





EC29 20 ET T TS -10.000M

Frequency Tolerance/Stability — ±20ppm Maximum

Operating Temperature Range --40°C to +85°C

Nominal Frequency 10.000MHz

Pin 1 Connection
Tri-State (High Impedance)

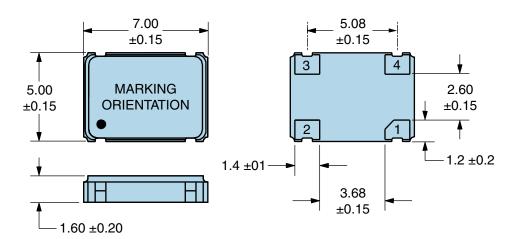
- Duty Cycle 50 ±5(%)

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Nominal Frequency	10.000MHz	
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	±20ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C, Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Ouput Load Change, First Year Aging at 25°C, Shock, and Vibration)	
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C	
Supply Voltage	1.8Vdc ±5%	
Input Current	2mA Maximum	
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	90% of Vdd Minimum (IOH=-2.8mA)	
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	10% of Vdd Maximum (IOL=2.8mA)	
Rise/Fall Time	6nSec Maximum (Measured at 10% to 90% of waveform)	
Duty Cycle	50 ±5(%) (Measured at 50% of waveform)	
Load Drive Capability	15pF Maximum	
Output Logic Type	CMOS	
Pin 1 Connection	Tri-State (High Impedance)	
Tri-State Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	90% of Vdd Minimum to enable output, 10% of Vdd Maximum to disable output (High Impedance), No Connect to enable output.	
Standby Current	10μA Maximum (Disabled Output, High Impedance) (Disabled Output, High Impedance)	
RMS Phase Jitter	1pSec Maximum (12kHz to 20MHz offset frequency)	
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	

ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A	
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C	
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210	
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215	
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003	
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010	
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A	



MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)



PIN	CONNECTION
1	Tri-State
2	Ground/Case Ground
3	Output
4	Supply Voltage

LINE	MARKING
1	ECLIPTEK
2	10.000M
3	XXYZZ XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

Suggested Solder Pad Layout

All Dimensions in Millimeters



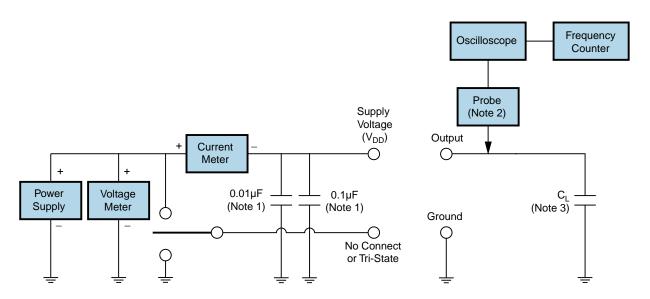
All Tolerances are ±0.1



OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM



Test Circuit for CMOS Output



- Note 1: An external $0.1\mu F$ low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a $0.01\mu F$ high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.
- Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.
- Note 3: Capacitance value \dot{C}_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods

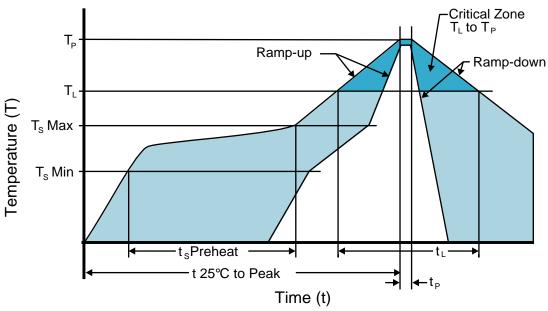


High Temperature Infrared/Convection

3°C/second Maximum
150°C
175°C
200°C
60 - 180 Seconds
3°C/second Maximum
217°C
60 - 150 Seconds
260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum
250°C +0/-5°C
20 - 40 seconds
6°C/second Maximum
8 minutes Maximum
Level 1
Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 240°C

T _s MAX to T _L (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (Ts MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T _s TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX)	N/A
- Time (t _s MIN)	60 - 120 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P)	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T∟)	150°C
- Time (t∟)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T _P)	240°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target)	240°C Maximum 1 Time / 230°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	10 seconds Maximum 2 Times / 80 seconds Maximum 1 Time
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.

Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.)

High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.)