16K I²C[™] Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Max Clock Frequency	Temp Ranges
24AA16	1.8-5.5	400 kHz ⁽¹⁾	I
24LC16B	2.5-5.5	400 kHz	I, E

Note 1: 100 kHz for Vcc <2.5V

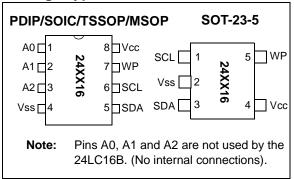
Features

- Single supply with operation down to 1.8V
- Low-power CMOS technology
 - 1 mA active current typical
 - 1 μA standby current (max.) (I-temp)
- Organized as 8 blocks of 256 bytes (8 x 256 x 8)
- 2-wire serial interface bus, I²C[™] compatible
- Schmitt Trigger inputs for noise suppression
- Output slope control to eliminate ground bounce
- 100 kHz (2.5V) and 400 kHz (≥2.5V) compatibility
- Self-timed write cycle (including auto-erase)
- · Page write buffer for up to 16 bytes
- · 2 ms typical write cycle time for page write
- · Hardware write-protect for entire memory
- · Can be operated as a serial ROM
- Factory programming (QTP) available
- ESD protection > 4,000V
- 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
- Data retention > 200 years
- 8-lead PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages
- 5-lead SOT-23 package
- · Standard and Pb-free finishes available
- · Available temperature ranges:
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

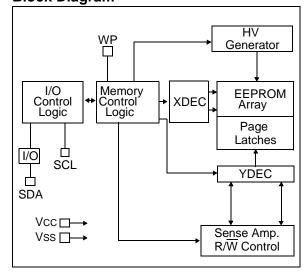
Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA16/24LC16B (24XX16*) is a 16 Kbit Electrically Erasable PROM. The device is organized as eight blocks of 256 x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low-voltage design permits operation down to 1.8V with standby and active currents of only 1 μA and 1 mA, respectively. The 24XX16 also has a page write capability for up to 16 bytes of data. The 24XX16 is available in the standard 8-pin PDIP, surface mount SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages and is also available in the 5-lead SOT-23 package.

Package Types



Block Diagram



^{*24}XX16 is used in this document as a generic part number for the 24AA16/24LC16B devices.

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

Vcc	6.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	0.3V to Vcc +1.0V
Storage temperature	65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature with power applied	65°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins	≥4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Vcc = \pm 1.8V to \pm 5.5V Industrial (I): TA = \pm 40°C to \pm 85°C Automotive (E): TA = \pm 40°C to \pm 125°C					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	
D1	VIH	WP, SCL and SDA pins	_	_	_	_	_	
D2	_	High-level input voltage	0.7 Vcc	_	_	V	_	
D3	VIL	Low-level input voltage	_	_	0.3 Vcc	V	_	
D4	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs	.05 Vcc	_	_	V	(Note 1)	
D5	Vol	Low-level output voltage	_	_	0.40	V	IOL = 3.0 mA, VCC = 2.5V	
D6	ILI	Input leakage current	_		±1	μΑ	VIN =.1V to VCC	
D7	ILO	Output leakage current	_		±1	μΑ	Vour =.1V to Vcc	
D8	CIN, COUT	Pin capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	_	_	10	pF	VCC = 5.0V (Note 1) TA = 25°C, FCLK = 1 MHz	
D9	Icc write	Operating current	_	_	3	mA	Vcc = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz	
D10	Icc read		_	0.01	1	mA	_	
D11	Iccs	Standby current		0.3 .01	1 5	μA μA	Industrial Automotive SDA = SCL = Vcc WP = Vss	

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

^{2:} Typical measurements taken at room temperature.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

			VCC = +1.8V to +5.5V Industrial (I): $TA = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$					
AC CHA	ARACTERI	STICS	Industrial (I) Automotive			C to +85°C C to +125°C		
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Max	Units	Conditions		
1	FCLK	Clock frequency		400 100	kHz	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
2	THIGH	Clock high time	600 4000	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
3	TLOW	Clock low time	1300 4700		ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
4	TR	SDA and SCL rise time (Note 1)		300 1000	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V (Note 1) 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16) (Note 1)		
5	TF	SDA and SCL fall time	_	300	ns	(Note 1)		
6	THD:STA	Start condition hold time	600 4000	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
7	Tsu:sta	Start condition setup time	600 4700		ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
8	THD:DAT	Data input hold time	0	_	ns	(Note 2)		
9	Tsu:DAT	Data input setup time	100 250	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
10	Тѕи:ѕто	Stop condition setup time	600 4000		ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
11	ТАА	Output valid from clock (Note 2)	_	900 3500	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
12	TBUF	Bus free time: Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	1300 4700	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA16)		
13	Tof	Output fall time from VIH minimum to VIL maximum	20+0.1Св —	250 250	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC <2.5V (24AA16)		
14	TSP	Input filter spike suppression (SDA and SCL pins)	_	50	ns	(Notes 1 and 3)		
15	Twc	Write cycle time (byte or page)	_	5	ms	_		
16	_	Endurance	1M	_	cycles	25°C, (Note 4)		

Note 1: Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

- 2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop conditions.
- **3:** The combined TsP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a Ti specification for standard operation.
- **4:** This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site: www.microchip.com.

