |
| DATA0 | M14 | FLAGA1 | V29 | GND | AC20 | LB3DAT1 | K16 | RD | AF21 | VDD | AA21 |
| DATA1 | N14 | FLAGA2 | W29 | GND | AD16 | LB3DAT2 | K17 | REDY | H21 | VDD | AA22 |
| DATA2 | M13 | FLAGA3 | W28 | GND | AD29 | LB3DAT3 | K18 | RESET | L21 | VDD | AA30 |
| DATA3 | N13 | FLAGB0 | V14 | GND | AG10 | LB4ACK | L13 | RFSA0 | G20 | VDD | AB20 |
| DATA4 | P13 | FLAGB1 | V15 | GND | AK16 | LB4CLK | L14 | RFSA1 | G19 | VDD | AB21 |
| DATA5 | R13 | FLAGB2 | V16 | GND | AK18 | LB4DAT0 | L15 | RFSB0 | M9 | VDD | AB22 |
| DATA6 | T13 | FLAGB3 | V17 | GND | AK21 | LB4DAT1 | L16 | RFSB1 | P8 | VDD | AB23 |
| DATA7 | U13 | FLAGC0 | AC10 | GND | HBG | LB4DAT2 | L17 | RFSC0 | AB12 | VDD | AC14 |
| DATA8 | V13 | FLAGC1 | AD10 | GND | HBR | LB4DAT3 | L18 | RFSC1 | AB11 | VDD | AC15 |
| DATA9 | W13 | FLAGC2 | AE10 | IDA0 | R28 | LBOOTA | R29 | RFSD0 | AD20 | VDD | AC16 |
| DATA10 | J12 | FLAGC3 | AF10 | IDA1 | P28 | LBOOTBCD | AJ23 | RFSD1 | AD19 | VDD | AC17 |
| DATA11 | K12 | FLAGD0 | Y28 | IDA2 | P29 | LC1ACK | AE13 | RPBA | R23 | VDD | AC21 |
| DATA12 | L12 | FLAGD1 | AA28 | IDB0 | P16 | LC1CLK | AE14 | SBTS | N16 | VDD | AC22 |
| DATA13 | M12 | FLAGD2 | AB28 | IDB1 | P17 | LC1DAT0 | AE15 | SW | Y8 | VDD | AC29 |
| DATA14 | N12 | FLAGD3 | AC28 | IDB2 | P18 | LC1DAT1 | AE16 | TCK | AJ24 | VDD | AD8 |
| DATA15 | P12 | GND | G16 | IDC0 | AG16 | LC1DAT2 | AE17 | TCLKA0 | L20 | VDD | AE28 |
| DATA16 | R12 | GND | H23 | IDC1 | AG17 | LC1DAT3 | AE18 | TCLKA1 | L19 | VDD | AH12 |
| DATA17 | T12 | GND | J17 | IDC2 | AG18 | LC2ACK | AF13 | TCLKB0 | T9 | VDD | AK17 |
| DATA18 | U12 | GND | J23 | IDD0 | AH21 | LC2CLK | AF14 | TCLKB1 | V8 | VDD | AK19 |
| DATA19 | V12 | GND | J25 | IDD1 | AH22 | LC2DAT0 | AF15 | TCLKC0 | AF12 | VDD | AK20 |
| DATA20 | W12 | GND | K10 | IDD2 | AH23 | LC2DAT1 | AF16 | TCLKC1 | AF11 | WR | AE21 |

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Alphabetical Listing *Continued*)

| Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. |
|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| (GND) | A3 | (GND) | F8 | (GND) | P4 | (GND) | AG36 | (GND) | AN23 | (TEST1) | W31 |
| (GND) | A4 | (GND) | F10 | (GND) | P6 | (GND) | AH1 | (GND) | AN25 | (TEST1) | Y31 |
| (GND) | A5 | (GND) | F12 | (GND) | P31 | (GND) | AH5 | (GND) | AN27 | (TEST2) | AE29 |
| (GND) | A6 | (GND) | F14 | (GND) | P33 | (GND) | AH7 | (GND) | AN29 | (TEST2) | AF28 |
| (GND) | A7 | (GND) | F16 | (GND) | P36 | (GND) | AH9 | (GND) | AN31 | (TEST3) | AH26 |
| (GND) | A8 | (GND) | F21 | (GND) | R1 | (GND) | AH28 | (GND) | AN33 | (TEST3) | AJ25 |
| (GND) | A9 | (GND) | F23 | (GND) | R5 | (GND) | AH30 | (GND) | AN36 | (TEST4) | AL19 |
| (GND) | A10 | (GND) | F25 | (GND) | R7 | (GND) | AH32 | (GND) | AP1 | (TEST4) | AL20 |
| (GND) | A11 | (GND) | F27 | (GND) | R30 | (GND) | AH36 | (GND) | AP2 | (TEST5) | AL17 |
