

## Evaluating the **ADA4870** High Speed, High Output Current Amplifier

### FEATURES

- Enables easy evaluation of the **ADA4870**
- Single-supply or dual-supply operation
- Robust thermal management

### APPLICATIONS

- Organic light-emitting diode (OLED) panel driver
- Active matrix organic light-emitting diode (AMOLED) panel driver
- Base transceiver station (BTS) envelope tracking
- Power field effect transistor (FET) driver
- Ultrasound
- Piezoelectric driver
- PIN diode driver
- Waveform generation
- Automatic test equipment (ATE)
- Charge-coupled device (CCD) panel driver

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **ADA4870** is a 40 V, unity-gain stable, high speed current feedback amplifier capable of delivering 1 A of output current from a 40 V supply. Manufactured using the Analog Devices, Inc., proprietary high voltage XFCB process, the innovative architecture of the **ADA4870** enables high output power, high speed signal processing solutions in a variety of demanding applications.

The **ADA4870** is ideal for driving high voltage power FETs, piezoelectric transducers, PIN diodes, and a variety of other demanding applications that require high speed from high supply voltage and high current output.

The **ADA4870** is available in a power SOIC package (PSOP\_3) featuring an exposed thermal slug that provides high thermal conductivity to the printed circuit board (PCB) and heat sink enabling efficient heat transfer for improved reliability in demanding environments. The **ADA4870** operates over the industrial temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The **ADA4870ARR-EBZ** evaluation board provides a platform for quick and easy evaluation of the **ADA4870**. Figure 1 shows the top side of the evaluation board. Figure 2 shows the bottom side of the board with the large exposed copper area for applying a heat sink as needed.



Figure 1. Evaluation Board, Top Side

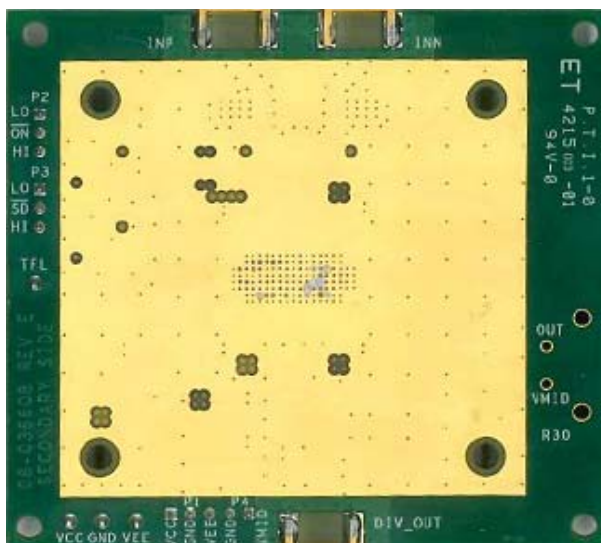


Figure 2. Evaluation Board, Bottom Side

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Features .....	1	Asymmetrical Supplies and Mid Supply Bias (VMID) .....	4
Applications .....	1	$\overline{\text{ON}}$ , Initial Power-Up, and Short Circuit .....	5
General Description .....	1	Shutdown ( $\overline{\text{SD}}$ ) .....	5
Revision History .....	2	Thermal Monitor/Short-Circuit Flag (TFL) .....	5
Evaluation Board Hardware .....	3	Thermal Design and Heat Sink Selection .....	5
Board Stack Up .....	3	Thermal Performance .....	6
Power Supplies and Decoupling .....	3	Evaluation Board Schematic .....	7
Input and Output .....	3	Bill of Materials .....	8
Symmetrical Supplies and DC-Coupled Inputs .....	3		

## REVISION HISTORY

### 6/2016—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Changes to Applications Section, Figure 1, and Figure 2 .....	1
Changes to Board Stack Up Section, Power Supplies and Decoupling Section, and Input and Output Section .....	3
Added Symmetrical Supplies and DC-Coupled Inputs Section and Figure 3; Renumbered Sequentially .....	3
Added Asymmetrical Supplies and Mid Supply Bias (VMID) Section, Figure 4, and Figure 5 .....	4
Changes to Table 1 .....	4
Changes to $\overline{\text{ON}}$ , Initial Power-Up, Short Circuit Section, Shutdown ( $\overline{\text{SD}}$ ) Section, and Thermal Design and Heat Sink Section .....	5
Added Figure 6 .....	5
Added Figure 7 .....	6
Changes to Thermal Performance Section, Figure 8, and Figure 9 .....	6
Changes to Figure 10 .....	7
Changes to Table 2 .....	8

### 6/2014—Revision 0: Initial Version

## EVALUATION BOARD HARDWARE

### BOARD STACK UP

The ADA4870ARR-EBZ evaluation board is a 6-layer board. All signal routing is on the top layer; the bottom layer is an exposed copper ground plane to facilitate the use of a heat sink. The heat sink is needed for high power dissipation projects, such as driving a 20  $\Omega$  load with the maximum output swing. The internal layers (Layer 2 through Layer 5) consist of the GND, VCC, VMID, and VEE planes.

