

To all our customers

Regarding the change of names mentioned in the document, such as Mitsubishi Electric and Mitsubishi XX, to Renesas Technology Corp.

The semiconductor operations of Hitachi and Mitsubishi Electric were transferred to Renesas Technology Corporation on April 1st 2003. These operations include microcomputer, logic, analog and discrete devices, and memory chips other than DRAMs (flash memory, SRAMs etc.) Accordingly, although Mitsubishi Electric, Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Mitsubishi Semiconductors, and other Mitsubishi brand names are mentioned in the document, these names have in fact all been changed to Renesas Technology Corp. Thank you for your understanding. Except for our corporate trademark, logo and corporate statement, no changes whatsoever have been made to the contents of the document, and these changes do not constitute any alteration to the contents of the document itself.

Note : Mitsubishi Electric will continue the business operations of high frequency & optical devices and power devices.

Renesas Technology Corp.
Customer Support Dept.
April 1, 2003

3-TERMINAL ADJUSTABLE REGULATOR**DESCRIPTION**

The M5237 is a semiconductor integrated circuit which is designed for variable output voltage regulator and is low power dissipation type with input-output voltage difference are quite low.

Housed in its 3-pin package are Reference voltage generator circuit, Differential amplifier and Drive circuit.

FEATURES

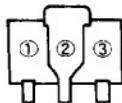
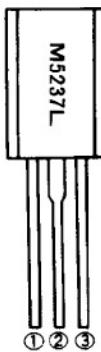
- Wide operating supply voltage range.
 $V_{IN} = 3.5V \sim 36V$. $V_O = 1.5V \sim 33V$
- The input-output voltage differences can be small moved by the external PNP transistors.
(T_R : $V_{CE(sat)}$ state)
 $V_{I-O(min)} = 0.2V$
- The output voltage can be freely adjusted by the external resistors.
- Built in Over-current protection circuit (Drooping fold-back unit), ASO protection circuit and Thermal protection circuit.
- Its possible Taping (Automatic insert) and Lead forming.

APPLICATION

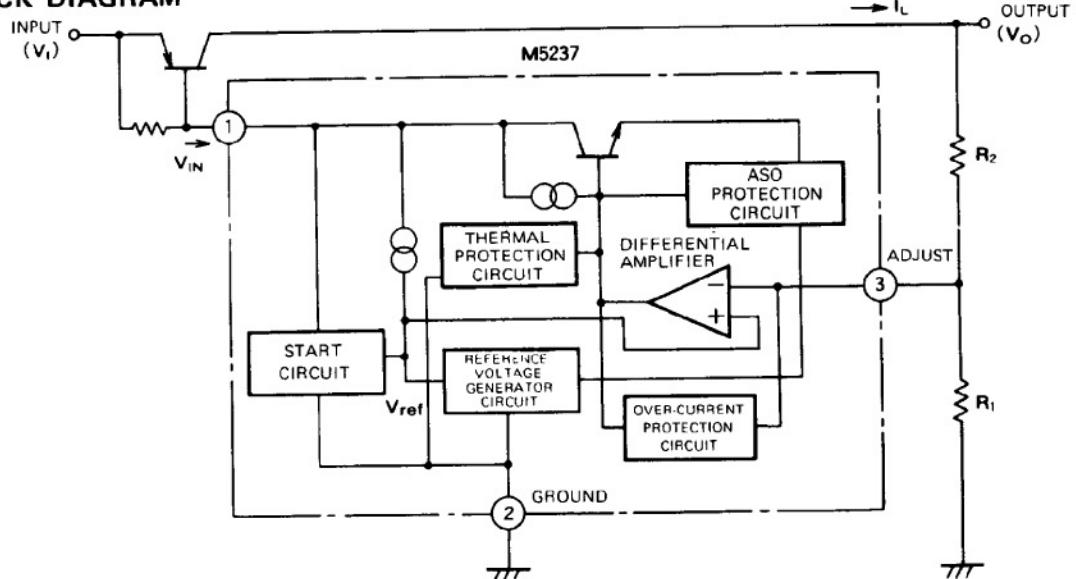
Car stereos, radio cassettes, portable stereos, and other general usage electronic power supplies