| (GND) | A12 | (GND) | F29 | (GND) | R32 | (GND) | AJ1 | (GND) | AP18 | (TEST5) | AL18 |
| (GND) | A13 | (GND) | F31 | (GND) | R36 | (GND) | AJ4 | (GND) | AP33 | (TEST6) | AH11 |
| (GND) | A14 | (GND) | F33 | (GND) | T1 | (GND) | AJ6 | (GND) | AP36 | (TEST6) | AJ12 |
| (GND) | A15 | (GND) | F36 | (GND) | T4 | (GND) | AJ8 | (GND) | AR2 | (TEST7) | AE8 |
| (GND) | A16 | (GND) | G1 | (GND) | T6 | (GND) | AJ10 | (GND) | AR35 | (TEST7) | AF9 |
| (GND) | A17 | (GND) | G5 | (GND) | T31 | (GND) | AJ27 | (GND) | AT3 | (TEST8) | W6 |
| (GND) | A18 | (GND) | G7 | (GND) | T33 | (GND) | AJ29 | (GND) | AT4 | (TEST8) | Y6 |
| (GND) | A19 | (GND) | G9 | (GND) | T36 | (GND) | AJ31 | (GND) | AT5 | (TEST9) | U6 |
| (GND) | A20 | (GND) | G11 | (GND) | U1 | (GND) | AJ33 | (GND) | AT6 | (TEST9) | V6 |
| (GND) | A21 | (GND) | G13 | (GND) | U36 | (GND) | AJ36 | (GND) | AT7 | (TEST10) | L9 |
| (GND) | A22 | (GND) | G15 | (GND) | V1 | (GND) | AK1 | (GND) | AT8 | (TEST10) | M8 |
| (GND) | A23 | (GND) | G22 | (GND) | V2 | (GND) | AK5 | (GND) | AT9 | (TEST11) | H12 |
| (GND) | A24 | (GND) | G24 | (GND) | V34 | (GND) | AK7 | (GND) | AT10 | (TEST11) | J11 |
| (GND) | A25 | (GND) | G26 | (GND) | V36 | (GND) | AK9 | (GND) | AT11 | (TEST12) | F17 |
| (GND) | A26 | (GND) | G28 | (GND) | W1 | (GND) | AK11 | (GND) | AT12 | (TEST12) | F18 |
| (GND) | A27 | (GND) | G30 | (GND) | W2 | (GND) | AK13 | (GND) | AT13 | (TEST13) | F19 |
| (GND) | A28 | (GND) | G32 | (GND) | W34 | (GND) | AK15 | (GND) | AT14 | (TEST13) | F20 |
| (GND) | A29 | (GND) | G36 | (GND) | W36 | (GND) | AK22 | (GND) | AT15 | (TEST14) | H25 |
| (GND) | A30 | (GND) | H1 | (GND) | Y1 | (GND) | AK24 | (GND) | AT16 | (TEST14) | J26 |
| (GND) | A31 | (GND) | H4 | (GND) | Y36 | (GND) | AK26 | (GND) | AT17 | (TEST15) | L28 |
| (GND) | A32 | (GND) | H6 | (GND) | AA1 | (GND) | AK28 | (GND) | AT18 | (TEST15) | M29 |
| (GND) | A33 | (GND) | H8 | (GND) | AA4 | (GND) | AK30 | (GND) | AT19 | (TEST16) | U31 |
| (GND) | A34 | (GND) | H10 | (GND) | AA6 | (GND) | AK32 | (GND) | AT20 | (TEST16) | V31 |
| (GND) | B2 | (GND) | H27 | (GND) | AA31 | (GND) | AK36 | (GND) | AT21 | (unused) | B3 |
| (GND) | B35 | (GND) | H29 | (GND) | AA33 | (GND) | AL1 | (GND) | AT22 | (unused) | B4 |
| (GND) | C1 | (GND) | H31 | (GND) | AA36 | (GND) | AL4 | (GND) | AT23 | (unused) | B5 |
| (GND) | C2 | (GND) | H33 | (GND) | AB1 | (GND) | AL6 | (GND) | AT24 | (unused) | B6 |
| (GND) | C18 | (GND) | H36 | (GND) | AB5 | (GND) | AL8 | (GND) | AT25 | (unused) | B7 |
| (GND) | C33 | (GND) | J1 | (GND) | AB7 | (GND) | AL10 | (GND) | AT26 | (unused) | B8 |
| (GND) | C36 | (GND) | J5 | (GND) | AB30 | (GND) | AL12 | (GND) | AT27 | (unused) | B9 |
| (GND) | D1 | (GND) | J7 | (GND) | AB32 | (GND) | AL14 | (GND) | AT28 | (unused) | B10 |
| (GND) | D4 | (GND) | J9 | (GND) | AB36 | (GND) | AL16 | (GND) | AT29 | (unused) | B11 |
| (GND) | D6 | (GND) | J28 | (GND) | AC1 | (GND) | AL21 | (GND) | AT30 | (unused) | B12 |
