

TA8805F, TA8836F, TA1207F

FOR LCD TVS, PIF AND SIF SYSTEM

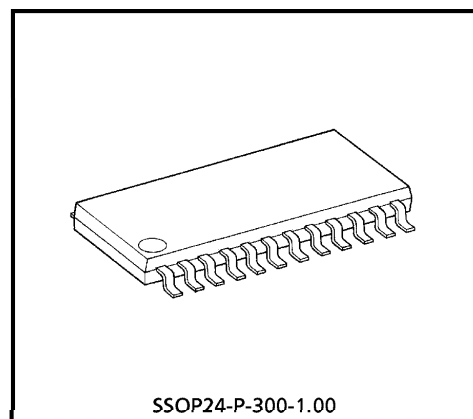
FEATURES

PIF circuit

- High input sensitivity
- 3-stage variable-gain PIF amplifier
- Output with black noise inverter (TA8805F)
- Output without black noise inverter (TA8836F, TA1207F)
- High-speed response peak AGC with dual time constant
- Reverse RF AGC output (Emitter follower type)
- Built-in AFT detection circuit with AFT mute

SIF circuit

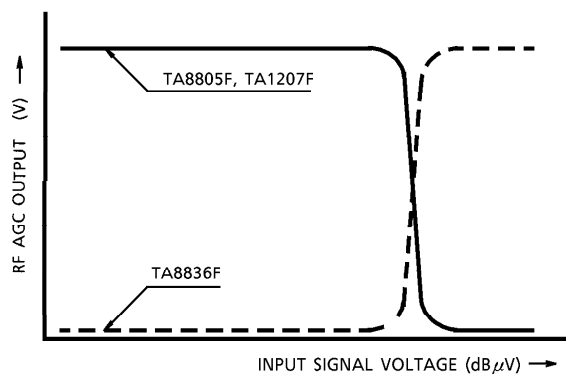
- 4-stage SIF amplifier
- Quadrature-type detection circuit
- Use of a ceramic discriminator device makes the SIF circuit adjustment-free
- Electronic volume control
- Built-in audio amplifier (output power : 30 mW (Typ.))



Weight : 0.32 g (Typ.)

| Product No. | RF AGC Polarity | Black noise inverter |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| TA8805F | Reverse Type | Built-in |
| TA8836F | Forward Type | Not Built-in |
| TA1207F | Reverse Type | Not Built-in |

