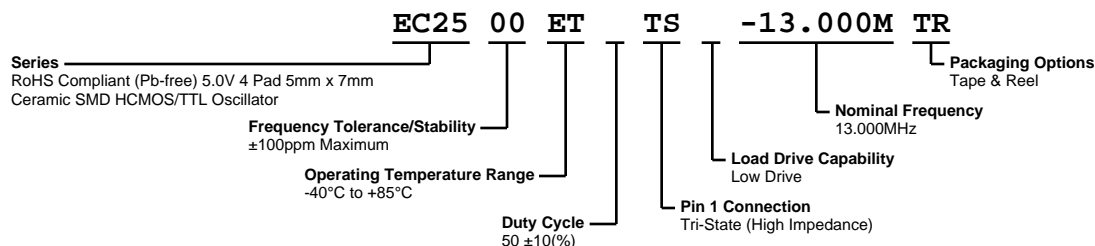


EC2500ETTS-13.000M TR



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

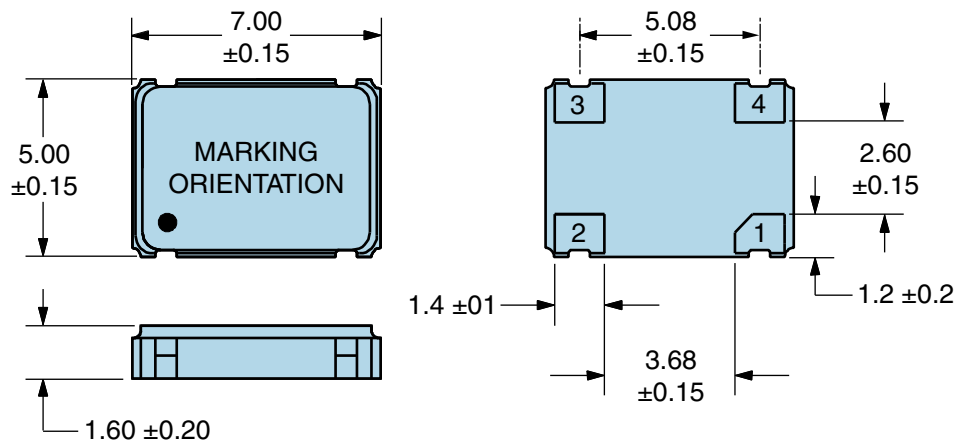
Nominal Frequency	13.000MHz
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	± 100 ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C , Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Output Load Change, First Year Aging at 25°C , Shock, and Vibration)
Aging at 25°C	± 5 ppm/year Maximum
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
Supply Voltage	5.0Vdc $\pm 10\%$
Input Current	10mA Maximum (No Load)
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	2.4Vdc Minimum with TTL Load, Vdd-0.5Vdc Minimum with HCMOS Load
Input Current Logic High (Ioh)	-4mA
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	0.4Vdc Maximum with TTL Load, 0.5Vdc Maximum with HCMOS Load
Input Current Logic Low (Iol)	4mA
Rise/Fall Time	10nSec Maximum (Measured at 0.4Vdc to 2.4Vdc with TTL Load; Measured at 10% to 90% of waveform with HCMOS Load)
Duty Cycle	$50 \pm 10(\%)$ (Measured at 50% of waveform with HCMOS Load or at 1.4Vdc with TTL Load)
Load Drive Capability	Low Drive (10LSTTL Load or 30pF HCMOS Load Maximum)
Output Logic Type	CMOS
Pin 1 Connection	Tri-State (High Impedance)
Tri-State Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	+2.0Vdc Minimum to enable output, +0.8Vdc Maximum to disable output (High Impedance), No Connect to enable output.
RMS Phase Jitter	1pSec Maximum (12kHz to 20MHz offset frequency)
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$

ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A

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MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)

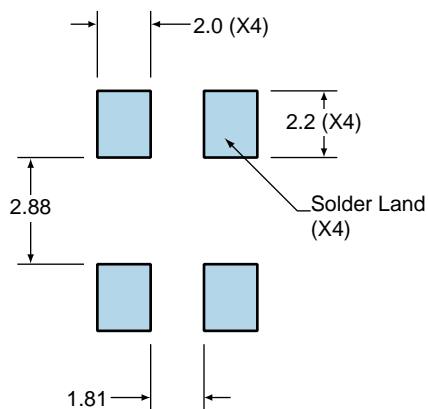


PIN	CONNECTION
1	Tri-State
2	Ground
3	Output
4	Supply Voltage

LINE	MARKING
1	ECLIPTEK
2	13.000M
3	XXYYZZ XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

