AFBR-810BxxxZ and AFBR-820BxxxZ

Twelve-Channel Transmitter and Receiver Pluggable, Parallel-Fiber-Optic Modules

Data Sheet





Description

The AFBR-810B Twelve-Channel, Pluggable, Parallel-Fiber-Optic Transmitter and AFBR-820B Twelve-Channel, Pluggable, Parallel-Fiber-Optic Receiver are high performance fiber Optic modules for short-range parallel multi-lane data communication and interconnect applications. These 12-channel devices are capable of 10.0 Gbps per channel, 120 Gbps raw aggregate operation. The modules are designed to operate over multimode fiber systems using a nominal wavelength of 850 nm. The electrical interface uses a 10x10 MEG-Array® low-profile mezzanine connector. The optical interface uses a MTP® (MPO) 1x12 ribbon cable connector. The thermal interface can be a factory installed heatsink for air-cooled systems or thermal seating plane for user flexibility. The modules incorporate high performance, highly reliable, short wavelength optical devices coupled with proven circuit technology to provide long life and consistent service.

Applications

- High Performance and High Productivity computer interconnects
- InfiniBand QDR SX interconnects
- Datacom switch and router backplane connections
- Telecom switch and router backplane connections

Part Number Ordering Options

Transmitter Part Numbers

FBR-810BZ	With Fin heat sink / no EMI nose clip
FBR-810BEZ	With Fin heat sink / EMI nose clip
FBR-810BPZ	With Pin heat sink / no EMI nose clip
FBR-810BEPZ	With Pin heat sink / EMI nose clip
FBR-810BHZ	With no heat sink / no EMI nose clip
FBR-810BEHZ	With no heat sink/ EMI nose clip
AFBR-810BPZ AFBR-810BEPZ AFBR-810BHZ	With Pin heat sink / no EMI nose clip With Pin heat sink / EMI nose clip With no heat sink / no EMI nose clip

Receiver Part Numbers

AFBR-820BZ	With Fin heat sink / no EMI nose clip
AFBR-820BEZ	With Fin heat sink / EMI nose clip
AFBR-820BPZ	With Pin heat sink / no EMI nose clip
AFBR-820BEPZ	With Pin heat sink / EMI nose clip
AFBR-820BHZ	With no heat sink / no EMI nose clip
AFBR-820BEHZ	With no heat sink/ EMI nose clip

Features

- High Channel Capacity: 120 Gbps per module
- High port density: 19 mm lateral port pitch; < 0.51 mm/ Gbps for Tx–Rx pair
- Low power consumption per Gbps: < 42 mW/Gb/s for Tx–Rx pair
- Based on industry-standard, pluggable, SNAP12 form factor with upgraded pinout for improved signal integrity and keyed to prevent mis-plugging with first generation SNAP12 devices
- Twelve independent channels per module
- Separate transmitter and receiver modules
- 850 nm VCSEL array in transmitter; PIN array in receiver
- Operates up to 10 Gbps with 8b/10b compatible coded data
- Links up to 50 m at 10 Gbps with 2000 MHz·km 50 um MMF
- Two power supplies, 2.5 V and 3.3 V, for low power consumption
- Dedicated signals for module address, module reset and host interrupt.
- Two Wire Serial (TWS) interface with maskable interrupt for expanded functionality including:
 - Individual channel functions: disable, squelch disable, lane polarity inversion, margin
 - Programmable equalization integrated with DC blocking caps at transmitter data input
 - Programmable receiver output swing and deemphasis level
 - A/D readback: module temperature and supply voltages, per channel laser current and laser power, or received power
 - Status: per channel Tx fault, electrical (transmitter) or optical (receiver) LOS, and alarm flags
- 0 to 70°C case temperature operating range

Transmitter Module

The optical transmitter module (see Figure 1) incorporates a 12-channel VCSEL (Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser) array, a 12-channel input buffer and laser driver, diagnostic monitors, control and bias blocks. The transmitter is designed for IEC-60825 and CDRH eye safety compliance; Class 1M out of the module. The Tx Input Buffer provides CML compatible differential inputs (presenting a nominal differential input impedance of 100 Ohms and a nominal common mode impedance to signal ground of 25 Ohms) for the high speed electrical interface that can operate over a wide common mode range without requiring DC blocking capacitors. For module control and interrogation, the control interface (LVTTL compatible) incorporates a Two Wire Serial (TWS) interface of clock and data signals and dedicated signals for host interrupt, module address setting and module reset. Diagnostic monitors for VCSEL bias, light output (LOP), temperature, both supply voltages and elapsed operating time are implemented and results are available through the TWS interface.

Over the TWS interface, the user can, for individual channels, control (flip) polarity of the differential inputs, de-activate channels, place channels into margin mode,

disable the squelch function and program input equalization levels to reduce the effect of long PCB traces. A reset for the control registers is available. Serial ID information and alarm thresholds are provided. To reduce the need for polling, the TWS interface is augmented with an interrupt signal for the host.

Alarm thresholds are established for the monitored attributes. Flags are set and interrupts generated when the attributes are outside the thresholds. Flags are also set and interrupts generated for loss of input signal (LOS) and transmitter fault conditions. All flags are latched and will remain set even if the condition initiating the latch clears and operation resumes. All interrupts can be masked and flags are reset by reading the appropriate flag register. The optical output will squelch for loss of input signal unless squelch is disabled. Fault detection or channel deactivation through the TWS interface will disable the channel. Status, alarm and fault information are available via the TWS interface. The interrupt signal (selectable via the TWS interface as a pulse or static level) is provided to inform hosts of an assertion of an alarm, LOS and/or Tx fault.

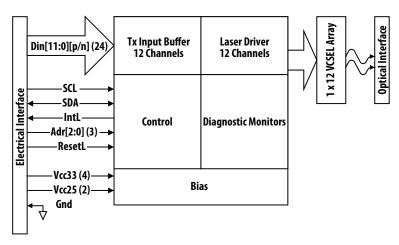


Figure 1. Transmitter Block Diagram

Receiver Module

The optical receiver module (see Figure 2) incorporates a 12-channel PIN photodiode array, a 12-channel preamplifier and output buffer, diagnostic monitors, control and bias blocks. The Rx Output Buffer provides CML compatible differential outputs for the high speed electrical interface presenting nominal single-ended output impedances of 50 Ohms to AC ground and 100 Ohms differentially that should be differentially terminated with 100 Ohms. DC blocking capacitors may be required. For module control and interrogation, the control interface (LVTTL compatible) incorporates a Two Wire Serial (TWS) interface of clock and data signals and dedicated signals for host interrupt, module address setting and module reset. Diagnostic monitors for optical input power, temperature, both supply voltages and elapsed operating time are implemented and results are available through the TWS interface.

Over the TWS interface, the user can, for individual channels, control (flip) polarity of the differential outputs, de-activate channels, disable the squelch function,

program output signal amplitude and de-emphasis and change receiver bandwidth. A reset for the control registers is available. Serial ID information and alarm thresholds are provided. To reduce the need for polling, the TWS interface is augmented with an interrupt signal for the host.

Alarm thresholds are established for the monitored attributes. Flags are set and interrupts generated when the attributes are outside the thresholds. Flags are also set and interrupts generated for loss of optical input signal (LOS). All flags are latched and will remain set even if the condition initiating the latch clears and operation resumes. All interrupts can be masked and flags are reset upon reading the appropriate flag register. The electrical output will squelch for loss of input signal (unless squelch is disabled) and channel de-activation through TWS interface. Status and alarm information are available via the TWS interface as a pulse or static level) is provided to inform hosts of an assertion of an alarm and/or LOS.

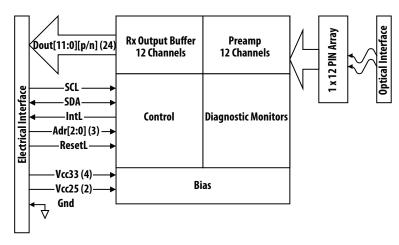


Figure 2. Receiver Block Diagram

High Speed Signal Interface

Figure 3 shows the interface between an ASIC/SerDes and the fiber Optic modules. For simplicity, only one channel is shown. As shown in the Figure 3, the compliance points are on the host board side of the electrical connectors. Sets of s-parameters are defined for the transmitter and receiver interfaces. The transmitter and receiver are designed, when operating within Recommended Operating Conditions, to provide a robust eye-opening at the receiver outputs. See the Recommended Operating Conditions and the Receiver Electrical Characteristics for details.

Unused inputs and outputs should be terminated with $100\,\Omega$ differential loads.

The transmitter inputs support a wide common mode range and DC blocking capacitors may not be needed – none are shown in Figure 3. Depending on the common mode range tolerance of the ASIC/SerDes inputs, DC blocking capacitors may be required in series with the receiver. Differential impedances are nominally 100 Ω . The common mode output impedance for the receiver is nominally 25 Ω while the nominal common mode input impedance of the transmitter is 25 Ω .

Transmitter Input Equalization

Transmitter inputs can be programmed for one of several levels of equalization. See Figure 4. Different levels of compensation can be selected to equalize skin-effect losses across the host circuit board. See Tx Memory Map 01h Upper Page section addresses 228 - 233 for programming details.

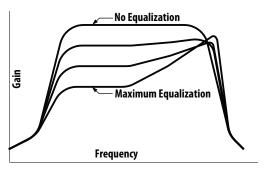


Figure 4. Input Equalization

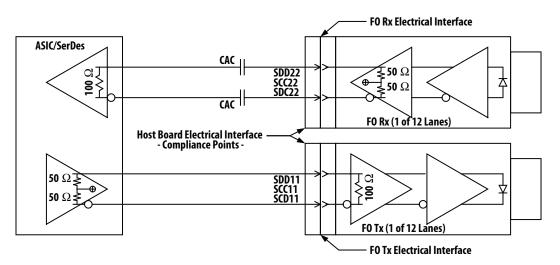


Figure 3. Application Reference Diagram

Receiver Output Amplitude and De-emphasis

Receiver outputs can be programmed to provide several levels of amplitude and de-emphasis. See Figure 5 for de-emphasis definition. The user can program for peak-to-peak amplitude and then a de-emphasis level. If zero de-emphasis is selected, then the signal steady state equals the peak-to-peak level. For other levels of de-emphasis the selected de-emphasis reduces the steady-state from the peak-to-peak level. The change from peak-to-peak level to steady-state occurs within a bit time. See Rx Memory Map 01h Upper Page section addresses 228 - 233 for amplitude programming details and addresses 234 - 239 for de-emphasis programming details. For optimal performance at 10 Gb/s, lowering the De-Emphasis setting below the default value of 4 is not recommended.

Package Outline

The module is designed to meet the package outline defined in the PPOD MSA. This MSA follows the outline of the SNAP12 MSA except for the position of the MEG-Array® connector and pin assignments. See the package outline and host board footprint figures (Figures 23 -26) for details.

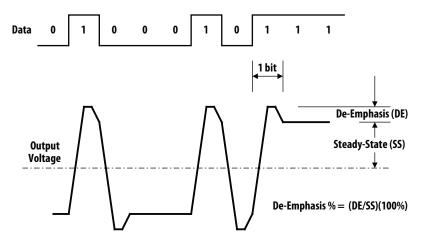


Figure 5. Definition of De-emphasis and Steady State

Control Signal Interface

The control interface includes dedicated signals for address inputs, interrupt output and reset input and bidirectional clock and data lines for a two-wire serial access (TWS interface) to control and status and information registers. The TWS interface is compatible with industry standard two-wire serial protocol scaled for 3.3 volt LVTTL. It is implemented as a slave device. Signal and timing characteristics are further defined in the Control Characteristics and Control Interface & Memory Map sections.

The registers of the serial interface memory are defined in the Control Interface & Memory Map section.

Regulatory & Compliance Issues

Various standard and regulations apply to the modules. These include eye-safety, EMC, ESD and RoHS. See the Regulatory Section for details regarding these and component recognition. Please note the transmitter module is a Class 1M laser product – DO NOT VIEW RADIATION DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS. See Regulatory Compliance Table for details. When released, the AFBR- will support this table.

Handling and Cleaning

The transmitter and receiver modules can be damaged by exposure to current surges and over voltage events. Care should be taken to restrict exposure to the conditions defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings. Wave soldering, reflow soldering and/or aqueous wash process with the modules on board are not recommended. Normal handling precautions for electrostatic discharge sensitive devices should be observed.

Each module is supplied with an inserted port plug for protection of the optical ports. This plug should always be in place whenever a fiber cable is not inserted.

The optical connector includes recessed elements that are exposed whenever a cable or port plug is not inserted. Prior to insertion of a fiber optic cable, it is recommended that the cable end be cleaned to avoid contamination from the cable plug. The port plug ensures the Optic remain clean and no addition cleaning should be needed. In the event of contamination, dry nitrogen or clean dry air at less than 20 psi can be used to dislodge the contamination. The optical port features (e.g. guide pins) preclude use of a solid instrument. Liquids are also not advised.

Link Model and Reference Channel

Performance specifications for the AFBR-810 Transmitter and AFBR-820 Receiver are based on a reference channel model. A reference channel model provides the basis for inter-operability between independently produced transmitter and receiver modules. The reference model used for the AFBR-810 Transmitter and AFBR-820 Receiver is based on the industry standard 10GbE link model (10GEPBud3_1_16a.xls available at the IEEE P802.3ae 10Gb/s Ethernet Task Force Serial PMD Documents website http://www.ieee802.org/3/ae/public/adhoc/serial_pmd/documents/).

