

Ultra-Low Distortion Differential ADC Driver

Preliminary Technical Data

ADA4938-1

FEATURES

Extremely low harmonic distortion

- -108 dBc HD2 @ 10 MHz
- -79 dBc HD2 @ 70 MHz
- -125 dBc HD3 @ 10 MHz
- -87 dBc HD3 @ 70 MHz

Low input voltage noise: 2.2 nV/√Hz High speed

-3 dB bandwidth of 1.5 GHz, G = 1

Slew rate: 4700 V/µs

0.1 dB gain flatness to 125 MHz

Fast settling to 0.01% in 8.5 ns

Fast overdrive recovery of 4 ns

1 mV typical offset voltage

Externally adjustable gain

Differential to differential or single-ended to differential ..

operation

Adjustable output common-mode voltage Wide Supply Voltage Range: +5 V & \pm 5 V Pb-free 3 mm x 3 mm LFCSP package

APPLICATIONS

ADC drivers
Single-ended-to-differential converters
IF and baseband gain blocks
Differential buffers
Line drivers

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADA4938-1 is a low noise, ultra-low distortion, high speed differential amplifier. It is an ideal choice for driving high performance ADCs with resolutions up to 16 bits from dc to 70 MHz. The output common mode voltage is adjustable over a wide range, allowing the ADA4938-1 to match the input of the ADC. The internal common mode feedback loop also provides exceptional output balance as well as suppression of even-order harmonic distortion products.

Full differential and single-ended to differential gain configurations are easily realized with the ADA4938-1. A simple external feedback network of four resistors determines the amplifier's closed-loop gain.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

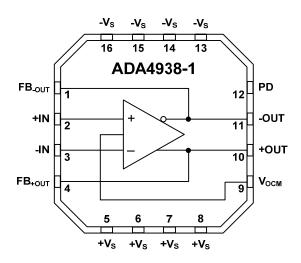


Figure 1.

The ADA4938-1 is fabricated using ADI's proprietary third generation high-voltage XFCB process, enabling it to achieve very low levels of distortion with input voltage noise of only 2.2 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$. The low dc offset and excellent dynamic performance of the ADA4938-1 make it well suited for a wide variety of data acquisition and signal processing and applications.

The ADA4938-1 is available in a Pb-free, 3 mm x 3mm lead frame chip scale package (LFCSP). It is specified to operate over the extended industrial temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

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REVISION HISTORY

12/06—Revision PrA: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

DUAL SUPPLY OPERATION

At 25 °C, $+V_S = 5$ V, $-V_S = -5$ V, $V_{OCM} = 0$ V, $R_G = R_F = 200$ Ω , G = +1, $R_{L, dm} = 1$ k Ω , unless otherwise noted. All specifications refer to single-ended input and differential outputs, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

