

CMOS MT8841 Calling Number Identification Circuit

Features

- 1200 baud BELL 202 and CCITT V.23
 Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) demodulation
- Compatible with Bellcore TR-NWT-000030 and SR-TSV-002476
- High input sensitivity: -36dBm
- Simple serial 3-wire data interface eliminating the need for a UART
- Power down mode
- Internal gain adjustable amplifier
- Carrier detect status output
- Uses 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator
- Single 5V power supply
- Low power CMOS technology

Applications

- Calling Number Delivery (CND), Calling Name Delivery (CNAM) and Calling Identity on Call Waiting (CIDCW) features of Bellcore CLASSSM service
- Feature phones
- Phone set adjunct boxes
- FAX machines
- Telephone Answering machines
- Database query systems

Ord	ering Information
MT8841AE	16 Pin Plastic DIP
MT8841AS	16 Pin SOIC
MT8841AN	20 Pin SSOP
-40	°C to +85 °C

ISSUE 4

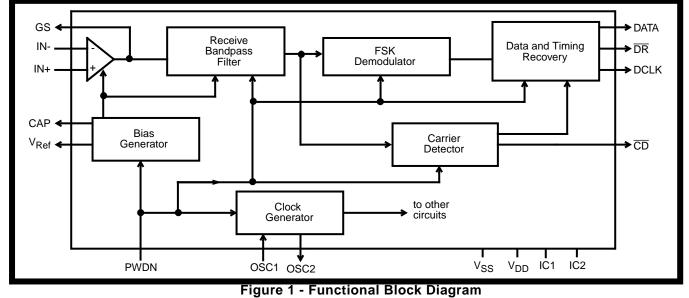
May 1995

Description

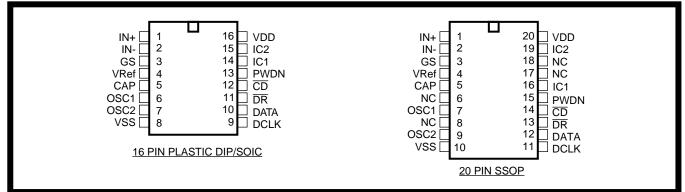
The MT8841 Calling Number Identification Circuit (CNIC) is a CMOS integrated circuit providing an interface to various calling line information delivery services that utilize 1200 baud BELL 202 or CCITT V.23 FSK voiceband data transmission schemes. The CNIC receives and demodulates the signal and outputs data into a simple 3-wire serial interface.

Typically, the FSK modulated data containing information on the calling line is sent before alerting the called party or during the silent interval between the first and second ring using either CCITT V.23 recommendations or Bell 202 specifications.

The CNIC accepts and demodulates both CCITT V.23 and BELL 202 signals. Along with serial data and clock, the CNIC provides a data ready signal to indicate the reception of every 8-bit character sent from the Central Office. The received data can be processed externally by a microcontroller, stored in memory, or displayed as is, depending on the application.



CLASSSM is a service mark of Bellcore





Pin Description

Pi	n #		
16	20	Name	Description
1	1	IN+	Non-inverting Op-Amp (Input).
2	2	IN-	Inverting Op-Amp (Input).
3	3	GS	Gain Select (Output). Gives access to op-amp output for connection of feedback resistor.
4	4	V _{Ref}	Voltage Reference (Output). Nominally $V_{DD/2}$. This is used to bias the op-amp inputs.
5	5	CAP	Capacitor. Connect a 0.1μ F capacitor to V _{SS} .
6	7	OSC1	Oscillator (Input). Crystal or ceramic resonator connection. This pin can be driven directly from an external clocking source.
7	9	OSC2	Oscillator (Output). Crystal or ceramic resonator connection. When OSC1 is driven by an external clock, this pin should be left open.
8	10	V _{SS}	Power supply ground.
9	11	DCLK	Data Clock (Output). Outputs a clock burst of 8 low going pulses at 1202.8Hz (3.5795MHz divided by 2976). Every clock burst is initiated by the DATA stop bit start bit sequence. When the input DATA is 1202.8 baud, the positive edge of each DCLK pulse coincides with the middle of the data bits output at the DATA pin. No DCLK pulses are generated during the start or stop bits. Typically, DCLK is used to clock the eight data bits from the 10 bit data word into a serial-to-parallel converter.
10	12	DATA	Data (Output). Serial data output corresponding to the FSK input and switching at the input baud rate. Mark frequency at the input corresponds to a logic high, while space frequency corresponds to a logic low at the DATA output. With no FSK input, DATA is at logic high. This output stays high until CD has become active.
11	13	DR	Data Ready (Open Drain Output). This output goes low after the last DCLK pulse of each word. This can be used to identify the data (8-bit word) boundary on the serial output stream. Typically, DR is used to latch the eight data bits from the serial-to-parallel converter into a microcontroller.
12	14	CD	Carrier Detect (Open Drain Output). A logic low indicates that a carrier has been present for a specified time on the line. A time hysteresis is provided to allow for momentary discontinuity of carrier.
13	15	PWDN	Power Down (Input). Active high, Schmitt Trigger input. Powers down the device including the input op-amp and the oscillator.
14	16	IC1	Internal Connection 1. Connect to V _{SS} .
15	19	IC2	Internal Connection 2. Internally connected, leave open circuit.
16	20	V_{DD}	Positive power supply voltage.
	6,8 17, 18	NC	No Connection.