As shown in Figure 6, a channel for a fiber optic link comprises a transmitter, receiver and cable plant with inputs at test point TP1 and outputs at test point TP4. The test points TP1 and TP4 coincide with the compliance points defined in Figure 3. The cable plant here assumes a point to point link and does not include any inline connectors.

A reference channel permits the effect of various channel attributes to be referred to different points in the channel and accumulated. For example, in the GbE (All_1250. xls available at the IEEE website http://grouper.ieee. org/groups/802/3/10G_study/public/email_attach/All_1250.xls) and 10 GbE models all signal impairments are captured and translated into power penalties. Also, the effect of transmitter and fiber attributes are also captured and referred to TP3 to define stressed receiver test criteria. Similarly, all effects upstream of TP4 can be captured and referred to TP4 and combined at this point into a figure of merit. Since the signal at TP4 is electrical and not optical there are advantages for this.

To ensure inter-operability among independently produced transmitters and receivers, definition of acceptable devices is required. This can be accomplished on an individual parameter basis by setting min/max limits or with aggregates of attributes by establishing a figure of merit. Referring again to the 10GbE link model, the entity margin at target distance is an aggregate figure of merit of all link attributes. There a set of link attributes will yield a specific

link margin and a worst case set of link attributes can be defined for a minimum level of performance. Instead of placing a maximum or minimum limit on each attribute, it is possible to allow elements in the set to shift (i.e. tradeoff with others within the set) as long as the desired margin is achieved. Further, if 'margin at target distance' can be translated into eye opening at TP4, the aggregate figure of merit is directly measurable. To preserve independence for transmitter, receiver and fibers, it is required that transmitter attributes only trade-off with other transmitter attributes and, similarly, receiver attributes.

In this data sheet, a minimum eye width at TP4 for a specified maximum BER is the figure of merit used to define acceptable link performance. Additional inputs and calculations have been added to the 10GbE link model to calculate eye closure and the effects of all impairments are referred to TP4 and combined as elements of eye closure. The minimum eye width at TP4 is included in tables, Transmitter Optical Characteristics and Receiver Electrical Characteristics, as minimum "Reference Link Output Eye Width'. The Recommended Operating Conditions table and those for transmitter and receiver characteristics provide the necessary attributes to define the worst case set for the reference channel. Various elements of this worst case set are labeled 'Informative' and are allowed to range outside the maximum or minimum limit for the individual element when there is a compensating improvement in others of the worst case subset. Transmitter attribute tradeoffs are limited to the transmitter subset and receiver tradeoffs are limited to the receiver subset.

The following two tables summarizes the practical tradeoffs between different informative transmitter parameters, as well as different informative receiver parameters, respectively. Although the wavelength and spectral width can also trade off with each other, they are not included here for interoperability reason.

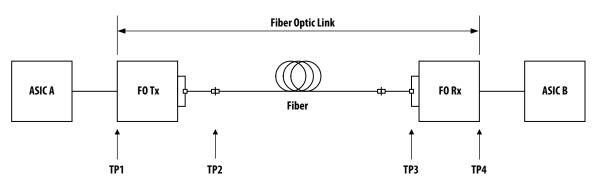


Figure 6. Fiber Optic Link

Informative TX parameters trading off each other while guaranteeing TP2 & TP4 performance

Parameter	Symbol
Extinction Ratio	ER
Output Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA
Output Rise/Fall Time	
Relative Intensity Noise OMA	RIN ₁₂ OMA
Contributed Portion of Accumulated Deterministic Jitter	
Contributed Portion of Accumulated Total Jitter	

Informative RX parameters trading off each other while guaranteeing TP4 performance

Parameter	Symbol
Receiver Bandwidth (BW)	
Input Optical Power Sensitivity (OMA)	
Contributed Portion of Accumulated Deterministic Jitter	
Contributed Portion of Accumulated Total Jitter	

The reference model for testing transmitters consists of a pattern generator, fiber optic test cable, attenuator, test receiver and BERT. See Figure 7 for the evolution of a reference channel to a transmitter test channel. Differences between the worst case values for attributes in the reference model and those in the test equipment set can be compensated by an added attenuator (note that the 10GbE model translates all impairments into power penalties) and adjustments in TJ criteria at TP4. Differences in the TP1 input jitter between the defined conditions, TJ r and DJ r, for the reference channel and actually provided in the test channel, TJ t and DJ t, can also be accommodated by adjustments to TP4 test criteria (TJ r becomes TJ t). The extended 10GbE Link model is used to determine the compensating attenuation and TP4 criteria adjustments.

The reference for testing receivers consists of a pattern generator, test transmitter, fiber optic test cable, attenuator and BERT. See Figure 8 for the evolution of a reference channel to a receiver test channel. In a similar manner as with the transmitter, all differences between the test equipment and worst case channel are compensated with an attenuator and adjustments in the TP4 criteria.

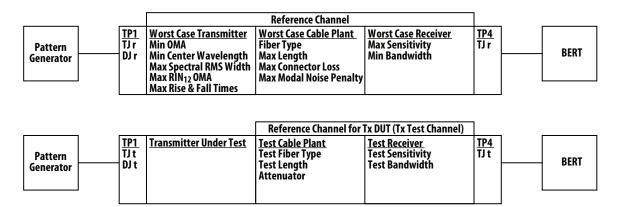


Figure 7. Reference and Test Channels for Transmitter

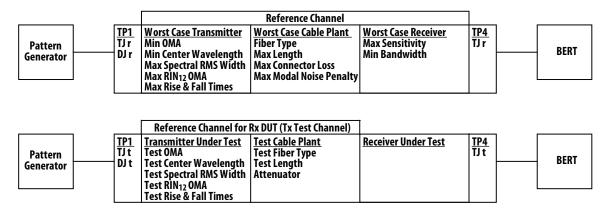


Figure 8. Reference and Test Channels for Receiver

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of any of the individual Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause immediate catastrophic damage to the module even if all other parameters are within Recommended Operation Conditions. It should not be assumed that limiting values of more than one parameter can be applied to the module concurrently. Exposure to any of the Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods can adversely affect reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40	100	°C	
Case Temperature – Operating	T _{C AMR}	-20	90	°C	1
2.5 V Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC} 25	-0.5	3.0	V	
3.3 V Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC} 33	-0.5	3.6	V	
Data Input Voltage – Single Ended		-0.5	V _{CC} 33+0.5, V _{CC} 25+0.5	V	2
Data Input Voltage – Differential	V _{DIP} - V _{DIN}		1.0	V	3
Control Input Voltage	Vi	-0.5	V _{CC} 33+0.5, 3.6	V	4
Control Output Current	lo	-20	20	mA	
Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%	

^{1.} The position for case temperature measurement is shown in Figure 11. Operation at or above the maximum Absolute Maximum Case Temperature for extended periods may adversely affect reliability. Optical and electrical characteristics are not defined for operation outside the Recommended Operating Conditions.

^{2.} The maximum limit is the lesser of Vcc33 + 0.5 V or Vcc25 + 0.5 V.

^{3.} This is the maximum voltage that can be applied across the differential inputs without damaging the input circuitry.

^{4.} The maximum limit is the lesser of Vcc33 + 0.5 V or 3.6 V.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Recommended Operating Conditions specify parameters for which the optical and electrical characteristics hold unless otherwise noted. Optical and electrical characteristics are not defined for operation outside the Recommended Operating Conditions, reliability is not implied and damage to the module may occur for such operation over an extended period of time.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Reference
Case Temperature	T _C	0	40	70	°C	1
2.5 V Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC} 25	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	Figures 12, 13
3.3 V Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC} 33	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	Figures 12, 13
Signal Rate per Channel		2.5		10	GBd	2
Data Input Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage Swing	ΔV_{DIpp}	175		1400	mVpp	3, Figure 14
Data Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{DI CM}	0.35		V _{CC} 33-0.35	V	4
Data Input Rise & Fall Times (20% - 80%)		30		48	ps	
Data Input Deterministic Jitter				15	ps	5
Data Input Total Jitter				30	ps	6
Control* Input Voltage High	Vih	2		Vcc33	V	
Control* Input Voltage Low	Vil	GND		0.8	V	
Two Wire Serial Interface Clock Rate				400	kHz	Figure 17
Two Wire Serial Interface Write Cycle Time	T _{Wr}	40			mS	
Reset Pulse Width	t _{RSTL PW}	10			μs	Figure 19
Power Supply Noise				100	mVpp	7, 500 Hz to 2.7 GHz
Receiver Differential Data Output Load			100		Ohms	Figure 3
AC Coupling Capacitors – Receiver Data Outputs	Cac		0.1		μF	8, Figure 3
Fiber Length: 2000 MHz·km 50μm MMF		0.5		50	m	9

- * Control signals, LVTTL (3.3 V) compatible, include Adr[2:0], IntL, ResetL, SCL and SDA.
- 1. The position for case temperature measurement is shown in Figure 11. Continuous operation at the maximum Recommended Operating Case Temperature should be avoided in order not to degrade reliability. Modules will function (degraded performance may result) where operated with case temperatures below the minimum Recommended Operating Case Temperature.
- 2. While operation for various codes, e.g. 8b10b and 64b66b, are supported, certain parameters, jitter and sensitivity, are defined for specific operating conditions of 10 GBd and 8b/10b equivalent test patterns. The receiver has a low frequency -3dB (electrical) corner near 100 kHz.
- 3. Data inputs are CML compatible. Minimum input requirement holds for default input equalization settings. Data Input Differential Peak to Peak Voltage Swing is defined as follows: $\Delta V_{DI|PP} = \Delta V_{DIH} \Delta V_{DIL}$ where $\Delta V_{DIH} = High$ State Differential Data Input Voltage and $\Delta V_{DIL} = Low$ State Differential Data Input Voltage.
- 4. Data Input Common Mode Voltage is defined as follows: $V_{DICM} = (V_{Dinp} + V_{Dinp})/2$.
- 5. Deterministic Jitter, DJ, conforms to the dual-Dirac model where TJ(BER) = DJ + 2Q(BER)RJrms and RJrms is the width of the Gaussian component. Here BER = 10⁻¹². DJ is measured with the same conditions as TJ. Effects of impairments in the test signal due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns.
- 6. Total Jitter, TJ, defined for a BER of 10⁻¹², is measured at the 50% signal level using test pattern 2 defined in IEEE P802.3ae clause 52.9.1, or equivalent, operating at 10 GBd. Effects of impairments in the test signals due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns.
- 7. Power Supply Noise is defined as the peak-to-peak noise amplitude over the frequency range at the host supply side of the recommended power supply filter with the module and recommended filter in place. Voltage levels including peak-to-peak noise are limited to the recommended operating range of the associated power supply. See Figures 12 and 13 for recommended power supply filters.
- 8. For data patterns with restricted run lengths and disparity, e.g. 8b10b, smaller value capacitors may provide acceptable results.
- 9. Channel insertion loss includes 3.5 dB/km attenuation, 0 dB connector loss and 0.3 dB modal noise penalty allocations.

Transmitter Electrical Characteristics*

The following characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted. Typical values are for $Tc = 40^{\circ}C$, Vcc33 = 3.3 V and Vcc25 = 2.5 V.

Parameter	Symbols	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Reference
Power Consumption				2.4	W	
Power Supply Current – Vcc25				380	mA	1
Power Supply Current – Vcc33				425	mA	12
Differential Input Impedance		80		120	Ω	Informative
Differential Input Reflection Coefficient	S _{DD11}		-8		dB	3, Figure 3
Common Mode Input Reflection Coefficient	S _{CC11}		-6		dB	4, Figure 3
Differential to CM Input Reflection Coefficient	S _{CD11}		-35		dB	5, Figure 3
LOS Assert Threshold: Tx Data Input Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage Swing	$\Delta V_{DI\ PP\ LOS}$	58	120	156	mVpp	
LOS Hysteresis: Tx Data Input		1	-	4	dB	6
Power On Initialization Time	t _{PWR INIT}			500	ms	7, Figure 18

- * For control signal timing including Adr[2:0], IntL, ResetL, SCL and SDA see Control Characteristics: Transmitter/Receiver.
- 1. Supply current includes that of all Vcc25 contacts.
- 2. Supply current includes that of all Vcc33 contacts.
- 3. Measured over the range 100 MHz to 3.75 GHz with reference differential impedance of 100 Ω
- 4. Measured over the range 100 MHz to 3.75 GHz with reference common mode impedance of 25 Ω
- 5. Measured over the range 100 MHz to 3.75 GHz with reference differential impedance of 100 Ω
- 6. LOS Hysteresis is defined as 20 Log(LOS De-assert Level / LOS Assert Level).
- 7. Power On Initialization Time is the time from when the supply voltages reach and remain above the minimum Recommended Operating Conditions to the time when the module enables TWS access. The module at that point is fully functional.