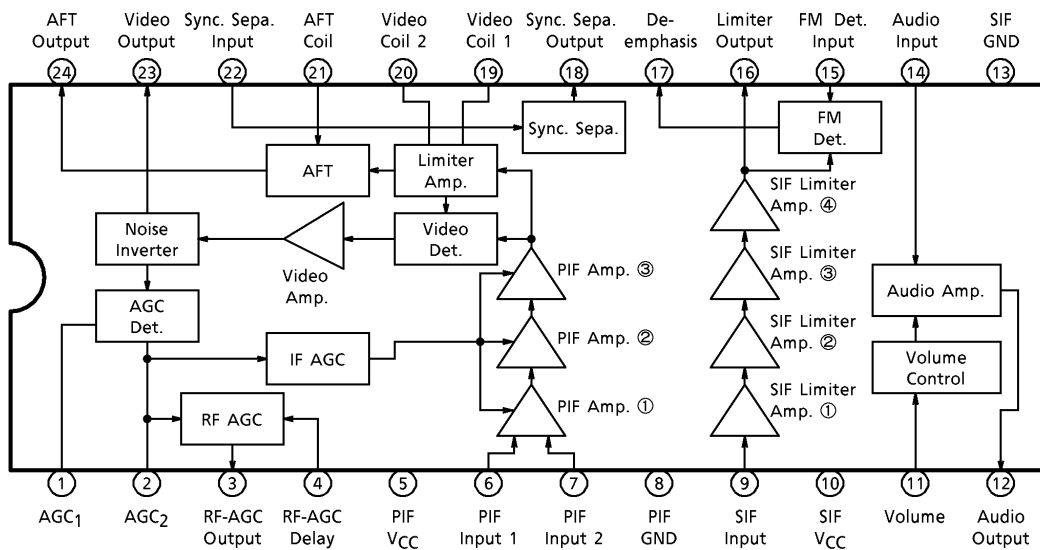
RF AGC CURVE



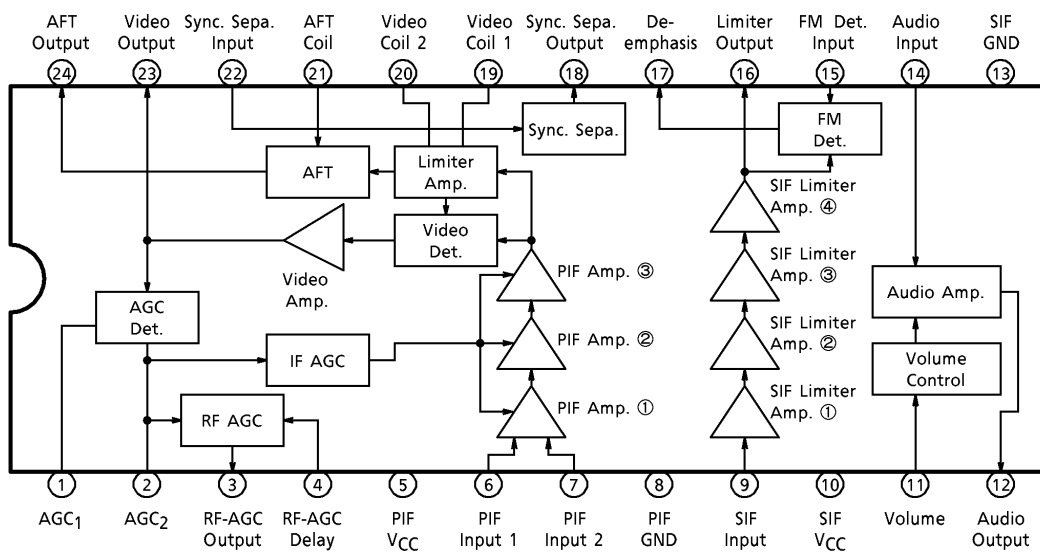
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BLOCK DIAGRAM (TA8805F)



BLOCK DIAGRAM (TA8836F, TA1207F)



TERMINAL FUNCTION

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | INTERFACE |
|---------|--|---|-----------|
| 1 2 | PIF AGC ₁ PIF AGC ₂ | This IC is adopted dual time constant AGC circuit to improve AGC responsibility. To mute picture, connect to GND. | |
| 3 | RF AGC Output | RF AGC output terminal (Emitter follower type) Output current : 3 mA (Typ.) | |
| 4 | RF AGC Delay | Changing comparator reference voltage adjusts RF AGC delay point. | |
| 5 | PIF V _{CC} | Connect bypass capacitor between this terminal and PIF GND with shortest wiring. | — |
| 6 7 | PIF Input 1 PIF Input 2 | PIF input terminal. Input impedance 5 kΩ (Typ.) | |
| 8 | PIF GND | Connect bypass capacitor between this terminal and PIF V _{CC} with shortest wiring. | — |

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | INTERFACE |
|---------|---------------------|---|-----------|
| 9 | SIF Input | Connect B pF between this terminal and pin 23. | |
| 10 | SIF V _{CC} | Connect bypass capacitor between this terminal and SIF GND with shortest wiring. | — |
| 11 | Volume | Control audio amp. gain. (Control range 70 dB (Typ.)) | |
| 12 | Audio Output | Audio signal output terminal. (Output power : 30 mW (Typ.)) | |
| 13 | SIF GND | Connect bypass capacitor between this terminal and SIF V _{CC} with shortest wiring. | — |
| 14 | Audio Input | Audio signal input terminal. Input audio signal from pin 17 through filter. | |
| 15 | FM Det. Input | Quadrature input terminal for FM detection circuit. Connect FM coil between this terminal and pin 16. Audio output is muted when this terminal is connected to GND. | |
| 17 | De-emphasis | Audio signal output terminal. | |

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | INTERFACE |
|----------|------------------------------|--|-----------|
| 16 | Limiter Output | Limiter output terminal. Connect FM coil between this terminal and pin 15. Applying ceramic discriminator sets this circuit to non-adjustable circuit. | |
| 18 22 | Sync. Sepa. | Sync. sepa. output and input terminal. | |
| 19 20 | Video Coil 1 Video Coil 2 | Connect video connection coil. | |
| 21 | AFT Coil | Connect AFT detection coil. AFT output is defeated when this terminal connected to GND. | |
| 23 | Video Output | Video signal output terminal. | |
| 24 | AFT Output | AFT detector output terminal based on double balanced multiplier. AFT output is muted when AFT coil terminal is connected to GND. | |

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | RATING | UNIT |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 8 | V |
| Power Dissipation | P _D (Note) | 500 | mW |
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | -20~65 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -55~150 | °C |

(Note) When using the device at above Ta = 25°C, decrease the power dissipation by 4 mW for each increase of 1°C.