Functional Description

The MT8841 Calling Number Identification Circuit (CNIC) is a device compatible with the Bellcore proposal (TR-NWT-000030) on generic requirements for transmitting asynchronous voiceband data to Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) from a serving Stored Program Controlled Switching System (SPCS) or a Central Office (CO). This data transmission technique is applicable in a variety of services like Calling Number Delivery (CND), Calling Name Delivery (CNAM) or Calling Identity Delivery on Call Waiting (CIDCW) as specified in Custom Local Area Signalling Service (CLASSSM) calling information delivery features by Bellcore.

With CND, CNAM and CIDCW service, the called subscriber has the capability to display or to store the information on the calling party which is sent by the CO and received by the CNIC.

In the CND service, information about a calling party is embedded in the silent interval between the first and second ring. During this period, the CNIC receives and demodulates the 1200 baud FSK signal (compatible with Bell-202 specification) and outputs data into a 3-wire serial interface.

In the CIDCW service, information about a second calling party is sent to the subscriber, while they are engaged in another call. During this period, the CNIC receives and demodulates the FSK signal as in the CND case.

The CNIC is designed to provide the data transmission interface required for the above service

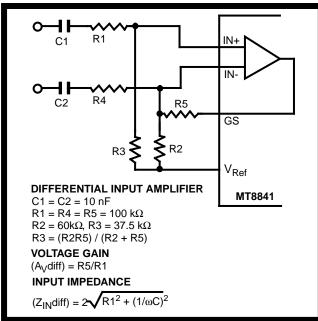


Figure 3 - Differential Input Configuration

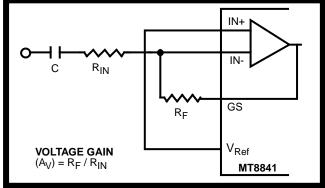


Figure 4 - Single-Ended Input Configuration

at the called subscriber location either in the on-hook case as in CND, or the off-hook case, as in CIDCW. The functional block diagram of the CNIC is shown in Figure 1. Note however, for CIDCW applications, a separate CAS (CPE Alerting Signal) detector is required.

In Europe, Caller ID and CIDCW services are being proposed. These schemes may be different from their North American counterparts. In most cases, 1200 baud CCITT V.23 FSK is used instead of Bell 202. Because the CNIC can also demodulate 1200 baud CCITT V.23 with the same performance, it is suitable for these applications.

Although the main application of the CNIC is to support CND and CIDCW service, it may also be used in any application where 1200 baud Bell 202 and/or CCITT V.23 FSK data reception is required.

Input Configuration

The input arrangement of the MT8841 provides an operational amplifier, as well as a bias source (V_{Ref}) which is used to bias the inputs at $V_{DD/2}$. Provision is made for connection of a feedback resistor to the opamp output (GS) for adjustment of gain. In a single-ended configuration, the input pins are connected as shown in Figure 4.

Figure 3 shows the necessary connections for a differential input configuration.

User Interface

The CNIC provides a powerful 3-pin interface which can reduce the external hardware and software requirements. The CNIC receives the FSK signal, demodulates it, and outputs the extracted data to the DATA pin. For each received stop bit start bit sequence, the CNIC outputs a fixed frequency clock string of 8 pulses at the DCLK pin. Each clock rising

MT8841

edge corresponds to the centre of each DATA bit cell (providing the incoming baud rate matches the DCLK rate). DCLK is not generated for the stop and start bits. Consequently, DCLK will clock only valid data into a peripheral device such as a serial to parallel shift register or a micro-controller. The CNIC also outputs an end of word pulse (data ready) at the \overline{DR} pin. The data ready signal indicates the reception of every 10-bit word sent from the Central Office. This output is typically used to interrupt a micro-controller. The three outputs together, eliminate the need for a UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter) or the high software overhead of performing the UART function (asynchronous serial data reception).