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Supply voltage range $V_{IN} = 3.5V \sim 30V$
Output voltage range $V_O = 1.5V \sim 25V$

PIN CONFIGURATION**Outline SOT-89(ML)****Outline TO-92L(L)****ELECTRODE CONNECTIONS**

- ① INPUT
- ② GROUND
- ③ OUTPUT

BLOCK DIAGRAM
RENESAS

3-TERMINAL ADJUSTABLE REGULATOR

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
V_{IN}	Input voltage	36	V
I_D	Drive current	30	mA
$V_I - V_O$	Input/output voltage difference	30	V
P_d	Internal power dissipation	900(L)/500(ML)	mW
T_{opr}	Operating ambient temperature	-20 ~ +75	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 ~ +150	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(measurement circuit (a) is used with $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_I = 15\text{V}$, $V_O = 12\text{V}$, $I_L = 200\text{mA}$, $C_{REF} = 1\mu\text{F}$, $R_1 = 4.3\text{k}\Omega$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
V_{IN}	Input voltage	(between Pin 1 and Pin 2)	3.5		36	V
V_O	Output voltage	$R_2 \approx 0.82\text{k}\Omega \sim 108\text{k}\Omega$	1.5		33	V
$V_I - V_O$	Minimum input/output voltage difference			0.2		V
V_{REF}	Reference voltage	(between Pin 2 and Pin 3)	1.20	1.26	1.32	V
Reg-in	Input voltage regulation	$V_I = 15 \sim 20\text{V}$		0.02	0.1	%/V
Reg-L	Loading voltage regulation	$I_L = 10 \sim 200\text{mA}$		0.02	0.1	%
I_B	Bias current	$I_L = 0$ (disregarding the current in resistors R_1 , R_2)		1.7	3.0	mA
TC_{V_O}	Output voltage thermal coefficient	$T_a = 0 \sim 75^\circ\text{C}$		0.02		%/°C
RR	Ripple rejection	$f = 120\text{Hz}$ (measured with circuit (b))		68		dB
V_{NO}	Output noise voltage	$f = 20\text{Hz} \sim 100\text{kHz}$		25		μVrms

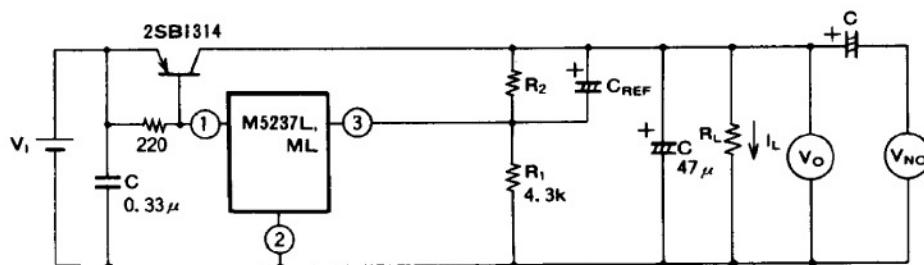
TEST CIRCUIT

(a) Standard test circuit

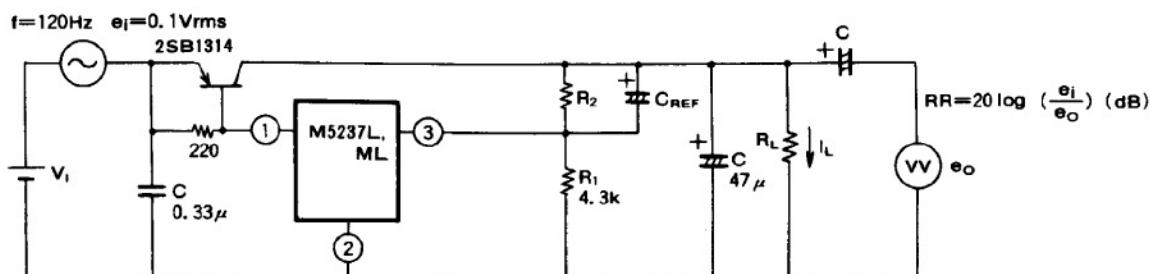
$$V_O = V_{REF}(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}) \approx 1.26 \times (1 + \frac{R_2}{4.3}) \quad (\text{V})$$

