



# **OPA2541**

# Dual High Power OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

### **FEATURES**

- OUTPUT CURRENTS TO 5A
- POWER SUPPLIES TO ±40V
- FET INPUT
- ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED CASE

### APPLICATIONS

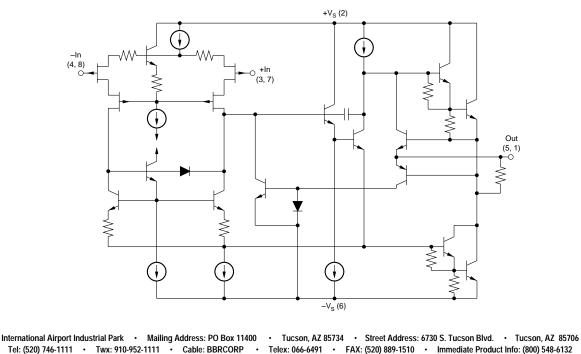
- MOTOR DRIVER
- SERVO AMPLIFIER
- SYNCRO/RESOLVER EXCITATION
- VOICE COIL DRIVER
- BRIDGE AMPLIFIER
- PROGRAMMABLE POWER SUPPLY
- AUDIO AMPLIFIER

# DESCRIPTION

The OPA2541 is a dual power operational amplifier capable of operation from power supplies up to  $\pm 40V$  and output currents of 5A continuous. With two monolithic power amplifiers in a single package it provides unequaled functional density.

The industry-standard 8-pin TO-3 package is isolated from all internal circuitry allowing it to be mounted directly to a heat sink without insulators which degrade thermal performance. Internal circuitry limits output current to approximately 6A.

The OPA2541 is available in both industrial and military temperature range versions.



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## **SPECIFICATIONS**

### ELECTRICAL

At T<sub>C</sub> = +25°C and V<sub>S</sub> =  $\pm$ 35VDC, unless otherwise noted.

		OPA2541AM			OPA2541BM, SM			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE	•					•		
V <sub>os</sub>			±2	±10		±0.25	±1	mV
vs Temperature	Specified Temperature Range		±20	±40		±15	±30	μV/°C
vs Supply Voltage	$V_{S} = \pm 10V$ to $\pm V_{MAX}$		±2.5	±10		*	*	μV/V
vs Power			±20	±60			,	μV/W
INPUT BIAS CURRENT						I .	I .	1.
I <sub>B</sub>	Specified Temperature Range		15 Note 1	50		*	*	pА
INPUT OFFSET CURRENT	opcomed remperature mange							
			±5	±30		*	*	pА
l <sub>os</sub>	Specified Temperature Range		Note 1	±00		*		pA
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	L.					•		•
Common-Mode Voltage Range	Specified Temperature Range	±( V <sub>S</sub>   -6)	±( V <sub>S</sub>   -3)		*	*		V
Common-Mode Rejection	$V_{CM} = ( \pm V_S  - 6V)$	95	106		*	*		dB
Input Capacitance Input Impedance, DC			5			*		pF 10 <sup>12</sup> Ω
GAIN CHARACTERISTICS								
Open Loop Gain at 10Hz	$R_{L} = 6\Omega$	90	96		*	*		dB
Gain-Bandwidth Product			1.6			*		MHz
OUTPUT								-
Voltage Swing	$I_{O} = 5A$	±( V <sub>S</sub>   -5.5)			*	*		V V
	$I_{O} = 2A$ $I_{O} = 0.5A$	±( V <sub>S</sub>   -4.5) ±( V <sub>S</sub>   -4)	±( V <sub>S</sub>   -3.6) ±( V <sub>S</sub>   -3.2)		*	*		V V
Current, Continuous	+25°C	5	7.0		*	*		Â
	+85°C	4	5.0		*			A
	+125°C (SM grade only)				3	3.5		A
AC PERFORMANCE			1 1			1	1	
Slew Rate		6	8		*	*		V/µs
Power Bandwidth Settling Time to 0.1%	R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω, V <sub>O</sub> = 20Vrms 2V Step	45	55 2		Ŷ	*		kHz μs
			<u> </u>	2.2			*	
Capacitive Load	Specified Temperature Range, G = 1 Specified Temperature Range, G >10			3.3 SOA			*	nF
Phase Margin	Specified Temperature Range, $R_L = 8\Omega$		40	00/1		*		Degrees
Channel Separation	1kHz, $R_L = 6\Omega$		80			*		dB
POWER SUPPLY			, ,			1		
Power Supply Voltage, ±V <sub>S</sub> Current, Quiescent	Specified Temperature Range Total—Both Amplifiers	±10	±30 40	±35 50	*	±35 *	±40 *	V mA
THERMAL RESISTANCE	•	•				•		•
$\theta_{\rm JC}$ , (Junction-to-Case)	Both Amplifiers <sup>(2)</sup> , AC Output f > 60Hz		0.8	1.0		*	*	°C/W
θ <sub>JC</sub>	Both Amplifiers <sup>(2)</sup> , DC Output		0.9	1.2		*	*	°C/W
$\theta_{\rm JC}$	One Amplifier, AC Output f > 60Hz One Amplifier, DC Output		1.25 1.4	1.5 1.9		*	*	°C/W °C/W
$\theta_{\rm JC}$ $\theta_{\rm JA}$ , (Junction-to-Ambient)	No Heat Sink		30	1.9		*		°C/W
TEMPERATURE RANGE	1	1	<u> </u>			1	I	1
Case	AM, BM	-25		+85	*		*	°C
	SM				-55	1	+125	°C