Note that the 3-pin interface may also output data generated by voice since these frequencies are in the input frequency detection band of the device. The user may choose to ignore these outputs when FSK data is not expected, or force the CNIC into its powerdown mode.

Power Down Mode

For applications requiring reduced power consumption, the CNIC can be forced into power down when it is not needed to receive FSK data. This is done by pulling the PWDN pin high. In powerdown mode, the crystal oscillator, op-amp and internal circuitry are all disabled and the CNIC will not react to the input signal. DATA and DCLK are at logic high, and \overline{DR} and \overline{CD} are at high impedance or at logic high when pulled up with resistors.The CNIC can be awakened for reception of the FSK signal by pulling the PWDN pin to ground (see Figure 9).

Carrier Detect

The presence of the FSK signal is indicated by a logic low at the carrier detect (\overline{CD}) output. This output has built in hysteresis to prevent toggling when the received signal is shortly interrupted. Note that the \overline{CD} output is also activated by voice since these frequencies are in the input frequency detection band of the device. The user may choose to ignore this output when FSK data is not expected, or force the CNIC into its powerdown mode.

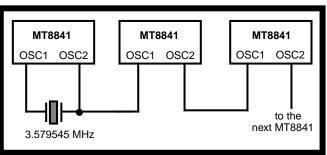


Figure 5 - Common Crystal Connection

Crystal Oscillator

The CNIC uses a crystal oscillator as the master timing source for filters and the FSK demodulator. The crystal specification is as follows:

Frequency:	3.579545 MHz
Frequency tolerance:	±0.1%(-40°C+85°C)
Resonance mode:	Parallel
Load capacitance:	18 pF
Maximum series resistance:	150 ohms
Maximum drive level (mW):	2 mW
e.g. CTS MP036S	

A number of MT8841 devices can be connected as shown in Figure 5 such that only one crystal is required. The connection between OSC2 and OSC1 can be D.C. coupled as shown, or A.C. coupled using 30pF capacitors. Alternatively, the OSC1 inputs on all devices can be driven from a CMOS buffer (dc coupled) with the OSC2 outputs left unconnected.

VRef and CAP Inputs

 V_{Ref} is the output of a low impedance voltage source equal to $V_{DD/2}$ and is used to bias the input op-amp. A 0.1µF capacitor is required between CAP and V_{SS} to suppress noise on $V_{Ref.}$

Applications

The circuit shown in Figure 6 illustrates the use of the MT8841 device in a typical FSK receiver system. Bellcore Special Report SR-TSV-002476 specifies that the FSK receiver should be able to receive FSK signal levels as follows:

Received Signal Level at 1200Hz: -32dBm to -12dBm

Received Signal Level at 2200Hz: -36dBm to -12dBm

This condition can be attained by choosing suitable values of R1 and R2. The MT8841 configured in a unity gain mode as shown in Fig. 6 meets the above level requirements.

For applications requiring detection of lower FSK signal level, the input op amp may be configured to provide adequate gain.

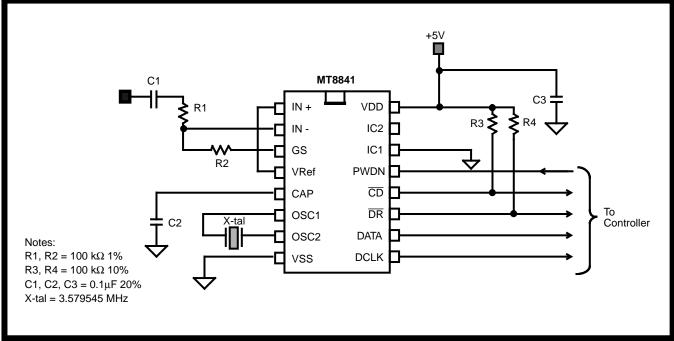


Figure 6 - Application Circuit (Single-Ended Input)

	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
1	DC Power Supply Voltage V_{DD} to V_{SS}	V _{DD}	-0.3	6	V
2	Voltage on any pin	V _P	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V
3	Current at any pin (except V_{DD} and V_{SS})	I _{I/O}		±10	mA
4	Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-65	+150	°C
5	Package Power Dissipation	P _D		500	mW

Absolute Maximum Ratings* - Voltages are with respect to V_{SS} unless otherwise stated.