Receiver Electrical Characteristics*

The following characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted. Typical values are for $Tc = 40^{\circ}C$, Vcc33 = 3.3 V and Vcc25 = 2.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Reference
Power Consumption				2	W	1
Power Supply Current (Vcc25)				670	mA	2
Power Supply Current (Vcc33)				200	mA	3
Data Output Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage Swing (Zero De-emphasis)	$\Delta V_{DO\;pp}$	775	850	925	mVpp	4, Figure 14, 100 Ω Load Full Scale Setting
		415	490	565		Default Ampli- tude Setting
Data Output Common Mode Voltage	V _{DO} CM	1.785		2.540	V	5, Figure 14, Over Amplitude Setting Range
Data Output Off State Differential Voltage	$\Delta V_{DO\ OFF}$			20	mVpp	
Data Output Off Common Mode Voltage	V _{DO OFF CM}			Vcc25	V	
Output Rise/Fall time (20-80%)				80	ps	6
LOS to Data Output Squelch Assert Time	t _{SQ ON}			80	μs	7, Figure 22
Data Output Squelch De-assert Time	t _{SQ OFF}			300	μs	8, Figure 22
Reference Link Output Deterministic Jitter				35	ps	9, Informative
Reference Link Output Total Jitter				70	ps	10
Reference Link Output Eye Width	teye link	30			ps	11
Differential Output Impedance		80		120	Ω	Informative
Differential Output Reflection Coefficient	S _{DD22}		-10		dB	12, Figure 3
Common Mode Output Reflection Coefficient	S _{CC22}		-8		dB	13, Figure 3
CM to Differential Output Reflection Coefficient	S _{DC22}		-35		dB	14, Figure 3
Power On Initialization Time	t _{PWR INIT}			500	ms	15, Figure 18
Inter-channel Skew				150	ps	16
Rx Input-Output Latency				600	ps	Informative

- * For control signal timing including Adr[2:0], IntL, ResetL, SCL and SDA see Control Characteristics: Transmitter/Receiver.
- 1. Max conditions include default output amplitude and de-emphasis programming.
- 2. Supply current includes that of all Vcc25 contacts. Max conditions include maximum output amplitude and de-emphasis programming.
- 3. Supply current includes that of all Vcc33 contacts. Max conditions include maximum output amplitude and de-emphasis programming.
- Data outputs are CML compatible. Data Output Differential Peak to Peak Voltage Swing is defined as follows: ΔV_{DO pp} = ΔV_{DOH} ΔV_{DOL} where ΔV_{DOH} = High State Differential Data Output Voltage and ΔV_{DOL} = Low State Differential Data Output Voltage. Impairments in measurements due to the test system are removed.
- 5. Data Output Common Mode Voltage is defined as follows: $V_{DO\ CM} = (V_{Doutp} + V_{Doutn})/2$.
- 6. These are unfiltered rise and fall times without de-emphasis measured between the 20% and 80% levels using a 500 MHz square wave test pattern. Impairments in measurements due to the test system are removed.
- 7. This is the module response time from fall of Rx input to less than Rx input LOS threshold to squelch of Rx outputs.
- 8. This is the module response time from rise of Rx input to greater than Rx input LOS threshold to resumption of Rx outputs.
- Deterministic Jitter, DJ, conforms to the dual-Dirac model where TJ(BER) = DJ + 2Q(BER)RJrms and RJrms is the width of the Gaussian component. Here BER = 10⁻¹². DJ is measured with the same conditions as TJ. The receiver output is measured with default de-emphasis. Effects of impairments in the test signals due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns at an input signal 6 dB above maximum Receiver Sensitivity.
 Total Jitter, TJ, defined for BER of 10⁻¹², is measured at the 50% signal level using test pattern 2 defined in IEEE P802.3ae clause 52.9.1, or equivalent,
- 10. Total Jitter, TJ, defined for BER of 10⁻¹², is measured at the 50% signal level using test pattern 2 defined in IEEE P802.3ae clause 52.9.1, or equivalent, operating at 10 GBd with characteristics that are equivalent to that of an AFBR 810B transmitter module and maximum cable length operating per the Recommended Operation Conditions as the test source. Effects of impairments in the test signals due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns.
- 11. Eye Opening is defined as the unit interval less TJ for the same test pattern and conditions as TJ.
- 12. Measured over the range 100 MHz to 3.75 GHz with reference differential impedance of 100 Ω
- 13. Measured over the range 100 MHz to 3.75 GHz with reference common mode impedance 25 Ω
- 14. Measured over the range 100 MHz to 3.75 GHz with reference differential impedance 100 Ω
- 15. Power On Initialization Time is the time from when the supply voltages reach and remain within Recommended Operating Conditions to the time when the module enables TWS access. The module at that point is fully functional.
- 16. Inter-Channel Skew is defined for the condition of equal amplitude, zero ps skew input signals.

Control Characteristics: Transmitter/Receiver

The following characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted. Typical values are for $Tc = 40^{\circ}C$, Vcc33 = 3.3 V and Vcc25 = 2.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Reference
Control* Input Voltage Hysteresis LVTTL	Vhys		0.4		V	
Control* Input Current LVTTL	lin	-125		125	μΑ	0 V < Vin < Vcc33
Control* Output Voltage Low LVTTL	Vol			0.4	V	Iol = 2mA
Control* Output Current High-Z	Ioh	-10		10	μΑ	0 V < Vin < Vcc33
Address Assert Time				100	ms	1
Interrupt Assert Time	t _{INTL ON}			200	ms	2, Figure 20
Interrupt Pulse Width	t _{INTL PW}	5			μs	3, Figure 20
Interrupt De-assert Time	t _{INTL OFF}			500	μs	4, Figure 20
Reset Assert Time	t _{RSTL} ON			100	μs	5, Figure 19
Reset De-assert Time	t _{RSTL} OFF			500	ms	6, Figure 19
Initialization Time TWS Interfaces				500	ms	Figure 18
TWS Data In Set Up Time	t _{SU:SDA}			0.10	μs	7, Figure 17
TWS Data In Hold Time	t _{HD:SDA}			0	μs	8, Figure 17
TWS Clock Low to Data Out Valid	t_{AA}	0.10		0.90	μs	9, Figure 17
TWS Data Out Hold Time	t_{DH}	50			ns	10, Figure 17
TWS Data Output Rise Time	tr _{SDA}			0.30	μs	Figure 17,
TWS Data Output Fall Time	tf _{SDA}			0.30	μs	Measured between 0.8V and 2.0V
TWS Interface Timing						See Atmel Two-Wire Serial EEPROM, e.g. AT24C01A
TWS Write Cycle Time	t _{wr}	40ms				

- * Control signals include Adr[2:0], IntL, ResetL, SCL and SDA.
- 1. This is the module response time from a change in module address, Adr[2:0], to response to TWS communication using the new address.
- 2. This is the module response time from occurrence of interrupt generating event to IntL assertion, Vout:IntL = Vol.
- 3. Pulse or static level can be selected for IntL. Pulse mode is default. See Memory Map.
- 4. This is the module response time from clear on read operation, measured from falling SCL edge after stop bit of read transaction, until Vout:IntL = Voh where IntL is in static mode.
- 5. Assertion of ResetL activates a complete module reset, i.e. module returns to factory default and non-volatile control settings. While ResetL is Low, Tx and Rx outputs are disabled and the module does not respond to the TWS interface.
- 6. This is the response time from ResetL de-assertion to resumption of operation.
- 7. Data In Set Up Time is measured from Vil(max)SDA or Vih(min)SDA to Vil(max)SCL.
- $8. \quad \mathsf{Data} \ \mathsf{In} \ \mathsf{Hold} \ \mathsf{Time} \ \mathsf{is} \ \mathsf{measured} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{Vil}(\mathsf{max}) \mathsf{SCL} \ \mathsf{to} \ \mathsf{Vil}(\mathsf{max}) \mathsf{SDA} \ \mathsf{or} \ \mathsf{Vih}(\mathsf{min}) \mathsf{SDA}.$
- 9. Clock Low to Data Out Time is measured from Vil(max)SCL to Vol(max)SDA or Voh(min)SDA.
- 10. Data Out Hold Time is measured from Vil(max)SCL to Vol(max)SDA or Voh(min)SDA.

Transmitter Optical Characteristics

The following characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted. Typical values are for $Tc = 40^{\circ}C$, Vcc33 = 3.3 V and Vcc25 = 2.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Reference
Output Optical Power: Average	P _{O AVE}			-1.5	dBm	
Output Optical Power: Disabled	P _{O OFF}			-30	dBm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3			dB	Informative
Output Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA	-5.25			dBm	Informative
Output OMA: Squelched				-27	dBm	
Encircled Flux						1
Center Wavelength		830		860	nm	
Spectral Width - rms				0.85	nm	
Output Rise/Fall Time				50	ps	2, Informative
Power On Initialization Time Tx Outputs	t _{PWR} INIT			500	ms	Figure 18
Reset Assert Time Tx Outputs	t _{RSTL ON}			500	ms	Figure 19
Reset De-assert Re-initialization Time Tx Outputs	t _{RSTL OFF}			500	ms	Figure 19
Output Disable Assert Time for Fault	t _{DIS ON}			100	ms	Figure 21
Output Squelch Assert Time for LOS	t _{SQ ON}			80	μs	Figure 22
Output Squelch De-assert Time for LOS	t _{SQ OFF}			80	μs	Figure 22
Inter-channel Skew				150	ps	3
Channel Latency			400		ps	Informative
Relative Intensity Noise OMA	RIN ₁₂ OMA			-124	dB/Hz	Informative
Accumulated Deterministic Jitter				30	ps	4, Informative
Accumulated Total Jitter				60	ps	5, Informative
Reference Link Output Eye Width	t _{EYE REF}	40			ps	6

- 1. The transmitter launch condition meets the requirements of 10 Gigabit Ethernet multimode fiber as detailed in TIA 492AAC.
- 2. These are unfiltered rise and fall times measured between the 20% and 80% levels using a 500 MHz square wave test pattern. Impairments in measurements due to the test system are removed.
- 3. Inter-Channel Skew is defined for the condition of equal amplitude, zero ps skew input signals.
- 4. Deterministic Jitter, DJ, conforms to the dual-Dirac model where TJ(BER) = DJ + 2Q(BER)RJrms and RJrms is the width of the Gaussian component. Here BER = 10⁻¹². DJ is measured with the same conditions as TJ. Effects of impairments in the test signals due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns.
- 5. Total Jitter, TJ, defined for BER of 10⁻¹², is measured at the 50% signal level using test pattern 2 defined in IEEE P802.3ae clause 52.9.1, or equivalent, operating at 10 GBd with test source characteristics per the Recommended Operation Conditions. Effects of impairments in the test signals due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns.
- 6. Eye Opening is defined as the unit interval less TJ for the same test pattern and conditions as TJ. Measurement is made at the output, TP4, of the Reference Channel. See Link Model and Reference Channel section and Receiver Electrical Characteristics.

Receiver Optical Characteristics

The following characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted. Typical values are for $Tc = {}^{\circ}C$, Vcc33 = 3.3 V and Vcc25 = 2.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Reference
Input Optical Power Sensitivity (OMA)				-11	dBm	1, Informative, Default Signal Rate
Input Optical Power Saturation	P _{SAT AVE}	-1.0			dBm	2
Operating Center Wavelength		830		860	nm	
Return Loss		12			dB	
LOS Asserted Threshold – OMA	P _{LOS OMA}	-26	-19		dBm	
LOS De-asserted – OMA			-17	-12	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5	2		dB	3

Notes:

- 1. Sensitivity is defined as the input OMA needed to produce a BER ≤10⁻¹² at the center of the signal period using test pattern 2 defined in IEEE P802.3ae clause 52.9.1, or equivalent, operating at 10 GBd. Effects of impairments in the test signal due to the test system are removed from the measurement. All channels not under test are operating with similar test patterns and input signals 6 dB above P_{IN MIN}.
- 2. Saturation is defined as the average input power (ER = 6 dB) that at the receiver output produces an eye width less than the Reference Link Output Eye Width Minimum (t_{EYE LINK}) for a BER ≤10⁻¹² using test pattern 2 defined in IEEE P802.3ae clause 52.9.1, or equivalent, operating at 10 GBd. Effects of impairments in the test signal due to the test system are removed from the measurement.
- 3. Signal Detect Hysteresis is defined as 10 Log(LOS De-assert Level / LOS Assert Level).

Regulatory Compliance Table (When released, the AFBR-810BxxZ and AFBR-820xxxZ will support this table.)

Feature	Test Method	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Contacts	JEDEC Human Body Model (HBM) (JESD22-A114-B)	Transmitter module withstands minimum 2000 V Receiver module withstands minimum 2000 V
	JEDEC Machine Model (MM) (JESD22-A115-A)	Transmitter module withstands minimum 100 V Receiver module withstands minimum 100 V
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to Optical Connector Receptacle	Variation of IEC 61000-4-2	Typically withstands at least 6 kV air discharge with module biased
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 CENELEC EN55022 (CISPR 22A) VCCI Class 1	Typically passes with 10 dB margin. Actual performance dependent on enclosure design.
Immunity	Variation of IEC 61000-4-3	Typically minimal effect from a 10 V/m field swept from 80 MHz to 1 GHz applied to the module without a chassis enclosure.
Laser Eye Safety and Equipment Type Testing	IEC 60825-1 Amendment 2 CFR 21 Section 1040	Pout: IEC AEL & US FDA CDRH Class 1M CDRH Accession Number: 9720151-074 TUV Certificate Number: 72060862
Component Recognition	Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association Joint Component Recognition for Information Technology Equipment including Electrical Business Equipment	UL File Number: E173874
RoHS Compliance		Less than 100 ppm of cadmium, lead, mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, and polybrominated biphenyl esters.

