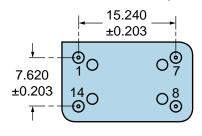


| ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Nominal Frequency | 32.000MHz | |
| Frequency Tolerance/Stability | ±25ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C, Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Output Load Change, First Year Aging at 25°C, Shock, and Vibration) | |
| Aging at 25°C | ±5ppm/year Maximum | |
| Operating Temperature Range | 0°C to +70°C | |
| Supply Voltage | 5.0Vdc ±5% | |
| Input Current | 50mA Maximum | |
| Output Voltage Logic High (Voh) | 2.4Vdc Minimum with TTL Load, Vdd-0.5Vdc with HCMOS Load | |
| Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol) | 0.4Vdc Maximum with TTL Load, 0.5Vdc Maximum with HCMOS Load | |
| Rise/Fall Time | 5nSec Maximum (0.4Vdc to 2.4Vdc w/TTL Load, 20% to 80% of waveform w/HCMOS Load) | |
| Duty Cycle | 50 ±10(%) (Measured at 1.4Vdc with TTL Load or at 50% of waveform with HCMOS Load) | |
| Load Drive Capability | 10TTL Load or 15pF HCMOS Load Maximum | |
| Output Logic Type | CMOS | |
| Control Voltage | 2.5Vdc ±2.0Vdc | |
| Frequency Deviation | ±100ppm Minimum | |
| Linearity | 20% Maximum | |
| Transfer Function | Positive Transfer Characteristic | |
| Absolute Clock Jitter | ±100pSec Maximum | |
| One Sigma Clock Period Jitter | ±25pSec Maximum | |
| Start Up Time | 10mSec Maximum | |
| Storage Temperature Range | -55°C to +125°C | |

| ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Fine Leak Test | MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A |
| Gross Leak Test | MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C |
| Lead Integrity | MIL-STD-883, Method 2004 |
| Mechanical Shock | MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C |
| Resistance to Soldering Heat | MIL-STD-202, Method 210 |
| Resistance to Solvents | MIL-STD-202, Method 215 |
| Solderability | MIL-STD-883, Method 2003 |
| Temperature Cycling | MIL-STD-883, Method 1010 |
| Vibration | MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A |



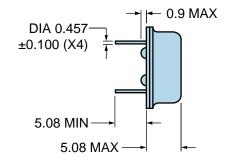
MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)



MARKING

ORIENTATION

20.8 MAX



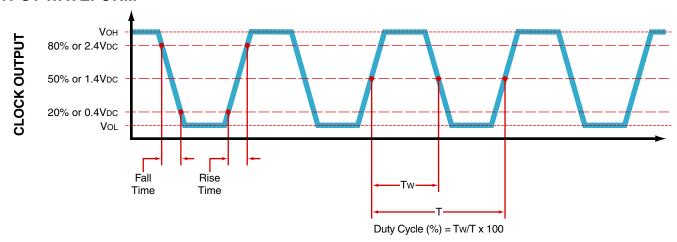
| PIN | CONNECTION |
|-----|--------------------|
| 1 | Control Voltage |
| 7 | Ground/Case Ground |
| 8 | Output |
| 14 | Supply Voltage |

| LINE | MARKING |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | ECLIPTEK |
| 2 | EC31 EC31=Product Series |
| 3 | 32.000M |
| 4 | XXYZZ XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year |

OUTPUT WAVEFORM

13.2

MAX





Test Circuit for TTL Output

Voltage

Meter

Power

Supply

| Output Load Drive Capability | R _L Value (Ohms) | C _L Value (pF) |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 10TTL | 390 | 15 |
| 5TTL | 780 | 15 |
| 2TTL | 1100 | 6 |
| 10LSTTL | 2000 | 15 |
| 1TTL | 2200 | 3 |

Table 1: R_L Resistance Value and C_L Capacitance Value Vs. Output Load Drive Capability

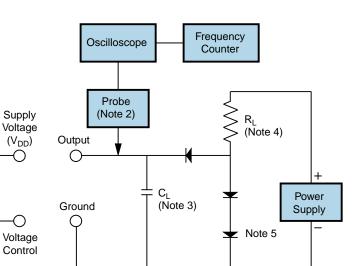
Current Meter

0.01µF

(Note 1)