* Exceeding these values may cause permanent damage. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

Recommended Operating Conditions - Voltages are with respect to ground (V_{SS}) unless otherwise stated

	Characteristics	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
1	DC Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
2	Clock Frequency	f _{OSC}		3.579545		MHz	
3	Tolerance on Clock Frequency	∆fc			±0.2	%	
4	Operating Temperature		-40		+85	°C	

DC Electrical Characteristics[†]

		Characteristics	Sym	Min	Тур*	Max	Units	Test Conditions
1	S	Standby Supply Current	Iddq		15	100	μΑ	PWDN=V _{DD}
2	U P	Operating Supply Current	I _{DD}		3	5	mA	PWDN=V _{SS}
3	P L Y	Power Consumption	PO			28	mW	
4	DATA DCLK	Low Level Output Voltage High Level Output Voltage	V _{OL} V _{OH}	V _{DD} -0.4		0.4	V V	I _{OL} =2.5mA I _{OH} =0.8mA
5	DR CD	Sink Current	I _{OL}	2.5			mA	V _{OL} =0.4V
6	PWDN	Low Level Input Voltage High Level Input Voltage	V _{IL} V _{IH}	V _{DD} -1.2		1.2	V V	
7		Input Current	I _{IN}			10	μΑ	$V_{SS} \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD}$
8	VRef	Output Voltage	V _{Ref}	2.45	2.5	2.55	V	V _{DD} =5.0V No Load
9		Output Resistance	R _{Ref}			2	kΩ	

DC Electrical Characteristics are over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise stated.
 * Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only.

	Characteristics	Sym	Min	Тур [‡]	Max	Units	Test Conditions					
1	Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}			1	μΑ	$V_{SS} \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD}$					
2	Input Resistance	R _{in}	5			MΩ						
3	Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}			25	mV						
4	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	30	40		dB	1kHz ripple on V _{DD}					
5	Common Mode Rejection	CMRR	30	40		dB	$V_{CMmin} \le V_{IN} \le V_{CMmax}$					
6	DC Open Loop Voltage Gain	A _{VOL}	30	32		dB						
7	Unity Gain Bandwidth	f _C	.2	0.3		MHz						
8	Output Voltage Swing	Vo	0.5		V _{DD} -0.5	V_{pp}	Load \geq 50k Ω					
9	Maximum Capacitive Load (GS)	CL			100	pF						
10	Maximum Resistive Load (GS)	RL	50			kΩ						
11	Common Mode Range Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0		V _{DD} -1.0	V						

Electrical Characteristics[†] - Gain Setting Amplifier

† Electrical characteristics are over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise stated.
 ‡ Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only: not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

AC Electrical Characteristics[†] - FSK Detection

	Characteristics	Sym	Min	Тур‡	Max	Units	Notes*
1	Input Detection Level		-36 12.3		-9 275	dBm mV	1, 2, 3 1, 2, 3
2	Input Baud Rate		1188	1200	1212	baud	7
3	Input Frequency Detection Bell 202 1 (Mark) Bell 202 0 (Space)		1188 2178	1200 2200	1212 2222	Hz Hz	}7 BELL 202 Frequencies
	CCITT V.23 1 (Mark) CCITT V.23 0 (Space)		1280.5 2068.5	1300 2100	1319.5 2131.5	Hz Hz	7 CCITT V.23 Frequencies
4	Input Noise Tolerance 20 log(signal) noise	SNR	20			dB	2, 3, 4, 5

AC Electrical Characteristics are over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise stated.
 Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only: not guaranteed and not subject to production testing.

AC Electrical Characteristics[†] - Timing

		Characteristics	Sym	Min	Тур [‡]	Max	Units	Notes*
1	PWDN	Power-up time	t _{PU}		35	50	ms	
2	OSC1	Power-down time	t _{PD}		100	1000	μs	11
3		Input FSK to CD low delay	t _{IAL}			25	ms	
4	CD	Input FSK to CD high delay	t _{IAH}	8			ms	
5		Hysteresis		8			ms	
6	DATA	Rate		1188	1200	1212	bps	6,12
7		Input FSK to DATA delay	t _{IDD}		1	5	ms	
8		Rise time	t _R			200	ns	8
9	DATA	Fall time	t _F			200	ns	8
10	DCLK	DATA to DCLK delay	t _{DCD}	6	416		μs	6, 7, 10
11		DCLK to DATA delay	t _{CDD}	6	416		μs	6, 7, 10
12		Frequency		1200	1202.8	1205	Hz	7
13	DCLK	High time	t _{CH}	415	416	417	μs	7
14		Low time	t _{CL}	415	416	417	μs	7
15	DCLK DR	DCLK to \overline{DR} delay	t _{CRD}	415	416	417	μs	7
16		Rise time	t _{RR}			10	μs	9
17	DR	Fall time	t _{FF}			200	ns	9
18		Low time	t _{RL}	415	416	417	μs	7

† AC Electrical Characteristics are over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise stated.

[‡] Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only, not guaranteed and not subject to production testing. ***Notes:**

dBm=decibels above or below a reference power of 1mW into 600Ω. 1.