| Parameter | Conditions | Min Typ Max | Unit |
|---|--|--------------------|----------|
| ±D _{IN} TO ±OUT PERFORMANCE | | | |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | | |
| -3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth | V _{OUT} = 0.5 V p-p, Differential Input | 1500 | MHz |
| Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, Differential Input | 125 | MHz |
| Large Signal Bandwidth | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, Differential Input | 1300 | MHz |
| | V _{OUT} = 4 V p-p, Differential Input | 800 | MHz |
| Slew Rate | $V_{OUT} = 2 V p-p$ | 4700 | V/µs |
| Settling Time | 0.01%, V _{OUT} = 2 Vp-p | 8.5 | ns |
| Overdrive Recovery Time | $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V to } 0 \text{ V step, } G = +2$ | 4 | ns |
| NOISE/HARMONIC PERFORMANCE ¹ | | | |
| Second Harmonic | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, 10 MHz | -108 | dBc |
| | $V_{OUT} = 2 V p-p, 70 MHz$ | _ 7 9 | dBc |
| Third Harmonic | $V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V p-p, } 10 \text{ MHz}$ | -125 | dBc |
| | $V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V p p, 70 MHz}$ | -87 | dBc |
| IMD | 70 MHz | J. | dBc |
| IP3 | 70 MHz | | dBm |
| Voltage Noise (RTI) | | 2.2 | nV/√H: |
| Noise Figure | G = +2 | 12 | dB |
| Input Current Noise | 3 12 | 2 | pA/√H |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | ρίζι |
| Offset Voltage | $V_{OS.dm} = V_{OUT.dm}/2; V_{DIN+} = V_{DIN-} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 1 | mV |
| Offset voltage | T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} variation | ±4 | μV/°C |
| Input Bias Current | I MIN to I MAX Variation | 3.5 | μΑ |
| input bias current | T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} variation | -0.01 | μΑ/°C |
| Input Resistance | Differential | 6 | ΜΩ |
| input nesistance | Common mode | 3 | ΜΩ |
| Input Capacitance | Common mode | 1 | pF |
| | | -4.7 to 3.4 | V |
| Input Common-Mode Voltage CMRR | AV . /AV . AV +1 V | -4.7 to 3.4 -77 | dB |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | $\Delta V_{OUT, dm}/\Delta V_{IN, cm}$; $\Delta V_{IN, cm} = \pm 1 \text{ V}$ | -// | иь |
| | Maximous AV . simple and adaptive | 1 | V |
| Output Voltage Swing | Maximum ΔV _{OUT} ; single-ended output | 1 4 | |
| Output Polones France | AV /AV . AV 1.V. 10 MH= | 95 | mA dB |
| Output Balance Error | $\Delta V_{\text{OUT, cm}}/\Delta V_{\text{OUT, dm}}; \Delta V_{\text{OUT, dm}} = 1 \text{ V}; 10 \text{ MHz}$ | -66 | ав |
| V _{OCM} to ±OUT PERFORMANCE | | | |
| V _{OCM} DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | 400 | |
| –3 dB Bandwidth | | 400 | MHz |
| Slew Rate | | 1700 | V/µs |
| INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE (RTI) | | 7.5 | nV/√Hz |
| V _{OCM} INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | |
| Input Voltage Range | | -3.8 | |
| Input Resistance | | 200 | kΩ |
| Input Offset Voltage | $V_{OS, cm} = V_{OUT, cm}$; $V_{DIN+} = V_{DIN-} = 0 V$ | 1 3.5 | |
| Input Bias Current | | 0.5 | μΑ |
| V _{OCM} CMRR | $\Delta V_{OUT, dm}/\Delta V_{OCM}$; $\Delta V_{OCM} = \pm 1 \text{ V}$ | -75 | dB |
| Gain | $\Delta V_{OUT, cm}/\Delta V_{OCM}$; $\Delta V_{OCM} = \pm 1 \text{ V}$ | 1 | V/V |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | |

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| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Operating Range | | 4.5 | | 12 | ٧ |
| Quiescent Current | | | 40 | | mA |
| | T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} variation | | 40 | | μΑ/°C |
| | Powered down | | < 1 | | mA |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\Delta V_{OUT, dm}/\Delta V_S$; $\Delta V_S = \pm 1 \text{ V}$ | | -90 | | dB |
| POWER DOWN (PD) | | | | | |
| PD Input Voltage | Powered down | | ≤ 1 | | V |
| | Enabled | | ≥ 2 | | V |
| Turn-Off Time | | | 1 | | μs |
| Turn-On Time | | | 200 | | ns |
| PD Bias Current | | | | | |
| Enabled | $\overline{PD} = 5 \text{ V}$ | | 40 | | μΑ |
| Disabled | $\overline{PD} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | 200 | | μΑ |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE | | -40 | | +85 | °C |

SINGLE SUPPLY OPERATION

At 25 °C, $+V_S = 5$ V, $-V_S = 0$ V, $V_{OCM} = 2.5$ V, $R_G = R_F = 200~\Omega$, G = +1, R_L , $dm = 1~k\Omega$, unless otherwise noted. All specifications refer to single-ended input and differential output, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