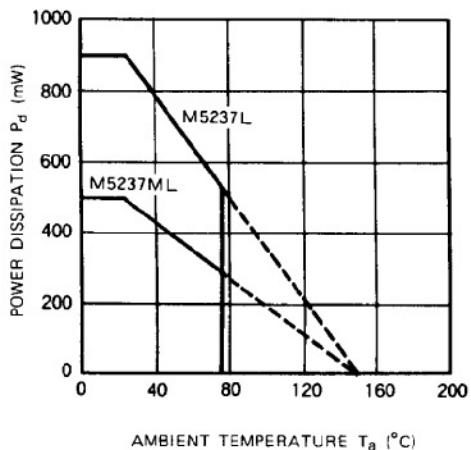
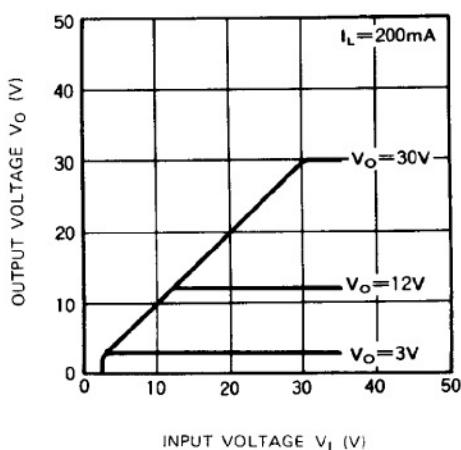
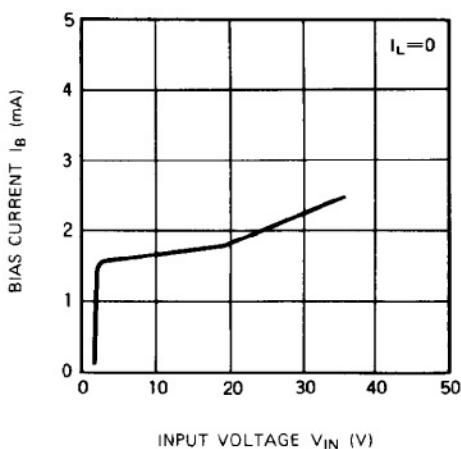
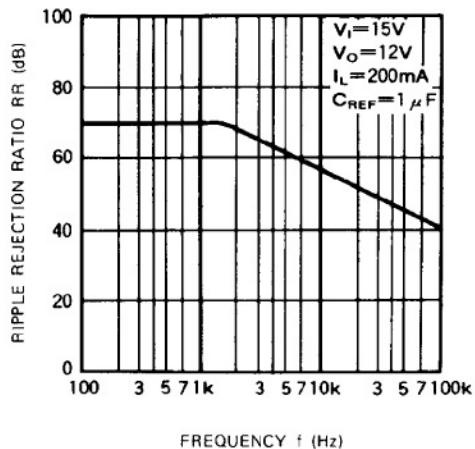
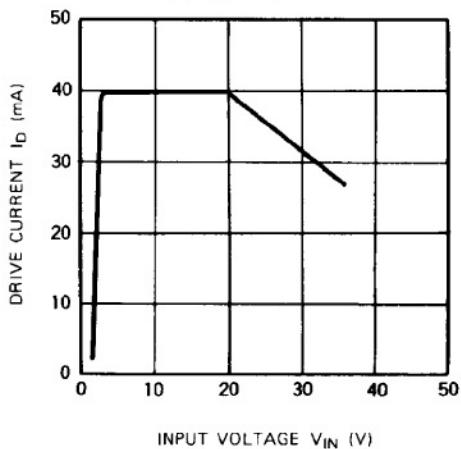
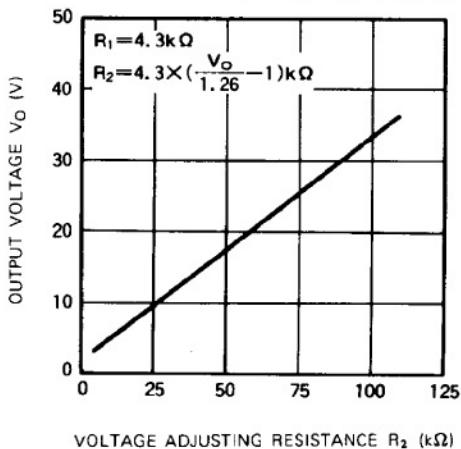
$$R_2 = R_1(\frac{V_O}{V_{REF}} - 1) \approx 4.3 \times (\frac{V_O}{1.26} - 1) \quad (\text{k}\Omega)$$