- Using unity gain test circuit shown in Figure 6. Mark and Space frequencies have the same amplitude.

2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. Band limited random noise (200-3200Hz).

Referenced to the minimum input detection level.

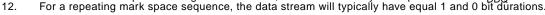
FSK input data at 1200 ±12 baud.

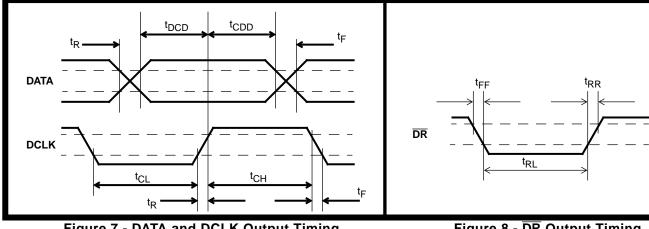
OSC1 at 3.579545 MHz ±0.2%.

10k to V_{SS} , 50pF to V_{SS} . 10k to V_{DD} , 50pF to V_{SS} . Function of signal condition.

10.

The device will stop functioning within this time, but more time may be required to reach I_{DDQ}. For a repeating mark space sequence, the data stream will typically have equal 1 and 0 bit durations. 11.









MT8841

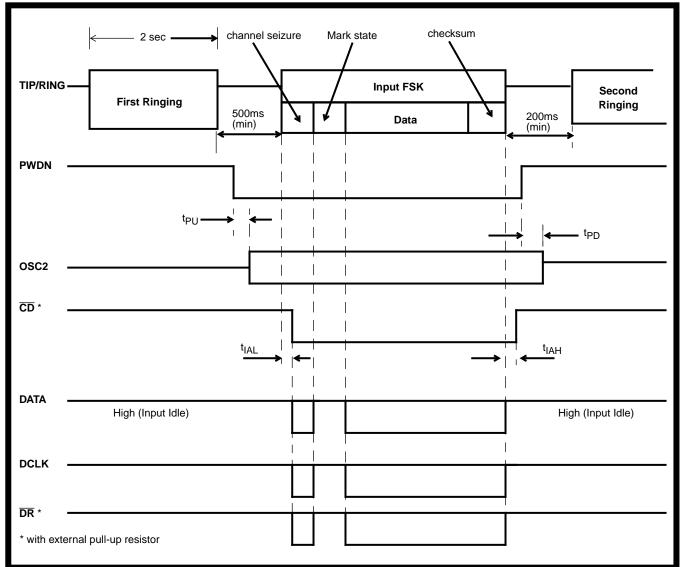


Figure 9 - Input and Output Timing (Bellcore CND Service)

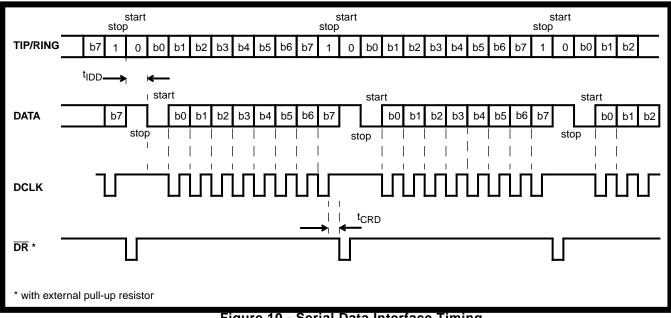
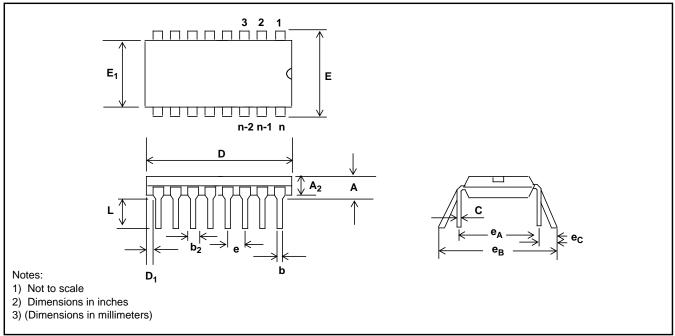


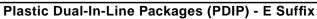
Figure 10 - Serial Data Interface Timing

MT8841

Notes:

