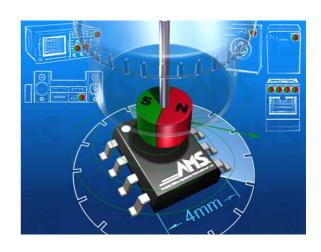


# 6-BIT MAGNETIC ANGULAR POSITION ENCODER WITH SERIAL INTERFACE

## **Key Features**

- □ Up to 64 positions within 360°
- Non contact switching
- □ Simple magnet as rotary encoder
- Zero position programmable (independent of magnet orientation)
- □ Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI)
- Cascading is possible
- Chip Select Input
- □ Small 8-Pin SOIC (SMT) Package
- □ Temperature Range: -40°C ...+85°C



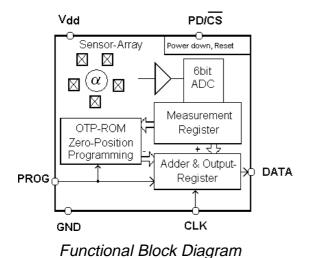
## **Ordering Information**

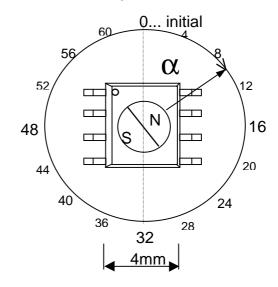
Part Number Package AS5020 SOIC 8

AS5020T SOIC8 Tape and Reel

## **General Description**

The device provides the absolute angular position of a simple magnet that is placed under or above the device's surface. The device includes the Hall Sensor Array, signal conditioning and post processing needed to generate a 6-bit binary code. The binary code can be easily accessed by a Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI). The angle between the device and the magnetic polarisation axis is exactly represented by one of 64 sectors (of 5.625° each) in the full 360° range. Zero-Position Programming allows one time programming of a specific zero position between the device and the magnet. The initial zero position is shown below.







# **Pin Description**

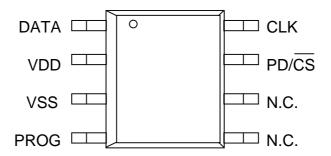
Pin #	Symbol	Туре	Description
1	DATA	DO	DATA Output of the SSI.  If PD/CS=0, the measured angle data (6bit value) is serially shifted out over this pin by the CLK, starting with the MSB. A NVR Bit and a Parity bit are added. (NVR=1 indicates a Non-Valid Range of the magnetic field.) Even Parity is given.
2	$V_{DD}$	Al	Positive Supply Voltage.
3	$V_{SS}$	Al	Negative Supply Voltage (GND).
4	PROG	DI	PROGramming Input. This pin is used to program the zero position into a non-volatile memory (OTP). The programmed value is subtracted from the actual measured angle.
5	N.C.	AI	Not Connected during operation. This pin is used for testing purposes.
6	N.C.	Al	Not Connected during operation. This pin is used for testing purposes.
7	PD/CS	DI	Power Down Input, Disable or Chip Select (active low).  PD/ <u>CS</u> =0 activates the device and enables the measurement.  PD/CS=1 sets the device in power save mode and puts the DATA pin in high impedance (highZ) state.
8	CLK	DI	<b>CLOCK</b> Input of the SSI. This pin is used to serially clock out the measured angle data at Pin 7 (DATA).

DI: Digital Input AI: Analogue Input
DO: Digital Output OTP: One Time Programmable

MSB: Most Significant Bit LSB: Least Significant Bit

Note: The pins 5 and 6 must not be connected!

## **Pin Configuration**





## **Functional Description**

#### **Measurement Principle**

A hall sensor array is used to convert the magnetic field distribution above the chip surface into a binary code.

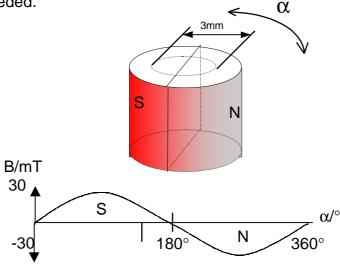
Measurement is enabled by PD/CS=0. After each measurement a 6-bit value is latched, with the first falling edge of the CLK, into an output shift register.

The measured data is accessible via a Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI) by any  $\mu$ Controller System.

Ratiometric measurement techniques together with hall sensor conditioning circuitry allow robust tolerance to magnet misalignment.

## **Permanent Encoder Magnet**

A simple two-pole magnet, e.g. a standard cylindrical permanent magnet that is diametric magnetised, is needed.



Magnetic Field strength of at least ±30mTp is required at the package surface.

Standard magnet materials like rare earth AlNiCo / SmCo5 or NdFeB are recommended. Please enquire for distributor references.



#### **Measurement Modes**

Two measurement modes can be selected by programming:

- 1) Single Read Out Mode (default)
- 2) Continuous Read Out Mode (OTP option)

Chip Select must be active low (PD/CS=0) to enable measurement and bring the output DATA out of high impedance state.

After a minimum measurement period, the first falling edge of CLK latches the actual measured angular value. The following rising edges shift the data bits out of the DATA pin, beginning with the most significant bit. An NVR bit and even parity bit are added to the 6 bit angular value. The NVR bit indicates a non-valid range given by bad magnet positioning.