FIGURE 1-1: BUS TIMING DATA

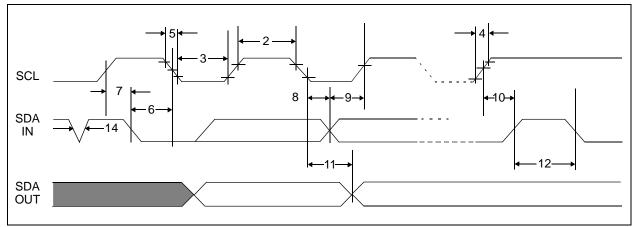
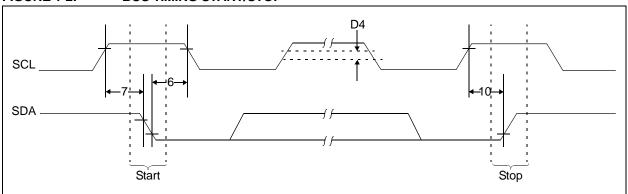


FIGURE 1-2: BUS TIMING START/STOP



2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 24XX16 supports a bidirectional, 2-wire bus and data transmission protocol. A device that sends data onto the bus is defined as a transmitter, while a device receiving data is defined as a receiver. The bus has to be controlled by a master device which generates the serial clock (SCL), controls the bus access and generates the Start and Stop conditions, while the 24XX16 works as slave. Both master and slave can operate as transmitter or receiver, but the master device determines which mode is activated.

3.0 BUS CHARACTERISTICS

The following bus protocol has been defined:

- Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy.
- During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in the data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a Start or Stop condition.

Accordingly, the following bus conditions have been defined (Figure 3-1).

3.1 Bus not Busy (A)

Both data and clock lines remain high.

3.2 Start Data Transfer (B)

A high-to-low transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Start condition. All commands must be preceded by a Start condition.

3.3 Stop Data Transfer (C)

A low-to-high transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Stop condition. All operations must be ended with a Stop condition.

3.4 Data Valid (D)

The state of the data line represents valid data when, after a Start condition, the data line is stable for the duration of the high period of the clock signal.

The data on the line must be changed during the low period of the clock signal. There is one clock pulse per bit of data.

Each data transfer is initiated with a Start condition and terminated with a Stop condition. The number of data bytes transferred between Start and Stop conditions is determined by the master device and is, theoretically unlimited, (although only the last sixteen will be stored when doing a write operation). When an overwrite does occur it will replace data in a first-in first-out (FIFO) fashion.

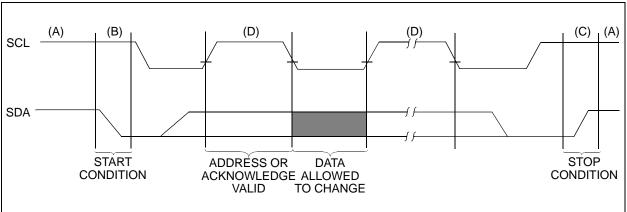
3.5 Acknowledge

Each receiving device, when addressed, is obliged to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte. The master device must generate an extra clock pulse which is associated with this Acknowledge bit.

Note: The 24XX16 does not generate any Acknowledge bits if an internal programming cycle is in progress.

The device that acknowledges, has to pull down the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse in such a way that the SDA line is stable low during the high period of the acknowledge related clock pulse. Of course, setup and hold times must be taken into account. During reads, a master must signal an end of data to the slave by not generating an Acknowledge bit on the last byte that has been clocked out of the slave. In this case, the slave (24XX16) will leave the data line high to enable the master to generate the Stop condition.





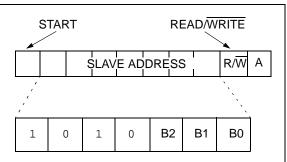
3.6 Device Addressing

A control byte is the first byte received following the Start condition from the master device (Figure 3-2). The control byte consists of a four-bit control code. For the 24XX16, this is set as '1010' binary for read and write operations. The next three bits of the control byte are the block-select bits (B2, B1, B0). They are used by the master device to select which of the eight 256 word-blocks of memory are to be accessed. These bits are in effect the three Most Significant bits of the word address. It should be noted that the protocol limits the size of the memory to eight blocks of 256 words, therefore the protocol can support only one 24XX16 per system.