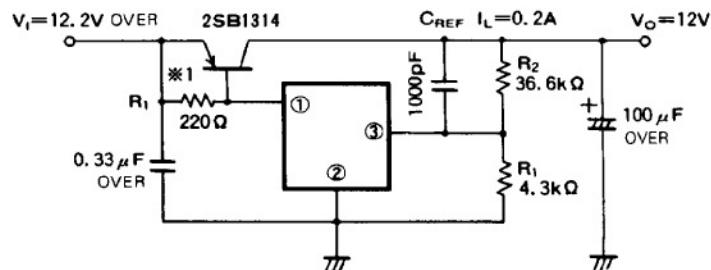
$$(R_1 = 4.3\text{k}\Omega, V_{REF} = 1.26\text{V})$$



(b) Ripple rejection test circuit



3-TERMINAL ADJUSTABLE REGULATOR**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS****THERMAL DERATING****OUTPUT VOLTAGE VS.
INPUT VOLTAGE****BIAIS CURRENT VS.
INPUT VOLTAGE****RIPPLE REJECTION RATIO VS.
FREQUENCY****DRIVE CURRENT VS.
INPUT VOLTAGE****OUTPUT VOLTAGE VS.
VOLTAGE ADJUSTING RESISTANCE**

3-TERMINAL ADJUSTABLE REGULATOR**APPLICATION CIRCUIT****1. Standard application circuit**

$$V_o = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right) V$$

$$V_{REF} = 1.26V$$

*1. $R_1 = 180 \sim 220\Omega$

Note: Please use the capacitor not to depend on the ambient temperature.

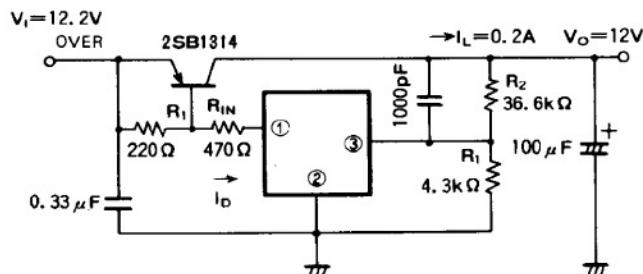
2. Maximum drive current controller application circuit