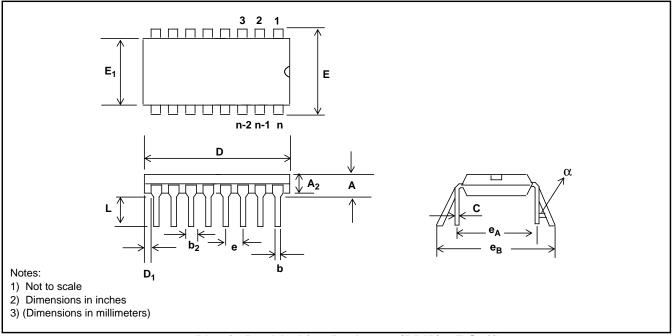
Package Outlines





	8-1	Pin	16-	Pin	18-	Pin	20-	Pin
DIM	Pla	stic	Pla	stic	Pla	stic	Pla	stic
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α		0.210 (5.33)		0.210 (5.33)		0.210 (5.33)		0.210 (5.33)
A ₂	0.115 (2.92)	0.195 (4.95)	0.115 (2.92)	0.195 (4.95)	0.115 (2.92)	0.195 (4.95)	0.115 (2.92)	0.195 (4.95)
b	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)
b ₂	0.045 (1.14)	0.070 (1.77)	0.045 (1.14)	0.070 (1.77)	0.045 (1.14)	0.070 (1.77)	0.045 (1.14)	0.070 (1.77)
С	0.008 (0.203)	0.014 (0.356)	0.008 (0.203)	0.014(0.356)	0.008 (0.203)	0.014 (0.356)	0.008 (0.203)	0.014 (0.356)
D	0.355 (9.02)	0.400 (10.16)	0.780 (19.81)	0.800 (20.32)	0.880 (22.35)	0.920 (23.37)	0.980 (24.89)	1.060 (26.9)
D ₁	0.005 (0.13)		0.005 (0.13)		0.005 (0.13)		0.005 (0.13)	
E	0.300 (7.62)	0.325 (8.26)	0.300 (7.62)	0.325 (8.26)	0.300 (7.62)	0.325 (8.26)	0.300 (7.62)	0.325 (8.26)
E ₁	0.240 (6.10)	0.280 (7.11)	0.240 (6.10)	0.280 (7.11)	0.240 (6.10)	0.280 (7.11)	0.240 (6.10)	0.280 (7.11)
е	0.100 BS	SC (2.54)	0.100 BS	SC (2.54)	0.100 BS	SC (2.54)	0.100 BS	SC (2.54)
e _A	0.300 BS	SC (7.62)	0.300 BS	SC (7.62)	0.300 BS	SC (7.62)	0.300 BS	SC (7.62)
L	0.115 (2.92)	0.150 (3.81)	0.115 (2.92)	0.150 (3.81)	0.115 (2.92)	0.150 (3.81)	0.115 (2.92)	0.150 (3.81)
e _B		0.430 (10.92)		0.430 (10.92)		0.430 (10.92)		0.430 (10.92)
e _C	0	0.060 (1.52)	0	0.060 (1.52)	0	0.060 (1.52)	0	0.060 (1.52)

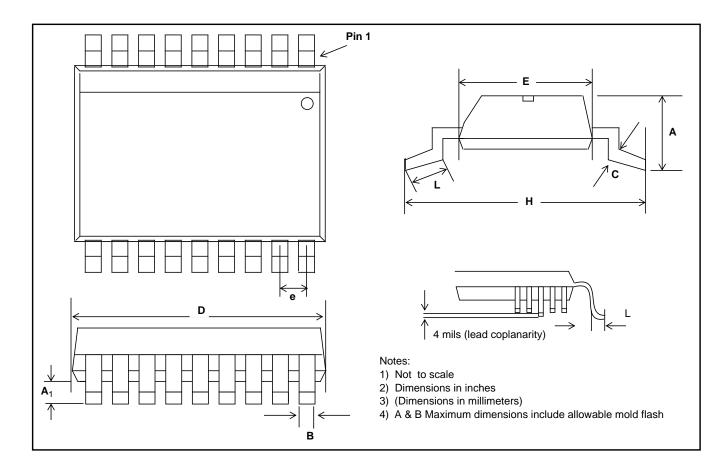
NOTE: Controlling dimensions in parenthesis () are in millimeters.



