

TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

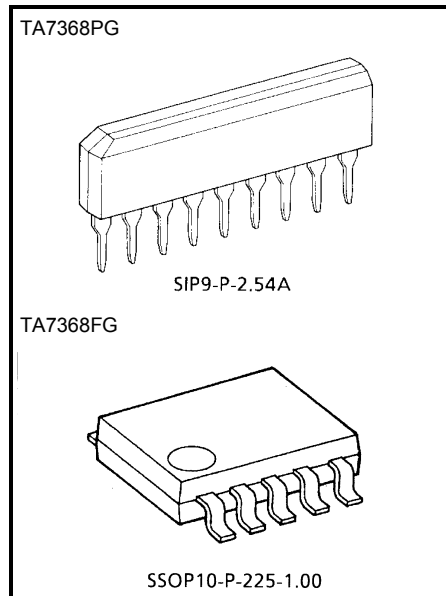
TA7368PG, TA7368FG

Audio Power Amplifier

The TA7368PG and TA7368FG are suitable for the audio power amplifier of portable cassette tape recorder and radio.

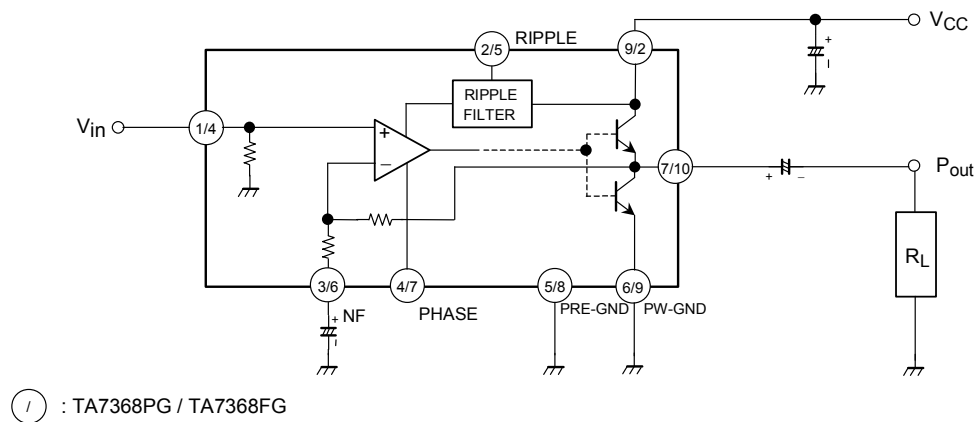
Features

- Very few external parts (only three capacitors)
- Low quiescent current: $I_{CCQ} = 6.6\text{mA}$ (typ.) ($V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$)
- Output power
 TA7368PG
 : $P_{out} = 720\text{mW}$ (typ.) ($V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$, $R_L = 4\Omega$, THD = 10%)
 TA7368PG / FG
 : $P_{out} = 450\text{mW}$ (typ.) ($V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, THD = 10%)
- Voltage gain: $G_V = 40\text{dB}$ (typ.)
- Operating supply voltage range: $V_{CC} = 2\sim 10\text{V}$ ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



Weight
 SIP9-P-2.54A : 0.92g (typ.)
 SSOP10-P-225-1.00 : 0.09g (typ.)

Block Diagram



Precaution For Use And Application

1. Input stage

The input stage of power amplifier (equivalent circuit) is comprised of a PNP differential pair (Q2 and Q3) preceded by a PNP emitter follower (Q1) which allows DC referencing of the source signal to ground. This eliminated the need for an input coupling capacitor. However, in case the brush noise of volume becomes a problem, provide serially a coupling capacitor to the input side.

2. Adjustment of voltage gain

The voltage gain is fixed at $G_V \approx 40\text{dB}$ by the resistors (R4 and R5) in IC, however, its reduction is possible through adding Rf as shown in Figure 2. In this case, the voltage gain is obtained by the following equation.

$$G_V = 20 \log \frac{R_5 + R_4 + R_f}{R_4 + R_f}$$

It is recommended to use this IC with the voltage gain of $G_V = 28\text{dB}$ or over.

3. Ripple rejection ratio

Adding CRIP, to ripple terminal 2 as shown in Figure 3, the ripple rejection ratio is improved from -25dB typ. to -45dB typ.