RECOMMENDED POWER SUPPLY

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 5 | PIF V _{CC} | 3.5 | 4.5 | 7.5 | V |
| 9 | SIF V _{CC} | 3.5 | 4.5 | 7.5 | V |

ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 4.5 V, Ta = 25°C)

DC CHARACTERISTICS

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---------|---------------------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 1 | AGC ₁ | 1st AGC filter | — | 4.2 | — | V |
| 2 | AGC ₂ | 2nd AGC filter | — | 4.2 | — | |
| 3 | RF AGC | RF AGC output | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | |
| 4 | RF AGC delay | RF AGC delay | — | — | — | |
| 5 | PIF V _{CC} | PIF V _{CC} | — | 4.5 | — | |
| 6 | PIF input 1 | IF input | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.2 | |
| 7 | PIF input 2 | IF input | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.2 | |
| 8 | PIF GND | PIF GND | — | 0 | — | |
| 9 | SIF input | SIF input | 4.3 | 4.45 | 4.6 | |
| 10 | SIF V _{CC} | SIF V _{CC} | — | 4.5 | — | |
| 11 | Volume control | Audio volume control | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | |
| 12 | Audio output | Audio output | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.7 | |
| 13 | SIF GND | SIF GND | — | 0 | — | |
| 14 | Audio input | Audio input | — | — | 0.5 | |
| 15 | FM det. input | FM det. output | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | |
| 16 | Limiter output | SIF limiter output | 2.55 | 2.75 | 2.95 | |
| 17 | De-emphasis | Audio de-emphasis | 1.15 | 1.45 | 1.75 | |
| 18 | Sync. sepa. output | Sync. sepa. signal output | — | — | — | |
| 19 | Video coil 1 | PIF carrier output | 4.05 | 4.15 | 4.25 | |
| 20 | Video coil 2 | PIF carrier output | 4.05 | 4.15 | 4.25 | |
| 21 | AFT coil | Connecting AFT coil | 4.35 | 4.45 | 4.55 | |
| 22 | Sync. sepa. input | Sync. sepa. signal output | — | — | — | |
| 23 | Video output 1 | Video signal output | 1.40 | 1.85 | 2.30 | |
| 24 | AFT output | AFT output | 1.3 | 1.8 | 3.2 | |

AC CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
PIF circuit

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | TEST CIR-CUIT | CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|--|------|---------|------|------------------|
| Power Supply Current at No Signal | I _{PIF} | 1 | — | — | 11 | 16 | mA |
| Output Signal Voltage | V _D | 2 | (Note 1) | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.3 | V _{p-p} |
| PIF Input Signal Voltage Sensitivity | V _i MIN | 2 | (Note 2) | — | 43 | 50 | dB μ V |
| Maximum input Signal Voltage | V _i MAX | 2 | (Note 3) | 95 | 114 | — | dB μ V |
| -3 dB Video Band Width | BW | 2 | (Note 4) | 5 | 6.5 | — | MHz |
| Dependence of Output Signal Voltage On Power Supply Voltage | V _D /V _{CC} | 2 | (Note 5) | — | ± 5 | — | % / V |
| Deferential Gain | DG | 3 | (Note 6) | — | 5 | 10 | % |
| Deferential Phase | DP | | | — | 4 | 8 | ° |
| Signal-Noise Ratio | S/N | 2 | (Note 7) | 40 | 45 | — | dB |
| Intermodulation | IM | 4 | (Note 8) | 30 | 35 | — | dB |
| Suppression of Picture Career | CR | 2 | (Note 9) | 45 | 50 | — | dB |
| Sync. Voltage Level | V _p | 2 | 87.5%AM, standard color-bar signal | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | V |
| Output Voltage at No Signal | V _Z | 2 | (Note 10) | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 | V |
| Black Noise Inverter Level | V _{BTH} | 2 | (Note 11) (TA8805F) | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 | V |
| Black Noise Clamp Level | V _{BCL} | | | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | |
| AFT Control Steepness | $\Delta f / \Delta V$ | 2 | Load : 100 k Ω / 100 k Ω | 10 | 20 | 30 | kHz / V |
| AFT maximum Output Voltage | V _{MAX} | | | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | |
| AFT minimum Output Voltage | V _{MIN} | | | — | 0.3 | 0.5 | |
| AFT Mute Voltage | V _{MUTE} | | | 2.1 | 2.25 | 2.4 | |
| PIF Amp. Input Impedance | R _{IN} | 2 | — | — | 5 | — | k Ω |
| | C _{IN} | 2 | — | — | 3.8 | — | pF |
| Video Signal Output Impedance | P _{OUT} | 2 | — | — | 200 | — | Ω |
| Video Amp. Output Impedance | R _{OUT} | 2 | — | — | 200 | — | Ω |