Suggested Solder Pad Layout

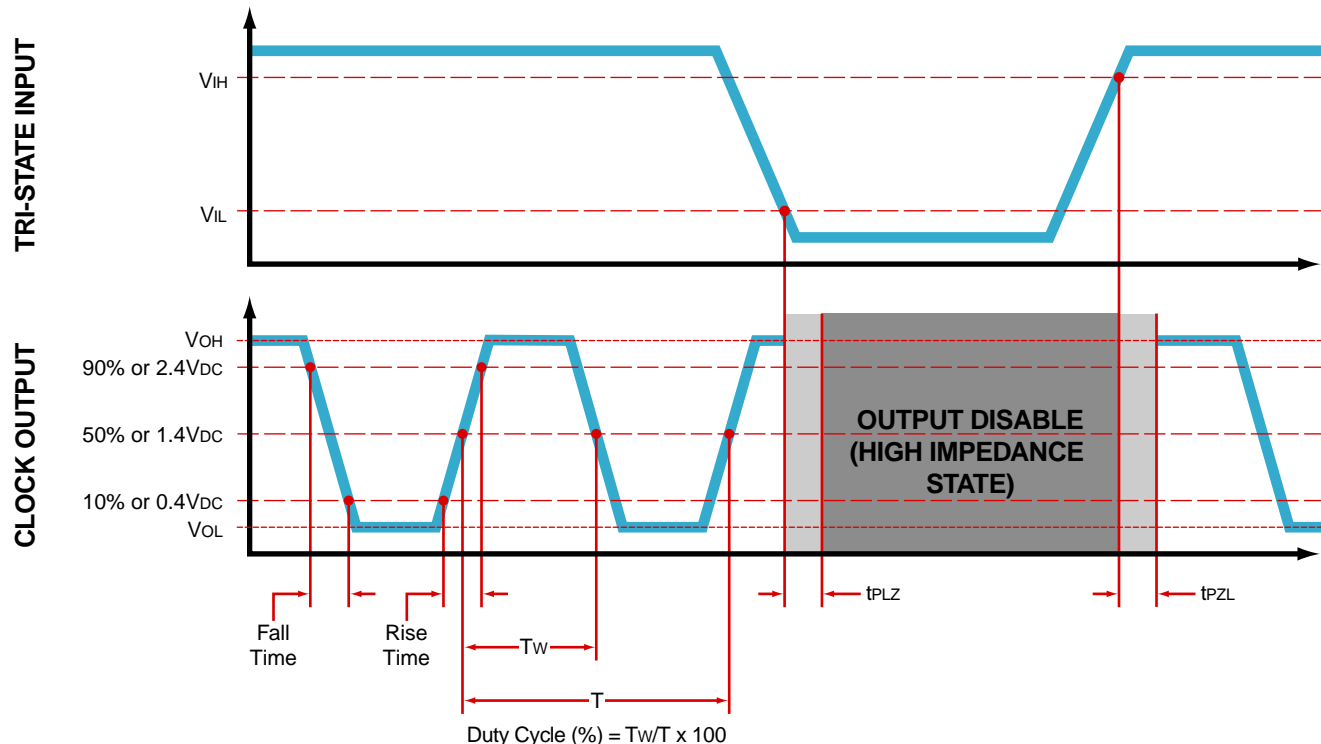
All Dimensions in Millimeters



All Tolerances are ± 0.1

EC2500ETTS-13.000M TR

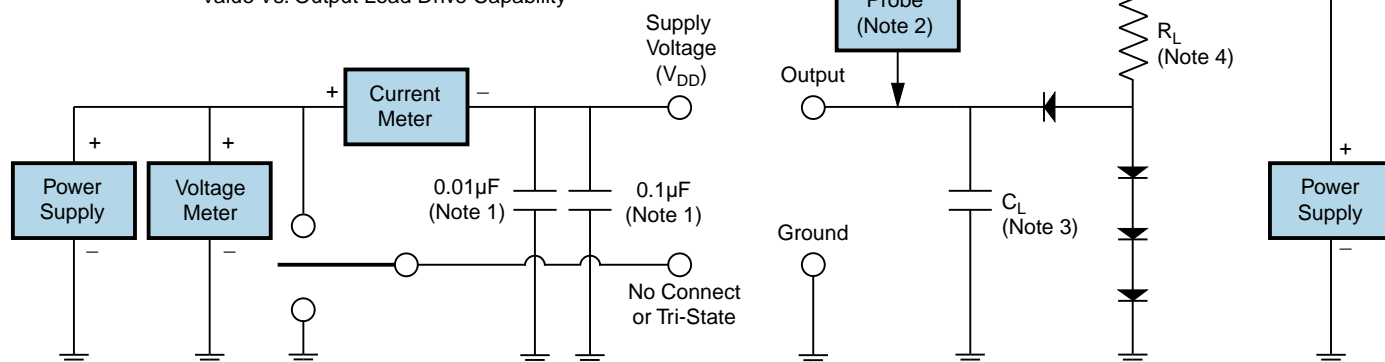
OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM



Test Circuit for TTL Output

Output Load Drive Capability	R_L Value (Ohms)	C_L Value (pF)
10TTL	390	15
5TTL	780	15
2TTL	1100	6
10LSTTL	2000	15
1TTL	2200	3

Table 1: R_L Resistance Value and C_L Capacitance Value Vs. Output Load Drive Capability



