

Ultra-low Noise, Low Power, Wideband Amplifier

#### **Features**

- Voltage noise of only 0.83nV/√Hz
- Current noise of only 2.4pA/√Hz
- Low offset voltage ≤200μV
- 180MHz -3dB BW for  $A_V=10$
- Low supply current 10mA
- SOT23 package available
- $\pm 2.5$ V to  $\pm 15$ V operation

#### **Applications**

- Ultrasound input amplifiers
- Wideband instrumentation
- Communication equipment
- AGC & PLL active filters
- · Wideband sensors

### **Ordering Information**

Part No	Package	Tape & Reel	Outline #
EL2125CW	5-Pin SOT23		MDP0038
EL2125CS	8-Pin SO		MDP0027
EL2125CN	8-Pin PDIP		MDP0031

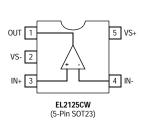
### **General Description**

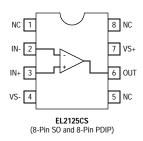
The EL2125C is an ultra-low noise, wideband amplifier that runs on half the supply current of competitive parts. It is intended for use in systems such as ultrasound imaging where a very small signal needs to be amplified by a large amount without adding significant noise. Its low power dissipation enables it to be packaged in the tiny SOT23 package, which further helps systems where many input channels create both space and power dissipation problems.

The EL2125C is stable for gains of 10 and greater and uses traditional voltage feedback. This allows the use of reactive elements in the feedback loop, a common requirement for many filter topologies. It operates from  $\pm 2.5 \text{V}$  to  $\pm 15 \text{V}$  supplies and is available in a 5-pin SOT23 package and 8-pin SO and 8-pin PDIP packages.

The EL2125C is fabricated in Elantec's proprietary complementary bipolar process, and is specified for operation from -45°C to +85°C.

### **Connection Diagrams**





s, if any, to these

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = 25°C)

 $V_S$ + to  $V_S$  33V
 Power Dissipation
 See Curves

 Continuous Output Current
 40mA
 Operating Temperature
 -45°C to +85°C

 Any Input
  $V_S$ -- 0.3V to  $V_S$ ++ 0.3V
 Storage Temperature
 -60°C to +150°C

#### Important Note:

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typ values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore:  $T_J = T_C = T_A$ 

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_S = \pm 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C,  $R_F = 180\Omega$ ,  $R_G = 20\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 500\Omega$  unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DC Performa	nce					
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage (SO8 & PDIP8)			-0.2	2	mV
	Input Offset Voltage (SOT23-5)				3	mV
T <sub>CVOS</sub>	Offset Voltage Temperature Coefficient			TBD		μV/°C
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current		-30	-21		μΑ
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Bias Current Offset			0.2	1	μΑ
T <sub>CIB</sub>	Input Bias Current Temperature Coefficient			TBD		nA/°C
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			2.2		pF
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Open Loop Gain		65	81		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio [1]		75	96		dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio [2]		65	100		dB
CMIR	Common Mode Input Range					V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing	No load, $R_F = 1k\Omega$	3.5	3.8		V
V <sub>OUTL</sub>	Output Voltage Swing	$R_{\rm L} = 100\Omega$	2.8	3.1		V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current [3]		80	100		mA
Is	Supply Current			10.1	12	mA
AC Performa	nnce - $R_G = 20\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$					•
BW	-3dB Bandwidth			175		MHz
BW ±0.1dB	±0.1dB Bandwidth			34		MHz
BW ±1dB	±1dB Bandwidth			150		MHz
Peaking	Peaking			0.4		dB
SR	Slew Rate	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V <sub>PP</sub> , measured at 20% to 80%	TBD	190		V/µs
OS	Overshoot, 4Vpk-pk Output Square Wave	Positive	0.6			%
		Negative	2.7			%
T <sub>S</sub>	Settling Time to 0.1% of ±1V Pulse			TBD		ns
V <sub>N</sub>	Voltage Noise Spectral Density			0.83		nV/√Hz
I <sub>N</sub>	Current Noise Spectral Density			2.4		pA/√Hz
HD2	2nd Harmonic Distortion [4]			TBD		dBc
HD3	3rd Harmonic Distortion [4]			TBD		dBc
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion [5]			TBD		dBc
IMD	Intermodulation Distortion [6]			TBD		%