SIF circuit

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | TEST CIR-CUIT | CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Power Supply Current at No Signal | I _{SIF} | 1 | — | — | 6 | 11 | mA |
| Output Signal Voltage | V _{OD} | 2 | (Note 12) | 120 | 150 | 180 | mV _{rms} |
| SIF Input Signal Voltage Sensitivity | V _{LIM} | 2 | (Note 13) | 30 | 35 | 40 | dB _{μV} |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD (DET) | 2 | (Note 14) | — | 0.4 | 1.0 | % |
| AM Rejection | AMR | 5 | (Note 15) | 30 | 45 | — | dB |
| Signal-Noise Ratio | S/N DET | 2 | (Note 16) | 50 | 65 | — | dB |
| – 3 dB Bandwidth | BW – 3dB | 2 | (Note 17) | 180 | 230 | — | kHz |
| Dependence of Output Signal Voltage On Power Supply Voltage | V _{OD} /V _{CC} | 2 | (Note 18) | — | 10 | 15 | %/V |
| Audio Amp. Voltage Gain | G _{AF} | 2 | (Note 19) | 7.0 | 10.0 | 13.0 | dB |
| Audio Amp. Total Harmonic Distortion | THD _{AF} | 2 | (Note 20) | — | 0.3 | 1.0 | % |
| Audio Amp. Maximum Attenuation | ATT _{MAX} | 2 | (Note 21) | 60 | 70 | — | dB |
| Audio Amp. S/N | S/N _{AF} | 2 | (Note 22) | 40 | 50 | — | dB |
| Audio Amp. Output Power | P _O | 2 | (Note 23) | 15 | 30 | — | mW |

Sync. sepa. circuit

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | TEST CIR-CUIT | CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|
| Sync. Sepa. input Voltage | V _{SYNC.IN} | 2 | — | 1.8 | 2.1 | 3.0 | V |
| Sync. Sepa. Minimum Output Voltage | V _{SYNC.MIN} | 2 | Load : 47 kΩ | 0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| Sync. Sepa. Maximum Output Voltage | V _{SYNC.MAX} | 2 | | 4.3 | 4.5 | — | V |

TEST CONDITION

<PIF circuit>

(Note 1) Output signal voltage

PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 87.5% AM, 84 dB μ V, standard TV signal (V/S = 10 : 4 Ramp)

Measure output video signal voltage.

(Note 2) PIF input signal voltage sensitivity

PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, $f_m = 15.75$ kHz, 30% AM, 84 dB μ V

Measure output video signal voltage (that voltage is 0 dB) Lower input signal voltage gradually, measure input PIF signal voltage when output video signal voltage is -3 dB.

(Note 3) Maximum input signal voltage

PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, $f_m = 15.75$ kHz, 30% AM, 84 dB μ V

Measure output video signal voltage (that voltage is 0 dB) Raise input signal voltage gradually, measure input PIF signal voltage when output video signal voltage is +3 dB

(Note 4) -3 dB video band width

(1) PIF input :

$f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW

Measure IF AGC voltage and supply that voltage from external source.