The last bit of the control byte defines the operation to be performed. When set to '1', a read operation is selected. When set to '0', a write operation is selected. Following the Start condition, the 24XX16 monitors the SDA bus checking the device type identifier being transmitted and, upon receiving a '1010' code, the slave device outputs an Acknowledge signal on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/\overline{W} bit, the 24XX16 will select a read or write operation.

Operation	Control Code	Block Select	R/W
Read	1010	Block Address	1
Write	1010	Block Address	0

FIGURE 3-2: CONTROL BYTE ALLOCATION



4.0 WRITE OPERATION

4.1 Byte Write

Following the Start condition from the master, the device code (4 bits), the block address (3 bits) and the R/W bit, which is a logic-low, is placed onto the bus by the master transmitter. This indicates to the addressed slave receiver that a byte with a word address will follow once it has generated an Acknowledge bit during the ninth clock cycle. Therefore, the next byte transmitted by the master is the word address and will be written into the address pointer of the 24XX16. After receiving another Acknowledge signal from the 24XX16, the master device will transmit the data word to be written into the addressed memory location. The 24XX16 acknowledges again and the master generates a Stop condition. This initiates the internal write cycle and, during this time, the 24XX16 will not generate Acknowledge signals (Figure 4-1).

4.2 Page Write

The write control byte, word address and the first data byte are transmitted to the 24XX16 in the same way as in a byte write. However, instead of generating a Stop condition, the master transmits up to 16 data bytes to the 24XX16, which are temporarily stored in the onchip page buffer and will be written into memory once the master has transmitted a Stop condition. Upon receipt of each word, the four lower-order address pointer bits are internally incremented by '1'. The higher-order 7 bits of the word address remain constant. If the master should transmit more than 16 bytes prior to generating the Stop condition, the address counter will roll over and the previously received data will be overwritten. As with the byte write operation, once the Stop condition is received an internal write cycle will begin (Figure 4-2).

Page write operations are limited to writing Note: bytes within a single physical page, regardless of the number of actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page-size') and end at addresses that are integer multiples of [page size - 1]. If a Page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page, as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

FIGURE 4-1: BYTE WRITE

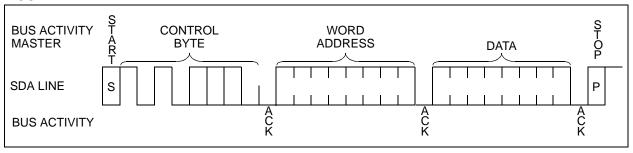
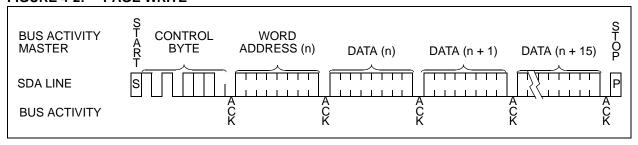


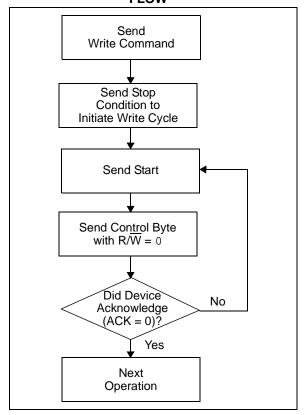
FIGURE 4-2: PAGE WRITE



5.0 ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING

Since the device will not acknowledge during a write cycle, this can be used to determine when the cycle is complete (this feature can be used to maximize bus throughput). Once the Stop condition for a write command has been issued from the master, the device initiates the internally-timed write cycle and ACK polling can then be initiated immediately. This involves the master sending a Start condition followed by the control byte for a Write command (R/ \overline{W} = 0). If the device is still busy with the write cycle, no ACK will be returned. If the cycle is complete, the device will return the ACK and the master can then proceed with the next Read or Write command. See Figure 5-1 for a flow diagram of this operation.

FIGURE 5-1: ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FLOW



6.0 WRITE-PROTECTION

The 24XX16 can be used as a serial ROM when the WP pin is connected to Vcc. Programming will be inhibited and the entire memory will be write-protected.

7.0 READ OPERATION

Read operations are initiated in the same \underline{way} as write operations, with the exception that the R/W bit of the slave address is set to '1'. There are three basic types of read operations: current address read, random read and sequential read.

7.1 Current Address Read

The 24XX16 contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, internally incremented by '1'. Therefore, if the previous access (either a read or write operation) was to address n, the next current address read operation would access data from address n+1. Upon receipt of the slave address with R/\overline{W} bit set to '1', the 24XX16 issues an acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition and the 24XX16 discontinues transmission (Figure 7-1).