Transmitter Module Contact Assignment and Signal Description

Optical Connector Side

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	A	Adr2	GND	GND	IntL							
	В	Adr1	GND	Din1p	GND	Din4p	GND	Din8n	GND	Din11n	GND	
	c	Adr0	GND	Din1n	GND	Din4n	GND	Din8p	GND	Din11p	GND	
	D	GND	Din0p	GND	Din3p	GND	Din6n	GND	Din10n	GND	SDA	
	E	GND	Din0n	GND	Din3n	GND	Din6p	GND	Din10p	GND	SCL	
	F	ResetL	GND	Din2p	GND	Din5n	GND	Din7n	GND	Din9p	GND	
	G	DNC	GND	Din2n	GND	Din5p	GND	Din7p	GND	Din9n	GND	
	Н	DNC	DNC	GND	DNC	GND	DNC	GND	DNC	GND	DNC	
	J	GND	GND	GND	DNC	DNC	DNC	DNC	GND	GND	GND	
	K	Vcc25	Vcc33	Vcc33	DNC	DNC	DNC	DNC	Vcc33	Vcc33	Vcc25	

Figure 9. Host Board Pattern for Transmitter Connector – Top View

Signal Name	Signal Description	I/0	Туре
Adr[2:0]	TWS Module Bus Address bits: Address has the form 0101hjkx where Adr2, Adr1 & Adr0 correspond to h, j & k respectively and x corresponds to the R/W command.	I	3.3V LVTTL
Din[11:0]p	Transmitter Data Non-inverting Input for channels 11 through 0	I	CML
Din[11:0]n	Transmitter Data Inverting Input for channels 11 through 0	1	CML
DNC	Reserved – Do Not Connect to any electrical potential on Host PCB		
GND	Signal Common: All module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise stated. Connect these pins directly to the host board signal ground plane.		
IntL	Interrupt signal to Host, Asserted Low: An interrupt is generated in response to any Tx Fault condition, loss of input signal or assertion of any monitor Flag. It may be programmed through the TWS interface to generate either a pulse or static level with static mode as default. This output presents a High-Z condition when IntL is de-asserted and requires a pull-up on the Host board. Pull-up to the Host 3.3 V supply is recommended.	0	3.3V LVTTL, high-Z or driven to 0 level
ResetL	Reset signal to module, Asserted Low: When asserted the optical outputs are disabled, TWS interface commands are inhibited, and the module returns to default and non-volatile settings. An internal pullup biases the input High if the input is open.	I	3.3V LVTTL
SDA	TWS interface data signal: Pull-up with a 2.0 k Ω to 8.0 k Ω resistor to the Host 3.3 V supply is recommended.	I/O	3.3V LVTTL/ Open-Drain
SCL	TWS interface clock signal I: Pull-up with a 2.0 k Ω to 8.0 k Ω resistor to the Host 3.3 V supply is recommended.	I	3.3V LVTTL
Vcc25	2.5V Power supply, External common connection of pins required – not common internally		
Vcc33	3.3 V Power supply, External common connection of pins required – not common internally		
Case Common	Not accessible in connector. Case common incorporates exposed conductive surfaces including threaded bosses and is electrically isolated from signal common, i.e. GND. Connect as appropriate for EMI shield integrity. See EMI clip and bezel cutout recommendation.		

Receiver Module Contact Assignment and Signal Description

Optical Connector Side

										_
Adr2	GND	GND	IntL	K						
Adr1	GND	Dout1p	GND	Dout4p	GND	Dout8n	GND	Dout11r	GND	J
Adr0	GND	Dout1n	GND	Dout4n	GND	Dout8p	GND	Dout11p	GND	Н
GND	Dout0p	GND	Dout3p	GND	Dout6n	GND	Dout10r	GND	SDA	G
GND	Dout0n	GND	Dout3n	GND	Dout6p	GND	Dout10p	GND	SCL	F
ResetL	GND	Dout2p	GND	Dout5n	GND	Dout7n	GND	Dout9p	GND	E
DNC	GND	Dout2n	GND	Dout5p	GND	Dout7p	GND	Dout9n	GND	D
DNC	DNC	GND	DNC	GND	DNC	GND	DNC	GND	DNC	С
GND	GND	GND	DNC	DNC	DNC	DNC	GND	GND	GND	В
Vcc25	Vcc33	Vcc33	DNC	DNC	DNC	DNC	Vcc33	Vcc33	Vcc25	A
10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1

Figure 10. Host Board Pattern for Receiver Connector – Top View

PIN name	Functional descriptions	I/O	Туре			
Adr[2:0]	TWS Module Bus Address bits: Address has the form 0101hjkx where Adr2, Adr1 & Adr0 correspond to h, j & k respectively and x corresponds to the R/W command.					
Dout[11:0]p	Receiver Data Non-inverting Output for channels 11 through 0	0	CML			
Dout[11:0]n	Receiver Data Inverting Output for channels 11 through 0	0	CML			
DNC	Reserved – Do Not Connect to any electrical potential on Host PCB					
GND	Signal Common: All module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise stated. Connect these pins directly to the host board signal ground plane.					
IntL	Interrupt signal to Host, Asserted Low: An interrupt is generated in response to loss of input signal or assertion of any monitor Flag. It may be programmed through the TWS interface to generate either a pulse or static level with static mode as default. This output presents a High-Z condition when IntL is de-asserted and requires a pull-up on the Host board. Pull-up to the Host 3.3 V supply is recommended.	0	3.3V LVTTL, high-Z or driven to 0 level			
ResetL	Reset signal to module, Asserted Low: When asserted the data outputs, Dout[11:0]p/n are squelched, TWS interface commands are inhibited, and the module returns to default and non-volatile settings. An internal pullup biases the input High if the input is open.	I	3.3V LVTTL			
SDA	TWS interface data signal: Pull-up with a 2.0 k Ω to 8.0 k Ω resistor to the Host 3.3 V supply is recommended.	I/O	3.3V LVTTL/ Open-Drain			
SCL	TWS interface clock signal: Pull-up with a 2.0 k Ω to 8.0 k Ω resistor to the Host 3.3 V supply is recommended.	I	3.3V LVTTL			
Vcc25	2.5V Power supply, External common connection of pins required – not common internally	Р				
Vcc33	3.3 V Power supply, External common connection of pins required – not common internally	Р				
Case Common	Not accessible in connector. Case common incorporates exposed conductive surfaces including threaded bosses and is electrically isolated from signal common, i.e. GND. Connect as appropriate for EMI shield integrity. See EMI clip and bezel cutout recommendation.					

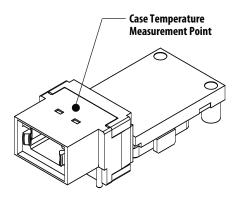


Figure 11. Case Temperature Measurement Point

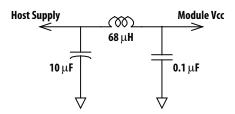


Figure 12. Recommended Tx Power Supply Filter

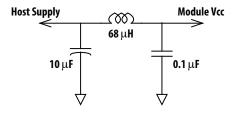


Figure 13. Recommended Rx Power Supply Filter

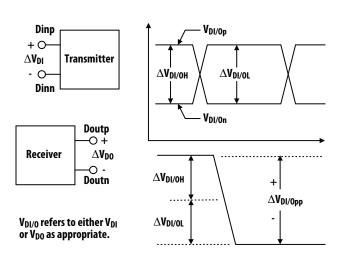


Figure 14. Differential Signal Definitions

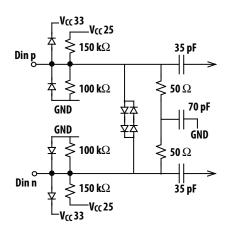


Figure 15. Transmitter Data Input Equivalent Circuit

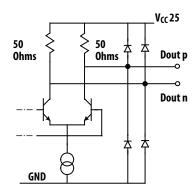


Figure 16. Receiver Data Output Equivalent Circuit

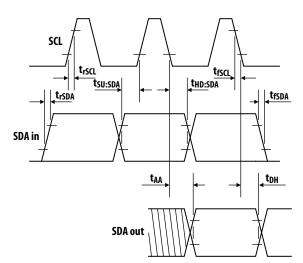
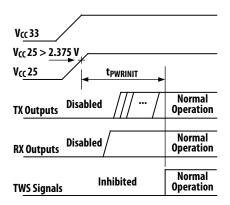


Figure 17. TWS Interface Bus Timing





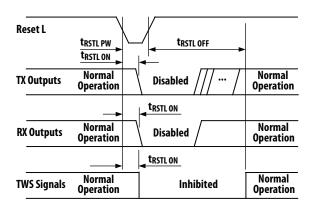


Figure 19. ResetL Sequence

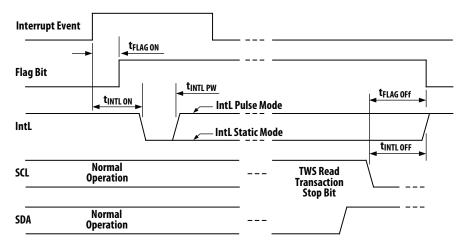


Figure 20. Interrupt Sequence

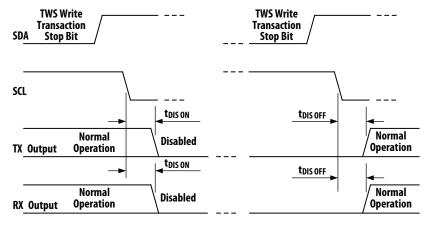


Figure 21. Channel Disable Sequence

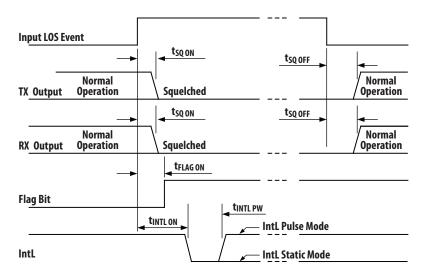


Figure 22. LOS Squelch Sequence

Package Outline, Host PCB Footprint and Panel Cutout

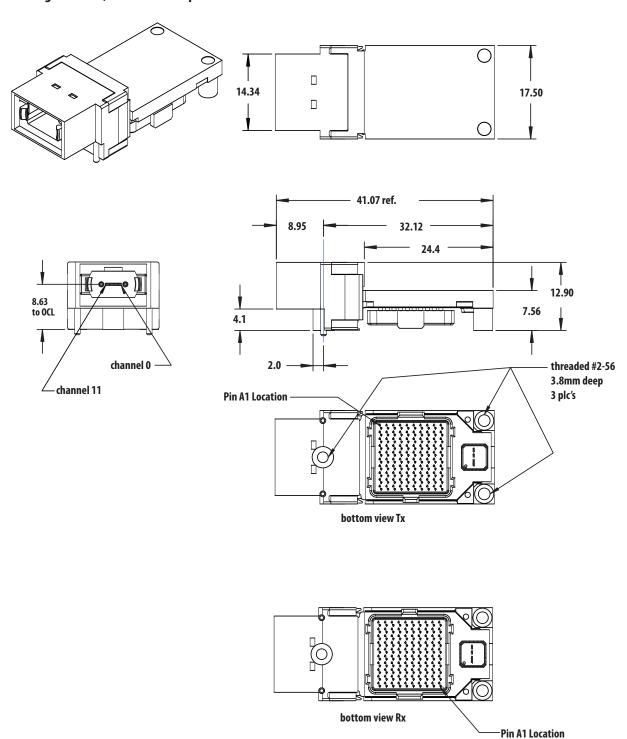


Figure 23. Package Outline AFBR-810BHZ and AFBR-820BHZ

Package outline dimensions are nominal expressed in mm unless otherwise stated. The mating host PCB mounted electrical connector is a 100 position FCI MEG-Array® Plug (FCI PN: 84512-102) or equivalent.

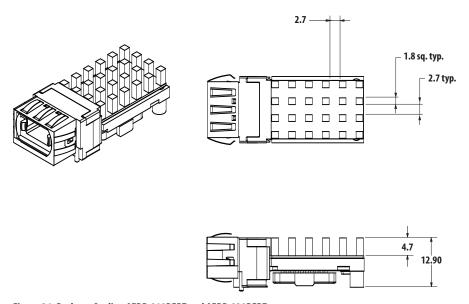
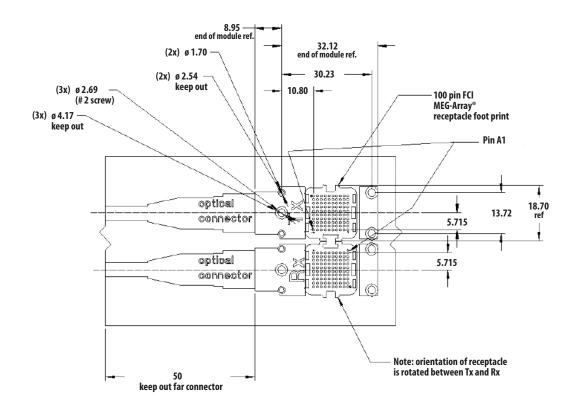


Figure 24. Package Outline AFBR-810BEPZ and AFBR-820BEPZ

Package outline dimensions are nominal expressed in mm unless otherwise stated. The mating host PCB mounted electrical connector is a 100 position FCI MEG-Array® Plug (FCI PN: 84512-102) or equivalent.



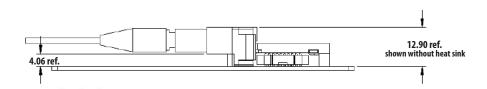


Figure 25. Host Board Module Footprint (Top View) and Module (Side View) – Mid-Plane Mount

Dimensions are nominal expressed in mm unless otherwise stated. The mating host PCB mounted electrical connector is a 100 position FCI MEG-Array® Plug (FCI PN: 84512-102) or equivalent.

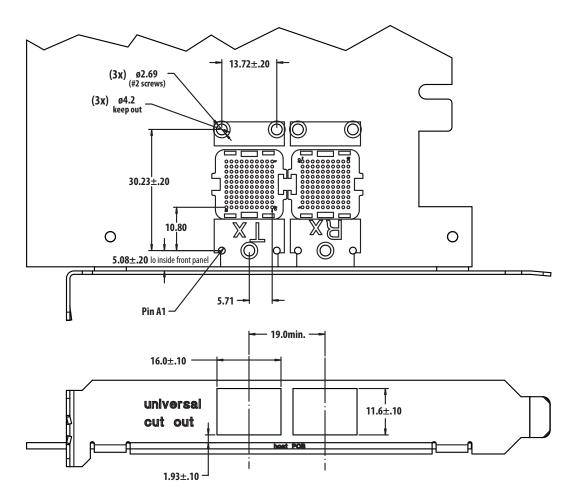


Figure 26. Host Board Module Footprint (Top and Side Views) – Panel Mount

Dimensions are nominal expressed in mm unless otherwise stated. The mating host PCB mounted electrical connector is a 100 position FCI MEG-Array® Plug (FCI PN: 84512-102) or equivalent.