(2) Input following composite signals to the PIF input :

SG : 1 58.75 MHz, 84 dB μ V (frequency : fixed)

SG : 2 58.65~45 MHz, 64 dB μ V (frequency : variable)

Monitor spectrum of output signal at pin 24. Change frequency of SG : 2, measure frequency of SG : 2, when video output signal is -3 dB.

Difference between that frequency and 58.75 MHz is -3 dB band width.

(Note 5) Dependence of output signal voltage on power supply voltage

PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 87.5% AM, 84 dB μ V, standard TV signal (V/S = 10 : 4 Ramp)

Measure the output video signal voltage when power supply voltage are 3.5 V and 5.5 V. (4.5 ± 1.0 V)

Compare those voltage and the output video signal voltage when power supply voltage is 4.5 V.

(Note 6) Deferential gain / Deferential phase

PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 87.5% AM, 84 dB μ V, standard TV signal (V/S = 10 : 4 Ramp) IF AGC : free

Measure deferential gain and deferential phase.

(Note 7) Signal-noise ratio

(1) PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, $f_m = 15.75$ kHz, 30%AM, 84 dB μ V
 Measure IF AGC voltage and supply that voltage from external source.

(2) Measure output video signal voltage. : V_1

(3) PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW
 Measure output video signal voltage. : V_2
 Signal-noise ratio is calculated by following equality.

$$\text{Signal-noise ratio} = 20\log(V_1 \times 6 / V_2) \text{ [dB]}$$

(Note 8) Intermodulation

(1) PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW
 Supply DC voltage to IF AGC from external source to fix IF AGC voltage.

(2) PIF input : following composite signals
 $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW
 $f_c = 55.17$ MHz, 74 dB μ V, CW
 $f_s = 54.25$ MHz, 74 dB μ V, CW } Input

Measure the difference of signal level at pin 24 920 kHz component and 3.58 MHz component (Chroma sub-carrier).

(Note 9) Suppression of picture career

(1) PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, $f_m = 15.75$ kHz, 78%AM, 84 dB μ V
 Measure IF AGC voltage and supply that voltage from external source.

(2) Measure output video signal voltage. : V_1

(3) PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW
 Measure signal level of 58.75 MHz component at pin 24. : V_2
 Signal-noise ratio is calculated by following equality.

$$\text{Suppression of picture career} = 20 \times \log(V_1 / V_2) \text{ [dB]}$$

(Note 10) Output voltage at no signal

PIF input : no input IF AGC : GND
 Measure output video signal DC voltage.

(Note 11) Black noise inverter level / Black noise clamp level

PIF input : $f_o = 58.75$ MHz, $f_m = 15.75$ kHz, 78%AM, 84 dB μ V
 Supply 0V to IF AGC from external source. Raise that voltage gradually, measure black noise inverter level.

<SIF circuit>

(Note 12) Output signal voltage

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
 Measure output audio signal voltage.

(Note 13) SIF input signal voltage sensitivity

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
 Measure output audio signal voltage (that voltage is 0 dB). Lower input SIF signal voltage gradually, measure input SIF signal voltage when output audio signal voltage is -3 dB .

(Note 14) Total harmonic distortion

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 7.5 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

(Note 15) AM Rejection

SIF input :

(1) FM : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

(2) AM : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, $30\% \text{ AM}$, $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

Measure difference of output audio signal voltage between (1) and (2).

(Note 16) Signal-noise ratio

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
 Measure audio signal output voltage. : V_1 [mV_{rms}]

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
 Measure audio signal output voltage. : V_2 [mV_{rms}]
 Signal-noise ratio is calculated by following equality.

$$\text{Signal-noise ratio} = 20 \log (V_1 / V_2) \text{ [dB]}$$

(Note 17) -3 dB bandwidth

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
 Measure audio signal output voltage. (that voltage is 0 dB) Then change input signal frequency, measure bandwidth that audio signal output voltage within -3 dB .

(Note 18) Dependence of output signal voltage on power supply voltage

SIF input : $f_o = 4.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_m = 400 \text{ Hz}$, 25 kHz / devi , $84 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
 Measure the audio signal output voltage when power supply voltage are 3.5 V and 5.5 V . ($4.5 \pm 1.0 \text{ V}$)
 Compare those voltage and audio signal output voltage when power supply voltage is 4.5 V .

