

AD20msp410

FEATURES

Passed European GSM Phase I Type Approval
 Complete Baseband Processing Chipset Performs:
 Speech Coding/Decoding, According to GSM 06.XX
 DTMF and Call Progress Tone Generation
 Equalization with 16-State Viterbi, Soft Decision
 Channel Coding/Decoding According to GSM 05.03
 All ADC and DAC Interface Functions
 Includes all Radio, Auxiliary and Voice Interfaces
 Support for GSM Data Services
 Embedded 16-Bit Microcontroller
 Layer 1 Software Provided with Chipset
 Full Phase 2 Protocol Stack Software Available
 Integrated SIM- and Keyboard Interface
 Ultralow Power Design
 2.7 V Operating Voltage
 Intelligent Power Management Features
 Up to 70 Hours Standby Time Achievable
 JTAG-Boundary Scan
 Full Reference Design Available
 Three TQFP Devices, Occupying Less than 12 cm²

APPLICATIONS

GSM/DCS1800 Mobile Radios and PCMCIA Cards

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Analog Devices GSM baseband processing chipset provides a competitive solution for GSM based mobile radio systems. It is designed to be fully integrated, easy to use, and compatible with a wide range of product solutions. GSM phones using this chipset and its accompanying Layer 1, 2, 3 software have passed the European GSM full type approval process.

The chipset consists of three highly integrated, sub-micron, low power CMOS components that form the core baseband signal processing of the GSM handset. The system architecture is designed to be easily integrated into current designs and form the basis of next generation of designs.

The chipset uses an operating voltage of 2.7 V to 3.6 V, which coupled with the extensive power management features, significantly reduces the drain on battery power and extends the handset's talktime and standby time.

CHIPSET COMPONENTS

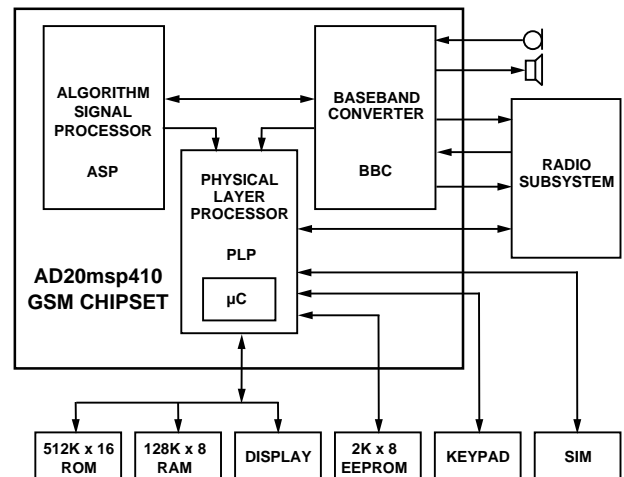
Algorithm Signal Processor (ASP)

The ASP is an application specific variant of the ADSP-2171 standard DSP from Analog Devices. It has been optimized to meet the cost, size and power consumption requirements of GSM mobile applications. All necessary memory to run the GSM specific programs is provided on-chip and with its

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SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE



preprogrammed ROM, no user programming is required. The ASP implements full rate speech transcoding according to GSM specifications, including Discontinuous Transmission (DTX) and Comfort Noise Insertion (CNI). A high performance soft-decision Viterbi equalizer is also implemented in software, embedded in the ROM.

Physical Layer Processor (PLP)

The PLP combines application specific hardware and an embedded 16-bit microcontroller (Hitachi H8/300H) to perform channel coding and decoding and execute the protocol stack and user software. The embedded processor executes the Layer 1, 2, 3 and user MMI software. The PLP can control all powerdown functions of the other chips and memory support components to achieve maximum power savings.

Baseband Converter (BBC)

The BBC performs the voiceband and baseband analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversions, interfacing the digital sections of the chipset to the microphone, loudspeaker and radio section. In addition, the BBC contains all the auxiliary converters for burst-ramping, AFC, AGC, battery and temperature monitoring. The chipset interfaces directly with a variety of industry standard radio architectures and supplies all the synthesizer and timing control signals.