Control Interface & Memory Map

The control interface combines dedicated signal lines for address inputs, Adr[2:0], interrupt output, IntL, and reset input, ResetL, with two-wire serial, TWS, interface clock, SCL, and data, SDA, signals to provide users rich functionality over an efficient and easily used interface. The TWS interface is implemented as a slave device and compatible with industry standard two-wire serial protocol. It is scaled for 3.3 volt LVTTL. Outputs are high-z in the high state to support busing of these signals. Signal and timing characteristics are further defined in the Control I/O Characteristics section. In general, TWS bus timing and protocols follow the implementation popularized in Atmel Two-wire Serial EEPROMs. For additional details see, e.g., Atmel AT24C01A.

The address signals, Adr2, Adr1 and Adr0, provide the ability to program the TWS bus address of the module. The module address has the binary form 0101hjkx, where h, j and k correspond to Adr2, Adr1 and Adr0, respectively and x corresponds to the Read/Write command bit. Modules will respond to TWS bus addresses in the range of 50h¹ to 5Fh (hereafter 5ih) depending upon the state of Adr2, Adr1 and Adr0. The address B0(h) should be avoided on the TWS bus where these modules are used.

An interrupt signal, IntL, is used to alert the host of a loss of input signal (LOS), transmitter fault conditions and/or assertion of any monitor flag. This reduces the need for dedicated status signal lines and polling the status and monitor registers while maintaining timely alerts to significant events. IntL can be programmed (page 01h byte 225 bit 0) to either pulse or static mode with pulse as the default mode.

A dedicated module reset signal, ResetL, is provided in case the TWS interface becomes dysfunctional. When ResetL is asserted, the outputs are disabled, TWS interface commands are inhibited and the module returns to factory default settings except Non-volatile Read-Write (RWn) registers which retain the last write. A module register (memory map except the non-volatile registers) reset can also be initiated over the TWS interface (page 5ih byte 91, bit 0). A TWS reset can be initiated by nine SLA clock cycles with SDA high in each cycle and creating a start condition.

With the TWS interface the user can read a status register (page 5ih byte 2) to see if data is available in the monitor registers, if the module has generated an IntL that has not been cleared and global status reports for loss of signal and fault conditions

LOS, Tx fault and/or monitor flag registers can be accessed to check the status of individual channels or which channel may have generated a recent IntL. LOS, Tx fault and flag bits

remain set (latched) after assertion even in the event the condition changes and operation resumes until cleared by the read operation of the associated registers or reset by ResetL or the TWS module reset function.

The user can read the present value of the various monitors. For transmitters and receivers, internal module temperature and supply voltages are reported. For transmitters, monitors provide for each channel laser bias current and laser light output power (LOP) information. For receivers, input power (Pave) is monitored for each channel. In addition, elapsed operating time is reported. All monitor items are two-byte fields and to maintain coherency, the host must access these with single two-byte read sequences. For each monitored item, alarm thresholds are established. If an item moves past a threshold, a flag is set, and, provided the item is not masked, IntL is asserted. The threshold settings are available in the upper memory page, 01h.

The user can select either a pulse or static mode for the interrupt signal IntL and initiate a module register reset. The user is provided the ability to disable individual channels. For transmitters, equalization levels can be independently set for individual channels. For receivers, output signal amplitude, de-emphasis levels and rate select can be independently set for individual channels. In the upper page, 01h, control field the user can invert the truth of the differential inputs for individual transmitter channel and for the differential outputs of individual receiver channels. In addition, the user can disable the output squelch function on an individual channel basis for both transmitters and receivers. For transmitters the user can, on an individual channel basis, activate a margin mode that reduces the output optical modulation amplitude for the channel.

All non-volatile control registers are located in the upper page 01(h). Non-volatile functions include the IntL mode selection bit, input and output polarity flip bits, transmitter equalization control bits, receiver output amplitude control and receiver output de-emphasis control. Entries into these registers will retain the last write for supply voltage cycles and for ResetL and module register resets. Volatile functions include module register reset, channel disable, squelch disable and margin activation.

A mask bit that can be set to prevent assertion of IntL for the individual item exists for every LOS, Tx fault and monitor flag. Mask fields for LOS, Tx fault and module monitors are in the lower memory page, 5ih, and the mask field for the channel monitors are in the upper page 01h. Entries in the mask fields are volatile.

Page 00h, based on the Serial ID pages of XFP and QSFP, provides module identity and information regarding the capabilities of the module.

^{1.} In terms ##h, the h indicates that ## is hexadecimal, if ##b, b indicates binary and if ##, then decimal.

1. Memory Map Overview

The memory is structured as a single address, multiple page approach after that in the XFP MSA and adapted by QSFP MSA for multi-channel transceivers. Figure 27 presents an overview of the memory structure showing a lower page (5ih) and two upper pages (00h and 01h). As with XFP and QSFP, time sensitive, dynamic and/or high interest information are contained in the base, i.e. lower, page. Here the upper page 00h contains the serial id

information, again following the style of XFP and QSFP. The 01h upper table contains static threshold information, configuration controls and flag masks.

Unless otherwise stated all reserved bytes are coded 00h and all reserved bits are coded 0b. Non-volatile readwrite bits are labeled RWn and volatile read-write bits are labeled RWv.

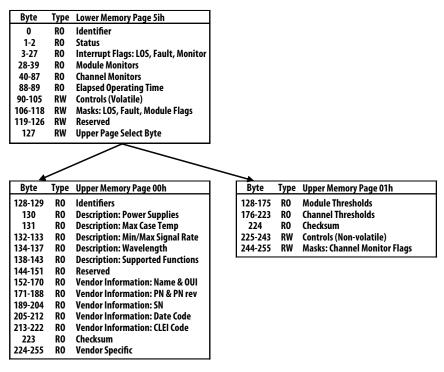


Figure 27. Two-Wire Serial Address 5ih Page Structure

2. Memory Map Timing Characteristics

The following characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted. Typical values are for $Tc = 40^{\circ}C$, Vcc33 = 3.3 V and Vcc25 = 2.5 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max ¹	Units	Reference
Flag (including Tx Fault & LOS) Assert Time ²	t _{FLAG} ON			100	ms	Figure 20, Time from occurrence of condition to IntL assertion, Vout:IntL = Vol
Flag (including Tx Fault & LOS) Clear Time ²	t _{FLAG} OFF			100	ms	Figure 20, Time for clear on read operation, measured from falling SCL edge after stop bit of read transaction, until Vout:IntL = Voh, where IntL is in static mode
Channel Disable Assert Time	t _{DIS ON}			100	ms	Figure 21, Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until channel output falls below 10% of nominal
Channel Disable De-assert Time	t _{DIS OFF}			300	ms	Figure 21, Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until channel output rises above 90% of nominal
Mask Assert Time				100	ms	Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated IntL is inhibited
Mask De-assert Time				100	ms	Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated IntL resumes
Volatile Control Assert Time (except Channel Disable)	t _{CNTL} ON			100	ms	Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated control is activated
Volatile Control De-assert Time (except Channel Disable)				100	ms	Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated control is de-activated
Control Transition Period	t _{CNTL XP}		10		μs	Time during the control assert time when signal integrity may be impaired
Non-Volatile Control Assert Time				150	ms	Time from up to two byte write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated control is activated
Non-Volatile Control De-assert Time				150	ms	Time from up to two byte write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated control is de-activated
Non-Volatile Control Assert Time				300	ms	Time from up to six byte write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated control is activated
Non-Volatile Control De-assert Time				300	ms	Time from up to six byte write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated control is de-activated
Module Reset Assert Time				100	ms	Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated reset begins
Module Reset De-assert Time				500	ms	Time from write operation, measured from falling edge of SCL after stop bit of write transaction, until associated reset is completed and normal operation resumes

^{1.} Max values are valid where competing TWS traffic is absent.

^{2.} The outputs of affected channels are disabled for incidences of Tx Fault and squelched for Tx LOS and/or Rx LOS. Timing for output fault and squelch assertion and de-assertion are found in the Receiver Electrical and Transmitter Optical Characteristics sections.

3. Tx Memory Map 5ih Lower Page

Details of the base or lower page of the memory map for a transmitter follow.

Address		Type	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
0	all	RO	Type Identifier: Coded 00h for unspecified
1	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
2	7-4	RO	Reserved: Coded 0000b
2	3	RO	Fault Status: Coded 1 when a Fault flag (bytes 11 and 12 of this page) is asserted for any channel, else 0. Clears when Fault flags are cleared.
2	2	RO	LOS Status: Coded 1 when a LOS flag (bytes 9 and 10 of this page) is asserted for any channel, else 0. Clears when LOS flags are cleared.
2	1	RO	IntL Status: Coded 1 for asserted IntL. Clears to 0 when all flags including LOS and Fault are cleared.
2	0	RO	Data Not Ready: Coded 1 until data is available in monitor registers. Coded 0 in normal operation.
3 - 7	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
8	0		Module Ready Interrupt. Coded 1 when asserted and module is Ready to respond to TWS commands, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	7-4	RO	Reserved: Coded 0000b
9	3	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	2	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	1	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	0	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	7	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	6	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	5	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	4	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	3	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	2	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	1	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	0	RO	LOS Latched Tx Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
11	7-4	RO	Reserved: Coded 0000b
11	3	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
11	2	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
11	1	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
11	0	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	7	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	6	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	5	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	4	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	3	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	2	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	1	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
12	0	RO	Fault Latched Tx Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
13	7	RO	High Internal Temperature Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
13	6	RO	Low Internal Temperature Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
13	5-0	RO	Reserved
14	7	RO	High Internal 3.3 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	6	RO	Low Internal 3.3 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	5-4	RO	Reserved
14	3	RO	High Internal 2.5 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	2	RO	Low Internal 2.5 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
	1-0	RO	Reserved

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
15	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
16	7	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
16	6	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
16	5-4	RO	Reserved
16	3	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
16	2	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
16	1-0	RO	Reserved
17	7	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
17	6	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
17	5-4	RO	Reserved
17	3	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
17	2	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
17	1-0	RO	Reserved
18	7	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
8	6	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
18	5-4	RO	Reserved
18	3	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
18	2	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
18	1-0	RO	Reserved
9	7	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	6	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	5-4	RO	Reserved
9	3	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
19	2	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
19	1-0	RO	Reserved
20	7	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
20	6	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
20	5-4	RO	Reserved
20	3	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
20	2	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
20	1-0	RO	Reserved
21	7	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
21	6	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
21	5-4	RO	Reserved
21	3	RO	High Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
21	2	RO	Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
21	1-0	RO	Reserved
22	7	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	6	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	5-4	RO	Reserved
22	3	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	2	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	1-0	RO	Reserved
23	7	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	6	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	5-4	RO	Reserved
23	3	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	2	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	1-0	RO	Reserved

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
24	7	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
24	6	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
24	5-4	RO	Reserved
24	3	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
24	2	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
24	1-0	RO	Reserved
25	7	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
25	6	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
25	5-4	RO	Reserved
25	3	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
25	2	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
25	1-0	RO	Reserved
26	7	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
26	6	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
26	5-4	RO	Reserved
26	3	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
26	2	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
26	1-0	RO	Reserved
27	7	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
27	6	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
27	5-4	RO	Reserved
27	3	RO	High Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
27 27	2	RO	Low Tx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. Reserved
	1-0	RO	***
28	all	RO	Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C.
30-31	all all	RO RO	Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. Reserved: Coded 00h
32-33	all	RO	Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is
32-33	all	NO	\pm 0.150V.
34-35	all	RO	Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μ V units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.150V.
36-39	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
40-41	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 11: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 40 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
42-43	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 10: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 42 is MSB Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
44-45	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 9: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 44 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
46-47	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 8: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 46 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
48-49	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 7: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 48 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
50-51	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 6: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 50 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
52-53	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 5: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 52 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
54-55	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 4: Bias current in 2 μA units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 54 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.50 mA.
56-57	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 3: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 56 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
58-59	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 2: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 58 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		·
60-61	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 1: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 60 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
62-63	all	RO	Tx Bias Current Monitor Channel 0: Bias current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 62 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 0.50 mA.
64-65	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
66-67	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
68-69	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
70-71	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
72-73	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 72 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
74-75	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 74 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
76-77	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
78-79	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 78 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
80-81	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 3: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 80 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
82-83	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 2: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 82 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
84-85	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 1: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 84 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
86-87	all	RO	Tx Light Output Monitor Channel 0: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 86 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB.
88-89	all	RO	Elapsed (Power-on) Operating Time: Elapsed time in 2 hour units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 88 is MSB, Tolerance is \pm 10%
90	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h
91	7-1	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000000b
91	0	RWv	Transmitter Reset: Writing 1 return all registers except non-volatile RW to factory default values. Reads 0 after operation.
92	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b
92	3	RWv	Tx Channel 11 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
92	2	RWv	Tx Channel 10 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
92	1	RWv	Tx Channel 9 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
92	0	RWv	Tx Channel 8 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	7	RWv	Tx Channel 7 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	6	RWv	Tx Channel 6 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	5	RWv	Tx Channel 5 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	4	RWv	Tx Channel 4 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	3	RWv	Tx Channel 3 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	2	RWv	Tx Channel 2 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	1	RWv	Tx Channel 1 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
93	0	RWv	Tx Channel 0 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the optical output, Default is 0.
94	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b
94	3	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 11: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
94	2	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 10: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
94	1	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 9: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
94	0	RW∨	Squelch Disable Channel 8: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
У Т	<u> </u>	11444	Squeter Disuble Charmer of Whiting 1 ministro squeter for the Charmer, Default is 0.