(Note 19) Audio amp. voltage gain

Audio input : $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN} = 100 \text{ mV}_{\text{rms}}$, Pin 11 : V_{CC}

(Note 20) Audio amp. total harmonic distortion

Audio input : $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN} = 100 \text{ mV}_{\text{rms}}$, Pin 11 = V_{CC}

(Note 21) Audio amp. maximum attenuation

Audio input : $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN} = 100 \text{ mV}_{\text{rms}}$

Audio output (Pin 11: V_{CC}) = V_{max}

Audio output (Pin 11: GND) = V_{min}

$ATT_{\text{max}} = 20 \log (V_{\text{max}}/V_{\text{min}})$

(Note 22) Audio amp. S/N

(1) Audio input : $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN} = 100 \text{ mV}_{\text{rms}}$, Pin 11 = V_{CC}

Measure audio output : V_1

(2) Audio input : No signal

Measure audio output : V_2

$S/N = 20 \log (V_1/V_2) \text{ [dB]}$

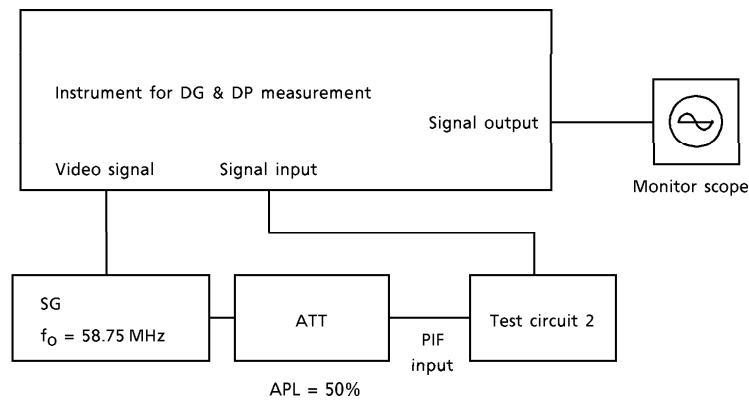
(Note 23) Audio amp. output power

Audio input : $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, Pin 11 = V_{CC} , Load = 8Ω

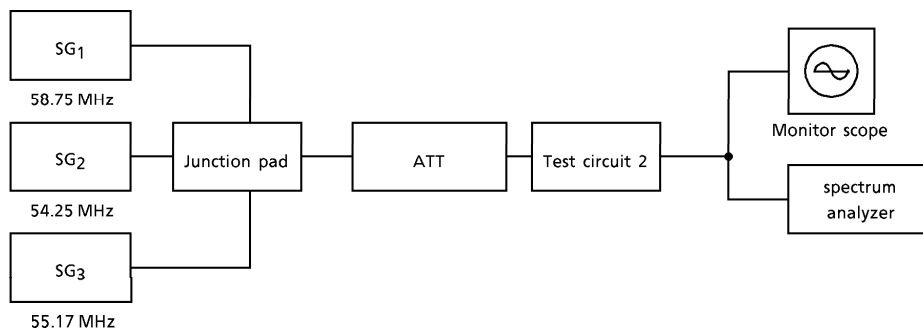
Raise input signal voltage gradually, measure output signal voltage when THD is 5%.

$P_O = V^2/8 \text{ [W]}$

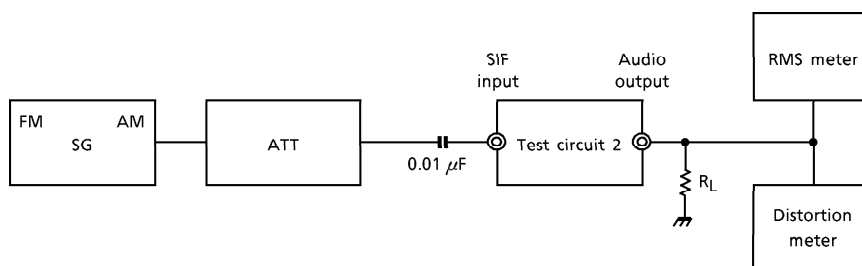
TEST CIRCUIT 3 (DG, DP)



TEST CIRCUIT 4 (INTERMODULATION)



TEST CIRCUIT 5 (AMR)



COIL ADJUSTMENT

- Video coil

Measure video signal output DC voltage.

