TOSHIBA Bipolar Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TD62001APG,TD62001AFG,TD62002APG,TD62002AFG,TD62003APG,TD62003AFG,TD62004APG,TD62004AFG

#### 7-channel Darlington Sink Driver

The TD62001APG/AFG Series are high-voltage, high-current darlington drivers comprised of seven NPN darlington pairs. All units feature integral clamp diodes for switching inductive loads.

Applications include relay, hammer, lamp and display (LED) drivers.

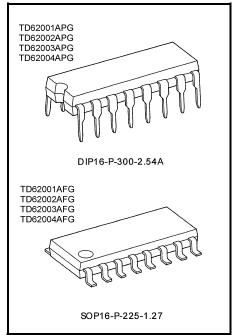
This devices are a product for the Pb free(Sn-Ag).

#### **Features**

- Output current (single output): 500 mA (max)
- High sustaining voltage output: 50 V (min)
- Output clamp diodes
- Inputs compatible with various types of logic
- Package type

APG: DIP-16 pin (Pb free package) AFG: SOP-16 pin (Pb free package)

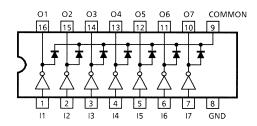
Туре	Input base resistor	Designation
TD62001APG/AFG	External	General purpose
TD62002APG/AFG	10.5-kΩ + 7-V Zenner diode	14-V to 25-V PMOS
TD62003APG/AFG	2.7 kΩ	TTL, 5-V CMOS
TD62004APG/AFG	10.5 kΩ	6-V to 15-V PMOS, CMOS



Weight

DIP16-P-300-2.54A: 1.11 g (Typ.) SOP16-P-225-1.27: 0.16 g (Typ.)

## Pin Connection (top view)



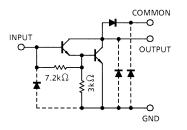


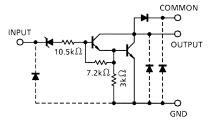
#### Schematics (each driver)

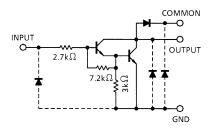
#### TD62001APG/AFG

#### TD62002APG/AFG

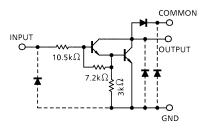
#### TD62003PAPG/AFG







#### TD62004APG/AFG



Note: The input and output parasitic diodes cannot be used as clamp diodes.

### Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Output sustaining voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> (SUS)	-0.5 to 50	V		
Output current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	500	mA/ch		
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> (Note 1)	-0.5 to 30	٧		
Input current		I <sub>IN</sub> (Note 2)	25	mA	
Clamp diode reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	50	V		
Clamp diode forward current	IF	500	mA		
	APG		1.47		
Power dissipation	AFG	P <sub>D</sub>	0.625 (Note 3)	W	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to 85	°C		
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–55 to 150	°C		

Note 1: Except TD62001APG/AFG Note 2: Only TD62001APG/AFG

Note 3: When mounted on a glass-epoxy PCB (30 mm  $\times$  30 mm  $\times$  1.6 mm, Cu area: 50%)



## Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta = -40°C to 85°C)

Characterist	ics	Symbol	Condition		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Output sustaining voltage		V <sub>CE</sub> (SUS)			0	_	50	V
Output current	APG	Іоит	T <sub>pw</sub> = 25 ms 7 circuits Ta = 85°C T <sub>i</sub> = 120°C	Duty = 10%	0	_	370	mA/ch
				Duty = 50%	0	_	130	
	AFG			Duty = 10%	0	_	233	
	AFG		11 120 0	Duty = 50%	0	_	70	
Input voltage	Except TD62001APG/ AFG	V <sub>IN</sub>			0	_	24	V
Input voltage (output on)	TD62002	V <sub>IN</sub> (ON)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400 mA h <sub>FE</sub> = 800		14.5	_	24	V
	TD62003				2.8	_	24	
	TD62004				6.2	_	24	
Input voltage (output off)	TD62001	VIN (OFF)			0	_	0.6	
	TD62002				0	_	7.4	V
	TD62003				0	_	0.7	V
	TD62004				0	_	1.0	1
Input current	Only TD62001	I <sub>IN</sub>			0	_	10	mA
Clamp diode reverse voltage		V <sub>R</sub>			_	_	50	V
Clamp diode forward current		I <sub>F</sub>			_	_	350	mA
Power dissipation	APG	D-	Ta = 85°C		_	_	0.76	w
	AFG	P <sub>D</sub>	Ta = 85°C	(Note)	_	_	0.325	