| (GND) | D8 | (GND) | J30 | (GND) | AC4 | (GND) | AL23 | (GND) | AT31 | (unused) | B13 |
| (GND) | D10 | (GND) | J32 | (GND) | AC6 | (GND) | AL25 | (GND) | AT32 | (unused) | B14 |
| (GND) | D12 | (GND) | J36 | (GND) | AC31 | (GND) | AL27 | (GND) | AT33 | (unused) | B15 |
| (GND) | D14 | (GND) | K1 | (GND) | AC33 | (GND) | AL29 | (GND) | AT34 | (unused) | B16 |
| (GND) | D16 | (GND) | K4 | (GND) | AC36 | (GND) | AL31 | (VDD) | C4 | (unused) | B17 |
| (GND) | D21 | (GND) | K6 | (GND) | AD1 | (GND) | AL33 | (VDD) | C19 | (unused) | B18 |
| (GND) | D23 | (GND) | K8 | (GND) | AD5 | (GND) | AL36 | (VDD) | C35 | (unused) | B19 |
| (GND) | D25 | (GND) | K29 | (GND) | AD7 | (GND) | AM1 | (VDD) | D18 | (unused) | B20 |
| (GND) | D27 | (GND) | K31 | (GND) | AD30 | (GND) | AM5 | (VDD) | D19 | (unused) | B21 |
| (GND) | D29 | (GND) | K33 | (GND) | AD32 | (GND) | AM7 | (VDD) | E18 | (unused) | B22 |
| (GND) | D31 | (GND) | K36 | (GND) | AD36 | (GND) | AM9 | (VDD) | E19 | (unused) | B23 |
| (GND) | D33 | (GND) | L1 | (GND) | AE1 | (GND) | AM11 | (VDD) | V3 | (unused) | B24 |
| (GND) | D36 | (GND) | L5 | (GND) | AE4 | (GND) | AM13 | (VDD) | V4 | (unused) | B25 |
| (GND) | E1 | (GND) | L7 | (GND) | AE6 | (GND) | AM15 | (VDD) | V5 | (unused) | B26 |
| (GND) | E5 | (GND) | L30 | (GND) | AE31 | (GND) | AM22 | (VDD) | V32 | (unused) | B27 |
| (GND) | E7 | (GND) | L32 | (GND) | AE33 | (GND) | AM24 | (VDD) | V33 | (unused) | B28 |
| (GND) | E9 | (GND) | L36 | (GND) | AE36 | (GND) | AM26 | (VDD) | V35 | (unused) | B29 |
| (GND) | E11 | (GND) | M1 | (GND) | AF1 | (GND) | AM28 | (VDD) | W3 | (unused) | B30 |
| (GND) | E13 | (GND) | M4 | (GND) | AF5 | (GND) | AM30 | (VDD) | W4 | (unused) | B31 |
| (GND) | E15 | (GND) | M6 | (GND) | AF7 | (GND) | AM32 | (VDD) | W5 | (unused) | B32 |
| (GND) | E22 | (GND) | M31 | (GND) | AF30 | (GND) | AM36 | (VDD) | W32 | (unused) | B33 |
| (GND) | E24 | (GND) | M33 | (GND) | AF32 | (GND) | AN1 | (VDD) | W33 | (unused) | B34 |
| (GND) | E26 | (GND) | M36 | (GND) | AF36 | (GND) | AN4 | (VDD) | W35 | (unused) | C3 |
| (GND) | E28 | (GND) | N1 | (GND) | AG1 | (GND) | AN6 | (VDD) | AM18 | (unused) | C5 |
| (GND) | E30 | (GND) | N5 | (GND) | AG4 | (GND) | AN8 | (VDD) | AM19 | (unused) | C6 |
| (GND) | E32 | (GND) | N7 | (GND) | AG6 | (GND) | AN10 | (VDD) | AN18 | (unused) | C7 |
| (GND) | E36 | (GND) | N30 | (GND) | AG8 | (GND) | AN12 | (VDD) | AN19 | (unused) | C8 |
| (GND) | F1 | (GND) | N32 | (GND) | AG29 | (GND) | AN14 | (VDD) | AP4 | (unused) | C9 |
| (GND) | F4 | (GND) | N36 | (GND) | AG31 | (GND) | AN16 | (VDD) | AP19 | (unused) | C10 |
| (GND) | F6 | (GND) | P1 | (GND) | AG33 | (GND) | AN21 | (VDD) | AP35 | (unused) | C11 |

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PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Alphabetical Listing *Continued*)

| Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. |
|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| (unused) | C12 | (unused) | F34 | (unused) | N4 | (unused) | AB14 | (unused) | AJ34 | (unused) | AP3 |
| (unused) | C13 | (unused) | F35 | (unused) | N6 | (unused) | AB15 | (unused) | AJ35 | (unused) | AP5 |
| (unused) | C14 | (unused) | G2 | (unused) | N17 | (unused) | AB31 | (unused) | AK2 | (unused) | AP6 |
| (unused) | C15 | (unused) | G3 | (unused) | N18 | (unused) | AB33 | (unused) | AK3 | (unused) | AP7 |
| (unused) | C16 | (unused) | G4 | (unused) | N19 | (unused) | AB34 | (unused) | AK4 | (unused) | AP8 |
| (unused) | C17 | (unused) | G6 | (unused) | N20 | (unused) | AB35 | (unused) | AK6 | (unused) | AP9 |
| (unused) | C20 | (unused) | G8 | (unused) | N21 | (unused) | AC2 | (unused) | AK8 | (unused) | AP10 |
| (unused) | C21 | (unused) | G10 | (unused) | N31 | (unused) | AC3 | (unused) | AK10 | (unused) | AP11 |
| (unused) | C22 | (unused) | G12 | (unused) | N33 | (unused) | AC5 | (unused) | AK12 | (unused) | AP12 |
| (unused) | C23 | (unused) | G14 | (unused) | N34 | (unused) | AC7 | (unused) | AK14 | (unused) | AP13 |
| (unused) | C24 | (unused) | G23 | (unused) | N35 | (unused) | AC30 | (unused) | AK23 | (unused) | AP14 |
| (unused) | C25 | (unused) | G25 | (unused) | P2 | (unused) | AC32 | (unused) | AK25 | (unused) | AP15 |
| (unused) | C26 | (unused) | G27 | (unused) | P3 | (unused) | AC34 | (unused) | AK27 | (unused) | AP16 |
| (unused) | C27 | (unused) | G29 | (unused) | P5 | (unused) | AC35 | (unused) | AK29 | (unused) | AP17 |
| (unused) | C28 | (unused) | G31 | (unused) | P7 | (unused) | AD2 | (unused) | AK31 | (unused) | AP20 |
| (unused) | C29 | (unused) | G33 | (unused) | P19 | (unused) | AD3 | (unused) | AK33 | (unused) | AP21 |
| (unused) | C30 | (unused) | G34 | (unused) | P20 | (unused) | AD4 | (unused) | AK34 | (unused) | AP22 |
| (unused) | C31 | (unused) | G35 | (unused) | P21 | (unused) | AD6 | (unused) | AK35 | (unused) | AP23 |
| (unused) | C32 | (unused) | H2 | (unused) | P30 | (unused) | AD31 | (unused) | AL2 | (unused) | AP24 |
| (unused) | C34 | (unused) | H3 | (unused) | P32 | (unused) | AD33 | (unused) | AL3 | (unused) | AP25 |
| (unused) | D2 | (unused) | H5 | (unused) | P34 | (unused) | AD34 | (unused) | AL5 | (unused) | AP26 |
| (unused) | D3 | (unused) | H7 | (unused) | P35 | (unused) | AD35 | (unused) | AL7 | (unused) | AP27 |
| (unused) | D5 | (unused) | H9 | (unused) | R2 | (unused) | AE2 | (unused) | AL9 | (unused) | AP28 |
| (unused) | D7 | (unused) | H11 | (unused) | R3 | (unused) | AE3 | (unused) | AL11 | (unused) | AP29 |
| (unused) | D9 | (unused) | H26 | (unused) | R4 | (unused) | AE5 | (unused) | AL13 | (unused) | AP30 |
| (unused) | D11 | (unused) | H28 | (unused) | R6 | (unused) | AE7 | (unused) | AL15 | (unused) | AP31 |