Fig. 1 MAXIMUM DRIVE CURRENT

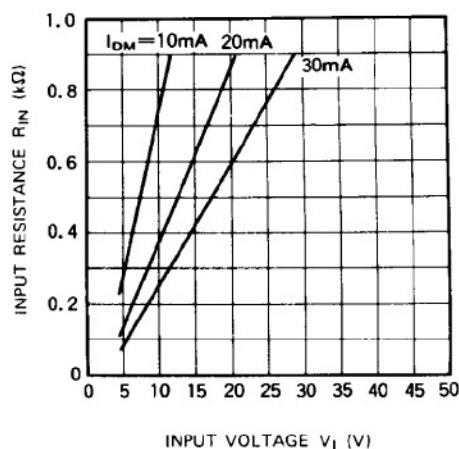
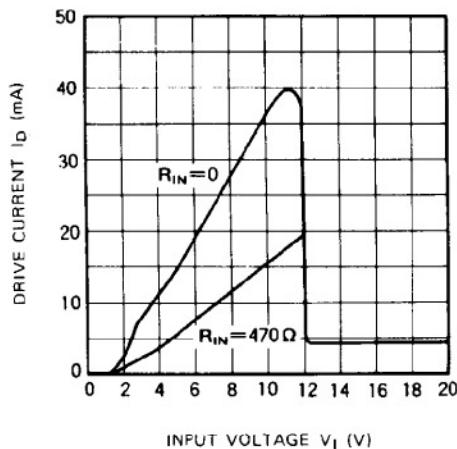
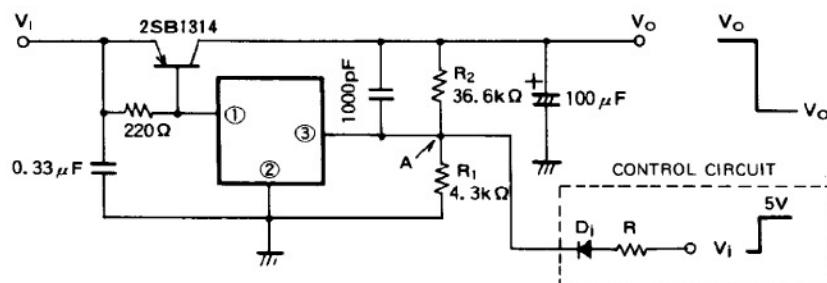


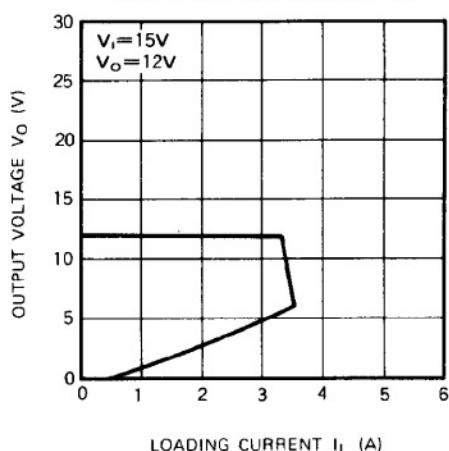
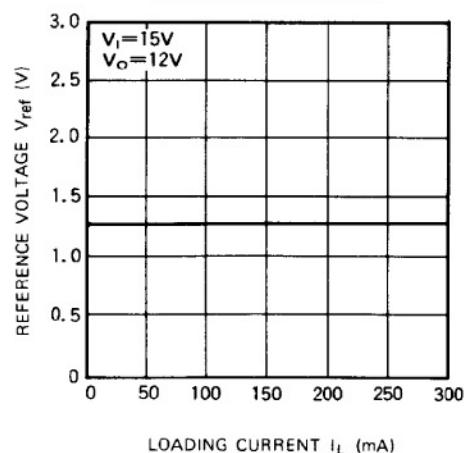
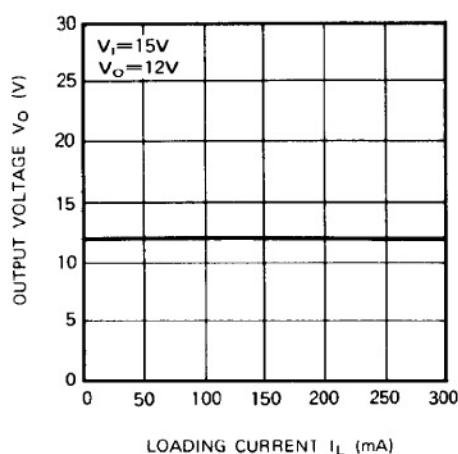
Fig. 2 DRIVE CURRENT VS.
INPUT VOLTAGE