| Parameter | Conditions | Min Typ M | ax Unit |
|--|---|------------|-----------|
| ±D _{IN} TO ±OUT PERFORMANCE | | | |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | | |
| -3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth | V _{OUT} = 0.5 V p-p, Differential Input | 1500 | MHz |
| Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, Differential Input | 125 | MHz |
| Large Signal Bandwidth | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, Differential Input | 1100 | MHz |
| Slew Rate | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p | 3900 | V/µs |
| Settling Time | 0.01% , $V_{OUT} = 2 V p-p$ | 8.1 | ns |
| Overdrive Recovery Time | $V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{ V to } 0 \text{ V step, } G = +2$ | 4 | ns |
| NOISE/HARMONIC PERFORMANCE | | | |
| Second Harmonic | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, 10 MHz | -115 | dBc |
| | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, 70 MHz | -87 | dBc |
| Third Harmonic | V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, 10 MHz | -110 | dBc |
| Time Harmonic | $V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V p p, 70 MHz}$ | -79 | dBc |
| IMD | 70 MHz | ,,, | dBc |
| IP3 | 70 MHz | | dBm |
| Voltage Noise (RTI) | 70 IVII 12 | 2.2 | nV/√H: |
| _ | C = 13 | · | dB |
| Noise Figure | G = +2 | 12 | |
| Input Current Noise | | 2 | pA/√H: |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | |
| Offset Voltage | $V_{OS, dm} = V_{OUT, dm}/2; V_{DIN+} = V_{DIN-} = V_{OCM} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ | 1 | mV |
| | T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} variation | ±4 | μV/°C |
| Input Bias Current | | 3.5 | μΑ |
| | T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} variation | -0.01 | μA/°C |
| Input Resistance | Differential | 6 | MΩ |
| | Common mode | 3 | MΩ |
| Input Capacitance | | 1 | pF |
| Input Common-Mode Voltage | | 0.3 to 3.4 | V |
| CMRR | $\Delta V_{OUT, dm}/\Delta V_{IN, cm}$; $\Delta V_{IN, cm} = \pm 1 \text{ V}$ | -77 | dB |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | |
| Output Voltage Swing | Maximum ΔV _{ουτ} ; single-ended output | 1.1 3 | .9 V |
| Output Current | | 95 | mA |
| Output Balance Error | $\Delta V_{OUT, cm}/\Delta V_{OUT, dm}$; $\Delta V_{OUT, dm} = 1 \text{ V}$ | -66 | dB |
| V _{OCM} TO ±OUT PERFORMANCE | | | |
| V _{OCM} DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | | |
| –3 dB Bandwidth | | 400 | MHz |
| Slew Rate | V = 0.5 V | 1700 | V/µs |
| INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE (RTI) | | .,,,, | nV/√H |
| V _{OCM} INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | 1107 (11) |
| Input Voltage Range | | 1.2 | .8 V |
| Input Resistance | | 200 | kΩ |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | $V_{OS, cm} = V_{OUT, cm}; V_{DIN+} = V_{DIN-} = V_{OCM} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ | | mV |
| Input Offset Voltage | $\mathbf{v}_{OS, cm} = \mathbf{v}_{OUT, cm}, \mathbf{v}_{DIN+} = \mathbf{v}_{DIN-} = \mathbf{v}_{OCM} = 2.3 \mathbf{v}$ | 1 | |
| Input Bias Current | AV /AV .AV | 0.5 | μA |
| V _{OCM} CMRR | $\Delta V_{OUT, dm}/\Delta V_{OCM}$; $\Delta V_{OCM} = \pm 1 V$ | -75 | dB |
| Gain | $\Delta V_{OUT, cm}/\Delta V_{OCM}$; $\Delta V_{OCM} = \pm 1 \text{ V}$ | 1 | V/V |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | |
| Operating Range | | | 2 V |
| Quiescent Current | | 36 | mA |
| | T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} variation | 40 | μΑ/°C |

Preliminary Technical Data

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
| | Powered down | | < 1 | | mA |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\Delta V_{OUT, dm}/\Delta V_S$; $\Delta V_S = \pm 1 V$ | | -90 | | dB |
| POWER DOWN (PD) | | | | | |
| PD Input Voltage | Powered down | | ≤ 1 | | V |
| | Enabled | | ≥ 2 | | V |
| Turn-Off Time | | | 1 | | μs |
| Turn-On Time | | | 200 | | ns |
| PD Bias Current | | | | | |
| Enabled | $\overline{PD} = 5 \text{ V}$ | | 20 | | μΑ |
| Disabled | $\overline{PD} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | -120 | | μΑ |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE | | -40 | | +85 | °C |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 3.

| Parameter | Rating |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage | TBD |
| Power Dissipation | See Figure 2 |
| Storage Temperature Range | −65°C to +125°C |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40°C to +85°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) | 300°C |
| Junction Temperature | 150°C |

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Rating may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

 θ_{JA} is specified for the worst-case conditions; that is, θ_{JA} is specified for a device (including exposed pad) soldered to the circuit board.