\*Specification same as OPA2541AM.

NOTES: (1) Input bias and offset current approximately doubles for every 10°C increase in temperature. (2) Assumes equal dissipation in both amplifiers.

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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage, +V <sub>S</sub> to -V <sub>S</sub>	
Output Current	see SOA
Power Dissipation, Internal <sup>(1)</sup>	125W
Input Voltage: Differential	
Common-mode	±V <sub>S</sub>
Temperature: Pin Solder, 10s	+300°Č
Junction <sup>(1)</sup>	+150°C
Temperature Range:	
Storage	–65°C to +150°C
Operating (Case)	–55°C to +125°C
NOTE: (1) I ong term operation at the maximum iu	

NOTE: (1) Long term operation at the maximum junction temperature will result in reduced product life. Derate internal power dissipation to achieve high MTTF.

### PACKAGE INFORMATION

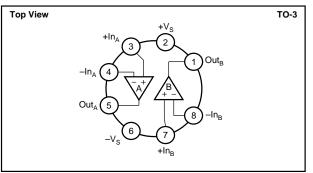
MODEL	PACKAGE	PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER <sup>(1)</sup>
OPA2541AM	TO-3	030
OPA2541BM	TO-3	030
OPA2541SM	TO-3	030

NOTE: (1) For detailed drawing and dimension table, please see end of data sheet, or Appendix D of Burr-Brown IC Data Book.

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

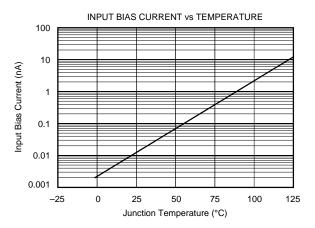
MODEL	PACKAGE	TEMPERATURE RANGE
OPA2541AM OPA2541BM	TO-3 TO-3	−25°C to +85°C −25°C to +85°C
OPA2541SM OPA2541SM	TO-3	-55°C to +125°C

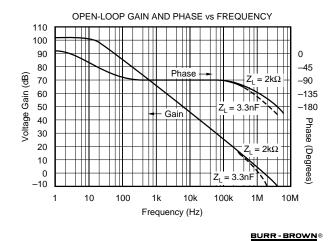
### **CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$  and  $V_S = \pm 35VDC$ , unless otherwise noted.



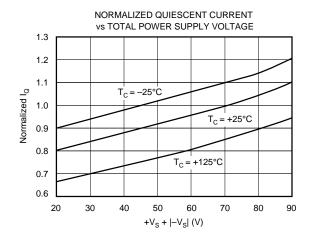


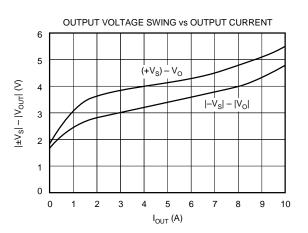
**OPA2541** 

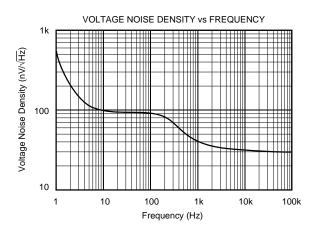
BB

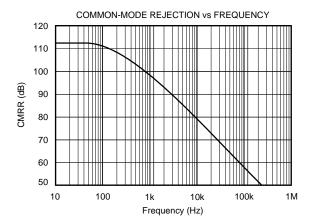
# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)**

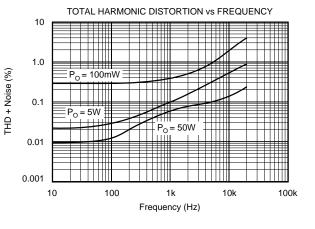
 $T_{\text{A}}$  = +25°C and  $V_{\text{S}}$  = ±35VDC, unless otherwise noted.