4. Power dissipation

Care should be taken to use this IC below maximum power dissipation.

Because it may over maximum rating depending on operating condition.

- TA7368PG $P_D = 900\text{mW}$ ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
- TA7368FG $P_D = 400\text{mW}$ ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

5. Phase-compensation

Small temperature coefficient and excellent frequency characteristic is needed by capacitors below.

- Oscillation preventing capacitors for power amplifier output
- Bypass capacitor for ripple filter
- Capacitor between VCC and GND

⊃ : TA7368PG / TA7368FG

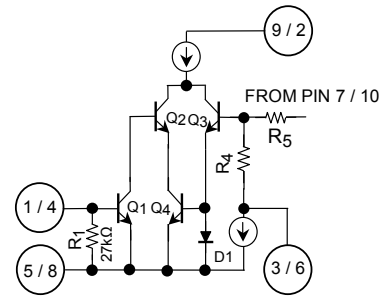


Fig.1

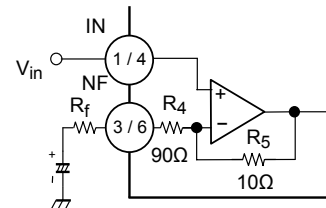


Fig.2

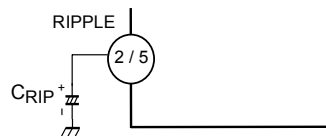


Fig.3

Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	14	V
Power dissipation	TA7368PG	P _D (Note)	900
	TA7368FG		
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-25~75	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55~150	°C

(Note) Derated above Ta = 25°C in the proportion of 7.2mW / °C for TA7368PG and of 3.2mW / °C for TA7368FG.

Electrical Characteristics For TA7368PG

(Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 6V, f = 1kHz, R_g = 600Ω, R_L = 4Ω, Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Quiescent current	I _{CCQ}	—	V _{CC} = 3V, V _{in} = 0	—	5.5	—	mA
			V _{CC} = 6V, V _{in} = 0	—	6.6	15	
			V _{CC} = 9V, V _{in} = 0	—	7.5	18	
Output power	P _{out}	—	V _{CC} = 3V, R _L = 4Ω, THD = 10%	—	120	—	mW
			V _{CC} = 6V, R _L = 4Ω, THD = 10%	500	720	—	
			V _{CC} = 6V, R _L = 8Ω, THD = 10%	300	450	—	
			V _{CC} = 9V, R _L = 8Ω, THD = 10%	800	1100	—	
			V _{CC} = 9V, R _L = 16Ω, THD = 10%	450	610	—	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	—	P _{out} = 100mW	—	0.3	1.0	%
Voltage gain	G _V	—	V _{in} = 0.5mV _{rms}	37	40	43	dB
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	—	R _g = 10kΩ, BPF = 20Hz~20kHz	—	0.2	0.5	mV _{rms}
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	—	f _r = 100Hz, V _r = 0.3V _{rms} Without C _{RIP}	—	25	—	dB
Input resistance	R _{IN}	—	—	—	27	—	kΩ

Terminal Voltage For TA7368PG

Typical Terminal Voltage at no Signal With Test Circuit. (V_{CC} = 6V, Ta = 25°C) [Unit: V]

Terminal no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DC voltage (V)	0	2.40	0.62	0.64	0	0	2.61	NC	6.0

Electrical Characteristic For TA7368FG

 (unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 6V$, $f = 1kHz$, $R_g = 600\Omega$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Quiescent current	I_{CCQ}	—	$V_{CC} = 3V, V_{in} = 0$	—	5.5	—	mA
			$V_{CC} = 6V, V_{in} = 0$	—	6.6	15	
			$V_{CC} = 9V, V_{in} = 0$	—	7.5	18	
Output power	P_{out}	—	$V_{CC} = 3V, R_L = 4\Omega, THD = 10\%$	—	120	—	mW
			$V_{CC} = 6V, R_L = 8\Omega, THD = 10\%$	300	450	—	
			$V_{CC} = 9V, R_L = 16\Omega, THD = 10\%$	450	610	—	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	—	$P_{out} = 100mW$	—	0.3	1.0	%
Voltage gain	G_V	—	$V_{in} = 0.5mV_{rms}$	37	40	43	dB
Output noise voltage	V_{no}	—	$R_g = 10k\Omega, BPF = 20Hz \sim 20kHz$	—	0.2	0.5	mV_{rms}
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	—	$f_r = 100Hz, V_r = 0.3V_{rms}$, Without C_{RIP}	—	25	—	dB
Input resistance	R_{IN}	—	—	—	27	—	k Ω

