# 74LVC1GU04-Q100

# Unbuffered inverter Rev. 1 — 14 May 2013

**Product data sheet** 

#### **General description** 1.

The 74LVC1GU04-Q100 is a single unbuffered inverter.

The input can be driven from either 3.3 V or 5 V devices. This feature allows the use of this device in a mixed 3.3 V and 5 V environment.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

#### 2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - ◆ Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range from 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
  - MIL-STD-883, method 3015 exceeds 2000 V
  - ♦ HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
  - ♦ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V (C = 200 pf, R = 0 Ω)
- $\pm$  24 mA output drive (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V)
- CMOS low power consumption
- Latch-up performance exceeds 250 mA
- Input accepts voltages up to 5 V

#### Ordering information 3.

Table 1. **Ordering information** 

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC1GU04GW-Q100	–40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP5	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT353-1
74LVC1GU04GV-Q100	–40 °C to +125 °C	SC-74A	plastic surface-mounted package; 5 leads	SOT753



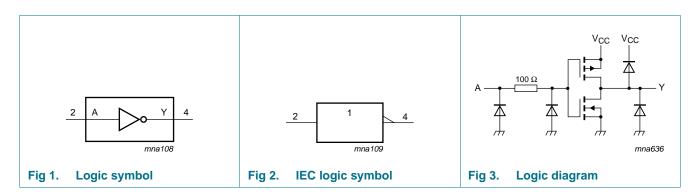
# 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking codes

Type number	Marking[1]
74LVC1GU04GW-Q100	VD
74LVC1GU04GV-Q100	VU4

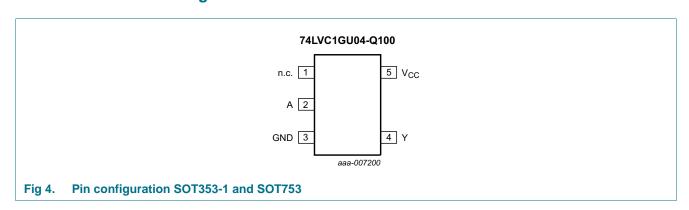
<sup>[1]</sup> The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

# 5. Functional diagram



# 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



## 6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
n.c.	1	not connected
A	2	data input
GND	3	ground (0 V)
Υ	4	data output
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	supply voltage

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# 7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table[1]

Input (A)	Output (Y)
L	Н
Н	L

<sup>[1]</sup> H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

# 8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-	-50	mA
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		<u>[1]</u> -0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	$V_O > V_{CC}$ or $V_O < 0$ V	-	±50	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	[ <u>1][2]</u> -0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$	-	±50	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	+100	mA
$I_{GND}$	ground current		-	-100	mA
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125  ^{\circ}\text{C}$	<u>[3]</u> _	250	mW
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C

<sup>[1]</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 9. Recommended operating conditions

#### Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		1.65	-	5.5	V
$V_{I}$	input voltage		0	-	5.5	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	-	+125	°C
$\Delta t / \Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 2.7 V	0	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V	0	-	10	ns/V

<sup>[2]</sup> When  $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$  (Power-down mode), the output voltage can be 5.5 V in normal operation.

<sup>[3]</sup> For TSSOP5 and SC-74A packages: above 87.5 °C the value of Ptot derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.

# 10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +85 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = -100 \mu A;$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.2	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.2	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.3	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.8	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 100 \mu A;$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.3	V
		$I_{O} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.4	V
		$I_{O} = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.55	V
		$I_{O} = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.55	V
I	input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$ ; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to}$ 5.5 V	-	±0.1	±5	μА
CC	supply current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	0.1	10	μА
Cı	input capacitance	$V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V; $V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$	-	6	-	pF
Γ <sub>amb</sub> = –	40 °C to +125 °C					
√ <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
√ <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.2 \times V_{CC}$	V
V <sub>ОН</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = -100 \mu A;$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	0.95	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.7	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -32 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.4	-	-	V

Table 7. Static characteristics ... continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 100 \mu A;$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_{O} = 4 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.7	V
		$I_{O} = 8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
		$I_O = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.6	V
		$I_O = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.80	V
		$I_O = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.80	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$ ; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to}$ 5.5 V	-	±0.1	±5	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	200	μΑ

