## TA8122ANG, TA8122AFG, TA8123ANG, TA8123AFG

## 3V AV / FM 1Chip Tuner IC

TA8122ANG / AFG and TA8123ANG / AFG are the AM / FM 1chip tuner ICs, which are designed for portable radios and 3 V headphone radios.

## Features

- Built-in

FM F / E, AM / FM IF and FM ST DET

- AM detector coil, FM IFT and IF coupling condenser are not needed.
- For adopting ceramic discriminator and ceramic resonator, it is not necessary to adjust the FM quad detector Circuit and FM ST DET VCO circuit.
- S curve characteristics of FM detection output in TA8122ANG / AFG and TA8123ANG / AFG are reverse to each other.

TA8122ANG / AFG: Reverse characteristic
TA8123ANG / AFG: Normal characteristic

- Compact pakage

TA8122ANG / 23ANG: Shrink DIP 24 pin (1.78mm pitch)
TA8122AFG / 23AFG: Mini flat package 24 pin

- Operating supply voltage range

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.8 \sim 7.0 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)
$$



Weight
SDIP24-P-300-1.78: 1.2g (typ.)
SSOP24-P-300-1.00: 0.31g (typ.)

## Block Diagram


(Note)
We recommend the kit of the ceramic filter and the ceramic resonator which are shown in the table as below.
It is necessary to meet the center frequency of the ceramic filter and the ceramic resonator, otherwise there are some cases that the characteristics get worse.

| Kit Name | Combination |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ceramic Filter | Q'ty | Ceramic Resonator | Q'ty |
| KMFC403-Z | SFE10.7MA5-Z | 2 | CDA10.7MG16-Z | 1 |
| KMFC411-Z | SFE10.7MA5-Z | 1 | CDA10.7MG16-Z | 1 |
| KMFC422-Z | SFE10.7MA2-Z | 2 | CDA10.7MG16-Z | 1 |
| KMFC435-Z | SFE10.7MA5L-Z | 2 | CDA10.7MG16-Z | 1 |
| KMFC445-Z | SFE10.7MA5L-Z | 1 | CDA10.7MG16-Z | 1 |

Manufacturer: MURATA MFG. CO., LTD

## Explanation Of Terminals

| Pin No. | Characteristic | Internal Circuit | DC Voltage (V) <br> (AT No Signal) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM | FM |
| 1 | FM-RF in |  | 0 | 0.7 |
| 2 | GND1 (GND for RF stage) | - | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | FM mix |  | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| 4 | AM mix |  | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| 5 | AGC (AM AGC) |  | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}\right.$ for IF / MPX stage) | - | 3.0 | 3.0 |


| Pin No. | Characteristic | Internal Circuit | DC Voltage (V) (AT No Signal) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM | FM |
| 7 | AM IF in |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| 8 | FM IF in |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| 9 | GND2 (GND for IF / MPX stage) | - | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | TUN LED (tuning LED) |  | - | - |
| 11 | ST LED (stereo LED) |  | - | - |
| 12 | QUAD (FM QUAD. Detector) |  | 2.4 | 2.1 |


| Pin <br> No. | Characteristic | Internal Circuit | DC Voltage (V) <br> (AT No Signal) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM | FM |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | R-out (R-ch output) L-out (L-ch output) |  | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 15 | VCO |  | 2.5 | 2.5 (VCO stop mode) |
| 16 | LPF2 <br> - LPF terminal for synchronous detector <br> - Bias terminal for AM / FM SW circuit $\mathrm{V}_{16}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \rightarrow \mathrm{AM}$ <br> $V_{16}=$ open $\rightarrow F M$ |  | 3.0 | $\begin{gathered} 2.2 \\ \text { (VCO } \\ \text { stop } \\ \text { mode } \\ 2.7 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 17 | LPF1 LPF terminal for phase detector VCO stop terminal $\mathrm{V}_{17}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \rightarrow \mathrm{VCO}$ stop |  | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| 18 | FM ST DET in |  | 0.7 | 0.7 |


| Pin No. | Characteristic | Internal Circuit | DC Voltage (V) (AT No Signal) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM | FM |
| 19 | DET out |  | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| 20 | AM OSC |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| 21 | FM OSC |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| 22 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC1 }}$ ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ for RF stage) | - | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| 23 | FM RF out | cf. Pin(1) | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| 24 | AM RF in |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |

Maximum Ratings ( $\mathbf{T a}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Characteristic |  | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 8 | V |
| LED current |  | ILED | 10 | mA |
| LED voltage |  | VLED | 8 | V |
| Power dissipation | TA8122ANG / 23ANG | $P_{D} \quad$ (Note) | 1200 | mW |
|  | TA8122AFG / 23AFG |  | 400 |  |
| Operating temperature |  | Topr | -25~75 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -55~150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note: Derated above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the proportion of $9.6 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for TA8122ANG / 23ANG and of $3.2 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for TA8122AFG / 23AFG

## Electrical Characteristics

Unless Otherwise Specified,
$\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{E}: \mathrm{f}=83 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{m}}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$
FM IF: $\mathrm{f}=\mathbf{1 0 . 7} \mathrm{MHz}, \Delta \mathrm{f}= \pm \mathbf{2 2 . 5 k H z}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{m}}=\mathbf{1 k H z}$
$A M: f=1 \mathrm{MHz}, M O D=30 \%, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{m}}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$
FM ST DET: $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{m}}=\mathbf{1 k H z}$

| Characteristic |  | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply current |  | ICC (FM) | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=0, \mathrm{FM}$ mode | - | 14.0 | 18.5 | mA |
|  |  | ICC (AM) | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=0, \mathrm{AM}$ mode | - | 6.0 | 8.3 |  |
| $\underset{\text { ш }}{\text { ш }}$ | Input limiting voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in (lim.) }}$ | 1 | -3 dB limiting | - | 14.0 | - | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ EMF |
|  | Local OSC voltage | Vosc | 2 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {OSC }}=72.3 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 70 | 105 | 140 | mV rms |
|  | Input limiting voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {in (lim. }} \\ & \text { IF } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | -3dB limiting | 39 | 44 | 49 | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF |
| $\sum_{i} \subseteq$ | Recovered output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OD }}$ | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=80 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{EMF}$ | 55 | 80 | 110 | mV rms |
|  | Signal to noise ratio | S / N | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=80 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF | - | 70 | - | dB |
|  | Total harmonic distortion | THD | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=80 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{EMF}$ | - | 0.4 | - | \% |
|  | AM rejection ratio | AMR | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=80 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF | - | 50 | - | dB |
|  | LED on sensitivity | $V_{L}$ | 1 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 43 | 48 | 53 | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF |
| $\sum_{<}$ | Gain | GV | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=23 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{EMF}$ | 20 | 40 | 80 | mV rms |
|  | Recovered output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OD}}$ | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=60 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF | 50 | 60 | 100 | mV rms |
|  | Signal to noise ratio | S / N | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=60 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF | - | 44 | - | dB |
|  | Total harmonic destortion | THD | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=60 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ EMF | - | 1.0 | - | \% |
|  | LED on sensitivity | $V_{L}$ | 1 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 19 | 24 | 29 | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ EMF |
| Pin(19) output resistance |  | $\mathrm{R}_{19}$ | 1 | FM mode | - | 0.75 | - | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | AM mode |  | - | 12.5 | - |  |