Terminal Voltage For TA7368FG

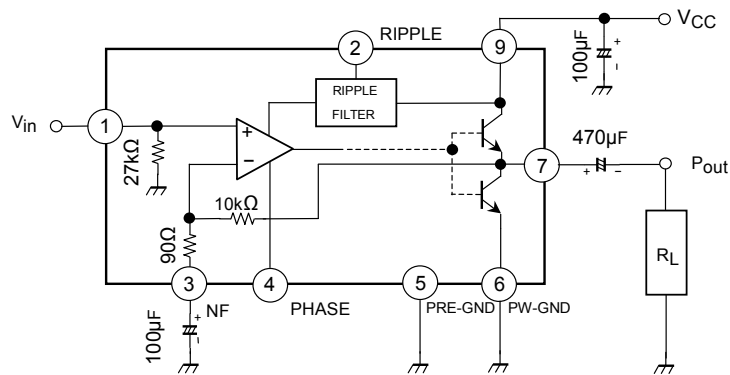
 Typical Terminal Voltage at no Signal with Test Circuit. ($V_{CC} = 6V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

[Unit: V]

Terminal no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
DC voltage (V)	NC	6.0	NC	0	2.40	0.62	0.64	0	0	2.61

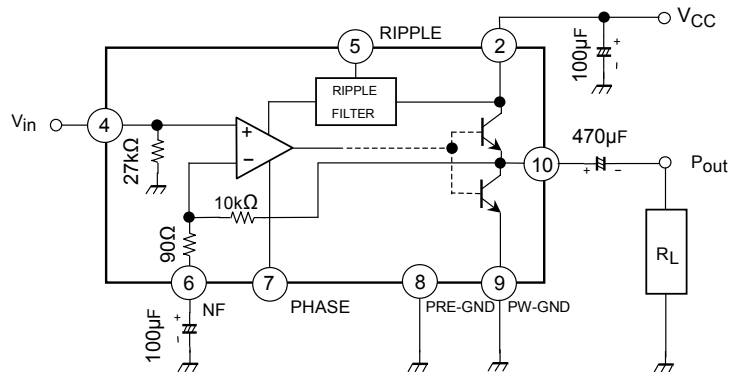
Test Circuit

TA7368PG

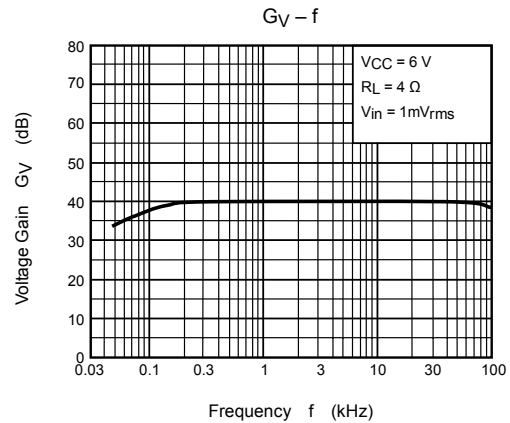
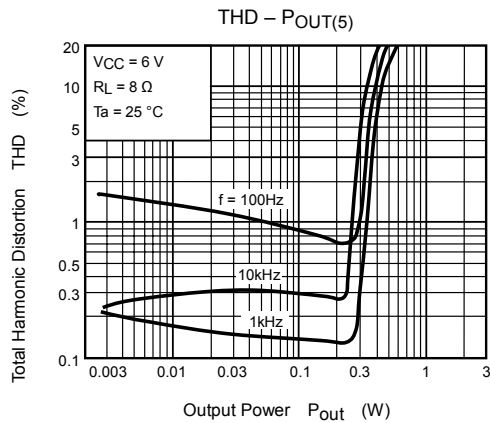
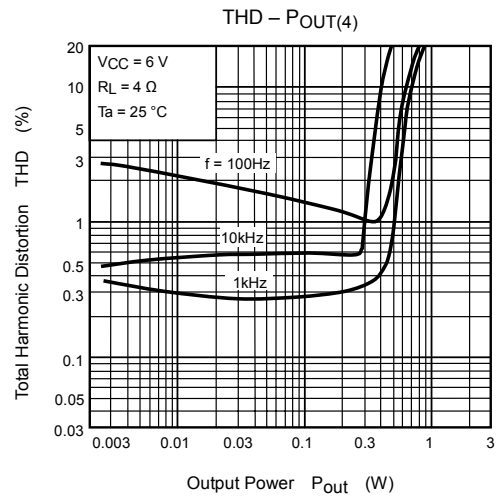
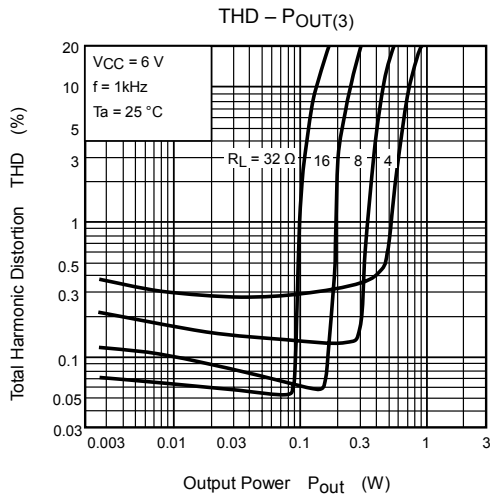
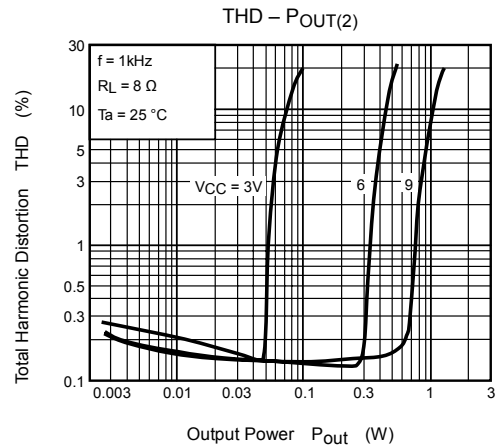
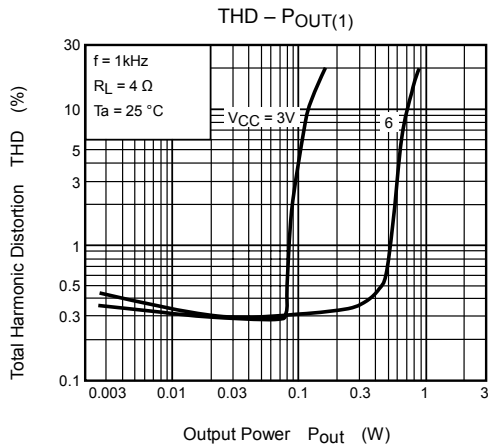