3

Note: When mounted on a glass-epoxy PCB (30 mm  $\times$  30 mm  $\times$  1.6 mm, Cu area: 50%)

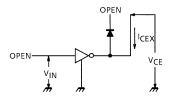


# Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

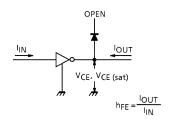
Characteristics	3	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition		Test Condition		Test Condition		Test Condition		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Ooutput leakage current		lory	1	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50 V, Ta = 25°C		_	_	50	μА						
		I <sub>CEX</sub>		V <sub>CE</sub> = 50 V,	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50 V, Ta = 85°C		_	100							
Collector-emitter saturation voltage			2	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA, I <sub>IN</sub> = 500 μA		_	1.3	1.6							
		V <sub>CE (sat)</sub>		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA, I <sub>IN</sub> = 350 μA		_	1.1	1.3	V						
				I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100 mA, I <sub>IN</sub> = 250 μA		_	0.9	1.1							
DC current transfer ratio		h <sub>FE</sub>	2	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA		1000	_	_							
	TD62002	l <sub>IN</sub> (ON)	3	V <sub>IN</sub> = 20 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA		_	1.1	1.7	mA						
Input current (output on)	TD62003			V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.4 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA		_	0.4	0.7							
	TD62004			V <sub>IN</sub> = 9.5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA		_	0.8	1.2							
Input current (output off)		I <sub>IN (OFF)</sub>	4	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 500 μA, Ta = 85°C		50	65	_	μА						
	TD62002	Vin (on)		5 V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V h <sub>FE</sub> = 800	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA	_	_	13.7	V						
	1002002				I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	_	_	11.4							
Input voltage (output on)	TD62003		5		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA	_	_	2.6							
input voitage (output on)	1002003				I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	-	_	2.0							
	TD62004				I <sub>OUT</sub> = 350 mA	_	_	4.7							
	1002004				I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA	-	_	4.4							
Clamp diode reverse current		I <sub>R</sub>	6	V <sub>R</sub> = 50 V, Ta = 25°C		_	_	50	μА						
			J	V <sub>R</sub> = 50 V, Ta = 85°C		_	_	100	μΑ						
Clamp diode forward voltage		VF	7	I <sub>F</sub> = 350 mA		_	_	2.0	٧						
Input capacitance		C <sub>IN</sub>	_				15	_	pF						
Turn-on delay		t <sub>ON</sub>	8	$V_{OUT}$ = 50 V, $R_{L}$ = 125 $\Omega$ $C_{L}$ = 15 pF		_	0.1		-16						
Turn-off delay		t <sub>OFF</sub>	8	$V_{OUT}$ = 50 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 125 $\Omega$ C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		_	0.2	_	- μS						

## **Test Circuit**

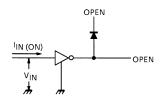
## 1. I<sub>CEX</sub>



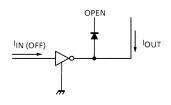
# 2. V<sub>CE (sat)</sub>, h<sub>FE</sub>



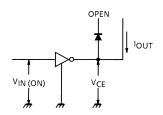
## 3. IIN (ON)