7.2 Random Read

Random read operations allow the master to access any memory location in a random manner. To perform this type of read operation, the word address must first be set. This is accomplished by sending the word address to the 24XX16 as part of a write operation. Once the word address is sent, the master generates a Start condition following the acknowledge. This terminates the write operation, but not before the internal address pointer is set. The master then issues the control byte again, but with the R/W bit set to a '1'. The 24XX16 will then issue an acknowledge and transmit the 8-bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition and the 24XX16 will discontinue transmission (Figure 7-2).

7.3 Sequential Read

Sequential reads are initiated in the same way as a random read, except that once the 24XX16 transmits the first data byte, the master issues an acknowledge as opposed to a Stop condition in a random read. This directs the 24XX16 to transmit the next sequentially-addressed 8-bit word (Figure 7-3).

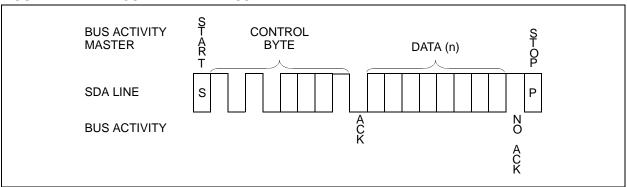
To provide sequential reads, the 24XX16 contains an internal address pointer that is incremented by one upon completion of each operation. This address pointer allows the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation.

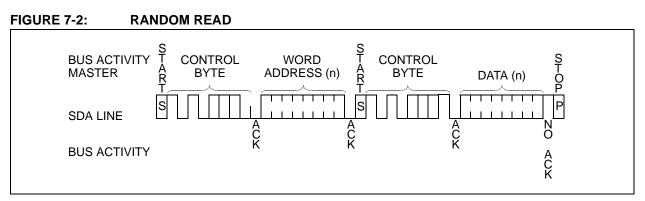
7.4 Noise Protection

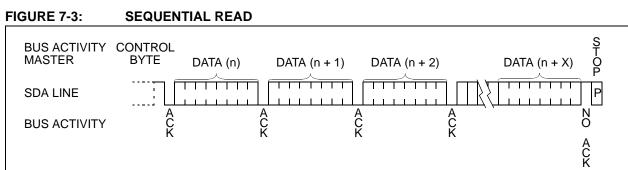
The 24XX16 employs a Vcc threshold detector circuit which disables the internal erase/write logic if the Vcc is below 1.5V at nominal conditions.

The SCL and SDA inputs have Schmitt Trigger and filter circuits which suppress noise spikes to assure proper device operation, even on a noisy bus.









8.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 8-1.

TABLE 8-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	MSOP	SOT-23	Description
A0	1	1	1	1	_	Not Connected
A1	2	2	2	2	_	Not Connected
A2	3	3	3	3	_	Not Connected
Vss	4	4	4	4	2	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	3	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	1	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	5	Write-Protect Input
Vcc	8	8	8	8	4	+1.8V to 5.5V Power Supply

8.1 Serial Address/Data Input/Output (SDA)

SDA is a bidirectional pin used to transfer addresses and data into and out of the device. Since it is an opendrain terminal, the SDA bus requires a pull-up resistor to Vcc (typical 10 k Ω for 100 kHz, 2 k Ω for 400 kHz).

For normal data transfer, SDA is allowed to change only during SCL low. Changes during SCL high are reserved for indicating Start and Stop conditions.

8.2 Serial Clock (SCL)

The SCL input is used to synchronize the data transfer to and from the device.

8.3 Write-Protect (WP)

The WP pin must be connected to either Vss or Vcc.

If tied to Vss, normal memory operation is enabled (read/write the entire memory 00-07FFH).

If tied to Vcc, write operations are inhibited. The entire memory will be write-protected. Read operations are not affected.

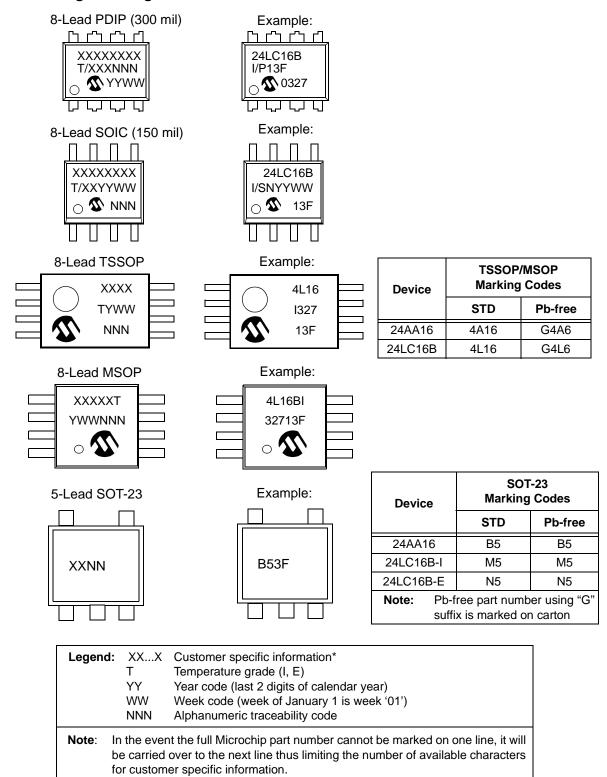
This feature allows the user to use the 24XX16 as a serial ROM when WP is enabled (tied to Vcc).