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
95	7	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 7: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	6	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 6: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	5	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 5: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	4	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 4: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	3	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 3: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	2	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 2: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	1	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 1: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
95	0	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 0: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.
96-98	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h
99	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b
99	3	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 11: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
99	2	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 10: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
99	1	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 9: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	0	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 8: Writing 1places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	7	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 7: Writing 1places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
100	6	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 6: Writing 1places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
100	5	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 5: Writing 1places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	4	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 4: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	3	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 3: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	2	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 2: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	1	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 1: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
00	0	RWv	Margin Activation Channel 0: Writing 1 places channel into Margin mode (Reduces OMA by 1 dB), Default is 0.
01-105	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h
06-111	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h
12	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b
12	3	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
12	2	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
12	1	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
112	0	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
113	7	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
113	6	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
113	5	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
13	4	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
113	3	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
13	2	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
13	1	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
13	0	RWv	Mask LOS Tx Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
14	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b
14	3	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
14	2	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
14	1	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
14	0	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
15	7	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
15	6	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
15	5	RWv	
		RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
115	4		Mask Fault Tx Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
15	3	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
115	2	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
15	1	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
115	0	RWv	Mask Fault Tx Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0

Address		Type	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
116	7	RWv	Mask High Internal Temperature Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
116	6	RWv	Mask Low Internal Temperature Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
116	5-0	RWv	Reserved
117	7	RWv	Mask High Internal 3.3 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
117	6	RWv	Mask Low Internal 3.3 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
117	5-4	RWv	Reserved
117	3	RWv	Mask High Internal 2.5 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
117	2	RWv	Mask Low Internal 2.5 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
117	1-0	RWv	Reserved
118	all	RWv	TX output power alarm level select. Custom=01h, Factory Default=0
119-120	all	RW	Tx Optical Power All Channels Custom High Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 uW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB
121-122	all	RW	TX Optical Power All Channels Custom Low Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 uW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB
123-126	all	RW	Reserved: Coded 00h
127	all	RWv	Page Select Byte

4. Tx Memory Map 00h Upper Page

Transmitter serial id page 00h entries follow. Description of the registers can be found in Section 9 below.

Address	Conte	nts	Type	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code		
128	all	00h	RO	Type Identifier: Coded 00h for unspecified. See SFF-8472 for reference
129	all	10000010b	RO	Module Description: Coded for < 2.5 W max, Controlled Launch
130	all	11000000b	RO	Required Power Supplies: Coded for 3.3V & 2.5V supplies
131	all	01010000b	RO	Max Recommended Operating Case Temperature in Degrees C: Coded for 80°C
132	all	00011001b	RO	Min Bit Rate in 100 Mb/s units: Coded for 2500 Mb/s
133	all	01100100b	RO	Max Bit Rate in 100 Mb/s units: Coded for 10000 Mb/s
134-135	all	42h 04h	RO	Nominal Laser Wavelength (Wavelength in nm = value / 20): Coded for 845 nm
136-137	all	0Bh BBh	RO	Wavelength deviation from nominal (Wavelength tolerance in nm = \pm /- value / 200): Coded for 15 nm
138	all	11001000b	RO	Supported Flags/Actions: Coded for Tx Fault, Tx LOS, Output Squelch for LOS, Alarm Flags
139	all	11000101b	RO	Supported Monitors: Coded for Tx Bias, Tx LOP, Internal Temp, Elapsed Time
140	all	01100000b	RO	Supported Monitors: Coded for 3.3V, 2.5V
141	all	10100010b	RO	Supported Controls: Coded for Ch Disable, Squelch Disable, Input Equalization
142	all	00001011b	RO	Supported Controls: Coded for Margin Mode, Ch Polarity Flip, Module Addressing
143	all	00h	RO	Supported Functions:
144-151	all	00h	RO	Reserved
152-167	all	41h 56h 41h 47h 4Fh 20h 20h x10	RO	Vendor Name in ASCII: Coded "AVAGO" for Avago Technologies, Spaces (20h) for unused characters
168-170	all	00h 17h 6Ah	RO	Vendor OUI (IEEE ID): Coded "00h 17h 6Ah" for Avago Technologies
171-186	all	41h 46h 42h 52h 2Dh 37h 37h 36h 42h 	RO	Vendor Part Number in ASCII: AFBR-810B where bytes 180 through 186 vary with selected option, Spaces (20h) for unused characters
187-188	all	30h 32h	RO	Vendor Revision Number in ASCII: Coded "02"
189-204	all		RO	Vendor Serial Number (ASCII): Varies by unit
205-212	all		RO	Vendor Date Code YYYYMMDD (ASCII):Spaces (20h) for unused characters
213-222	all		RO	CLEI Code in ASCII: All spaces (20h) if unused
223	all		RO	Check sum addresses 128 through 222
224-255	all		RO	Vendor Specific: All zeroes if unused

5. Tx Memory Map 01h Upper Page

Details of transmitter upper page 01h follow.

Address		Type	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
128	all	RO	Internal Temperature High Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement
129	all	RO	Internal Temperature High Alarm Threshold LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary.
130	all	RO	Internal Temperature Low Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement
131	all	RO	Internal Temperature Low Alarm Threshold LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary.
132-143	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
144-145	all	RO	Internal 3.3 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μ V units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
146-147	all	RO	Internal 3.3 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μ V units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
148-151	all	RO	Reserved
152-153	all	RO	Internal 2.5 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μ V units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
154-155	all	RO	Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μ V units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
156-159	all	RO	Reserved
160-175	all	RO	Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h
176-177	all	RO	Tx Bias Current All Channels High Alarm Threshold: Current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
178-179	all	RO	Tx Bias Current All Channels Low Alarm Threshold: Current in 2 μ A units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
180-183	all	RO	Reserved
184-185	all	RO	Tx Optical Power All Channels High Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
186-187	all	RO	Tx Optical Power All Channels Low Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB.
188-223	all	RO	Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h
224	all	RO	Check sum: Low order 8 bits of the sum of all bytes from 128 through 223 inclusive
225	7-1	RWn	Reserved: Coded 0000000b
225	0	RWn	IntL Pulse/Static Option: Writing 1 sets IntL to Static mode, Default is 0 for Pulse mode
226	7-4	RWn	Reserved: Coded 0000b
226	3	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 11: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
226	2	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 10: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
226	1	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 9: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
226	0	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	7	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 7: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	6	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 6: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	5	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 5: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	4	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 4: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	3	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	2	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 2: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	1	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
227	0	RWn	Input Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential input pair, Default is 0.
228	7-4	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 11: See below for code description. Default = 7
228	3-0	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 10: See below for code description. Default = 7
229	7-4	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 9: See below for code description. Default = 7
229	3-0	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 8: See below for code description. Default = 7
230	7-4	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 7: See below for code description. Default = 7
230	3-0	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 6: See below for code description. Default = 7
231	7-4	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 5: See below for code description. Default = 7
231	3-0	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 4: See below for code description. Default = 7
	7.4	DM/n	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 3: See below for code description. Default = 7
232	7-4	RWn	1x input Equalization Control Chariner 3. See below for code description. Default = 7

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
233	7-4	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 1: See below for code description. Default = 7
233	3-0	RWn	Tx Input Equalization Control Channel 0: See below for code description. Default = 7
234-243	all	RWn	Reserved: Coded 00h
244	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
244	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
244	5-4	RWv	Reserved
244	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
244	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
244	1-0	RWv	Reserved
245	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
245	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
245	5-4	RWv	Reserved
245	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
245	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
245	1-0	RWv	Reserved
246	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
246	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
246	5-4	RWv	Reserved
246	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
246	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
246	1-0	RWv	Reserved
247	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
247	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
247	5-4	RWv	Reserved
247	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
247	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
247	1-0	RWv	Reserved
248	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
248	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
248	5-4	RWv	Reserved
248	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
248	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
248	1-0	RWv	Reserved
249	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
249	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
249	5-4	RWv	Reserved
249	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
249	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Bias Current Alarm Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
249	1-0	RWv	Reserved
250	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	5-4	RWv	Reserved
250	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	1-0	RWv	Reserved

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
251	5-4	RWv	Reserved
251	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
251	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
251	1-0	RWv	Reserved
252	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	5-4	RWv	Reserved
252	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	1-0	RWv	Reserved
253	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	5-4	RWv	Reserved
253	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	1-0	RWv	Reserved
254	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	5-4	RWv	Reserved
254	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	1-0	RWv	Reserved
255	7	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	6	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	5-4	RWv	Reserved
255	3	RWv	Mask High Tx Power Alarm Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	2	RWv	Mask Low Tx Power Alarm Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	1-0	RWv	Reserved

Transmitter Input Equalization Control Code Description

Control registers 228 through 233 permit input equalization control. Four bit code blocks (either bits 7 through 4 or 3 through 0 where bit 7 or 3 is the msb) are assigned to each channel.

Codes 1xxx are reserved.

Code 0111 calls for full scale equalization and code 0000 calls for no equalization.

Intermediate code values provide intermediate levels of compensation.

6. Rx Memory Map 5ih Lower Page

Details of the base or lower page of the memory map for a receiver follow.

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		
0	all	RO	Type Identifier: Coded 00h for unspecified
1	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
2	7-3	RO	Reserved: Coded 000000b
2	2	RO	LOS Status: Coded 1 when a LOS flag (bytes 9 and 10 of this page) is asserted for any channel, else 0. Clears when LOS flags are cleared.
2	1	RO	IntL Status: Coded 1 for asserted IntL. Clears to 0 when all flags including LOS are cleared.
2	0	RO	Data Not Ready: Coded 1 until data is available in monitor registers. Coded 0 in normal operation.
3 - 7	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
8	0		Module Ready Interrupt. Coded 1 when asserted and module is Ready to respond to TWS commands, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	7-4	RO	Reserved: Coded 0000b
9	3	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	2	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	1	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
9	0	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	7	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	6	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	5	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	4	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	3	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	2	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	1	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
10	0	RO	LOS Latched Rx Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
11-12	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
13	7	RO	High Internal Temperature Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
13	6	RO	Low Internal Temperature Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
13	5-0	RO	Reserved
14	7	RO	High Internal 3.3 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	6	RO	Low Internal 3.3 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	5-4	RO	Reserved
14	3	RO	High Internal 2.5 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	2	RO	Low Internal 2.5 Vcc Alarm Latched: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
14	1-0	RO	Reserved
15-21	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h
22	7	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	6	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 11: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	5-4	RO	Reserved
22	3	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	2	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 10: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
22	1-0	RO	Reserved
23	7	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	6	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 9: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	5-4	RO	Reserved
23	3	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	2	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 8: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.
23	1-0	RO	Reserved