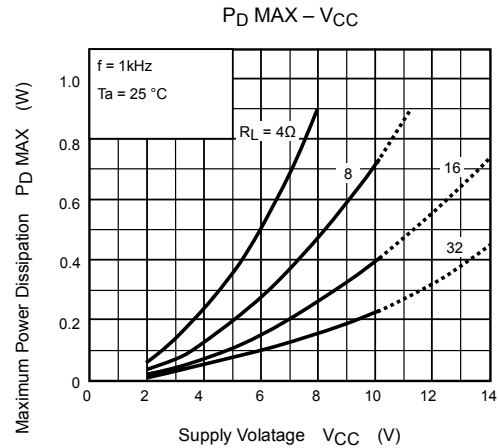
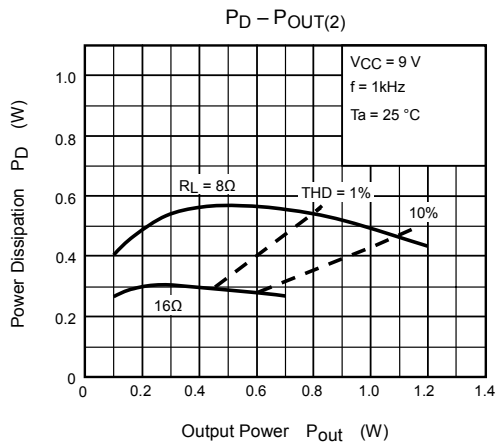
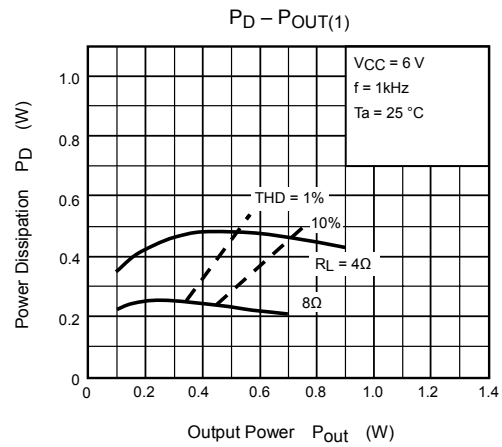
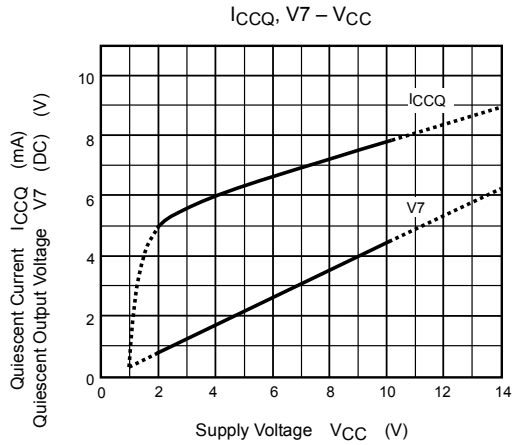
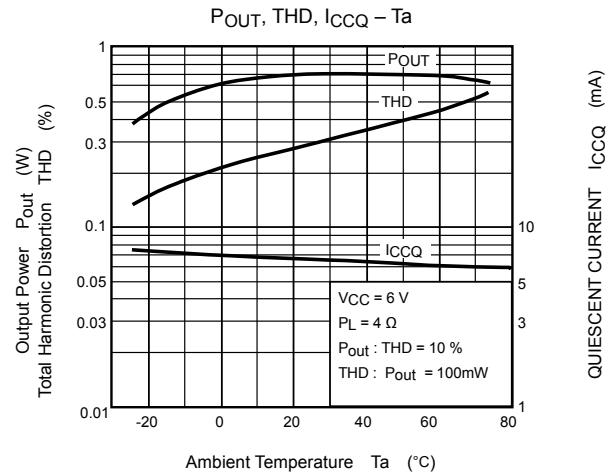
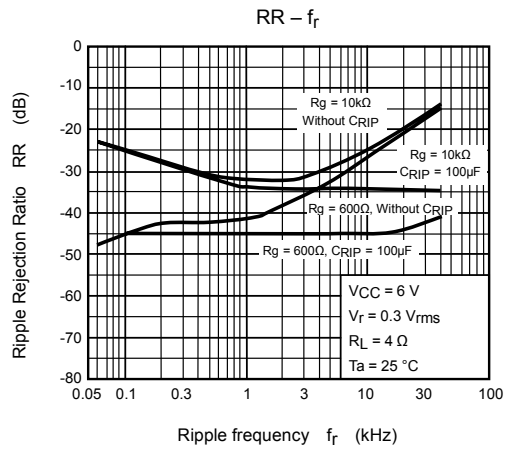
※ Pin(8): Non-connection

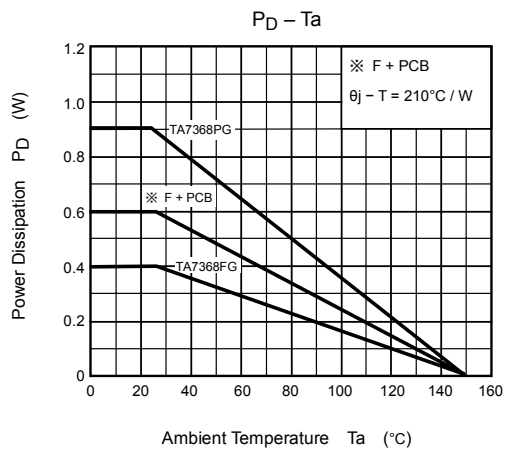
TA7368FG



※ Pin(1), (3): Non-connection







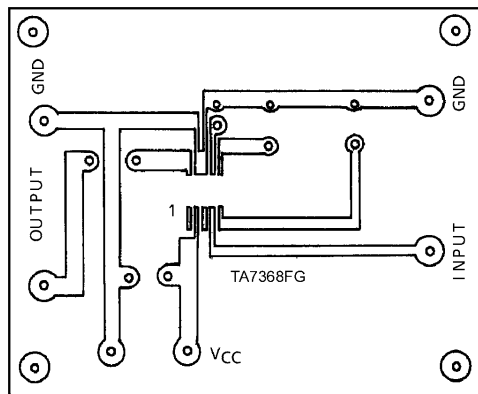
※ F+PCB

By being mounted on certain PCB's, flat packages increase the heat dissipating efficiency.