| (unused) | D13 | (unused) | H30 | (unused) | R31 | (unused) | AE30 | (unused) | AL22 | (unused) | AP32 |
| (unused) | D15 | (unused) | H32 | (unused) | R33 | (unused) | AE32 | (unused) | AL24 | (unused) | AP34 |
| (unused) | D17 | (unused) | H34 | (unused) | R34 | (unused) | AE34 | (unused) | AL26 | (unused) | AR3 |
| (unused) | D20 | (unused) | H35 | (unused) | R35 | (unused) | AE35 | (unused) | AL28 | (unused) | AR4 |
| (unused) | D22 | (unused) | J2 | (unused) | T2 | (unused) | AF2 | (unused) | AL30 | (unused) | AR5 |
| (unused) | D24 | (unused) | J3 | (unused) | T3 | (unused) | AF3 | (unused) | AL32 | (unused) | AR6 |
| (unused) | D26 | (unused) | J4 | (unused) | T5 | (unused) | AF4 | (unused) | AL34 | (unused) | AR7 |
| (unused) | D28 | (unused) | J6 | (unused) | T20 | (unused) | AF6 | (unused) | AL35 | (unused) | AR8 |
| (unused) | D30 | (unused) | J8 | (unused) | T21 | (unused) | AF8 | (unused) | AM2 | (unused) | AR9 |
| (unused) | D32 | (unused) | J10 | (unused) | T22 | (unused) | AF29 | (unused) | AM3 | (unused) | AR10 |
| (unused) | D34 | (unused) | J27 | (unused) | T23 | (unused) | AF31 | (unused) | AM4 | (unused) | AR11 |
| (unused) | D35 | (unused) | J29 | (unused) | T32 | (unused) | AF33 | (unused) | AM6 | (unused) | AR12 |
| (unused) | E2 | (unused) | J31 | (unused) | T34 | (unused) | AF34 | (unused) | AM8 | (unused) | AR13 |
| (unused) | E3 | (unused) | J33 | (unused) | T35 | (unused) | AF35 | (unused) | AM10 | (unused) | AR14 |
| (unused) | E4 | (unused) | J34 | (unused) | U2 | (unused) | AG2 | (unused) | AM12 | (unused) | AR15 |
| (unused) | E6 | (unused) | J35 | (unused) | U3 | (unused) | AG3 | (unused) | AM14 | (unused) | AR16 |
| (unused) | E8 | (unused) | K2 | (unused) | U4 | (unused) | AG5 | (unused) | AM16 | (unused) | AR17 |
| (unused) | E10 | (unused) | K3 | (unused) | U5 | (unused) | AG7 | (unused) | AM17 | (unused) | AR18 |
| (unused) | E12 | (unused) | K5 | (unused) | U32 | (unused) | AG9 | (unused) | AM20 | (unused) | AR19 |
| (unused) | E14 | (unused) | K7 | (unused) | U33 | (unused) | AG28 | (unused) | AM21 | (unused) | AR20 |
| (unused) | E16 | (unused) | K9 | (unused) | U34 | (unused) | AG30 | (unused) | AM23 | (unused) | AR21 |
| (unused) | E17 | (unused) | K28 | (unused) | U35 | (unused) | AG32 | (unused) | AM25 | (unused) | AR22 |
| (unused) | E20 | (unused) | K30 | (unused) | W14 | (unused) | AG34 | (unused) | AM27 | (unused) | AR23 |
| (unused) | E21 | (unused) | K32 | (unused) | W15 | (unused) | AG35 | (unused) | AM29 | (unused) | AR24 |
| (unused) | E23 | (unused) | K34 | (unused) | Y2 | (unused) | AH2 | (unused) | AM31 | (unused) | AR25 |
| (unused) | E25 | (unused) | K35 | (unused) | Y3 | (unused) | AH3 | (unused) | AM33 | (unused) | AR26 |
| (unused) | E27 | (unused) | L2 | (unused) | Y4 | (unused) | AH4 | (unused) | AM34 | (unused) | AR27 |
| (unused) | E29 | (unused) | L3 | (unused) | Y5 | (unused) | AH6 | (unused) | AM35 | (unused) | AR28 |