- 1. Measured by moving the supplies from  $\pm 4V$  to  $\pm 6V$
- 2. Measured by moving the inputs from +3.5V to -4.4V
- 3. Pulse test only
- 4. Frequency = 10 MHz,  $V_{OUT} = 1 Vpk$ -pk, into  $100 \Omega$  and 5 pF load
- 5. Frequency = 20MHz,  $V_{OUT} = -20dBm$  (0.0274 $V_{RMS}$ ) into  $500\Omega$  and 15pF load
- 6. Two-tone IMD, frequencies = 5MHz and 6MHz at -20dBm output level,  $R_{LOAD}$  =  $500\Omega$  and 15pF

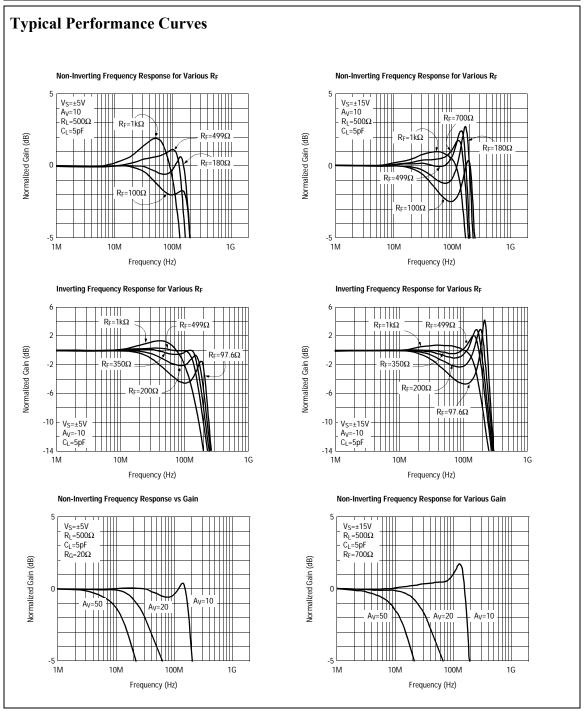
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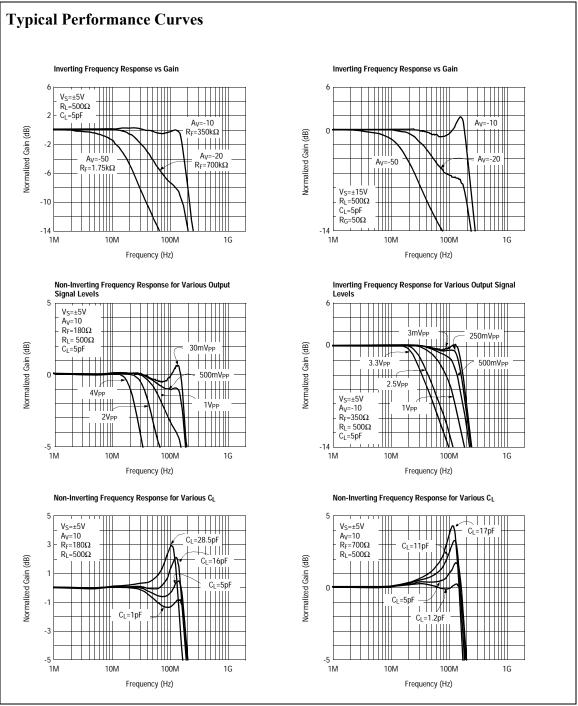
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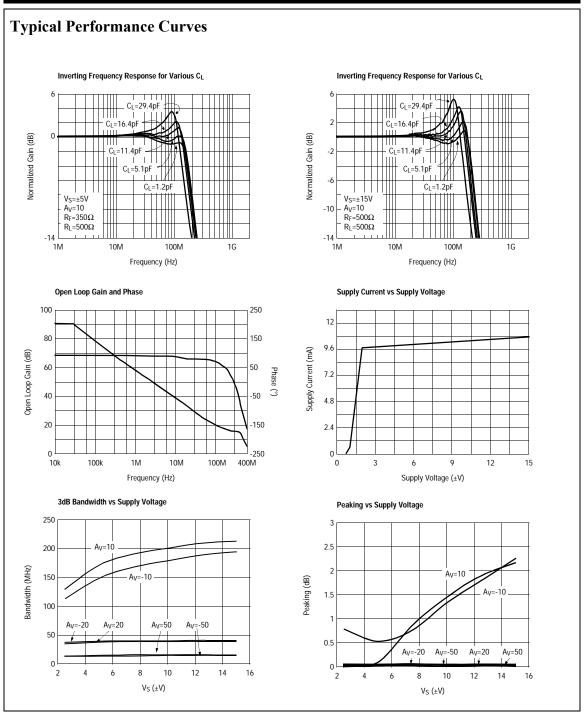
 $V_S$  = ±15V,  $T_A$  = 25°C,  $R_F$  = 180 $\Omega,\,R_G$  = 20 $\Omega,\,R_L$  = 500  $\Omega$  unless otherwise specified.