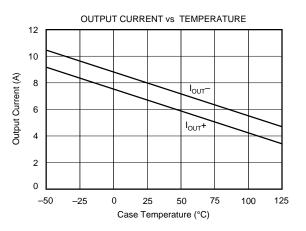








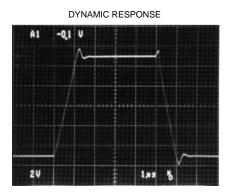






### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)**

 $T_{\text{A}}$  = +25°C and  $V_{\text{S}}$  = ±35VDC, unless otherwise noted.



 $Z_{LOAD} = \infty$ ,  $V_S = \pm 35V$ ,  $A_V = +1$ 

### INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### **POWER SUPPLIES**

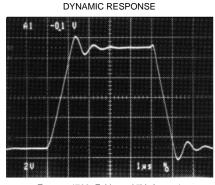
The OPA2541 is specified for operation from power supplies up to  $\pm 40V$ . It can also be operated from an unbalanced or a single power supply so long as the total power supply voltage does not exceed 80V (70V for "AM" grade). The power supplies should be bypassed with low series impedance capacitors such as ceramic or tantalum. These should be located as near as practical to the amplifier's power supply pins. Good power amplifier circuit layout is, in general, like good high-frequency layout. Consider the path of large power supply and output currents. Avoid routing these connections near low-level input circuitry to avoid waveform distortion and instability.

Signal dependent load current can modulate the power supply voltage with inadequate power supply bypassing. This can affect both amplifiers' outputs. Since the second amplifier's signal may not be related to the first, this will degrade the inherent channel separation of the OPA2541.

#### **HEAT SINKING**

Most applications will require a heat sink to prevent junction temperatures from exceeding the 150°C maximum rating. The type of heat sink required will depend on the output signals, power dissipation of each amplifier, and ambient temperature. The thermal resistance from junction-to-case,  $\theta_{\rm JC}$ , depends on how the power dissipation is distributed on the amplifier die.

DC output concentrates the power dissipation in one output transistor. AC output distributes the power dissipation equally between the two output transistors and therefore has lower thermal resistance. Similarly, the power dissipation may be all in one amplifier (worst case) or equally distributed between the two amplifiers (best case). Thermal resistances are provided for each of these possibilities. The case-tojunction temperature rise is the product of the power dissi-



 $Z_{LOAD} = 4700 pF, V_S = \pm 35V, A_V = +1$ 

pation (total of both amplifiers) times the appropriate thermal resistance—

$$\Delta T_{IC} = (P_{D} \text{ total}) (\theta_{IC}).$$

Sufficient heat sinking must be provided to keep the case temperature within safe limits for the maximum ambient temperature and power dissipation. The thermal resistance of the heat sink required may be calculated by:

$$\theta_{\rm HS} = (150^{\circ}{\rm C} - \Delta T_{\rm JC} - T_{\rm A})/P_{\rm D}.$$

Commercially available heat sinks usually specify thermal resistance. These ratings are often suspect, however, since they depend greatly on the mounting environment and air flow conditions. Actual thermal performance should be verified by measurement of case temperature under the required load and environmental conditions.

No insulating hardware is required when using the OPA2541. Since mica and other similar insulators typically add 0.7°C/W thermal resistance, this is a significant advantage. See Burr-Brown Application Note AN-83 for further details on heat sinking.

#### SAFE OPERATING AREA

The Safe Operating Area (SOA) curve provides comprehensive information on the power handling abilities of the OPA2541. It shows the allowable output current as a function of the voltage across the conducting output transistor (see Figure 1). This voltage is equal to the power supply voltage minus the output voltage. For example, as the amplifier output swings near the positive power supply voltage, the voltage across the output transistor decreases and the device can safely provide large output currents demanded by the load.



The internal current limit will not provide short-circuit protection in most applications. When the amplifier output is shorted to ground, the full power supply voltage is impressed across the conducting output transistor. For instance, with  $V_s = \pm 35V$ , a short circuit to ground would impress 35V across the conducting power transistor. The maximum safe output current at this voltage is 1.8A, so the internal current limit would not protect the amplifier. The unit-to-unit variation and temperature dependence of the internal current limit suggest that it be used to handle abnormal conditions and not activated in commonly encountered circuit operation.

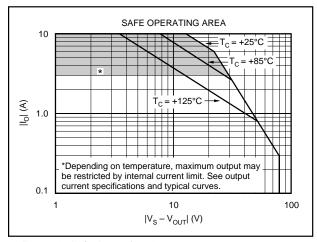


FIGURE 1. Safe Operating Area.

Reactive, or EMF generating loads such as DC motors can present demanding SOA requirements. With a purely reactive load, output voltage current occurs when the output voltage is zero and the voltage across the conducting transistor is equal to the full power supply voltage. See Burr-Brown Application Note AN-123 for further information on evaluating SOA.