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are measured at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

# 11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). For test circuit, see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40	°C to +85	°C	-40 °C to	Unit	
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	A to Y; see Figure 5	[2]						
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		0.3	1.7	5.0	0.3	6.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.3	1.3	4.0	0.3	5.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		0.5	1.7	5.0	0.5	6.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.5	1.6	3.7	0.5	5.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.5	1.3	3.0	0.5	4.0	ns
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance	$V_I = GND \text{ to } V_{CC};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	[3]	-	14.9	-	-	-	pF

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C and  $V_{CC}$  = 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.7 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V respectively.

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$ 

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

 $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

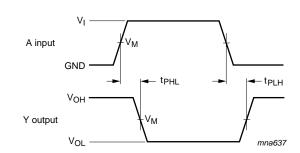
N = number of inputs switching;

 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of outputs.

<sup>[2]</sup>  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .

<sup>[3]</sup>  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ).

### 12. Waveforms



Measurement points are given in Table 9.

V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 5. The input A to output Y propagation delay times

Table 9. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>
1.65 V to 1.95 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>
2.3 V to 2.7 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>
2.7 V	1.5 V	1.5 V
3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.5 V	1.5 V
4.5 V to 5.5 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>

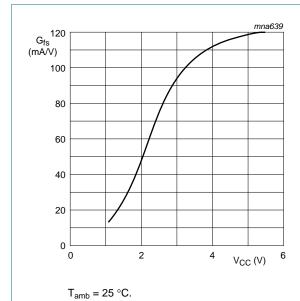
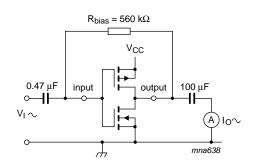


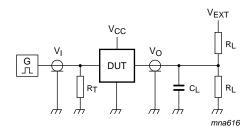
Fig 6. Typical forward transconductance as a function of supply voltage



$$G_{fs} = \frac{\Delta I_o}{\Delta V_I}$$

f<sub>i</sub> = 1 kHz at V<sub>O</sub> is constant

Fig 7. Test set-up for measuring forward transconductance



Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

 $R_L$  = Load resistance.

 $C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_0$  of the pulse generator.

 $V_{\text{EXT}}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

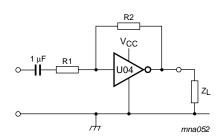
Supply voltage	Input	Input		Load			
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	$t_r = t_f$	CL	$R_L$	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>		
1.65 V to 1.95 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq$ 2.0 ns	30 pF	1 kΩ	open		
2.3 V to 2.7 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq$ 2.0 ns	30 pF	500 $\Omega$	open		
2.7 V	2.7 V	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	500 Ω	open		
3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	500 Ω	open		
4.5 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	500 Ω	open		

# 13. Application information

Some applications are:

- Linear amplifier (see Figure 9)
- In crystal oscillator design (see Figure 10)

Remark: All values given are typical unless otherwise specified.



 $V_{o(p-p)} = V_{CC} - 1.5 \text{ V}$  centered at  $0.5V_{CC}$ .

$$A_u = -\frac{G_{OL}}{I + \frac{RI}{R2}(I + G_{OL})}$$

 $G_{OL}$  = loop gain.

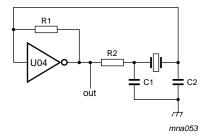
 $A_u$  = voltage amplification.

 $R1 \ge 3 \text{ k}\Omega, R2 \le 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ 

 $Z_L > 10 \text{ k}\Omega; A_{OL} = 20 \text{ (typ.)}$ 

Typical unity gain bandwidth product is 5 MHz.

Fig 9. Used as a linear amplifier



C1 = 47 pF (typ.)

C2 = 22 pF (typ.)

R1 = 1 M $\Omega$  to 10 M $\Omega$  (typ.)