8.4 A0, A1, A2

The A0, A1 and A2 pins are not used by the 24XX16. They may be left floating or tied to either Vss or Vcc.

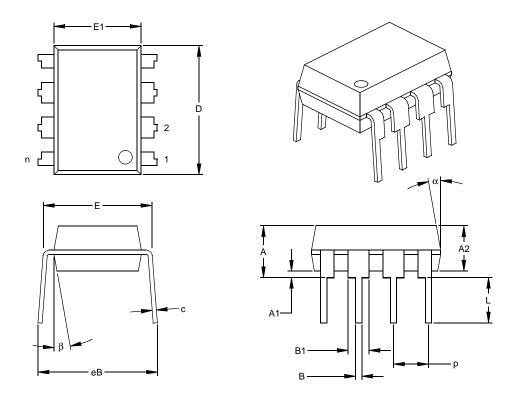
9.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

9.1 Package Marking Information



^{*}Standard QTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, and traceability code.

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) - 300 mil (PDIP)



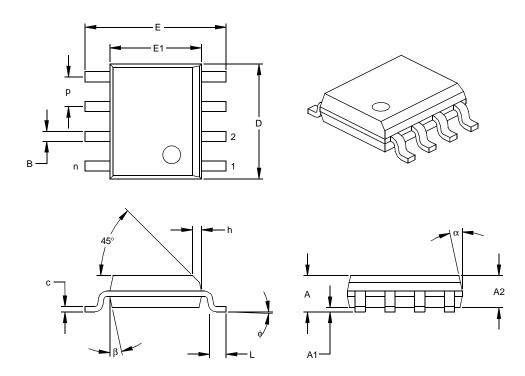
	Units			INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimen	sion	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins		n		8			8		
Pitch		р		.100			2.54		
Top to Seating Plane		Α	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32	
Molded Package Thickness		A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68	
Base to Seating Plane		A1	.015			0.38			
Shoulder to Shoulder Width		E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26	
Molded Package Width		E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60	
Overall Length		D	.360	.373	.385	9.14	9.46	9.78	
Tip to Seating Plane		L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43	
Lead Thickness		С	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38	
Upper Lead Width		B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78	
Lower Lead Width		В	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56	
Overall Row Spacing	§	eВ	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92	
Mold Draft Angle Top		α	5	10	15	5	10	15	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom		β	5	10	15	5	10	15	

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001
Drawing No. C04-018

^{*} Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 150 mil (SOIC)



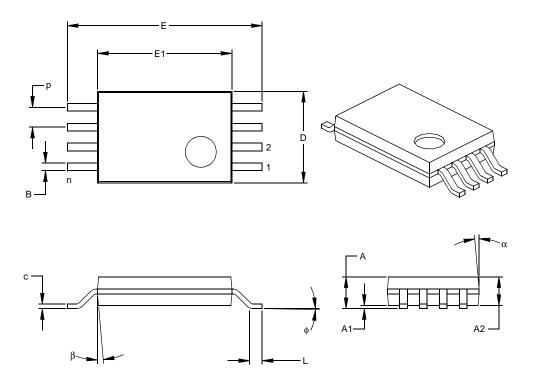
		INCHES*		MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	р		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	Α	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	0.10	0.18	0.25
Overall Width	Е	.228	.237	.244	5.79	6.02	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.146	.154	.157	3.71	3.91	3.99
Overall Length	D	.189	.193	.197	4.80	4.90	5.00
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	0.25	0.38	0.51
Foot Length	L	.019	.025	.030	0.48	0.62	0.76
Foot Angle	ф	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	В	.013	.017	.020	0.33	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012 Drawing No. C04-057

^{*} Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm (TSSOP)



	Units	INCHES			N	MILLIMETERS*		
Dimensi	on Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	n		8			8		
Pitch	р		.026			0.65		
Overall Height	Α			.043			1.10	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.033	.035	.037	0.85	0.90	0.95	
Standoff §	A1	.002	.004	.006	0.05	0.10	0.15	
Overall Width	Е	.246	.251	.256	6.25	6.38	6.50	
Molded Package Width	E1	.169	.173	.177	4.30	4.40	4.50	
Molded Package Length	D	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10	
Foot Length	L	.020	.024	.028	0.50	0.60	0.70	
Foot Angle	ф	0	4	8	0	4	8	
Lead Thickness	С	.004	.006	.008	0.09	0.15	0.20	
Lead Width	В	.007	.010	.012	0.19	0.25	0.30	
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	5	10	0	5	10	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	5	10	0	5	10	