Voltage

Meter



Note 1: An external $0.1\mu\text{F}$ low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a $0.01\mu\text{F}$ high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

0.1µF

(Note 1)

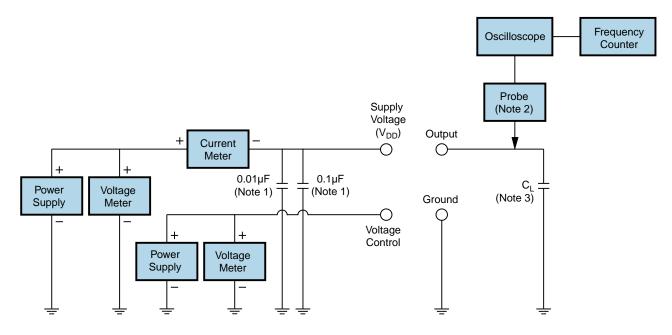
- Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.
- Note 3: Capacitance value C_{L} includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.
- Note 4: Resistance value R_L is shown in Table 1. See applicable specification sheet for 'Load Drive Capability'.
- Note 5: All diodes are MMBD7000, MMBD914, or equivalent.

Power

Supply



Test Circuit for CMOS Output



Note 1: An external 0.1µF low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01µF high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value \dot{C}_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



High Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

| | , |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T _s MAX to T _∟ (Ramp-up Rate) | 3°C/second Maximum |
| Preheat | |
| - Temperature Minimum (Ts MIN) | 150°C |
| - Temperature Typical (T _s TYP) | 175°C |
| - Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX) | 200°C |
| - Time (t _s MIN) | 60 - 180 Seconds |
| Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P) | 3°C/second Maximum |
| Time Maintained Above: | |
| - Temperature (T _L) | 217°C |
| - Time (t∟) | 60 - 150 Seconds |
| Peak Temperature (T _P) | 260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum |
| Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target) | 250°C +0/-5°C |
| Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp) | 20 - 40 seconds |
| Ramp-down Rate | 6°C/second Maximum |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t) | 8 minutes Maximum |
| Moisture Sensitivity Level | Level 1 |
| Additional Notes | Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only. Do not use this method for product with the Gull Wing option. |
| | |



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 185°C

| • | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T _s MAX to T _L (Ramp-up Rate) | 5°C/second Maximum |
| Preheat | |
| - Temperature Minimum (T _s MIN) | N/A |
| - Temperature Typical (T _s TYP) | 150°C |
| - Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX) | N/A |
| - Time (t _s MIN) | 60 - 120 Seconds |
| Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P) | 5°C/second Maximum |
| Time Maintained Above: | |
| - Temperature (T _L) | 150°C |
| - Time (t∟) | 200 Seconds Maximum |
| Peak Temperature (T _P) | 185°C Maximum |
| Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target) | 185°C Maximum 2 Times |
| Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp) | 10 seconds Maximum 2 Times |
| Ramp-down Rate | 5°C/second Maximum |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t) | N/A |
| Moisture Sensitivity Level | Level 1 |
| Additional Notes | Temperatures shown are applied to body of device. Use this method only for product with the Gull Wing option. |
| | |



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

| T _s MAX to T _L (Ramp-up Rate) | 5°C/second Maximum |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Preheat | |
| - Temperature Minimum (T _s MIN) | N/A |
| - Temperature Typical (T _s TYP) | 150°C |
| - Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX) | N/A |
| - Time (t _s MIN) | 30 - 60 Seconds |
| Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P) | 5°C/second Maximum |
| Time Maintained Above: | |
| - Temperature (T _L) | 150°C |
| - Time (t∟) | 200 Seconds Maximum |
| Peak Temperature (T _P) | 245°C Maximum |
| Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target) | 245°C Maximum 1 Time / 235°C Maximum 2 Times |
| Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp) | 5 seconds Maximum 1 Time / 15 seconds Maximum 2 Times |
| Ramp-down Rate | 5°C/second Maximum |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t) | N/A |
| Moisture Sensitivity Level | Level 1 |
| Additional Notes | Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only. Do not use this method for product with the Gull Wing option. |

Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures listed are applied to device leads only. This method can be utilized with both Gull Wing and Non-Gull Wing devices.)

High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures listed are applied to device leads only. This method can be utilized with both Gull Wing and Non-Gull Wing devices.)