Applications with inductive or EMF-generating loads which can produce "kick back" voltage surges to the amplifiers should include clamp diodes from the output terminals to the power supplies. These diodes should be chosen to limit the peak amplifier output voltage surges to less than 2V beyond the power supply rail voltage. Common 1A rated rectifier diodes will suffice in most applications.

### **APPLICATIONS CIRCUITS**

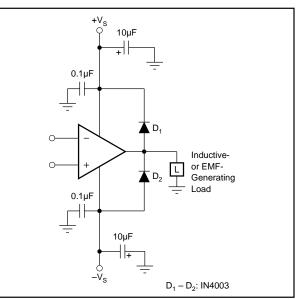


FIGURE 2. Clamping Output for EMF-Generating Loads.

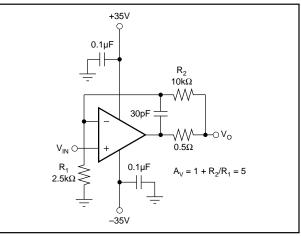


FIGURE 3. Isolating Capacitive Loads.

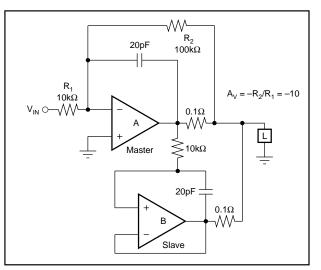


FIGURE 4. Paralleled Operation, Extended SOA.



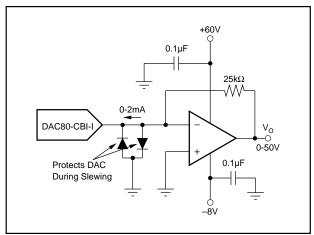


FIGURE 5. Programmable Voltage Source.

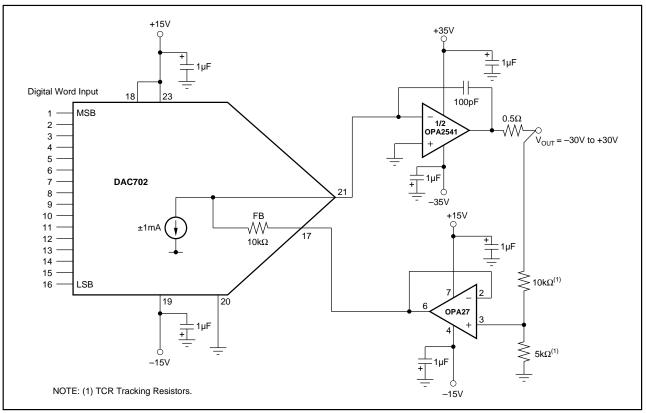


FIGURE 6. 16-Bit Programmable Voltage Source.

OPA2541

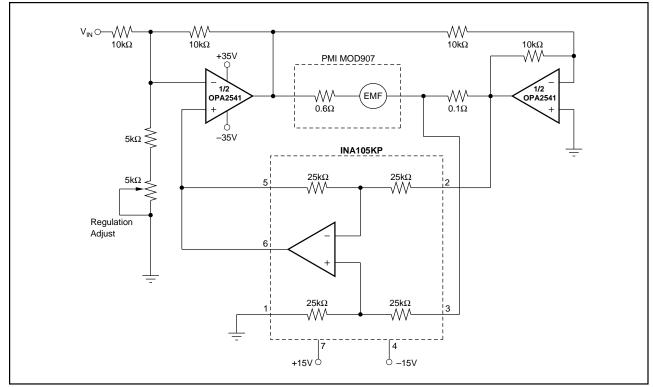


FIGURE 7. Bridge Amplifier Motor-Speed Controller.

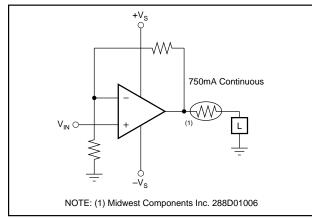


FIGURE 8. Limiting Output Current.



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### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

**TRUMENTS** 

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins F	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
OPA2541AM	NRND	TO-3	LMF	8	18	Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt)	NI	N / A for Pkg Type
OPA2541AM-BI	NRND	ZZ (BB)	ZZ030	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
OPA2541BM	NRND	TO-3	LMF	8	18	Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt)	NI	N / A for Pkg Type
OPA2541SM	NRND	TO-3	LMF	8	18	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NI	N / A for Pkg Type
OPA2541SMQ	NRND	TO-3	LMF	8	1	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NI	N / A for Pkg Type

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions	www.ti.com/lprf	Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video
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