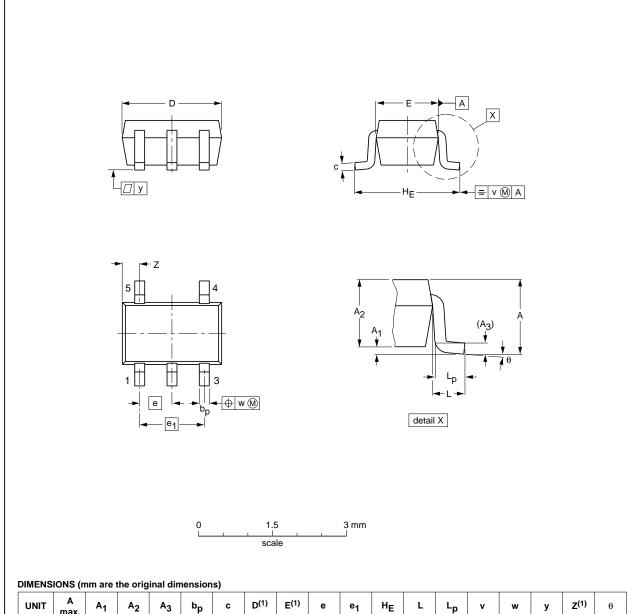
R2 optimum value depends on the frequency and required stability against changes in  $V_{CC}$  or average minimum  $I_{CC}$  ( $I_{CC}$  is typically 2 mA at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V and f = 10 MHz).

Fig 10. Crystal oscillator configuration

# 14. Package outline

TSSOP5: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm

SOT353-1



UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	А3	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	е	e <sub>1</sub>	HE	L	Lp	v	w	у	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.1	0.1 0	1.0 0.8	0.15	0.30 0.15	0.25 0.08	2.25 1.85	1.35 1.15	0.65	1.3	2.25 2.0	0.425	0.46 0.21	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.60 0.15	7° 0°

#### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT353-1		MO-203	SC-88A			<del>-00-09-01</del> 03-02-19

Fig 11. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

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#### Plastic surface-mounted package; 5 leads

#### **SOT753**

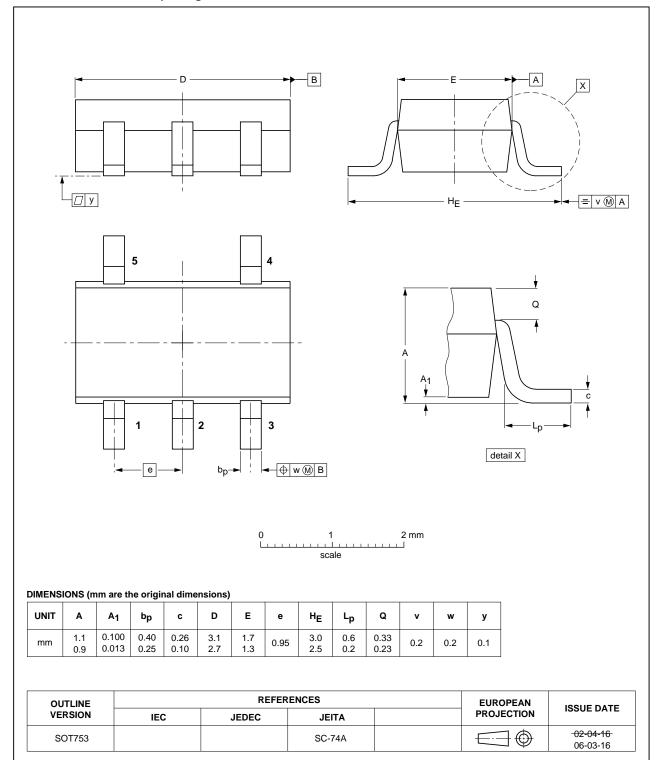


Fig 12. Package outline SOT753 (SC-74A)

# 15. Abbreviations

#### Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description	
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor	
DUT	Device Under Test	
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge	
НВМ	Human Body Model	
MM	Machine Model	
MIL	Military	

# 16. Revision history

#### Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC1GU04_Q100 v.1	20130514	Product data sheet	-	-

# 17. Legal information

#### 17.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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# 74LVC1GU04-Q100

#### **Unbuffered** inverter

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Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.