^{*} Controlling Parameter

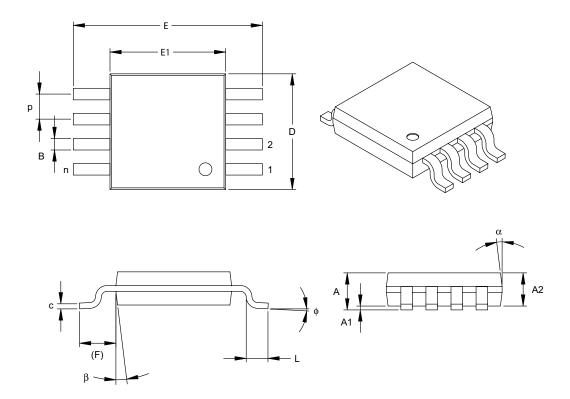
Notes

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed

.005" (0.127mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MO-153
Drawing No. C04-086

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) (MSOP)

[§] Significant Characteristic



Units		INCHES		М	ILLIMETERS	+
mits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
n		8			8	
р		.026 BSC			0.65 BSC	
Α	-	-	.043	-	-	1.10
A2	.030	.033	.037	0.75	0.85	0.95
A1	.000	-	.006	0.00	-	0.15
E		.193 TYP.		4.90 BSC		
E1		.118 BSC		3.00 BSC		
D		.118 BSC			3.00 BSC	
L	.016	.024	.031	0.40	0.60	0.80
F		.037 REF		0.95 REF		
ф	0°	-	8°	0°	-	8°
С	.003	.006	.009	0.08	-	0.23
В	.009	.012	.016	0.22	-	0.40
α	5°	-	15°	5°	-	15°
β	5°	-	15°	5°	-	15°
	n	mits MIN n p	mits MIN NOM n 8 P .026 BSC A - - A2 .030 .033 A1 .000 - E .193 TYP. E1 .118 BSC D .118 BSC L .016 .024 F .037 REF φ 0° - c .003 .006 B .009 .012 α 5° -	mits MIN NOM MAX P .026 BSC A - - .043 A2 .030 .033 .037 A1 .000 - .006 E .193 TYP. E1 .118 BSC D .118 BSC L .016 .024 .031 F .037 REF 6 0° - 8° c .003 .006 .009 B .009 .012 .016 α 5° - .15°	mits MIN NOM MAX MIN P .026 BSC .043 - A - - .043 - A2 .030 .033 .037 0.75 A1 .000 - .006 0.00 E .193 TYP. E1 .118 BSC L .016 .024 .031 0.40 F .037 REF 0° c .003 .006 .009 0.08 B .009 .012 .016 0.22 α 5° - 15° 5°	mits MIN NOM MAX MIN NOM 8 9 9 8 9

*Controlling Parameter

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-187

Drawing No. C04-111

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision D

Corrections to Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.

NOTES:

ON-LINE SUPPORT

Microchip provides on-line support on the Microchip World Wide Web site.

The web site is used by Microchip as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. To view the site, the user must have access to the Internet and a web browser, such as Netscape[®] or Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer. Files are also available for FTP download from our FTP site.

Connecting to the Microchip Internet Web Site

The Microchip web site is available at the following URL:

www.microchip.com

The file transfer site is available by using an FTP service to connect to:

ftp://ftp.microchip.com

The web site and file transfer site provide a variety of services. Users may download files for the latest Development Tools, Data Sheets, Application Notes, User's Guides, Articles and Sample Programs. A variety of Microchip specific business information is also available, including listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives. Other data available for consideration is:

- Latest Microchip Press Releases
- Technical Support Section with Frequently Asked Questions
- Design Tips
- · Device Errata
- Job Postings
- · Microchip Consultant Program Member Listing
- Links to other useful web sites related to Microchip Products
- Conferences for products, Development Systems, technical information and more
- · Listing of seminars and events

SYSTEMS INFORMATION AND UPGRADE HOT LINE

The Systems Information and Upgrade Line provides system users a listing of the latest versions of all of Microchip's development systems software products. Plus, this line provides information on how customers can receive the most current upgrade kits. The Hot Line Numbers are:

1-800-755-2345 for U.S. and most of Canada, and 1-480-792-7302 for the rest of the world.

042003

READER RESPONSE

то.