7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 54 RO Reverved Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 1 0 RO Reverved Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 1 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 RO Ro Reserved 20 High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 21 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 22 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 23 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 RO Reserved 25 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears	Address		Type	Field Name/Description	
24	Byte	Bit			
24 5.4 RO Reserved 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 4 1-0 RO Reserved 5 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 5 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 8 Roserved 8 Roserved 1 Ro Row Rower Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Ro Row Rower Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Row High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 8 Roserved 9 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Roserved 1 Row Rx Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latche	24	7	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
24 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 1-0 RO Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 6-8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 5-4 RO Reserved 25 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 27 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 1-0 RO Reserved 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 RR Rower Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 S-4 RO Reserved 20 Reserved 21 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 RR Rower Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 21 RR Rower Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 22 RR RR Rower Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 23 RR RR High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 RR RR RR Rower Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 RR	24	6	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 7: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
24 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 1-0 RO Reserved 25 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 5-4 RO Reserved 25 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 7 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 21 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 22 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 23 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 Ro Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 RO Risk Ry Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 All RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSE: Integer part coded in signed 2x complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 38 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 39 Risk Risk Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 30 Risk Rx Power Rx Park Rx Px Px Px Px Px Px	24	5-4	RO	Reserved	
1-0 RO Reserved 1-0 RO Reserved High fix Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-25 S-4 RO Reserved 1-35 S-4 RO Reserved 1-4 Roy Reserved 1-5 S-4 RO Reserved 1-6 Reserved 1-7 RO High fix Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-7 RO Reserved 1-8 Reserved 1-8 Reserved 1-8 Roy Reserved 1-8 Reserved 1-8 Roy Reserved 1-9 Roy Reserved Coded Oth 1-1 Roy Reserved Coded Oth 1-	24	3	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro Reserved 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Ro Reserved 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Ro Reserved 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Cha	24	2	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 6: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
55 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 56 2 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 57 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 58 1-0 RO Reserved 59 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 50 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 50 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 50 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 51 8 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 52 8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 51 8 Reserved 52 8 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 52 9 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 53 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 54 RO Reserved 55 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 56 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 57 POR RO Reserved 58 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 59 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 60 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 61 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 62 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 63 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 64 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Rea	24	1-0	RO	Reserved	
S-4	25	7	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 1-0 RO Reserved 26 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 5-4 RO Reserved 26 5-4 RO Reserved 26 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 3-4 RO Reserved 27 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Ro Reserved 20 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Ro Reserved 21 RO Reserved 22 RO Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 22 Ro Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 23 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 Row Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 Reserved 27 Lo Ro Reserved 28 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3'C. 29 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3'C. 30 Riserved: Coded 00h 31 Row Rx Power Rx	25	6	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 5: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
25 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 5-4 RO Reserved 26 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 1-0 RO Reserved 29 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 Reserved 21 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 22 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 23 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 24 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 25 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 Low Ro Reserved 28 All RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 28 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 All RO Internal Temperature Monitor USB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 30-31 All RO Reserved: Coded 00h 31 Ro Internal 3.3 Vcx Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 30 in MSB. Tolerance is ± 3 dis for 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 61 in MSB. Tolerance is ± 3 dis for 100 μM units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte	25	5-4	RO	Reserved	
1-0 RO Reserved 1-10 RO Reserved 1-10 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-26 S-4 RO Reserved 1-26 S-4 RO Reserved 1-27 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-28 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-28 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-10 RO Reserved 1-10 RO Reserved: Coded 00h 1-10 RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor: Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm range. 1-10 RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 1-10 Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 65 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm range. 1-10 RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 65 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm range. 1-10 RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power i	25	3	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 1-0 RO Reserved 7 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 8 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Reserved 8 Reserved 9 Reserved 9 Reserved 1 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Reserved 1 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Reserved 1 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 9 Reserved 1 RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 9 Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°,256 coded in binary. 9 Internal 1 RO Internal 1 Romperature Monitor Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 9 Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 9 Reserved: Coded 00h 9 Reserved: Cod	25	2	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 4: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
126 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 127 RO Reserved 128 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 129 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 120 RO Reserved 127 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 127 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 128 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 129 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 120 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 121 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 122 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 123 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 124 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 125 Reserved. 126 Reserved. 127 Ro Ro Reserved. 128 All RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 129 All RO Internal Temperature Monitor SB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 130-31 All RO Reserved: Coded 00h 130 Reserved: Coded 00h 131 RO Reserved: Coded 00h 132-33 All RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 20 is 0.150V. 136-63 All RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 137 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 19: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 138 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channe	25	1-0	RO	Reserved	
26 5-4 RO Reserved 26 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 1-0 RO Reserved 27 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 5-4 RO Reserved 27 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 29 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 30-31 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 32-33 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 36-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 36-69 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 37-77 all RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 38-80 RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm	26	7	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 4 RO Reserved 5 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 5 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 RO Reserved 7 RO Ro Reserved 8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 01: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 9 Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 8 Ro Reserved: Coded 00h 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 8 Reserved: Coded 00h 8 Ro Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 i	26	6	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 3: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 26 1-0 RO Reserved 27 7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 5-4 RO Reserved 27 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 28 27 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 29 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 01: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 20 1-0 RO Reserved 21 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 22 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 23 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 36-64 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 37 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 38 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 39 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 39 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 30 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm ra	26	5-4	RO	Reserved	
1-0 RO Reserved 1-0 RO Reserved 1-0 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-0 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 1-0 RO Reserved 1-0 RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 1-1 RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 1-0 RO Reserved: Coded 00h 1-1 RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 1-1 Solv.	26	3	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
7 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 S-4 RO Reserved 7 3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 Ro Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 8 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 8 Ro Reserved: Coded 00h 8 Ro Reserved: Coded 00h 8 Ro Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 8 All RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 8 Reserved: Coded 00h 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 8 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units	26	2	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 2: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
6 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 7 5-4 RO Reserved 8 Ro High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 8 RO Reserved 8 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 9 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 8 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 9 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 9 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 9 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 9 Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical	26	1-0	RO	Reserved	
5-4 RO Reserved RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. Ro Reserved Ro Reserved Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. Reserved: Coded 00h Reserved: Coded 00h Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. Reserved: Coded 00h Reserved: Coded 00h Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm ran	27	7	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
3 RO High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 01: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 1-0 RO Reserved 28 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 29 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 30-31 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 32-33 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 36-64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 36-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 37-71 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 37-73 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 37-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 37-76 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 37-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0	27	6	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 1: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
27 2 RO Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 01: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read. 27 1-0 RO Reserved 28 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. 29 all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 30-31 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 32-33 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 66-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 68-69 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 70-71 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 72-73 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	27	5-4	RO	Reserved	
1-0 RO Reserved Reserved Reserved Reserved: Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. Reserved: Coded 00h Ro Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. Reserved: Coded 00h Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. Ro Ro Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 7c is MSB. To	27	3	RO	High Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 0: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
all RO Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C. All RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. All RO Reserved: Coded 00h Ro Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. All RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. All RO Reserved: Coded 00h	27	2	RO	Low Rx Power Alarm Latched Channel 01: Coded 1 when asserted, Latched, Clears on Read.	
all RO Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary. 30-31 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 32-33 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Reserved: Eoded 00h 64-66 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 66-67 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 68-69 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 70-71 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 72-73 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Roptical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	27	1-0	RO	Reserved	
30-31 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 32-33 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 66-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 68-69 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 70-71 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 72-73 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	28	all	RO	Internal Temperature Monitor MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's complement. Tolerance is ± 3°C.	
32-33 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 32 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 66-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 68-69 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 70-71 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 72-73 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	29	all	RO	Internal Temperature Monitor LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded in binary.	
## ± 0.150V. 34-35 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Monitor: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 34 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 66-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 68-69 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 70-71 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 72-73 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 78-79 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	30-31	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h	
± 0.150V. 36-63 all RO Reserved: Coded 00h 64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 66-67 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 68-69 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 70-71 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 72-73 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	32-33	all	RO		
64-65 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 11: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	34-35	all	RO		
64 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 10: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	36-63	all	RO	Reserved: Coded 00h	
66 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 72 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 74 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	64-65	all	RO		
is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 70 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 72 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 74 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	66-67	all	RO		
is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 72 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 74 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. RX Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	68-69	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 9: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 68 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 74-75 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 74 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 78-79 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 78	70-71	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 8: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byt	
is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 76-77 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 78-79 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 78	72-73	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 7: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte	
is MSB. Tolerance is ± 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range. 78-79 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 78	74-75	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 6: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 74 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
78-79 all RO Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 78	76-77	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 5: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 76 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
	78-79	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 4: Optical power in 0.1 μW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 78	

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description	
Byte	Bit			
80-81	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 3: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 80 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
82-83	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 2: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 82 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
84-85	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 1: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 84 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
86-87	all	RO	Rx Optical Input, Pave, Monitor Channel 0: Optical power in 0.1 μ W units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 86 is MSB. Tolerance is \pm 3dB for -10 dBm to -1.0 dBm range.	
88-89	all	RO	Elapsed (Power-on) Operating Time: Elapsed time in 2 hour units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, Byte 88 is MSB, Tolerance is \pm 10%	
90	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h	
91	7-1	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000000b	
91	0	RWv	Receiver Reset: Writing 1 return all registers except non-volatile RW to factory default values. Reads 0 after operation.	
92	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b	
92	3	RWv	Rx Channel 11 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
92	2	RWv	Rx Channel 10 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
92	1	RWv	Rx Channel 9 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
92	0	RWv	Rx Channel 8 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	7	RWv	Rx Channel 7 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	6	RWv	Rx Channel 6 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	5	RWv	Rx Channel 5 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	4	RWv	Rx Channel 4 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	3	RWv	Rx Channel 3 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	2	RWv	Rx Channel 2 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	1	RWv	Rx Channel 1 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
93	0	RWv	Rx Channel 0 Disable: Writing 1 deactivates the electrical output, Default is 0.	
94	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b	
94	3	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 11: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
94	2	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 10: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
94	1	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 9: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
94	0	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 8: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	7	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 7: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	6	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 6: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	5	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 5: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	4	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 4: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	3	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 3: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	2	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 2: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	1	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 1: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
95	0	RWv	Squelch Disable Channel 0: Writing 1 inhibits squelch for the channel, Default is 0.	
96	7-6	RWv	Rate Select Channel 11: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
96	5-4	RWv	Rate Select Channel 10: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
96	3-2	RWv	Rate Select Channel 9: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
96	1-0	RWv	Rate Select Channel 8: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
97	7-6	RWv	Rate Select Channel 7: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
97	5-4	RWv	Rate Select Channel 6: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
97	3-2	RWv	Rate Select Channel 5: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	
97	1-0	RWv	Rate Select Channel 4: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00	

Address		Type	Field Name/Description			
Byte	Bit					
98	7-6	RWv	Rate Select Channel 3: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00			
98	5-4	RWv	Rate Select Channel 2: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00			
98	3-2	RWv	Rate Select Channel 1: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00			
98	1-0	RWv	Rate Select Channel 0: Write 00 for max. BW, 01 for SDR BW, rest reserved. Default is 00			
99-105	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h			
106-111	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h			
112	7-4	RWv	Reserved: Coded 0000b			
112	3	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
112	2	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
112	1	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
112	0	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	7	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	6	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	5	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	4	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	3	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	2	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	1	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
113	0	RWv	Mask LOS Rx Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
114-115	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h			
116	7	RWv	Mask Internal High Temperature Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
116	6	RWv	Mask Internal Low Temperature Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
116	5-0	RWv	Reserved			
117	7	RWv	Mask Internal High 3.3 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
117	6	RWv	Mask Internal Low 3.3 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
117	5-4	RWv	Reserved			
117	3	RWv	Mask Internal High 2.5 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
117	2	RWv	Mask Internal Low 2.5 Vcc Alarm: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0			
117	1-0	RWv	Reserved			
118	all	RW	Rx input power alarm level select. Custom=01h, Factory Default=00h			
119-120	all	RW	Rx Optical Power All Channels Custom High Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 uW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB			
121-122	all	RW	Rx Optical Power All Channels Custom Low Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 uW units coded as 16 bit unsigned integer, low address is MSB			
123-126	all	RW	Reserved: Coded 00h			
127	all	RWv	Page Select Byte			

7. Rx Memory Map 00h Upper Page

Receiver serial id page 00h entries follow. Description of the registers can be found in Section 9 below.

Address	Contents		Type Field Name/Description				
Byte	Bit	Code					
128	all	00h	RO	Type Identifier: Coded 00h for unspecified. See SFF-8472 for reference			
129	all	01000000b	RO	Module Description: Coded for < 2.0 W			
130	all	11000000b	RO	Required Power Supplies: Coded for 3.3V & 2.5V supplies			
131	all	01010000b	RO	Max Recommended Operating Case Temperature in Degrees C: Coded for 80°C			
132	all	00011001b	RO	Min Bit Rate in 100 Mb/s units: Coded for 2500 Mb/s			
133	all	01100100b	RO	Max Bit Rate in 100 Mb/s units: Coded for 10000 Mb/s			
134-135	all	00h	RO	Nominal Laser Wavelength (Wavelength in nm = value / 20): Coded 00h for Rx			
136-137	all	00h	RO	Wavelength deviation from nominal (tolerance in nm = \pm -value / 200): Coded 00h for Rx			
138	all	00101000b	RO	Supported Flags/Actions: Coded for Rx LOS, Output Squelch for LOS, Alarm Flags			
139	all	00110101b	RO	Supported Monitors: Coded for Rx Input, Pave, Internal Temp, Elapsed Time			
140	all	01100000b	RO	Supported Monitors: Coded for 3.3V, 2.5V			
141	all	10101000b	RO	Supported Controls: Coded for Ch Disable, Squelch Disable, Rate Select			
142	all	10100011b	RO	Supported Controls: Coded for Rx Amplitude, Rx De-emphasis, Ch Polarity Flip, Addressing			
143	all	00h	RO	Supported Functions			
144-151	all	00h	RO	Reserved			
152-167	all	41h 56h 41h 47h 4Fh 20h 20h x10	RO	Vendor Name in ASCII: Coded "AVAGO" for Avago Technologies, Spaces (20h) for unused characters			
168-170	all	00h 17h 6Ah	RO	Vendor OUI (IEEE ID): Coded "00h 17h 6Ah" for Avago Technologies			
171-186	all	41h 46h 42h 52h 2Dh 37h 38h 36h 42h	RO	Vendor Part Number in ASCII: AFBR-820B where bytes 180 through 186 vary with selected option, Spaces (20h) for unused characters			
187-188	all	30h 32h	RO	Vendor Revision Number in ASCII: Coded "02"			
189-204	all		RO	Vendor Serial Number (ASCII): Varies by unit			
205-212	all		RO	Vendor Date Code YYYYMMDD (ASCII): Spaces (20h) for unused characters			
213-222	all		RO	CLEI Code in ASCII: All spaces (20h) if unused			
223	all		RO	Check sum addresses 128 through 222			
224-255	all		RO	Vendor Specific: All zeroes if unused			

8. Rx Memory Map 01h Upper Page

Details of receiver upper page 01h follow.