| (unused) | E31 | (unused) | L4 | (unused) | Y14 | (unused) | AH8 | (unused) | AN2 | (unused) | AR29 |
| (unused) | E33 | (unused) | L6 | (unused) | Y15 | (unused) | AH10 | (unused) | AN3 | (unused) | AR30 |
| (unused) | E34 | (unused) | L8 | (unused) | Y32 | (unused) | AH27 | (unused) | AN5 | (unused) | AR31 |
| (unused) | E35 | (unused) | L29 | (unused) | Y33 | (unused) | AH29 | (unused) | AN7 | (unused) | AR32 |
| (unused) | F2 | (unused) | L31 | (unused) | Y34 | (unused) | AH31 | (unused) | AN9 | (unused) | AR33 |
| (unused) | F3 | (unused) | L33 | (unused) | Y35 | (unused) | AH33 | (unused) | AN11 | (unused) | AR34 |
| (unused) | F5 | (unused) | L34 | (unused) | AA2 | (unused) | AH34 | (unused) | AN13 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F7 | (unused) | L35 | (unused) | AA3 | (unused) | AH35 | (unused) | AN15 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F9 | (unused) | M2 | (unused) | AA5 | (unused) | AJ2 | (unused) | AN17 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F11 | (unused) | M3 | (unused) | AA14 | (unused) | AJ3 | (unused) | AN20 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F13 | (unused) | M5 | (unused) | AA15 | (unused) | AJ5 | (unused) | AN22 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F15 | (unused) | M7 | (unused) | AA32 | (unused) | AJ7 | (unused) | AN24 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F22 | (unused) | M30 | (unused) | AA34 | (unused) | AJ9 | (unused) | AN26 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F24 | (unused) | M32 | (unused) | AA35 | (unused) | AJ11 | (unused) | AN28 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F26 | (unused) | M34 | (unused) | AB2 | (unused) | AJ26 | (unused) | AN30 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F28 | (unused) | M35 | (unused) | AB3 | (unused) | AJ28 | (unused) | AN32 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F30 | (unused) | N2 | (unused) | AB4 | (unused) | AJ30 | (unused) | AN34 | (unused) | |
| (unused) | F32 | (unused) | N3 | (unused) | AB6 | (unused) | AJ32 | (unused) | AN35 | (unused) | |

ORDERING GUIDE

| Part Number | Case Temperature Range | Instruction Rate | Operating Voltage |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| AD14160BB-4* | -40°C to +100°C | 40 MHz | 5 V |
| AD14160/AD14160LBB-4* | -40°C to +100°C | 40 MHz | 3.3 V |
| AD14160KB-4 | 0°C to +85°C | 40 MHz | 5 V |
| AD14160/AD14160LKB-4 | 0°C to +85°C | 40 MHz | 3.3 V |

NOTES

1. Part numbers marked with an * are shipping as x-grade (preproduction) material at the time of this printing.
2. These parts are packaged in a 452-lead Ceramic Ball Grid Array Package (CBGA).
3. Military and Industrial temperature SMD parts, in the same package are in development.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

452-Lead Ceramic Ball Grid Array (CBGA) (QS-452)