It is our intention to provide you with the best documentation possible to ensure successful use of your Microchip product. If you wish to provide your comments on organization, clarity, subject matter, and ways in which our documentation can better serve you, please FAX your comments to the Technical Publications Manager at (480) 792-4150.

Please list the following information, and use this outline to provide us with your comments about this document.

RE:	Reader Response	Total Pages Sent
Fron	m: Name	
	City / State / ZIP / Country	
	Telephone: ()	FAX: ()
Appl	lication (optional):	
Wou	uld you like a reply?YN	
Devi	rice: 24AA16/24LC16B	Literature Number: DS21703D
Que	estions:	
1. \	What are the best features of this doc	ument?
2. I	How does this document meet your ha	ardware and software development needs?
3. I	Do you find the organization of this do	cument easy to follow? If not, why?
-		
4. \	What additions to the document do yo	ou think would enhance the structure and subject?
-		
5. \	What deletions from the document co	uld be made without affecting the overall usefulness?
_		
6. I	Is there any incorrect or misleading in	formation (what and where)?
7. I	How would you improve this documen	nt?
=		
_		

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO. **Examples:** 24AA16-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, Device Temperature Package **Lead Finish** PDIP package Range 24AA16-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, b) SOIC package = 1.8V, 16 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM 24AA16: 24AA16T-I/OT: Industrial Temperature, 24AA16T: = 1.8V, 16 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM 1.8V, SOT-23 package, Tape and Reel (Tape and Reel) 24LC16B: = 2.5V, 16 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM 24LC16BT: = 2.5V, 16 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM 24LC16B-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, (Tape and Reel) PDIP package 24LC16B-E/SN: Automotive Temp., 2.5V $= -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ Temperaı SOIC package ture = -40°C to +125°C 24LC16BT-I/OT: Industrial Temperature, Range: 2.5V, SOT-23 package, Tape and Reel 24LC16B-I/PG: Industrial Temperature, Package: Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead 2.5V, PDIP package, Pb-free Plastic SOIC (150 mil body), 8-lead SN 24LC16BT-I/SNG: Industrial Temperature, Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mm), 8-lead ST 2.5V, SOIC package, Tape and Reel, MS Plastic Micro Small Outline (MSOP), 8-lead = Pb-free OT SOT-23, 5-lead (Tape and Reel only) Lead Finish Blank = Standard 63% / 37% SnPb G Pb-free (Matte Tin - Pure Sn)

Sales and Support

Data Sheets

Products supported by a preliminary Data Sheet may have an errata sheet describing minor operational differences and recommended workarounds. To determine if an errata sheet exists for a particular device, please contact one of the following:

- 1. Your local Microchip sales office
- 2. The Microchip Corporate Literature Center U.S. FAX: (480) 792-7277
- 3. The Microchip Worldwide Site (www.microchip.com)

Please specify which device, revision of silicon and Data Sheet (include Literature #) you are using.

New Customer Notification System

Register on our web site (www.microchip.com/cn) to receive the most current information on our products.

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our
 knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data
 Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not
 mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is intended through suggestion only and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. No representation or warranty is given and no liability is assumed by Microchip Technology Incorporated with respect to the accuracy or use of such information, or infringement of patents or other intellectual property rights arising from such use or otherwise. Use of Microchip's products as critical components in life support systems is not authorized except with express written approval by Microchip. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any intellectual property rights.

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, Accuron, dsPIC, Keeloo, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PRO MATE and PowerSmart are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

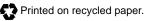
AmpLab, FilterLab, microID, MXDEV, MXLAB, PICMASTER, SEEVAL and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

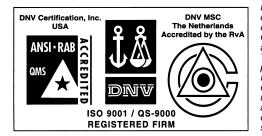
Application Maestro, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, FlexROM, fuzzyLAB, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, ICEPIC, microPort, Migratable Memory, MPASM, MPLIB, MPLINK, MPSIM, PICkit, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PowerCal, PowerInfo, PowerMate, PowerTool, rfLAB, rfPIC, Select Mode, SmartSensor, SmartShunt, SmartTel and Total Endurance are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

Serialized Quick Turn Programming (SQTP) is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2003, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.





Microchip received QS-9000 quality system certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona in July 1999 and Mountain View, California in March 2002. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are QS-9000 compliant for its PICmicro® 8-bit MCUs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, non-volatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001 certified.