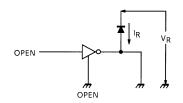
### 4. I<sub>IN (OFF)</sub>



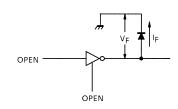
# 5. V<sub>IN (ON)</sub>



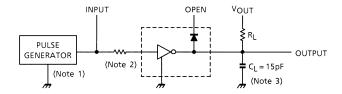
## 6. I<sub>R</sub>

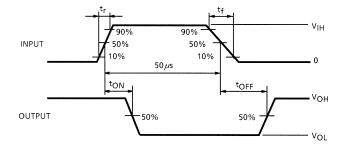


## 7. V<sub>F</sub>



#### 8. ton, toff





Note 1: Pulse width 50 µs, duty cycle 10%

Output impedance 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_{\Gamma} \le 5$  ns,  $t_{f} \le 10$  ns

Note 2: Input conditions are shown as following:

Input Condition

Type Number	R1	V <sub>IH</sub>	
TD62001APG/AFG	2.7 kΩ	3 V	
TD62002APG/AFG	0	13 V	
TD62003APG/AFG	0	3 V	
TD62004APG/AFG	0	8 V	

Note 3: C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

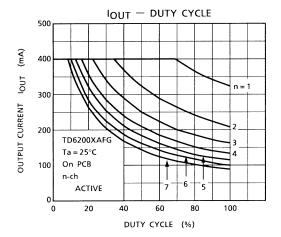
#### **Precautions for Using**

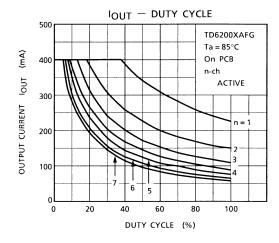
This IC does not include built-in protection circuits for excess current or overvoltage.

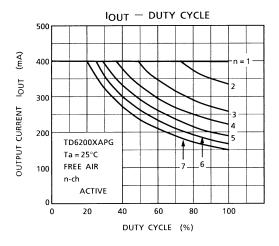
If this IC is subjected to excess current or overvoltage, it may be destroyed.

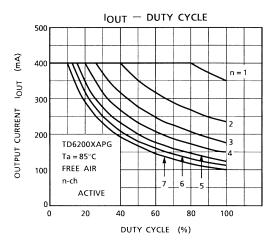
Hence, the utmost care must be taken when systems which incorporate this IC are designed.

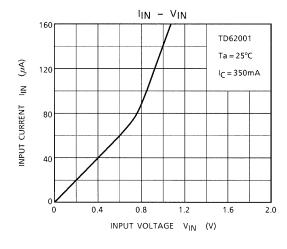
Utmost care is necessary in the design of the output line, COMMON and GND line since IC may be destroyed due to short-circuit between outputs, air contamination fault, or fault by improper grounding.