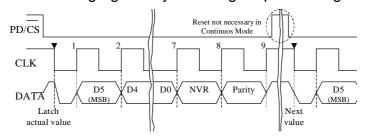


Figure 1 SSI read out

In Single Read Out Mode the start of a new measurement has to be initiated with a short pulse at PD/CS of at least 1 clockcycle. The following falling edge of CLK latches a new measured value.

If the OTP option Continuous Read Out Mode is chosen, repeated angle measurement is enabled by PD/CS=0. After each read out sequence the output shift register is automatically refreshed. Fast transmission of the angular data can be performed without pulsing PD/CS.

#### **Daisy Chain Configuration**

In Singe Read Out mode, cascading allows Daisy Chain structures to minimise the interconnection lines. Connecting DATA with PROG of the cascaded Sensor (see Fig. 2) allows the read out of n sensors with the use of only three wires. The measurement data is shifted in this configuration through the devices

After n x 9 clock cycles each value of n sensors is visible at pin DATA of the first sensor device. A new measurement can be started with the falling edge of CLK after a power down pulse at  $PD/\overline{CS}$ .

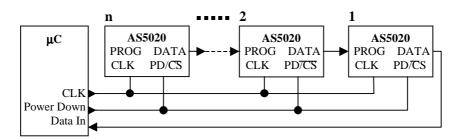
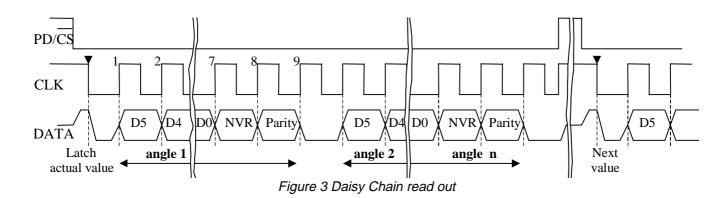


Figure 2 Typical Daisy Chain Configuration





## **Zero Position Programming**

A simple single pin programming allows changing the initial zero position. It is easy to program permanently a new zero-reference into the internal OTP (one time programmable) ROM. This allows a fast and economic magnet placement since the intrinsic orientation is not important.

Single Pin Programming is provided via the PROG pin. Fig.4 shows the typical programming sequence needed for fixing the new zero position.

# **Zero Position Programming Sequence**

Before calibration, the new zero position must be adjusted in measurement mode (PD/CS=0). The rising edge of PD/ $\overline{CS}$  gets the actual position and stores it internally for the permanent programming. A high level at the PROG Pin during power-down (PD/ $\overline{CS}$ =1) with a minimum duration of 300 s enables programming. After one initial dummy bit pulse, six pulses of 8V/5 $\mu$ s select the latched position information and zap the reference value into the OTP ROM.

## Continuous Read Out Mode Selection

An optional 9<sup>th</sup> pulse after the initialisation pulse, the dummy pulse, and the 6 data pulses can be used to set Continuous Read Out Mode (see Fig.4).

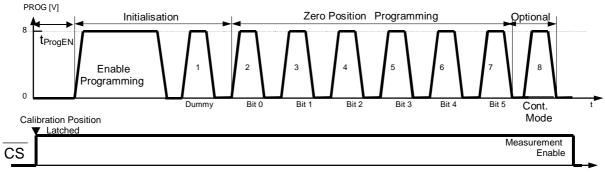


Figure 4 Programming sequence

Note: Daisy Chain configuration is not possible in Continuous Read Out Mode.



### **Electrical Characteristics**

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

Supply Voltage	$-0.3 \le V_{DD} \le 7V$
Input Current	25 mA
Digital Input Voltage	
Electrostatic Discharge	+/- 1000V
Storage Temperature Range	50 to +125°C
Total Power Dissipation	150mW

<sup>\*</sup>Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.*	Max.	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage	Measurement mode, V <sub>SS</sub> = 0 V	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
T <sub>AMB</sub>	Ambient Operating Temp. Range		-40	25	+85	°C
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage		V <sub>SS</sub>		0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	٧
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage**		0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	٧

<sup>\*</sup> Typical figures are at 25°C and are for design aid only; not guaranteed and not subject to production testing. Note: External Buffer-Capacitance is needed: e.g. 4.7uF between the Supply-Pins.

#### Programming Input see Figure 4

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
$V_{PROG}$	Programming Voltage		8		8.5	V
t <sub>ZAP</sub>	Zap pulse duration		4.5	5	5.5	μs
t <sub>ProgEN</sub>	Delay after CS=1		200			μs
t <sub>LH</sub>	Pulse slew rate		2			V/µs

#### **DC Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
I <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Supply Current	Continuous Read Out Mode*	15		24	mA
I <sub>DD0</sub>	Power Down Current	PD/CS=1	0.5		1	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current, Sink	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4V		1		mA

<sup>•</sup> Note: IDD in Single Read Out Mode is the same during the measurement phase

<sup>\*\*</sup> Note: At pin PROG a higher voltage (up to 8.5V) as defined for the zero position programming routine.