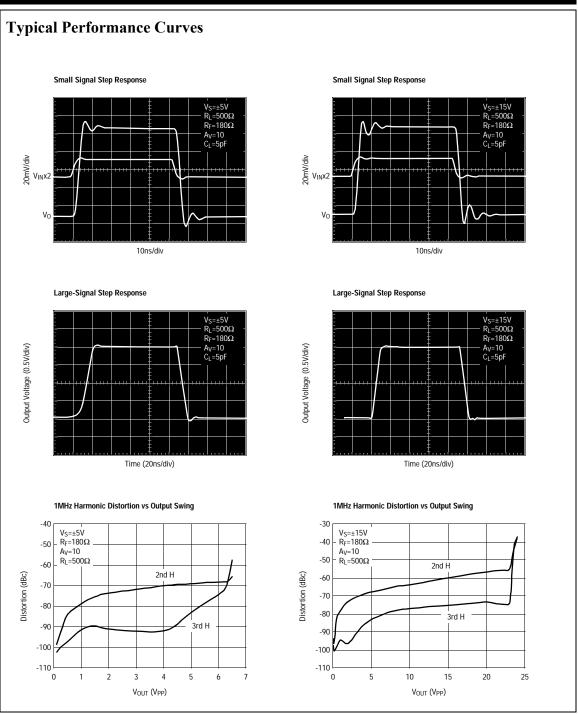
Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC Performa	nce			•		
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage (SO8 & PDIP8)			-0.2	2	mV
	Input Offset Voltage (SOT23-5)				3	mV
T <sub>CVOS</sub>	Offset Voltage Temperature Coefficient			TBD		μV/°C
$I_{\mathrm{B}}$	Input Bias Current		-30	-21		μΑ
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Bias Current Offset			0.16	1	μΑ
T <sub>CIB</sub>	Input Bias Current Temperature Coefficient			TBD		nA/°C
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			2.2		pF
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Open Loop Gain		75	86		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio [1]		75	95		dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio [2]		75	100		dB
CMIR	Common Mode Input Range		TBD			V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing	No load, $R_F = 1k\Omega$		13.5		V
V <sub>OUTL</sub>	Output Voltage Swing	Positive, $R_F = 180\Omega$ , $R_L = 500\Omega$	12.1			V
		Negative	-11.3			V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current [3]		100	150		mA
I <sub>S</sub>	Supply Current			10.8	12	mA
AC Performa	nce - $R_G = 20\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$			•		
BW	-3dB Bandwidth			220		MHz
BW ±0.1dB	±0.1dB Bandwidth			23		MHz
BW ±1dB	±1dB Bandwidth			63		MHz
Peaking	Peaking			2.5		dB
SR	Slew Rate	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V <sub>PP</sub> , measured at 20% to 80%	TBD	225		V/µs
OS	Overshoot, 4Vpk-pk Output Square Wave			0.6		%
T <sub>S</sub>	Settling Time to 0.1% of ±1V Pulse			TBD		ns
V <sub>N</sub>	Voltage Noise Spectral Density			0.95		nV/√Hz
I <sub>N</sub>	Current Noise Spectral Density			2.1		pA/√Hz
HD2	2nd Harmonic Distortion [4]			TBD		dBc
HD3	3rd Harmonic Distortion [4]			TBD		dBc
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion [5]			TBD		dBc
IMD	Intermodulation Distortion [6]			TBD		%