Plastic Dual-In-Line Packages (PDIP) - E Suffix

	22-	Pin	24-	Pin	28-	Pin	40-	Pin
DIM	Pla	stic	Pla	stic	Pla	stic	Pla	stic
	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α		0.210 (5.33)		0.250 (6.35)		0.250 (6.35)		0.250 (6.35)
A ₂	0.125 (3.18)	0.195 (4.95)	0.125 (3.18)	0.195 (4.95)	0.125 (3.18)	0.195 (4.95)	0.125 (3.18)	0.195 (4.95)
b	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)	0.014 (0.356)	0.022 (0.558)
b ₂	0.045 (1.15)	0.070 (1.77)	0.030 (0.77)	0.070 (1.77)	0.030 (0.77)	0.070 (1.77)	0.030 (0.77)	0.070 (1.77)
С	0.008 (0.204)	0.015 (0.381)	0.008 (0.204)	0.015 (0.381)	0.008 (0.204)	0.015 (0.381)	0.008 (0.204)	0.015 (0.381)
D	1.050 (26.67)	1.120 (28.44)	1.150 (29.3)	1.290 (32.7)	1.380 (35.1)	1.565 (39.7)	1.980 (50.3)	2.095 (53.2)
D ₁	0.005 (0.13)		0.005 (0.13)		0.005 (0.13)		0.005 (0.13)	
E	0.390 (9.91)	0.430 (10.92)	0.600 (15.24)	0.670 (17.02)	0.600 (15.24)	0.670 (17.02)	0.600 (15.24)	0.670 (17.02)
E			0.290 (7.37)	.330 (8.38)				
E ₁	0.330 (8.39)	0.380 (9.65)	0.485 (12.32)	0.580 (14.73)	0.485 (12.32)	0.580 (14.73)	0.485 (12.32)	0.580 (14.73)
E ₁			0.246 (6.25)	0.254 (6.45)				
е	0.100 BS	SC (2.54)						
e _A	0.400 BS	C (10.16)	0.600 BS	C (15.24)	0.600 BS	C (15.24)	0.600 BS	C (15.24)
e _A			0.300 BS	SC (7.62)				
e _B				0.430 (10.92)				
L	0.115 (2.93)	0.160 (4.06)	0.115 (2.93)	0.200 (5.08)	0.115 (2.93)	0.200 (5.08)	0.115 (2.93)	0.200 (5.08)
α		15°		15°		15°		15°

Package Outlines

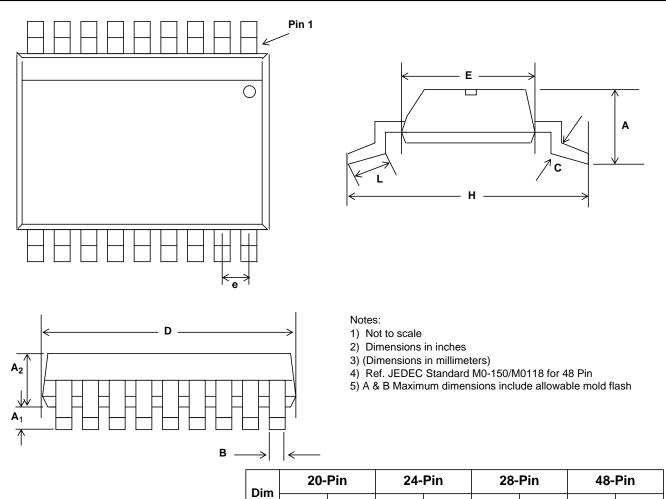


ым	16-	Pin	18-	Pin	20-	Pin	24-	Pin	28-	28-Pin	
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	0.093	0.104	0.093	0.104	0.093	0.104	0.093	0.104	0.093	0.104	
	(2.35)	(2.65)	(2.35)	(2.65)	(2.35)	(2.65)	(2.35)	(2.65)	(2.35)	(2.65)	
А ₁	0.004	0.012	0.004	0.012	0.004	0.012	0.004	0.012	0.004	0.012	
	(0.10)	(0.30)	(0.10)	(0.30)	(0.10)	(0.30)	(0.10)	(0.30)	(0.10)	(0.30)	
В	0.013	0.020	0.013	0.030	0.013	0.020	0.013	0.020	0.013	0.020	
	(0.33)	(0.51)	(0.33)	(0.51)	(0.33)	(0.51)	(0.33)	(0.51)	(0.33)	(0.51)	
С	0.009	0.013	0.009	0.013	0.009	0.013	0.009	0.013	0.009	0.013	
	(0.231)	(0.318)	(0.231)	(0.318)	(0.231)	(0.318)	(0.231)	(0.318)	(0.231)	(0.318)	
D	0.398	0.413	0.447	0.4625	0.496	0.512	0.5985	0.614	0.697	0.7125	
	(10.1)	(10.5)	(11.35)	(11.75)	(12.60)	(13.00)	(15.2)	(15.6)	(17.7)	(18.1)	
E	0.291	0.299	0.291	0.299	0.291	0.299	0.291	0.299	0.291	0.299	
	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	(7.40)	
е	0.050 (1.27	BSC BSC)) BSC BSC)		0.050 BSC (1.27 BSC)		0.050 BSC (1.27 BSC)		0.050 BSC (1.27 BSC)	
н	0.394	0.419	0.394	0.419	0.394	0.419	0.394	0.419	0.394	0.419	
	(10.00)	(10.65)	(10.00)	(10.65)	(10.00)	(10.65)	(10.00)	(10.65)	(10.00)	(10.65)	
L	0.016	0.050	0.016	0.050	0.016	0.050	0.016	0.050	0.016	0.050	
	(0.40)	(1.27)	(0.40)	(1.27)	(0.40)	(1.27)	(0.40)	(1.27)	(0.40)	(1.27)	