# **Timing Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$t_{SetUp}$	Set up time after power on		20			μs
t <sub>Reset</sub>	Minimum reset duration		1			μs
t <sub>meas</sub>	Min. waiting time for a single measurement *		20			μs
t <sub>clkDATA</sub>	Max. CLK-DATA valid delay				10	ns
t <sub>latch</sub>	Min. Hold time after latching		5			μs
T <sub>CLK</sub>	Data shift clock periode		1			us

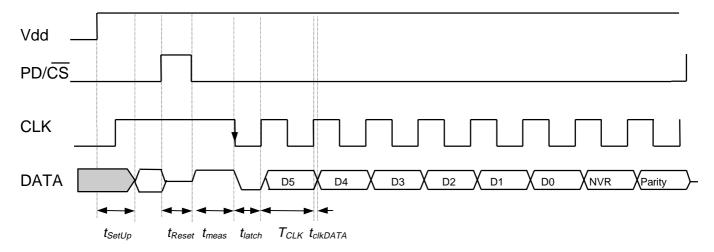


Figure 5 Timing Characteristics Single Read Out Mode

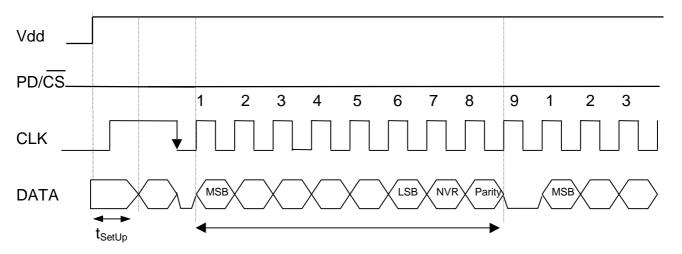


Figure 6 Timing Characteristics Continuous Read Out Mode

\*Note: Multiple latching of 1 measured value in Continuous Read Out Mode is possible due to internal anticollision of the Value Update.



# **Magnetic Input Characteristics\***

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
$B_{\text{min-max}}$	Processing magnetic field strength input range	At package surface	30	40	50	mT
Offmag	Magnetic Offset				5	mT
DistF <sub>mag</sub>	Magnetic distortion factor	Sinusoidal magnetic field density along 3mm concentric circle.		2	3	%
T <sub>d</sub>	Magnet Temperature drift			-0.035		%/K
D	Diameter of encoder magnet		3	6		mm
f	Input frequency	Both directions			30000	rpm

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Please ask for our preferred Magnet Supplier List.

# **Output Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
RES	Resolution			6		bits
LSB	Minimum step			5.625		deg
INL	Integral Non-Linearity	See Note 1)			0.5	LSB
DNL	Differential Non-Linearity				0.5	LSB
			No missin	No missing codes guaranteed		
TN	Transition-Noise			0.1		LSB

<sup>1)</sup> Linearity is defined in terms of end point fit and guaranteed by design, proved by simulated test signals

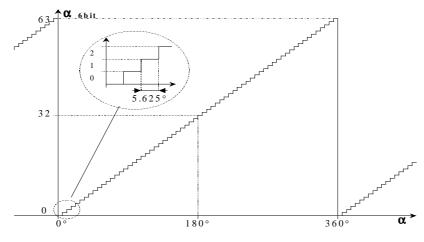
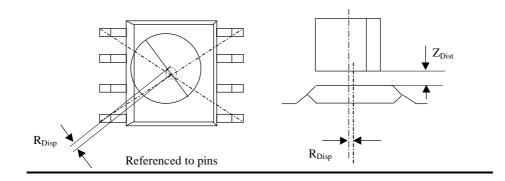


Figure 5 Output value versus input angle



# **Magnet Placement**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
R <sub>Disp</sub>	Displacement radius of rotational axis with reference to pins	Magnet centered on rotational axis			250	μm
Z <sub>Dist</sub>	Distance between permanent magnet and package surface	With reference magnet (depends on used magnet;)		1		mm





## **Typical Application Areas**

#### Non Contact Rotary Switch:

- 4, 8,16,32 Position Rotary Switch
- n of 64 Position Rotary Switch
- Digital Potentiometer, Dimmer
- Angular Encoding

- Position Control
- Isolated Switching
- Rotation Detection
- and many more

#### Advantages:

- No switch contacts
- · Long mechanical life time
- Digital output

Similar to Daisy Chain configuration multiple devices can be connected over a serial bus structure. In this configuration the PROG pins can be connected together and allows simultaneous calibration.

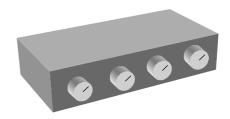


Figure 6 Front Panel Control

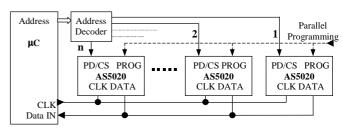


Figure 7 Serial Bus Structure

### For your interest:

A demonstration board for the AS5020 is available. The board includes the AS5020, an encoder magnet, Micro-Controller and LED Display to indicate the position. Please ask your local sales office. Further information can be found at our web-page:

http://www.amsint.com/products/product/index.html



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