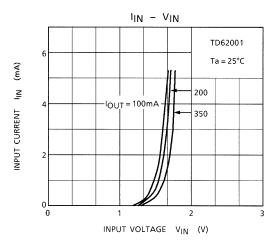


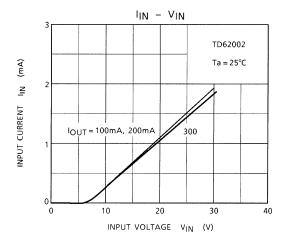


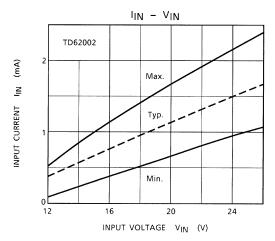


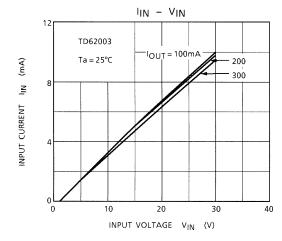


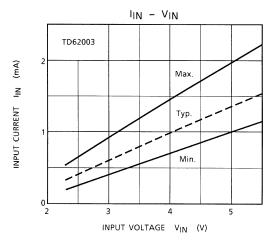


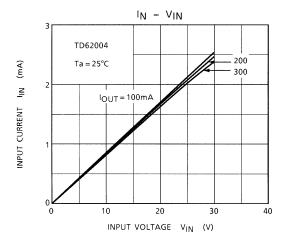


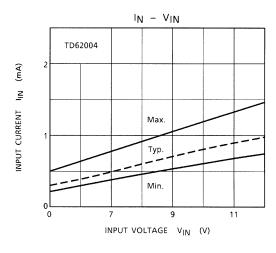


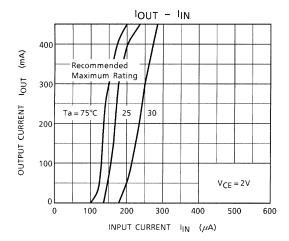


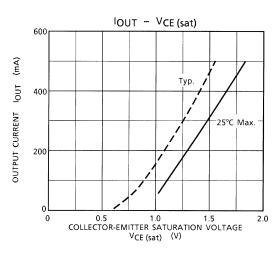


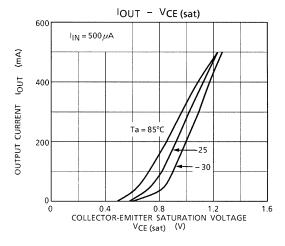


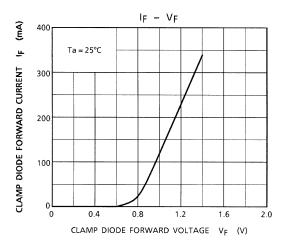


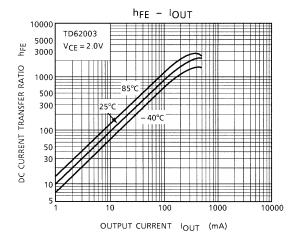


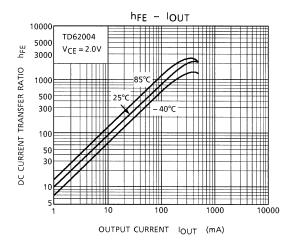


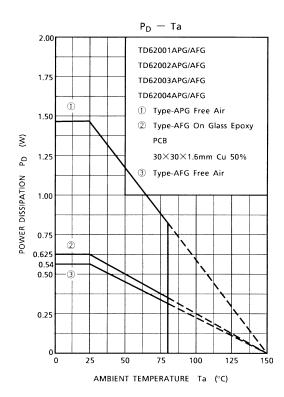






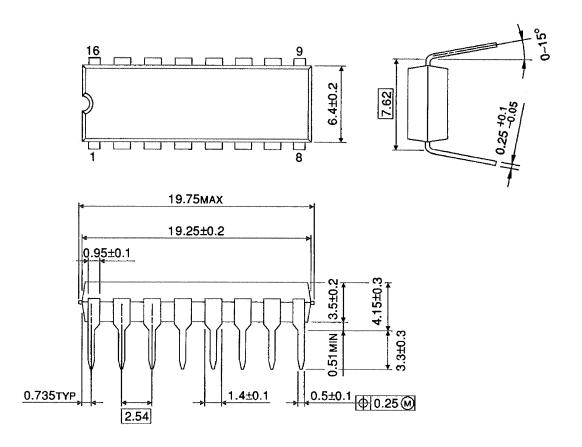








## **Package Dimensions**



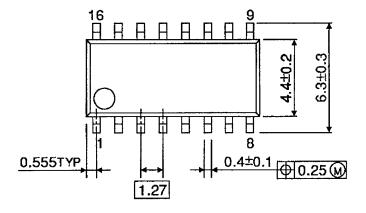
Weight: 1.11 g (Typ.)

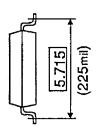
Unit: mm

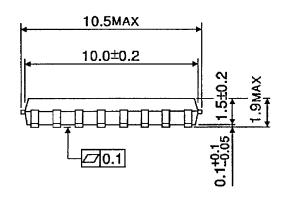


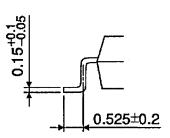
## **Package Dimensions**

SOP16-P-225-1.27









Weight: 0.16 g (Typ.)

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

- Solderability
  - (1) Use of Sn-63Pb solder Bath
    - solder bath temperature = 230°C
    - · dipping time = 5 seconds
    - · the number of times = once
    - · use of R-type flux
  - (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath
    - · solder bath temperature = 245°C
    - · dipping time = 5 seconds
    - · the number of times = once
    - · use of R-type flux

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