

T-03-13

THOMSON-CSF
DIVISION SEMICONDUCTEURS DISCRETS

59C 02092 D
BA 157,T → BA 159,T

FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES
DIODES DE REDRESSEMENT RAPIDE

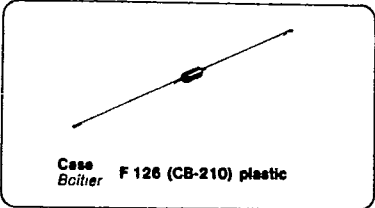
FAST RECOVERY DIODES

- Soft recovery
- High voltage
- Small recovery charge

APPLICATIONS

- Switching diodes
- High frequency rectifier
- Low noise rectifier
- Clamping diodes
- Transistor base drive circuits

I_o	1 A / $T_{amb} = 50^\circ\text{C}$
V_{RRM}	400 V to 1 000 V
t_{rr}	300 ns



ABSOLUTE RATINGS (LIMITING VALUES) VALEURS LIMITES ABSOLUES D'UTILISATION	Symbols	BA 157,T — BA 159,T	Units
Mean forward current on resistive load * Courant moyen redressé sur charge résistive *	I_o	$T_{amb} = 50^\circ\text{C} : 1$	A
D.C. forward current * Courant direct continu *	I_F	$T_{amb} = 60^\circ\text{C} : 1,15$	A
Non repetitive surge peak forward current (t = 10 ms) Courant direct non répétitif de surcharge accidentelle	I_{FSM}	$T_j \text{ initial} = 25^\circ\text{C} : 35$ $T_j \text{ initial} = 150^\circ\text{C} : 25$	A
I^2t for fusing (t = 10 ms), Valeur de la constante I^2t pour t = 10 ms	I^2t	$T_j \text{ initial} = 25^\circ\text{C} : 6,12$ $T_j \text{ initial} = 150^\circ\text{C} : 3,12$	A ² s
Load temperature for soldering for 3 s (d = 5 mm) Température des connexions pendant la soudure durant 3 s (d = 5 mm)	T_L	300	°C
Storage and operating junction temperature range Températures extrêmes de stockage et de jonction en fonctionnement	T_{stg} T_j	-55 to +150	°C

Symbols	BA 157,T	BA 158,T	BA 159,T	Unit
$V_{RWM} = V_{RRM} = V_R$	400	600	1000	V

Junction-ambient thermal resistance * Résistance thermique jonction-ambiante *	$R_{th(j-a)}$	75	°C/W
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (maximum values)
CARACTÉRISTIQUES ÉLECTRIQUES (valeurs maximales)

Symbols	BA 157,T	BA 158,T	BA 159,T	Units	Test conditions
V_{FM}	1,3			V	$T_j \text{ initial} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_{FM} = 1 \text{ A}$
I_R	5			μA	$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ V_R specified <i>spécifié</i>
T_{rr}	300			ns	BA 157 — BA 159 : $I_F = 2 \text{ mA}$ $I_R = 2 \text{ mA}$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ BA 157 T — BA 159 T : $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_R = 10 \text{ mA}$
C_O	3 typ.	2 typ.	1,8 typ.	pF	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ V_R specified <i>spécifié</i>

* on infinite heatsink with 10 mm lead length.

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BA 157,T — BA 159,T

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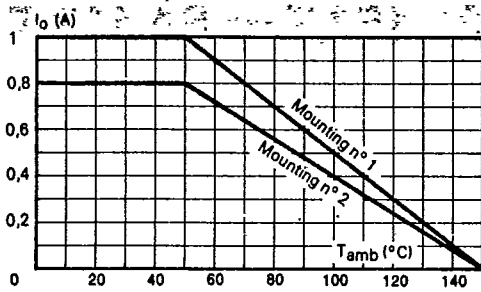


Fig. 1 - Mean forward current I_o versus ambient temperature (maximum values).

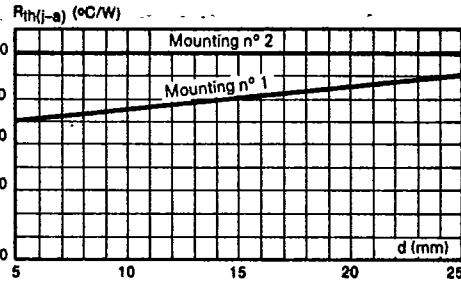
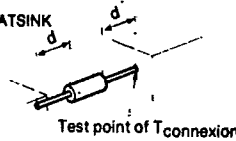


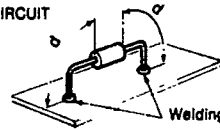
Fig. 2 - Thermal resistance junction-ambient versus lead length