IF AGC : Fix voltage for external voltage source /

PIF input : 58.75 MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW

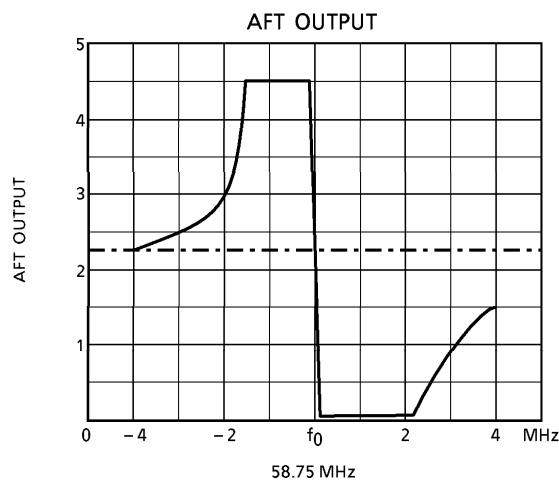
Adjust video coil so that video signal output DC voltage is lowest.

- AFT coil

Measure video signal output AFT voltage.

PIF input : 54~62 MHz (sweep signal), 84 dB μ V

Adjust AFT coil so that AFT output signal is following figure.



- SIF coil

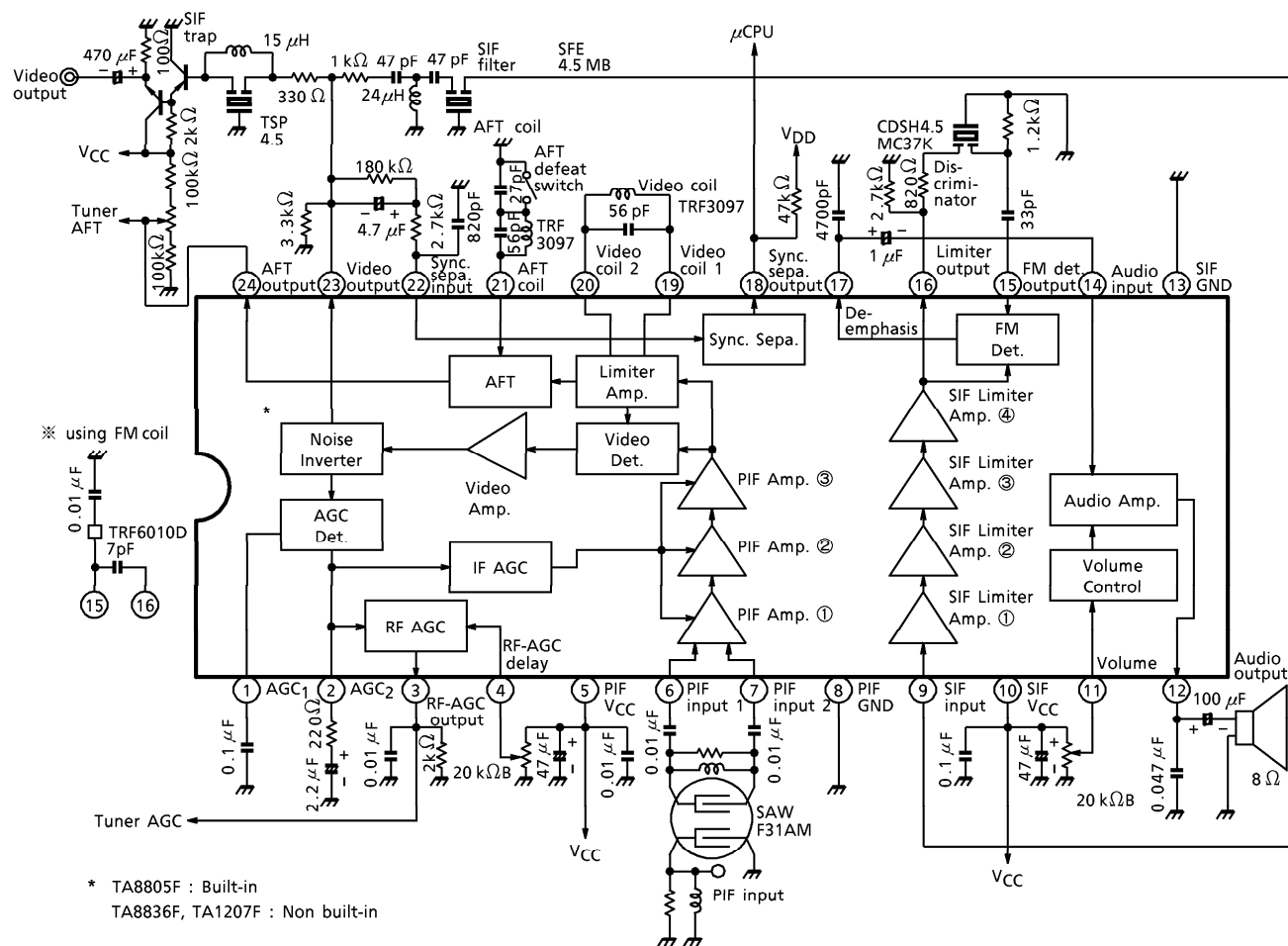
SIF input : $f_0 = 4.5$ MHz, 84 dB μ V, CW