Table 4. Thermal Resistance

| Package Type | θ _{JA} | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|
| 16-Lead LFCSP (Exposed Pad) | TBD | °C/W |

Maximum Power Dissipation

The maximum safe power dissipation in the ADA4938-1 package is limited by the associated rise in junction temperature (T_1) on the die. At approximately 150°C, which is the glass transition temperature, the plastic changes its properties. Even temporarily exceeding this temperature limit can change the stresses that the package exerts on the die, permanently shifting the parametric performance of the ADA4938-1. Exceeding a junction temperature of 150°C for an extended period can result in changes in the silicon devices, potentially causing failure.

The power dissipated in the package (P_D) is the sum of the quiescent power dissipation and the power dissipated in the package due to the load drive. The quiescent power is the voltage between the supply pins (V_S) times the quiescent current (I_S) . The power dissipated due to the load drive depends upon the particular application. The power due to load drive is calculated by multiplying the load current by the associated voltage drop across the device. RMS voltages and currents must be used in these calculations.

Airflow increases heat dissipation, effectively reducing θ_{JA} . In addition, more metal directly in contact with the package leads/exposed pad from metal traces, through-holes, ground, and power planes reduces the θ_{JA} .

Figure 2 shows the maximum safe power dissipation in the package vs. the ambient temperature for the 16-lead LFCSP (TBD °C/W) on a JEDEC standard 4-layer board.

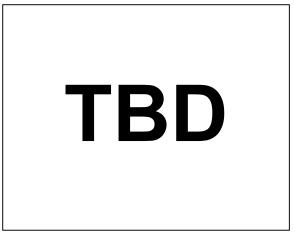


Figure 2. Maximum Power Dissipation vs. Temperature for a 4-Layer Board

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

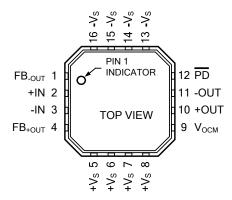


Figure 3. Pin Configuration

Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | lo. Mnemonic Description | |
|----------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | FB-out | Negative output feedback pin |
| 2 | +IN | Positive input summing node |
| 3 | -IN | Negative input summing node |
| 4 | FB _{+OUT} | Positive output feedback pin |
| 5 to 8 | +V _s | Positive supply voltage |
| 9 | V _{OCM} | Output common mode voltage |
| 10 | +OUT | Positive output |
| 11 | -OUT | Negative output |
| 12 | PD | Power-down pin |
| 13 to 16 | -V _S | Negative supply voltage |

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

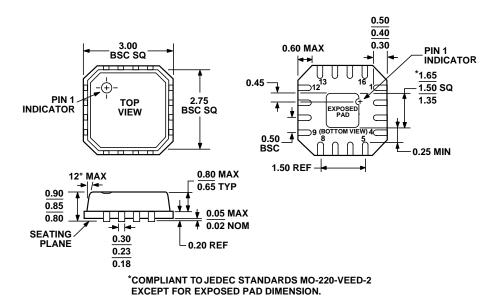


Figure 4. 16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ] 3 mm × 3 mm Body (CP-16-3) Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Ordering Quantity | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option | Branding |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------|
| ADA4938-1YCPZ-R2 | 5,000 | −40°C to +85°C | 16-Lead 3 mm × 3 mm LFCSP | CP-16 -3 | |
| ADA4938-1YCPZ-RL | 1,500 | −40°C to +85°C | 16-Lead 3 mm × 3 mm LFCSP | CP-16 -3 | |
| ADA4938-1YCPZ-R7 | 250 | −40°C to +85°C | 16-Lead 3 mm × 3 mm LFCSP | CP-16 -3 | |