Byte 8it 128 all RO Internal Temperature High Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's completed and internal Temperature High Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's completed and all RO Internal Temperature High Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's completed and all RO Internal Temperature Low Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's completed and all RO Internal Temperature Low Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's completed and all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Link Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 144-145 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Link Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 144-145 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 148-151 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 154-155 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 164-147 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 164-155 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 164-155 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 164-155 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 µV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 164-155 all RO Ro Reserved: Coded 00h 184-185 all RO Ro Ro Optical Power All Channels High Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 µW units code integer, low address is MSB. 188-223 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 184-185 all RO Ro Check sum: Low order 8 bits of the sum of all bytes from 128 through 223 inclusive 225 all RWn Routput Polarity Flip Channel 11: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Definities, and the pair of the pair of the pair of Pulse mode 226 all RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Definities and pair pair pair pair	
all RO Internal Temperature High Alarm Threshold LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded 130 all RO Internal Temperature Low Alarm Threshold MSB: Integer part coded in signed 2's comple 131 all RO Internal Temperature Low Alarm Threshold LSB: Fractional part in units of 1°/256 coded 132-143 all RO Reserved 144-145 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 146-147 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 146-147 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 148-151 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 152-153 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 156-159 all RO Reserved 160-183 all RO Reserved 160-183 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 184-185 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 184-185 all RO Ro Rx Optical Power All Channels High Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μW units code integer, low address is MSB. 186-187 all RO Rx Optical Power All Channels Low Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μW units code integer, low address is MSB. 188-223 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 224 all RO Check sum: Low order 8 bits of the sum of all bytes from 128 through 223 inclusive 225 7-1 RWn Reserved: Coded 00000000 225 0 RWn IntL Pulse/Static Option: Writing 1 sets IntL to Static mode, Default is 0 for Pulse mode 226 7-4 RWn Reserved: Coded 0000000 226 1 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 11: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Def 227 7 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 9: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Def 227 7 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Def 227 3 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Def 227 3 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential ou	
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132-143 all RO Reserved 144-145 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 146-147 all RO Internal 3.3 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 148-151 all RO Reserved 1548-151 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc High Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 152-153 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 154-155 all RO Internal 2.5 Vcc Low Alarm Threshold: Voltage in 100 μV units coded as 16 bit unsigned 156-159 all RO Reserved 160-183 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 184-185 all RO Ro Reserved HI Channels High Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μW units code integer, low address is MSB. 186-187 all RO Rx Optical Power All Channels Low Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μW units code integer, low address is MSB. 188-223 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 184-24 all RO Thresholds Reserved: Coded 00h 184-25 volume All Ro Raserved: Coded 00h 184-26 volume All Ro Raserved: Coded 00h 184-27 RWn Reserved: Coded 00h 184-28 volume All Ro Ro Rx Optical Power All Channels Low Alarm Threshold: Optical power in 0.1 μW units code integer, low address is MSB. 186-29 RWn IntL Pulse/Static Option: Writing 1 sets IntL to Static mode, Default is 0 for Pulse mode 226 γ-4 RWn Reserved: Coded 0000b 184-185 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 11: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Default is 0 for Pulse mode 226 γ-4 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 9: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Default 9-1 Reserved: Coded 0000b 185-186 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 9: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Default 9-1 Reserved: Coded 0000b 185-186 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Default 9-1 Reserved: Coded 0000b 185-186 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 8: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Default 9-1 Reserved: Coded 0	ment
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7 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 4: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 6: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 5: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 4: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Deface RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
227 6 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 6: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 5 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 5: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 4 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 4: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 3 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 2 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 2: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 1 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 0 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 228 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
227 5 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 5: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 4 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 4: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 3 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 2 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 2: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 1 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 0 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 228 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
227 4 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 4: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 3 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 2 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 2: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 1 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 0 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 228 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 3: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 2: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
227 2 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 2: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 1 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 0 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 228 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 228 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
227 1 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 1: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 227 0 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 228 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 228 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
227 0 RWn Output Polarity Flip Channel 0: Writing 1 inverts truth of the differential output pair, Defa 228 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 228 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 229 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	ult is 0.
7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	
3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 5 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	
230 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 5	
230 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 6. See below for code description. Default = 5	
231 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 5. See below for code description. Default = 5	
231 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 4. See below for code description. Default = 5	
232 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 3. See below for code description. Default = 5	
3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 2. See below for code description. Default = 5	
233 7-4 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 1. See below for code description. Default = 5	
233 3-0 RWn Rx Output Amplitude Control: Channel 0. See below for code description. Default = 5	

Address		Туре	Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit		·
234	7-4	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 11. See below for code description. Default = 4
234	3-0	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 10. See below for code description. Default = 4
235	7-4	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 9. See below for code description. Default = 4
235	3-0	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 8. See below for code description. Default = 4
236	7-4	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 7. See below for code description. Default = 4
236	3-0	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 6. See below for code description. Default = 4
237	7-4	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 5. See below for code description. Default = 4
237	3-0	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 4. See below for code description. Default = 4
238	7-4	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 3. See below for code description. Default = 4
238	3-0	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 2. See below for code description. Default = 4
239	7-4	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 1. See below for code description. Default = 4
239	3-0	RWn	Rx Output De-emphasis Control: Channel 0. See below for code description. Default = 4
240-243	all	RWn	Reserved: Coded 00h
244-249	all	RWv	Reserved: Coded 00h
250	7	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	6	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 11: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	5-4	RWv	Reserved
250	3	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	2	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 10: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
250	1-0	RWv	Reserved
251	7	RWv	Mask Bt High Rx Power Alarm Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
251	6	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 9: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
251	5-4	RWv	Reserved
251	3	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
251	2	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 8: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
251	1-0	RWv	Reserved
252	7	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	6	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 7: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	5-4	RWv	Reserved
252	3	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	2	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 6: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
252	1-0	RWv	Reserved
253	7	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	6	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 5: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	5-4	RWv	Reserved
253	3	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	2	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 4: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
253	1-0	RWv	Reserved
254	7	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	6	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 3: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	5-4	RWv	Reserved
254	3	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	2	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 2: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
254	1-0	RWv	Reserved
255	7	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	6	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 1: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	5-4	RWv	Reserved
255	3	RWv	Mask High Rx Power Alarm Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	2	RWv	Mask Low Rx Power Alarm Channel 0: Writing 1 Prevents IntL generation, Default = 0
255	1-0	RWv	Reserved

Receiver Output Amplitude Control Code Description

Control registers 228 through 233 permit output signal amplitude selection. Four bit code blocks (either bits 7 through 4 or 3 through 0 where bit 7 or 3 is the msb) are assigned to each channel. Codes 1xxx are reserved. Code 0111 calls for full scale signal amplitude and code 0000 calls for minimum signal amplitude. See table below.

	Receiver	Receiver Output Amplitude – No De-emphasis						
Code	Min	Nominal	Max	Units				
1xxxb					Reserved			
0111b		850		mVpp	Full Scale			
0110b		760		mVpp				
0101b		670		mVpp				
0100b		580		mVpp				
0011b		490		mVpp				
0010b		400		mVpp				
0001b		310		mVpp				
0000b		220		mVpp				

Receiver Output De-emphasis Control Code Description

Control registers 234 through 239 permit output de-emphasis selection. Four bit code blocks (either bits 7 through 4 or 3 through 0 where bit 7 or 3 is the msb) are assigned to each channel.

Codes 1xxx are reserved.

Code 0111 calls for full scale, 6 dB, de-emphasis and code 0000 calls for no de-emphasis.

Intermediate code values yield intermediate de-emphasis levels.

9. Serial ID 00h Upper Page Description

Description of Serial id page 00h codes follows.

Byte 128 Module Type

Address	Field N	Field Name/Description				
Byte	Code	Module Type				
128		Type Identifier: See SFF-8472 for reference, also SFP & XFP MSA, Coded 00h if unspecified.				

Byte 129 Module Description

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
129	7-6	00b	Power Class 1: Module Power Consumption < 1.5 W
	7-6	01b	Power Class 2: Module Power Consumption < 2.0 W
	7-6	10b	Power Class 3: Module Power Consumption < 2.5 W
	7-6	11b	Power Class 4: Module Power Consumption < 3.5 W
	5		Coded 1 for Tx CDR provided; else coded 0
	4		Coded 1 for Rx CDR provided; else coded 0
	3		Coded 1 for Required Reference Clock; else coded 0
	2		Coded 1 for Page 02 provided; else coded 0
	1		Coded 1 for Controlled Launch Transmitter (TIA 492AAAC); else coded 0
	0		Reserved

Byte 130 Module Description: Required Power Supplies

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
130	7		3.3 V, Coded 1 if required, else coded 0.
	6		2.5 V, Coded 1 if required, else coded 0.
	5		1.8 V, Coded 1 if required, else coded 0.
	4		Vo Supply, Coded 1 if required, else coded 0.
	3		Variable Supply, Coded 1 if required, else coded 0.
	2-0		Reserved

Byte 131 Module Description: Max Recommended Operating Case Temperature

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
131			Max Tc = binary value x 1.0°C

Byte 132 Module Description Min Signal Rate per channel

Address	Field N	ield Name/Description					
Byte	Code	Code					
132	00h	Unknown/unspecified					
	rest	Min Signal Rate = binary value x 100 Mb/s					

Byte 133 Module Description Max Signal Rate per channel

Address	Field N	Field Name/Description			
Byte	Code				
133	00h	Unknown/unspecified			
		Max Signal Rate = binary value x 100 Mb/s			

Byte 134 - 137 Module Description Wavelength & Tolerance

Address		Field Name/Description
Byte	Code	
134-135		Nominal Center Wavelength: Wavelength in nm = binary value / 20, Coded 00b if unspecified/unused.
136-137		Wavelength Tolerance: Tolerance in nm = \pm binary value / 200, Coded 00b if unspecified/unused.

Byte 138 Supported Functions – Flags/Actions

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
138	7		Coded 1 for Tx Fault Flag provided, else coded 0
	6		Coded 1 for Tx LOS Flag provided, else coded 0
	5		Coded 1 for Rx LOS Flag provided, else coded 0
	4		Coded 1 for CDR LOL Flag provided, else coded 0
	3		Coded 1 for Output Squelch for LOS provided, else coded 0
	2		Coded 1 for Monitor Alarm & Warning Flags provided, coded 0 for Monitor Alarm Flags provided
	1-0		Reserved

Byte 139 - 140 Supported Functions - Monitors

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Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
139	7		Coded 1 for Tx Bias Monitor, else coded 0
139	6		Coded 1 for Tx LOP Monitor, else coded 0
139	5		Coded 1 for individual Rx Input Power Monitors, coded 0 for single-channel or group monitor
139	4		Coded 1 for Rx Input Power reported as Pave, coded 0 for reported as OMA
139	3		Coded 1 for Case Temperature Monitor, else coded 0
139	2		Coded 1 for Internal Temperature Monitor, else coded 0
139	1		Coded 1 for Peak Temperature Monitor, else coded 0
139	0		Coded 1 for Elapsed Time Monitor, else coded 0
140	7		Coded 1 for BER Monitor, else coded 0
140	6		Coded 1 for Internal 3.3 V Vcc Monitor, else coded 0
140	5		Coded 1 for Internal 2.5 V Vcc Monitor, else coded 0
140	4		Coded 1 for Internal 1.8 V Vcc Monitor, else coded 0
140	3		Coded 1 for Internal Vo Vcc Monitor, else coded 0
140	2		Coded 1 for TEC current Monitor, else coded 0
140	1-0		Reserved

Byte 141 Supported Functions – Controls

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
141	7-6	00	Channel Disable Control not provided/unspecified
	7-6	01	Global Channel Disable Control implemented
	7-6	10	Individual and independent Channel Disable Control implemented
	7-6	11	Reserved
	5-4	00	Squelch Disable Control not provided/unspecified
	5-4	01	Global Squelch Disable Control implemented
	5-4	10	Individual and independent Channel Squelch Control implemented
	5-4	11	Reserved
	3-2	00	Rate Select Control not provided/unspecified
	3-2	01	Global Rate Select Control implemented
	3-2	10	Individual and independent Rate Select Control implemented
	3-2	11	Reserved
	1-0	00	Tx Input Equalization Control not provided/unspecified
	1-0	01	Global Tx Input Equalization Control implemented
	1-0	10	Individual and independent Tx Input Equalization Control implemented
	1-0	11	Reserved

Byte 142 Supported Functions – Controls

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
142	7-6	00	Rx Output Amplitude Control not provided/unspecified
	7-6	01	Global Rx Output Amplitude Control implemented
	7-6	10	Individual and independent Rx Output Amplitude Control implemented
	7-6	11	Reserved
	5-4	00	Rx Output De-emphasis Control not provided/unspecified
	5-4	01	Global Rx Output De-emphasis Control implemented
	5-4	10	Individual and independent Rx Output De-emphasis Control implemented
	5-4	11	Reserved
	3		Coded 1 for Tx Margin Mode provided, else coded 0
	2		Coded 1 for Channel Reset Control provided, else coded 0
	1		Coded 1 for Channel Polarity Flip Control provided, else coded 0
	0		Coded 1 for Module Addressing Control provided, else coded 0

Byte 143 Supported Functions

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
143	7		Coded 1 for FEC Control, else coded 0
	6		Coded 1 for PEC Control, else coded 0
	5		Coded 1 for JTAG Control, else coded 0
	4		Coded 1 for AC-JTAG Control, else coded 0
	3		Coded 1 for BIST, else coded 0
	2		Coded 1 for TEC Temperature Control, else coded 0
	1		Coded 1 for Sleep Mode Set Control provided, else coded 0
	0		Coded 1 for CDR Bypass Control provided, else coded 0

Byte144 - 151 Reserved

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
144-151			Reserved: Coded 00h

Byte 152 - 221 Vendor Information

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
152-167			Vendor Name ASCII – 16 bytes
168-170			Vendor OUI – 3 bytes; Unspecified where coded all zeroes
171-186			Vendor Part Number ASCII – 16 bytes
187-188			Vendor Revision Number ASCII – 2 bytes
189-204			Vendor Serial Number ASCII – 16 bytes
205-212			Vendor Date Code ASCII – 8 bytes; coded YYYYMMDD with spaces (20h) for unused characters
213-222			CLEI Code – 10 bytes; Unspecified where coded all zeroes

Byte 223 Check Sum for bytes 128 through 222

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
223			Check Code – 1 byte: Low order 8 bits of the sum of all bytes from 128 through 222 inclusive.

Byte 224 - 255 Vendor Specific

Address			Field Name/Description
Byte	Bit	Code	
224-255			Vendor Specific – 32 bytes

For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our web site: **www.avagotech.com**