Note 1: An external 0.1 μ F low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01 μ F high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

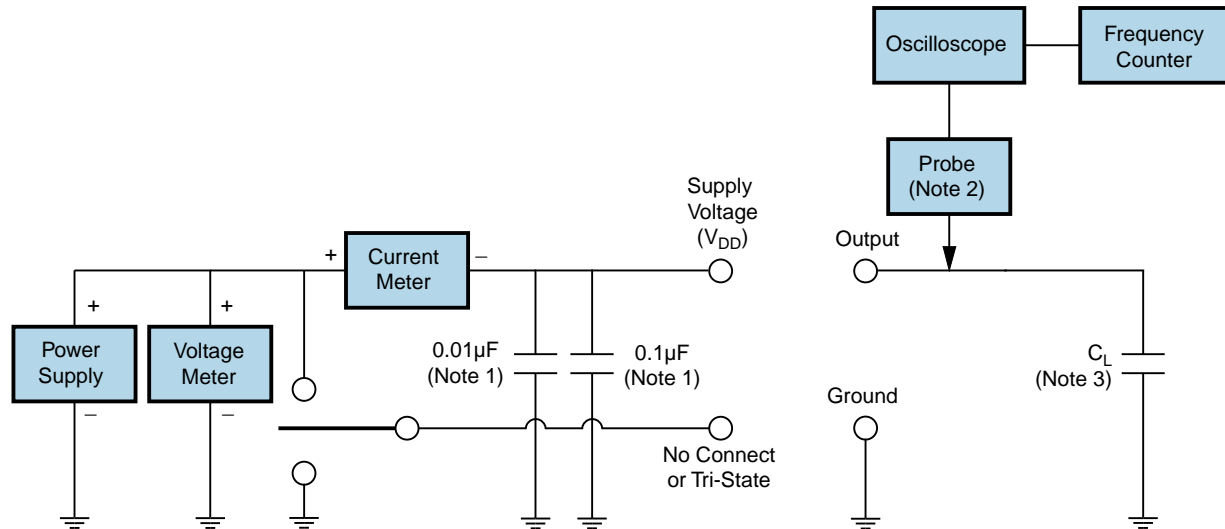
Note 3: Capacitance value C_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

Note 4: Resistance value R_L is shown in Table 1. See applicable specification sheet for 'Load Drive Capability'.

Note 5: All diodes are MMBD7000, MMBD914, or equivalent.