| Characteristic |  |  | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input resistance |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | - |  | - | - | 24 | - |  |
|  | Output resistance |  | ROUT | - |  | - | - | 5 | - |  |
|  | Max. Composite signal input voltage |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {in (MAX.) }} \\ & \text { STEREO } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & L+R=90 \%, P=10 \% \\ & f_{m}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, T H D=3 \% \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 350 | - | mV rms |
|  | Separation |  | Sep. | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & L+R= \\ & 135 \mathrm{mV}_{\text {rms }} \\ & P=15 \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{rms}} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{fm}_{\mathrm{m}}=100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | - | 42 | - | dB |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{m}}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  | 35 | 42 | - |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{m}}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  | - | 42 |  |  |
|  | Total harmonic distortion | Monaural |  | THD (MONAURAL) | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=150 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{V}_{\text {rms }}$ |  | - | 0.2 | - | \% |
|  |  | Stereo |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { THD } \\ \text { (STEREO) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & L+R=135 m V_{r m s}, \\ & P=15 m V_{r m s} \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 0.2 | - |  |
|  | Voltage gain |  | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{V}}(\mathrm{FM}$ ST DET) | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=150 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {rms }}$ |  | -5 | -3 | -1 | dB |  |
|  | Channel balance |  | C.B. | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=150 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {rms }}$ |  | -2 | 0 | 2 |  |  |
|  | Stereo LED sensitivity | On | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}(\mathrm{ON})$ | 1 | Pilot input |  | - | 8 | 15 | mV rms |  |
|  |  | Off | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ (OFF) |  |  |  | 2 | 6 | - |  |  |
|  | Stereo LED hysteresis |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | 1 | To LED turn off from LED turn on |  | - | 2 | - | mV rms |  |
|  | Capture range |  | C.R. | 1 | $\mathrm{P}=15 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{rms}$ |  | - | 1.3 | - | \% |  |
|  | Signal to noise ratio |  | S / N | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=150 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{rms}$ |  | - | 70 | - | dB |  |

## Test Circuit 1



## Test Circuit 2



Coil Data

| Coil No. | Test <br> Freq. | L <br> $(\mu \mathrm{H})$ | $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ <br> $(\mathrm{pF})$ | $\mathrm{Q}_{0}$ | Turns |  |  |  |  |  | Wire <br> $(\mathrm{mm} \phi)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ FM RF | 100 MHz | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | 0.5 UEW | (S) 53T-037-202 |
| $\mathrm{L}_{2}$ FM OSC | 100 MHz | - | - | 100 | - | - | $2 \frac{3}{4}$ | - | - | 0.5 UEW | (S) 0258-244 |
| $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ AM OSC | 796 kHz | 288 | - | 115 | 13 | 73 | - | - | - | 0.08 UEW | (S) 4147-1356-038 |
| $\mathrm{T}_{2}$ AM IFT | 455 kHz | - | 180 | 120 | - | - | 180 | - | 15 | 0.08 UEW | (S) 2150-2162-165 |

(S): SUMIDA ELECTRIC CO., LED.
$\mathrm{L}_{1}$ : FM RF

$L_{2}$ : FM OSC


$\mathrm{T}_{2}: \mathrm{AM}$ IFT


## FM Detection Circuit

For the FM detection circuit, detection coil is able to use instead of ceramic discriminator.
Recommended circuit and recommended coil are as follows.
In this case, please take care that Vin (lim.) falls a little.


| Test <br> Frequency | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{o}}$ <br> $(\mathrm{pF})$ | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{o}}$ | Turns |  |  |  | Wire <br> $(\mathrm{mm} \phi)$ | REF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.7 MHz | 100 |  | - | - | 12 | - | 0.12 UEW |  |

$F M(F / E+I F)$


FM (IF)


FM (IF)


FM (IF)


FM (IF)


AM




FM ST DET



FM ST DET


FM ST DET


FM ST DET


FM ST DET


## Package Dimensions



Weight: 1.2g (typ.)

## Package Dimensions

SSOP24-P-300-1.00


Unit : mm


Weight: 0.31 g (typ.)

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

- Solderability
(1) Use of $\mathrm{Sn}-63 \mathrm{~Pb}$ solder Bath
- solder bath temperature $=230^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- dipping time $=5$ seconds
- the number of times = once
- use of R-type flux
(2) Use of $\mathrm{Sn}-3.0 \mathrm{Ag}-0.5 \mathrm{Cu}$ solder Bath
- solder bath temperature $=245^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- dipping time $=5$ seconds
- the number of times = once
- use of R-type flux


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