Lead SOIC Package - S Suffix

NOTES: 1. Controlling dimensions in parenthesis () are in millimeters. 2. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Package Outlines



Dim	20-Pin		24-Pin		28-Pin		48-Pin	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max
Α		0.079 (2)	-	0.079 (2)		0.079 (2)	0.095 (2.41)	0.110 (2.79)
А ₁	0.002 (0.05)		0.002 (0.05)		0.002 (0.05)		0.008 (0.2)	0.016 (0.406)
В	0.0087	0.013	0.0087	0.013	0.0087	0.013	0.008	0.0135
	(0.22)	(0.33)	(0.22)	(0.33)	(0.22)	(0.33)	(0.2)	(0.342)
С		0.008 (0.21)		0.008 (0.21)		0.008 (0.21)		0.010 (0.25)
D	0.27	0.295	0.31	0.33	0.39	0.42	0.62	0.63
	(6.9)	(7.5)	(7.9)	(8.5)	(9.9)	(10.5)	(15.75)	(16.00)
Е	0.2	0.22	0.2	0.22	0.2	0.22	0.291	0.299
	(5.0)	(5.6)	(5.0)	(5.6)	(5.0)	(5.6)	(7.39)	(7.59)
е	0.025 BSC		0.025 BSC		0.025 BSC		0.025 BSC	
	(0.635 BSC)		(0.635 BSC)		(0.635 BSC)		(0.635 BSC)	
A ₂	0.065	0.073	0.065	0.073	0.065	0.073	0.089	0.099
	(1.65)	(1.85)	(1.65)	(1.85)	(1.65)	(1.85)	(2.26)	(2.52)
н	0.29	0.32	0.29	0.32	0.29	0.32	0.395	0.42
	(7.4)	(8.2)	(7.4)	(8.2)	(7.4)	(8.2)	(10.03)	(10.67)
L	0.022	0.037	0.022	0.037	0.022	0.037	0.02	0.04
	(0.55)	(0.95)	(0.55)	(0.95)	(0.55)	(0.95)	(0.51)	(1.02)

Small Shrink Outline Package (SSOP) - N Suffix



For more information about all Zarlink products visit our Web Site at

www.zarlink.com

Information relating to products and services furnished herein by Zarlink Semiconductor Inc. trading as Zarlink Semiconductor or its subsidiaries (collectively "Zarlink") is believed to be reliable. However, Zarlink assumes no liability for errors that may appear in this publication, or for liability otherwise arising from the application or use of any such information, product or service or for any infringement of patents or other intellectual property rights owned by third parties which may result from such application or use. Neither the supply of such information or purchase of product or service conveys any license, either express or implied, under patents or other intellectual property rights owned by Zarlink or licensed from third parties by Zarlink, whatsoever. Purchasers of products are also hereby notified that the use of product in certain ways or in combination with Zarlink, or non-Zarlink furnished goods or services may infringe patents or other intellectual property rights owned by Zarlink owned by Zarlink.

This publication is issued to provide information only and (unless agreed by Zarlink in writing) may not be used, applied or reproduced for any purpose nor form part of any order or contract nor to be regarded as a representation relating to the products or services concerned. The products, their specifications, services and other information appearing in this publication are subject to change by Zarlink without notice. No warranty or guarantee express or implied is made regarding the capability, performance or suitability of any product or service. Information concerning possible methods of use is provided as a guide only and does not constitute any guarantee that such methods of use will be satisfactory in a specific piece of equipment. It is the user's responsibility to fully determine the performance and suitability of any equipment using such information and to ensure that any publication or data used is up to date and has not been superseded. Manufacturing does not necessarily include testing of all functions or parameters. These products are not suitable for use in any medical products whose failure to perform may result in significant injury or death to the user. All products and materials are sold and services provided subject to Zarlink's conditions of sale which are available on request.

Purchase of Zarlink s I²C components conveys a licence under the Philips I²C Patent rights to use these components in and I²C System, provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

Zarlink and the Zarlink Semiconductor logo are trademarks of Zarlink Semiconductor Inc.

Copyright 2001, Zarlink Semiconductor Inc. All Rights Reserved.

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION - NOT FOR RESALE