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Test Circuit for CMOS Output



Note 1: An external 0.1 μF low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01 μF high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

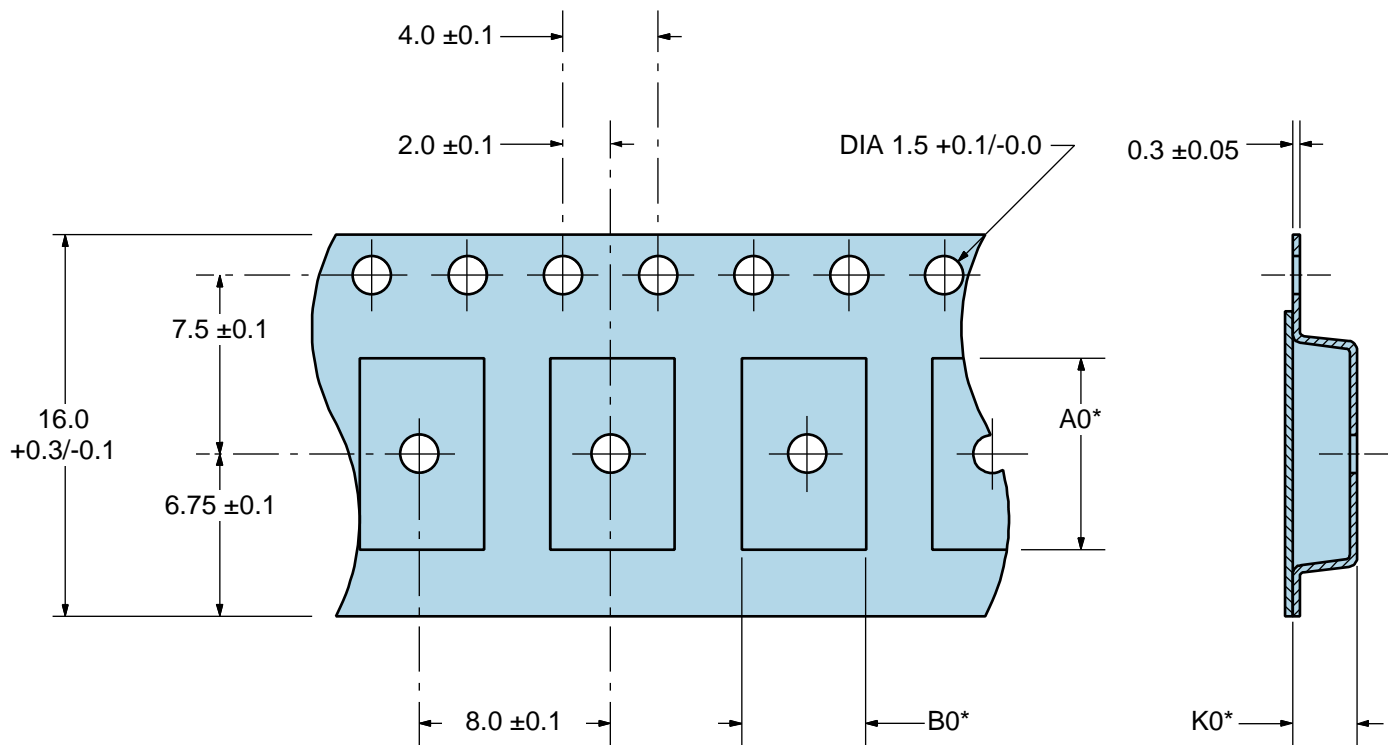
Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value C_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