Mounting n° 1 : INFINITE HEATSINK



Test point of Tconnection

Mounting n° 2 : PRINTED CIRCUIT



Welding

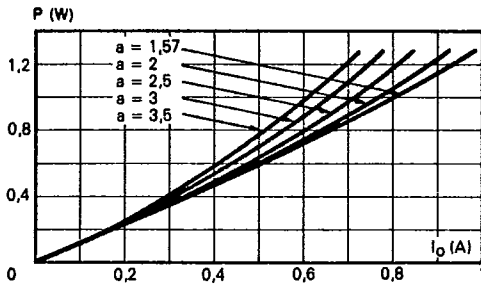


Fig. 3 - Mean power dissipation versus mean forward current I_o for different rectifying types :
1°) in the case of a resistive load ($a = 1,57$) with $a = \frac{I_{FRMS}}{I_o}$
2°) in the case of capacitive load ($a > 1,57$)

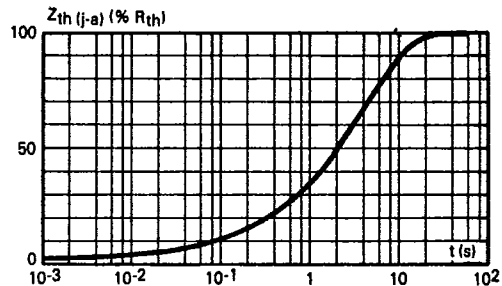


Fig. 4 - Transient thermal impedance junction-ambient $Z_{th(j-a)}$ versus pulse duration for mounting n° 1 and $d = 10$ mm (typical values).

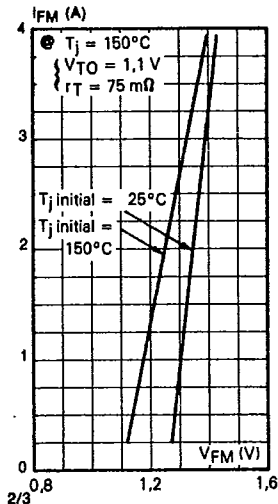


Fig. 5 - Peak forward current versus peak forward voltage drop at low level (maximum values).

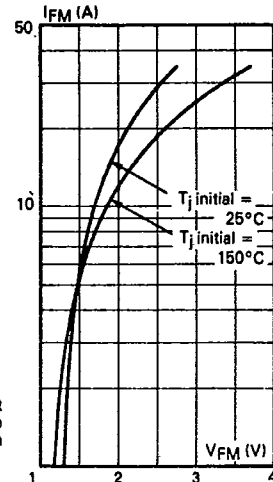


Fig. 6 - Peak forward current versus peak forward voltage drop at high level (maximum values).

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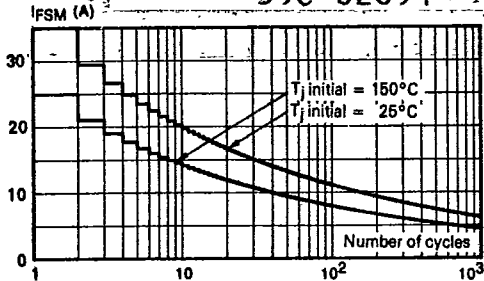


Fig. 7 - Non repetitive surge peak forward current versus number of cycles.

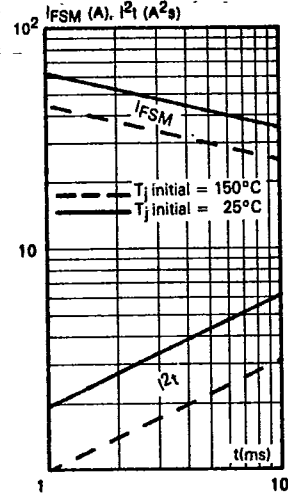


Fig. 8 - Non repetitive surge peak forward current for a sinusoidal pulse with width $t \leq 10$ ms, and corresponding value of I^2t .

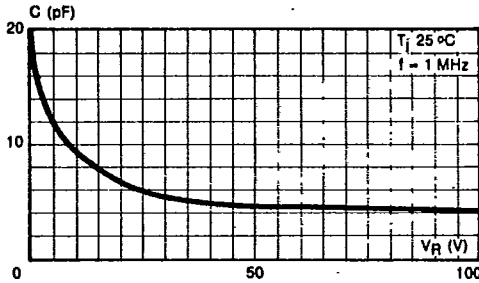


Fig. 9 - Capacity C versus reverse applied voltage V_R (typical values).

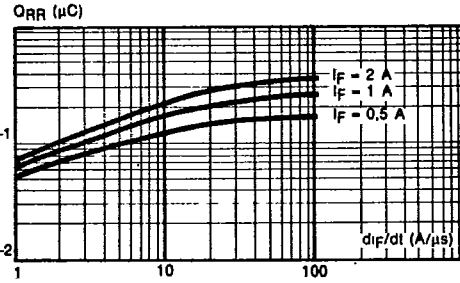


Fig. 10 - Recovered charge versus di_F/dt (typical values).

CASE DESCRIPTION
DESCRIPTION DU BOITIER

