WITH 5V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

- 5V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- HIGH SPEED:
tpd $=7 \mathrm{~ns}$ (MAX.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$
- POWER-DOWN PROTECTIONON INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE: $|\mathrm{lOH}|=\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ (MIN)
- PCI BUS LEVELSGUARANTEED AT 24 mA
- BALANCED PROPAGATION DELAYS:
tpLH $\cong$ tphL
- OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE: $\mathrm{Vcc}(\mathrm{OPR})=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V (1.5V Data Retention)
- PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE WITH 74 SERIES 245
- LATCH-UP PERFORMANCE EXCEEDS 500mA
- ESD PERFORMANCE:

HBM > 2000V; MM > 200V

## DESCRIPTION

The LCX245 is a low voltage CMOS OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVER (3-STATE) fabricated with sub-micron silicon gate and double-layer metal wiring $\mathrm{C}^{2} \mathrm{MOS}$ technology. It is ideal for low power and high speed 3.3 V applications; it can be interfaced to 5 V signal environment for both inputs and outputs. It has same speed performance at 3.3 V than 5 V AC/ACT family,

combined with a lower power consumption.
This IC is intended for two-way asynchronous communication between data buses; the direction of data trasmission is determined by DIR input. The enable input $\bar{G}$ can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated.
All inputs and outputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge, giving them 2KV ESD immunity and transient excess voltage.
IT IS PROHIBITED TO APPLY A SIGNAL TO A TERMINAL WHEN IT IS IN OUTPUT MODE AND WHEN A BUS TERMINAL IS FLOATING (HIGH IMPEDANCE STATE) IT IS REQUESTED TO FIX THE INPUT LEVEL BY MEANS OF EXTERNAL PULL DOWN OR PULL UP RESISTOR.

PIN CONNECTION AND IEC LOGIC SYMBOLS


INPUT AND OUTPUT EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT


PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN No | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | DIR | Directional Control |
| $2,3,4,5$, <br> $6,7,8,9$ | A1 to A8 | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| $18,17,16$, <br> $15,14,13$, <br> 12,11 | B1 to B8 | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| 19 | $\bar{G}$ |  |
| 10 | GND | Output Enable Input |
| 20 | V $_{\text {CC }}$ | Positive Supply Voltage |

TRUTH TABLE

| INPUT |  | FUNCTION |  | OUTPUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\mathbf{G}}$ | DIR | A BUS | B BUS |  |
| L | L | OUTPUT | INPUT | $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{B}$ |
| L | H | INPUT | OUTPUT | $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{A}$ |
| H | X | Z | Z | Z |


| Z:"H" or "L" |
| :--- |
| Z:Highimpedance |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Voltage (High or Low State) (note1) | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | DC Input Diode Current | -50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | DC Output Diode Current (note2) | $\pm 50$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Source/Sink Current | $\pm 50$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | DC Supply Current per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | DC Ground Current per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature (10 sec) | 300 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

1) Io absolute maximum rating must be observed
2) $V_{O}<G N D, V_{O}>V_{C C}$

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage (note 1) | 2.0 to 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | Input Voltage | 0 to 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | 0 to 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage (High or Low State) | 0 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}, \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | High or Low Level Output Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0\right.$ to 3.6 V$)$ | $\pm 24$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | High or Low Level Output Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7\right.$ to 3.0 V$)$ | $\pm 12$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{Op}}$ | Operating Temperature: | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{dt} / \mathrm{dv}$ | Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ (note 2$)$ | 0 to 10 | $\mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{V}$ |

1) Truth Table guaranteed: 1.5 V to 3.6 V
2) V in from 0.8 V to 2.0 V

DC SPECIFICATIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  |  | Value |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Vcc <br> (V) |  |  | -40 to $85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High Level Input Voltage | 2.7 to 3.6 |  |  | 2.0 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low Level Input Voltage |  |  |  |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | 2.7 to 3.6 | $V_{1}=$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or <br> $V_{\text {IL }}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}-0.2$ |  | V |
|  |  | 2.7 |  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.2 |  |  |
|  |  | 3.0 |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.2 |  |  |
| VoL | Low Level Output Voltage | 2.7 to 3.6 | $V_{1}=$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or <br> VIL | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | 2.7 |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | 3.0 |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | 3.0 |  | $\mathrm{l}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.55 |  |
| 1 | Input Leakage Current | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=$ | to 5.5 V |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| loz | 3 State Output Leakage Current | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \\ & 0 \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {off }}$ | Power Off Leakage Current | 0 | $V_{1}$ or | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {cc }}$ | Quiescent Supply Current | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}^{\prime}$ | cc or GND |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}= \\ & \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 10$ |  |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {CC }}$ | ICC incr. per input | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{1 H}=$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 500 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| Volp | Dynamic Low Voltage Quiet Output (note 1) | 3.3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{I L}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 0.8 |  | V |
| Volv |  |  |  |  | -0.8 |  |  |

1) Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with"n-1" outputs switching from HIGH to LOW or LOW t o HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=500 \Omega$, Input $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=2.5 \mathrm{~ns}\right)$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | Value |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ <br> (V) | Waveform | -40 to $85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLH}} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHLL}} \end{aligned}$ | Propagation Delay Time | 2.7 | 1 | 1.5 | 8.0 | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 1.5 | 7.0 |  |
| tpzL | Output Enable Time | 2.7 | 2 | 1.5 | 9.5 | ns |
| tpzi |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 1.5 | 8.5 |  |
| tplz | Output Disable Time | 2.7 | 2 | 1.5 | 8.5 | ns |
| tpHz |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 1.5 | 7.5 |  |
| tosLz <br> toshl | Output to Output Skew Time (note 1, 2) | 3.0 to 3.6 |  |  | 1.0 | ns |

1) Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two outputs of the same device switching in the same direction, either HIGH or LOW (tosLH = |tpLHm - tpLHn $\mid$ tosh $=\mid$ tpHLm - tpHLn $\mid$ )
2) Parameter guaranteed by design

CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance | 3.3 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  | 6 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {i/ }}$ | I/O Capacitance | 3.3 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  | 12 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (note 1) | 3.3 | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}} & =10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}} & =0 \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{aligned}$ |  | 45 |  | pF |

1) CpD is defined as the value of the IC'sinternal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load. Average operting current can be obtained by the following equation. Icc(opr) $=\mathrm{CPD} \bullet \mathrm{VCC}_{\mathrm{C}} \bullet \mathrm{fin}_{\mathrm{I}}+\mathrm{Icd} \mathrm{n}$ (per circuit)

TEST CIRCUIT


| TEST | SWITCH |
| :--- | :---: |
| tPLH, tPHL | Open |
| tPZL, tPLZ | 6 V |
| tPZH, tPHZ | GND |

$\mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ or equivalent (includes jigand probe capacitance)
$R_{L}=R_{1}=500 \Omega$ orequivalent
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=$ Zour of pulse generator (typically $50 \Omega$ )

WAVEFORM 1: PROPAGATION DELAYS ( $f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; 50 \%$ duty cycle)


WAVEFORM 2: OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIME ( $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; 50 \%$ duty cycle)


SO-20 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 2.65 |  |  | 0.104 |
| a1 | 0.10 |  | 0.20 | 0.004 |  | 0.007 |
| a2 |  |  | 2.45 |  |  | 0.096 |
| b | 0.35 |  | 0.49 | 0.013 |  | 0.019 |
| b1 | 0.23 |  | 0.32 | 0.009 |  | 0.012 |
| C |  | 0.50 |  |  | 0.020 |  |
| c1 | 45 (typ.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | 12.60 |  | 13.00 | 0.496 |  | 0.512 |
| E | 10.00 |  | 10.65 | 0.393 |  | 0.419 |
| e |  | 1.27 |  |  | 0.050 |  |
| e3 |  | 11.43 |  |  | 0.450 |  |
| F | 7.40 |  | 7.60 | 0.291 |  | 0.299 |
| L | 0.50 |  | 1.27 | 0.19 |  | 0.050 |
| M |  |  | 0.75 |  |  | 0.029 |
| S | 8 (max.) |  |  |  |  |  |



TSSOP20 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 1.1 |  |  | 0.433 |
| A1 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.006 |
| A2 | 0.85 | 0.9 | 0.95 | 0.335 | 0.354 | 0.374 |
| b | 0.19 |  | 0.30 | 0.0075 |  | 0.0118 |
| C | 0.09 |  | 0.2 | 0.0035 |  | 0.0079 |
| D | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 0.252 | 0.256 | 0.260 |
| E | 6.25 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 0.246 | 0.252 | 0.256 |
| E1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.48 | 0.169 | 0.173 | 0.176 |
| e |  | 0.65 BSC |  |  | 0.0256 BSC |  |
| K | $0^{\circ}$ | $4^{\circ}$ | $8^{\circ}$ | $0^{\circ}$ | $4^{\circ}$ | $8^{\circ}$ |
| L | 0.50 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.020 | 0.024 | 0.028 |



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