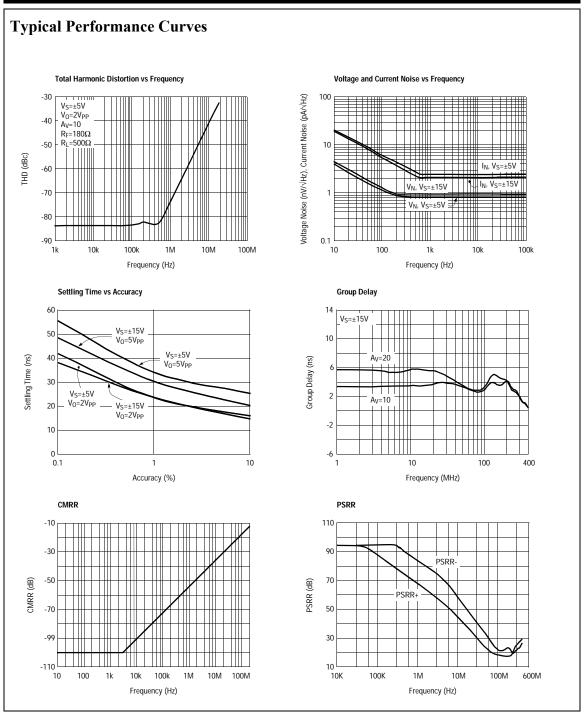
- 1. Measured by moving the supplies from  $\pm 13.5 V$  to  $\pm 16.5 V$
- 2. Measured by moving the inputs from +13.5V to -14.4V
- 3. Pulse test only
- 4. Frequency = 10MHz,  $V_{OUT} = 1Vpk-pk$ , into  $100\Omega$  and 5pF load
- 5. Frequency = 20MHz,  $V_{OUT}$  = -20dBm (0.0274 $V_{RMS}$ ) into 500 $\Omega$  and 15pF load
- 6. Two-tone IMD, frequencies = 5MHz and 6MHz at -20dBm output level,  $R_{LOAD}$  = 500 $\Omega$  and 15pF





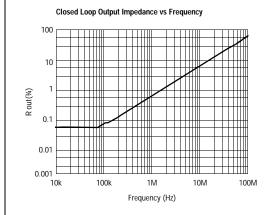


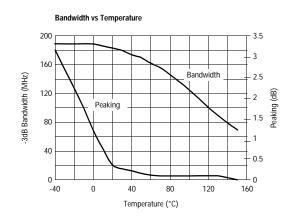




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### **Typical Performance Curves**





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#### **General Disclaimer**

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#### Elantec Semiconductor, Inc.

675 Trade Zone Blvd. Milpitas, CA 95035

Telephone: (408) 945-1323 (888) ELANTEC

Fax: (408) 945-9305 European Office: +44-118-977-6020

Japan Technical Center: +81-45-682-5820

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