Data shown on the left is resulted from the measurement on the PCB recommended by TOSHIBA.

($\theta_j - T$: Thermal resistance)

Printed Circuit Board



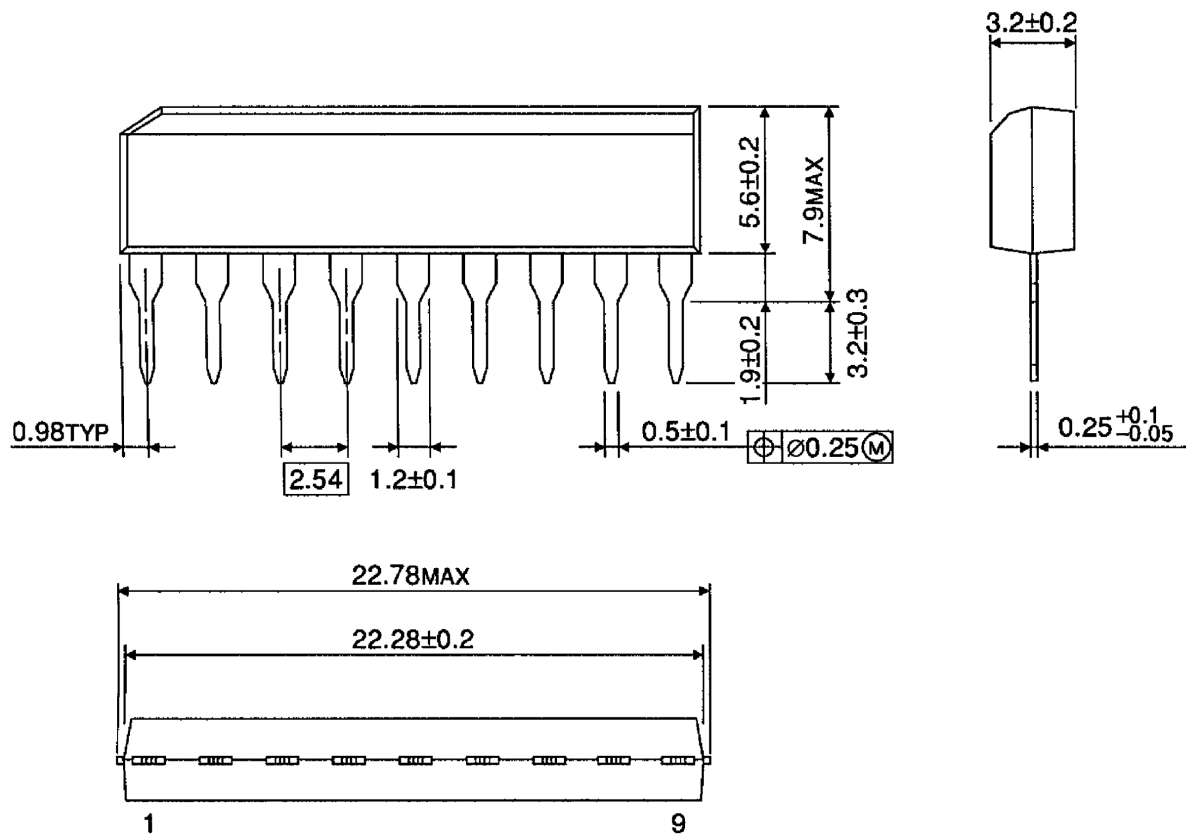
60 × 47.5 (mm)