Adjust SIF coil so that pin 17 voltage is $1/2 V_{CC}$.

COILE SPECIFICATION

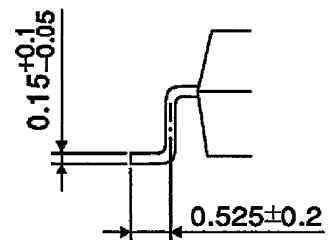
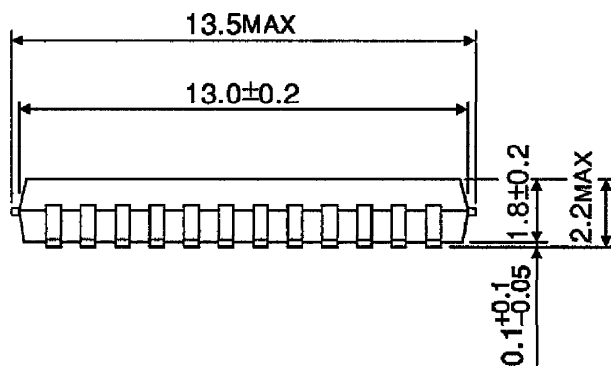
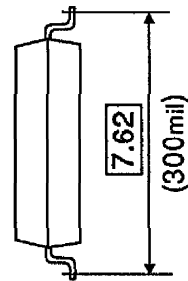
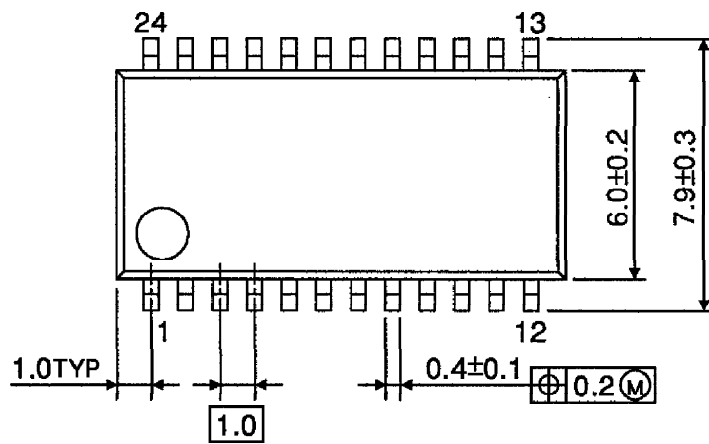
| COIL NAME | PART NUMBER | CONNECTION | SPECIFICATION |
|-----------|---|------------|--|
| Video AFT | TRF-3097 (TOSHIBA) 611SNS-1065Z (TOKO) | | Center frequency : 58.75 MHz Internal capacitor : — External capacitor : — Frequency adjustment range : ±4% Qu : 72 ± 20% Size : 5 mm × 5 mm |
| SIF | TRF-6010D (TOSHIBA) F292MCAS-3297IB (TOKO) | | Center frequency : 4.5 MHz Internal capacitor : 100 pF External capacitor : — Frequency adjustment range : ±3% Qu : 20 ± 20% Size : 7 mm × 7 mm |

APPLICATION CIRCUIT



OUTLINE DRAWING
SSOP24-P-300-1.00

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.32 g (Typ.)