WORLDWIDE SALES AND SERVICE

AMERICAS

Corporate Office

2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200

Fax: 480-792-7277 Technical Support: 480-792-7627 Web Address: http://www.microchip.com

3780 Mansell Road, Suite 130 Alpharetta, GA 30022 Tel: 770-640-0034 Fax: 770-640-0307

Boston

2 Lan Drive, Suite 120 Westford, MA 01886 Tel: 978-692-3848 Fax: 978-692-3821

Chicago

333 Pierce Road, Suite 180 Itasca, IL 60143 Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas

4570 Westgrove Drive, Suite 160 Addison, TX 75001 Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit

Tri-Atria Office Building 32255 Northwestern Highway, Suite 190

Farmington Hills, MI 48334 Tel: 248-538-2250 Fax: 248-538-2260

Kokomo

2767 S. Albright Road Kokomo, IN 46902 Tel: 765-864-8360 Fax: 765-864-8387

Los Angeles

18201 Von Karman, Suite 1090 Irvine, CA 92612 Tel: 949-263-1888 Fax: 949-263-1338

Phoenix

2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7966 Fax: 480-792-4338

San Jose

2107 North First Street, Suite 590 San Jose, CA 95131 Tel: 408-436-7950 Fax: 408-436-7955

Toronto

6285 Northam Drive, Suite 108 Mississauga, Ontario L4V 1X5, Canada

Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia

Suite 22, 41 Rawson Street Epping 2121, NSW Australia Tel: 61-2-9868-6733

Fax: 61-2-9868-6755 China - Beijing

Unit 915

Olii 913 Bei Hai Wan Tai Bldg. No. 6 Chaoyangmen Beidajie Beijing, 100027, No. China Tel: 86-10-85282100 Fax: 86-10-85282104

China - Chengdu

Rm. 2401-2402, 24th Floor, Ming Xing Financial Tower No. 88 TIDU Street Chengdu 610016, China Tel: 86-28-86766200 Fax: 86-28-86766599

China - Fuzhou

Unit 28F, World Trade Plaza No. 71 Wusi Road Fuzhou 350001, China Tel: 86-591-7503506 Fax: 86-591-7503521

China - Hong Kong SAR

Unit 901-6, Tower 2, Metroplaza 223 Hing Fong Road Kwai Fong, N.T., Hong Kong Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Shanghai

Room 701, Bldg. B Far East International Plaza No. 317 Xian Xia Road Shanghai, 200051 Tel: 86-21-6275-5700 Fax: 86-21-6275-5060

China - Shenzhen

Rm. 1812, 18/F, Building A, United Plaza No. 5022 Binhe Road, Futian District Shenzhen 518033, China

Tel: 86-755-82901380 Fax: 86-755-8295-1393

China - Shunde

Room 401, Hongjian Building No. 2 Fengxiangnan Road, Ronggui Town Shunde City, Guangdong 528303, China Tel: 86-765-8395507 Fax: 86-765-8395571

China - Qingdao

Rm. B505A, Fullhope Plaza, No. 12 Hong Kong Central Rd. Qingdao 266071, China Tel: 86-532-5027355 Fax: 86-532-5027205

India

Divyasree Chambers 1 Floor, Wing A (A3/A4) No. 11, O'Shaugnessey Road Bangalore, 560 025, India Tel: 91-80-2290061 Fax: 91-80-2290062

Japan

Benex S-1 6F 3-18-20, Shinyokohama Kohoku-Ku, Yokohama-shi Kanagawa, 222-0033, Japan Tel: 81-45-471- 6166 Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea

168-1, Youngbo Bldg. 3 Floor Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-Ku Seoul, Korea 135-882 Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or 82-2-558-5934

Singapore

200 Middle Road #07-02 Prime Centre Singapore, 188980

Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan

Kaohsiung Branch 30F - 1 No. 8 Min Chuan 2nd Road Kaohsiung 806, Taiwan Tel: 886-7-536-4818 Fax: 886-7-536-4803

Taiwan

Taiwan Branch 11F-3, No. 207 Tung Hua North Road Taipei, 105, Taiwan

Tel: 886-2-2717-7175 Fax: 886-2-2545-0139

EUROPE

Austria

Durisolstrasse 2 A-4600 Wels Austria

Tel: 43-7242-2244-399 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark

Regus Business Centre Lautrup hoj 1-3 Ballerup DK-2750 Denmark Tel: 45-4420-9895 Fax: 45-4420-9910

France

Parc d'Activite du Moulin de Massy 43 Rue du Saule Trapu Batiment A - Ier Etage 91300 Massy, France Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany

Steinheilstrasse 10 D-85737 Ismaning, Germany Tel: 49-89-627-144-0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy

Via Quasimodo, 12 20025 Legnano (MI) Milan, Italy Tel: 39-0331-742611

Fax: 39-0331-466781 Netherlands

P. A. De Biesbosch 14

NL-5152 SC Drunen, Netherlands Tel: 31-416-690399

Fax: 31-416-690340 **United Kingdom**

505 Eskdale Road

Winnersh Triangle Wokingham Berkshire, England RG41 5TU Tel: 44-118-921-5869 Fax: 44-118-921-5820

07/28/03