Material: Phenol resin
 Thickness of copper leaf: 35μm
 Plate thickness: 1.6mm

Package Dimensions

SIP9-P-2.54A

Unit : mm

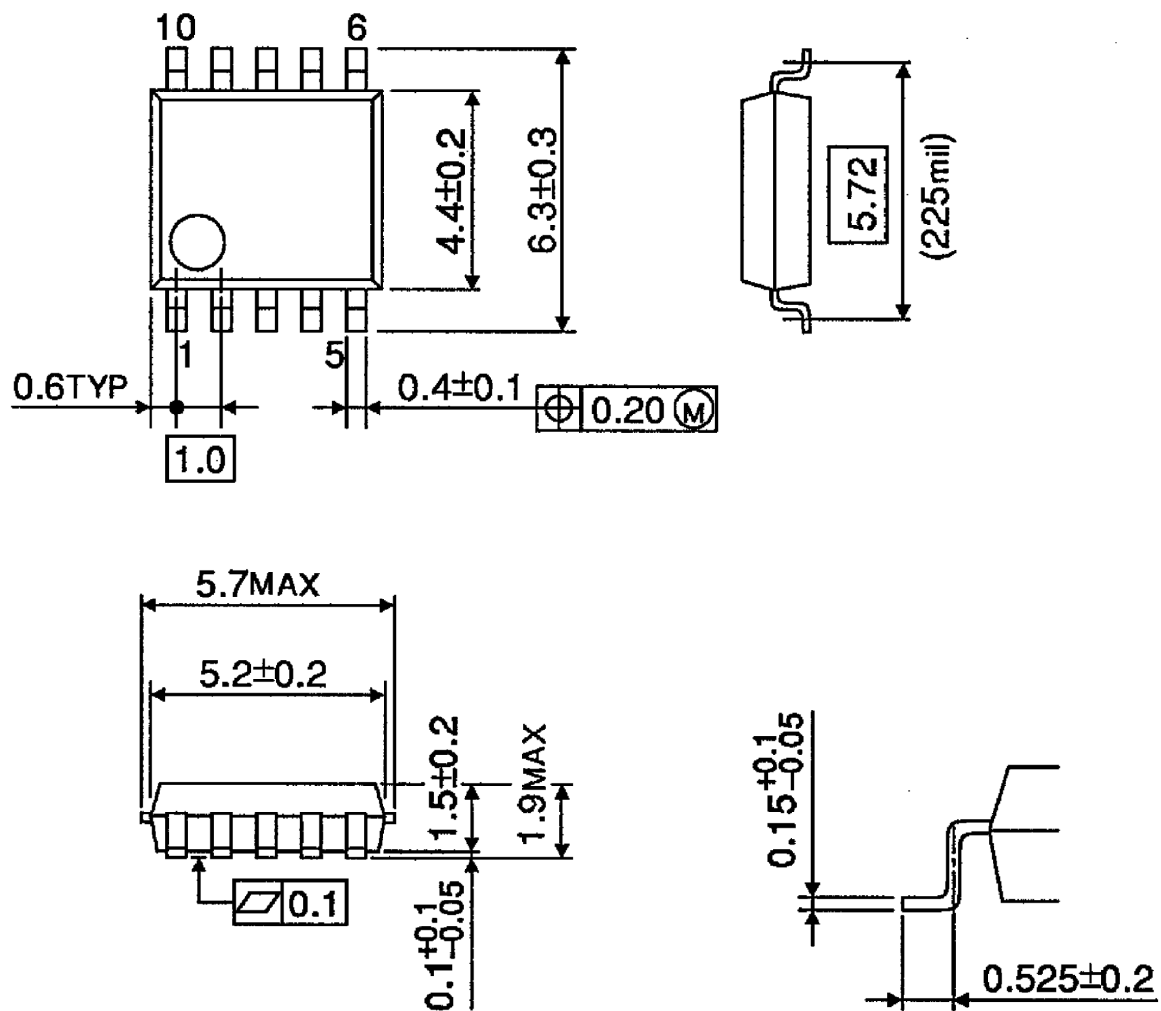


Weight: 0.92g (typ.)

Package Dimensions

SSOP10-P-225-1.00

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.09g (typ.)

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

- Solderability

- (1) Use of Sn-63Pb solder Bath

- solder bath temperature = 230°C
 - dipping time = 5 seconds
 - the number of times = once
 - use of R-type flux

- (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath

- solder bath temperature = 245°C
 - dipping time = 5 seconds
 - the number of times = once
 - use of R-type flux

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030619EBA

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