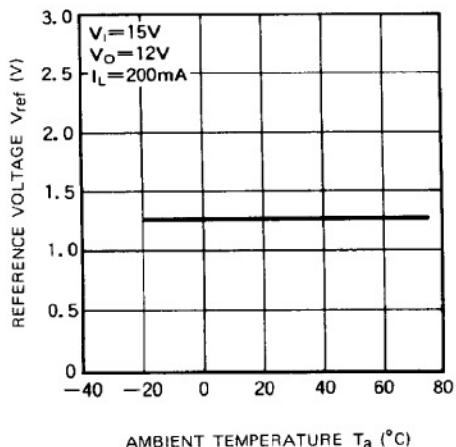
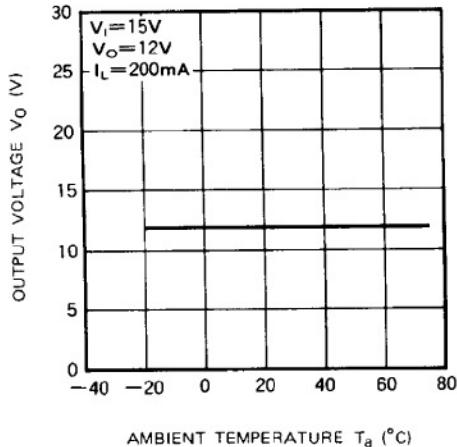
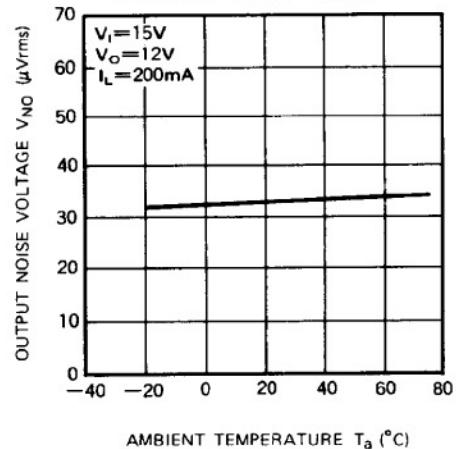
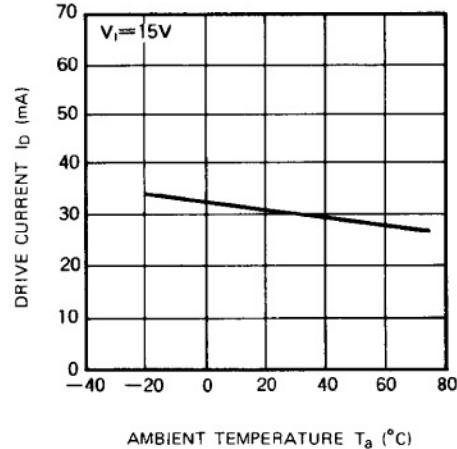
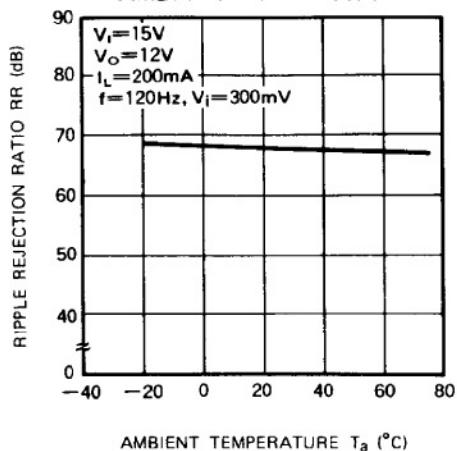


3-Terminal Adjustable Regulator**3. Output voltage ON/OFF controller**

Set control circuit resistor R so that voltage of point A is more than 1.5V and less than 5V.

LOAD CHARACTERISTICS

REFERENCE VOLTAGE VS.
LOADING CURRENTOUTPUT VOLTAGE VS.
LOADING CURRENT

3-Terminal Adjustable Regulator**REFERENCE VOLTAGE VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE****OUTPUT VOLTAGE VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE****OUTPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE****DRIVE CURRENT VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE****RIPPLE REJECTION RATIO VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE****BIAS CURRENT VS.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**