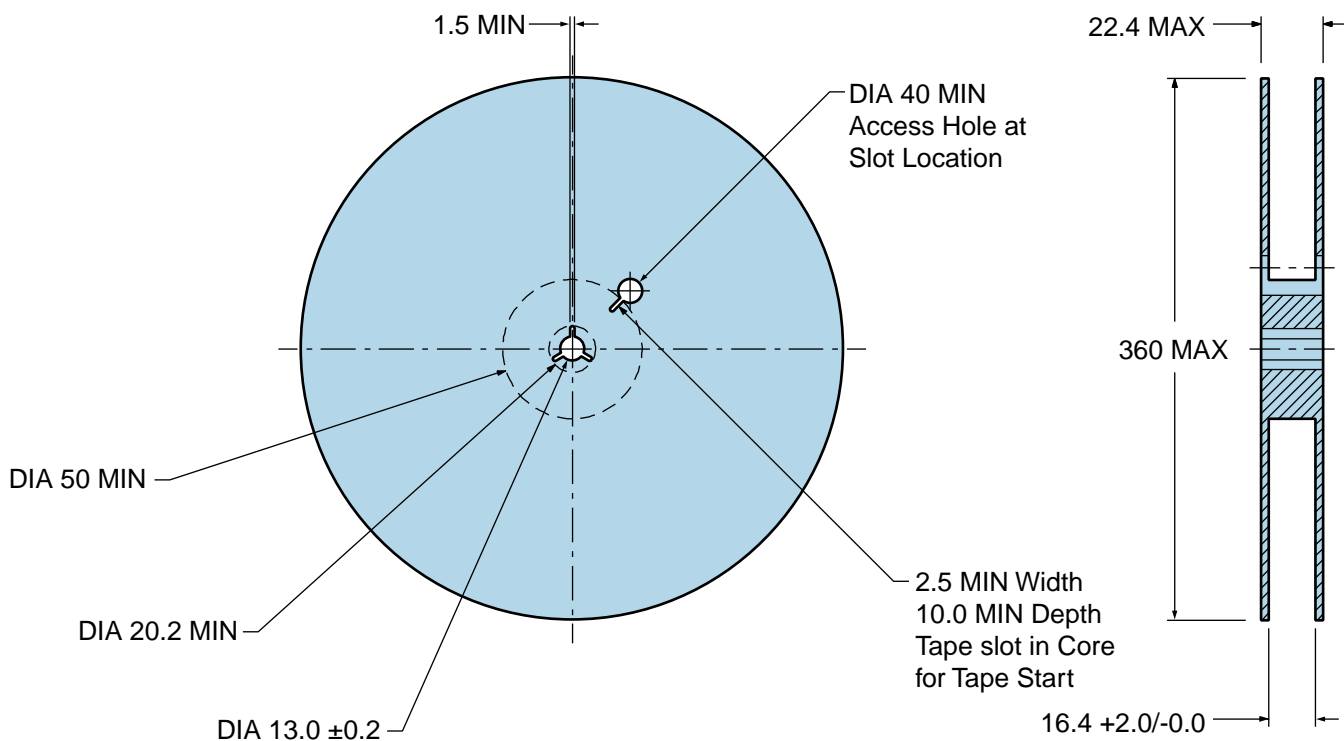
EC2500ETTS-13.000M TR

Tape & Reel Dimensions

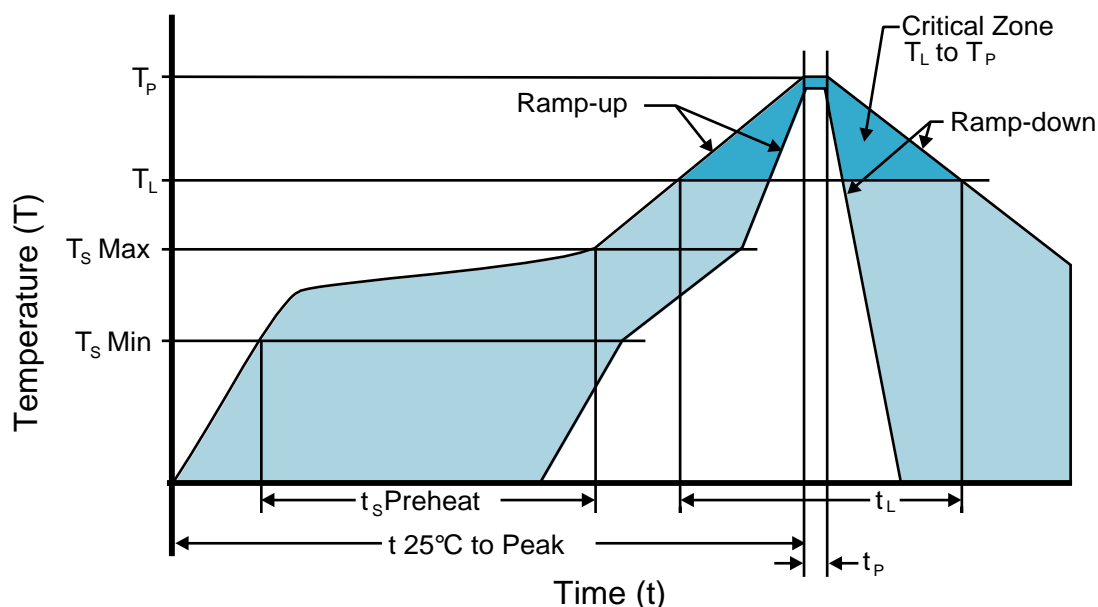
Quantity Per Reel: 1,000 units



*Compliant to EIA 481A



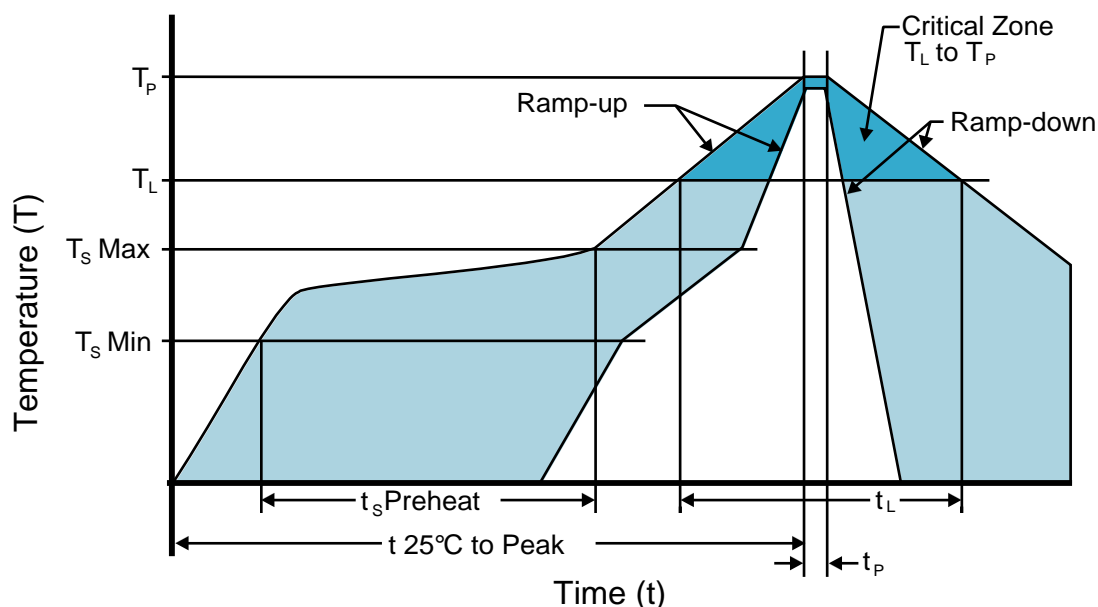
Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



High Temperature Infrared/Convection

$T_s \text{ MAX to } T_L$ (Ramp-up Rate)	3°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum ($T_s \text{ MIN}$)	150°C
- Temperature Typical ($T_s \text{ TYP}$)	175°C
- Temperature Maximum ($T_s \text{ MAX}$)	200°C
- Time ($t_s \text{ MIN}$)	60 - 180 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T_L to T_p)	3°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T_L)	217°C
- Time (t_L)	60 - 150 Seconds
Peak Temperature (T_p)	260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum
Target Peak Temperature ($T_p \text{ Target}$)	250°C +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual peak (t_p)	20 - 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	8 minutes Maximum
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.

Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 240°C

T_S MAX to T_L (Ramp-up Rate) 5°C/second Maximum

Preheat

- Temperature Minimum (T_S MIN) N/A
- Temperature Typical (T_S TYP) 150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T_S MAX) N/A
- Time (t_s MIN) 60 - 120 Seconds

Ramp-up Rate (T_L to T_P) 5°C/second Maximum

Time Maintained Above:

- Temperature (T_L) 150°C
- Time (t_L) 200 Seconds Maximum

Peak Temperature (T_P) 240°C Maximum

Target Peak Temperature (T_P Target) 240°C Maximum 1 Time / 230°C Maximum 2 Times

Time within 5°C of actual peak (t_p) 10 seconds Maximum 2 Times / 80 seconds Maximum 1 Time

Ramp-down Rate 5°C/second Maximum

Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t) N/A

Moisture Sensitivity Level Level 1

Additional Notes Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.

Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.)

High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.)