### POWER SUPPLIES AND DECOUPLING

The evaluation board can be powered using a single supply or dual supplies. The total supply voltage ( $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ ) must be between 10 V and 40 V. The board provides sufficient power supply decoupling for high current, fast slewing signals with 22  $\mu$ F and 10  $\mu$ F tantalum capacitors installed at C1 and C2 where the  $V_{CC}$  supply voltage is applied to the board; 22  $\mu$ F and 10  $\mu$ F tantalum capacitors are installed at C22 and C23 where the  $V_{EE}$  supply voltage is applied to the board. In addition, 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic chip capacitors (C4 and C5) are placed in close proximity to the VCC pins (Pin 1, Pin 18, Pin 19, and Pin 20). And 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic chip capacitors (C25 and C26) are placed in close proximity to the VEE pins (Pin 10, Pin 11, Pin 12, and Pin 13).

### INPUT AND OUTPUT

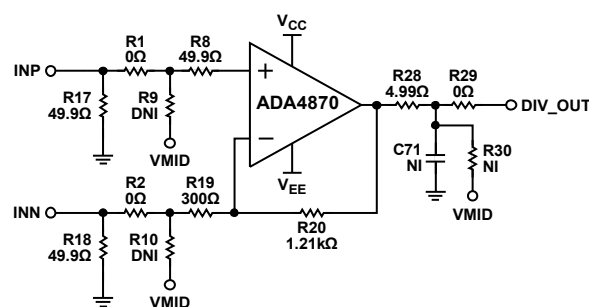
Figure 10 shows the evaluation board schematic for the factory default settings when the board is shipped.

The evaluation board uses edge-mount SMA connectors on the inputs and outputs for easy interfacing to signal sources and test equipment. When evaluating high voltage output signals using standard 50  $\Omega$  test equipment, R29 can be replaced with a 2.45 k $\Omega$  resistor that provides a signal division of 49.6 at the DIV\_OUT SMA connector. The board can accommodate a capacitor load (C71) referenced to GND, and/or a power resistor in the TO-220 package (R30) referenced to VMID.

When using input signals of 5 V and lower, the board is equipped with 49.9  $\Omega$ , 0.25 W resistors at R17 and R18 that are capable of handling the power when using the factory default settings. The factory default configuration provides for operation on dual symmetrical supplies in noninverting and inverting gains of +4.5 V/V, and  $-4.0$  V/V respectively. For single-supply and asymmetrical supply operation, see the Asymmetrical Supplies and Mid Supply Bias (VMID) section and Table 1 for guidance on configuring the input terminations and supply settings.

### SYMMETRICAL SUPPLIES AND DC-COUPLED INPUTS

Figure 3 shows the noninverting or inverting configuration schematic when using dual, symmetrical supplies. When using the factory default settings with noninverting input, the ground reference is established through the 49.9  $\Omega$  termination resistors (R17 and R18), and the gain can be calculated using  $R20/(R19 + R18)$ . The gain is +4.5 V/V for the factory default settings. When using the factory default settings with inverting input, the gain can be calculated using  $R20/R19$ . The gain is  $-4.0$  V/V for the factory default settings. In dual-supply operation when installing R30 in either inverting or noninverting applications, position the jumper at P4 to short VMID to GND.



NOTES  
1. DNI = DO NOT INSTALL.  
2. NI = NOT INSTALLED (USER-DEFINED VALUES).

Figure 3. Schematic of Dual, Symmetrical Supplies with Noninverting or Inverting Input

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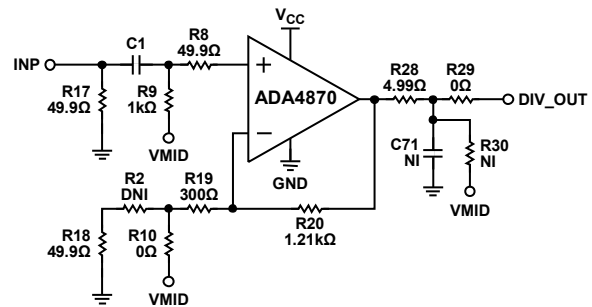
## ASYMMETRICAL SUPPLIES AND MID SUPPLY BIAS (VMID)

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show schematics when using a single supply with ac-coupled input.

The ADA4870 must be referenced to a dc operating point. When using a single supply or asymmetrical dual supplies, apply the appropriate reference voltage to the VMID pin of P4 using a low impedance source, such as a dc supply. The recommended VMID reference voltage is  $V_{EE} + (V_{CC} - V_{EE})/2$ .

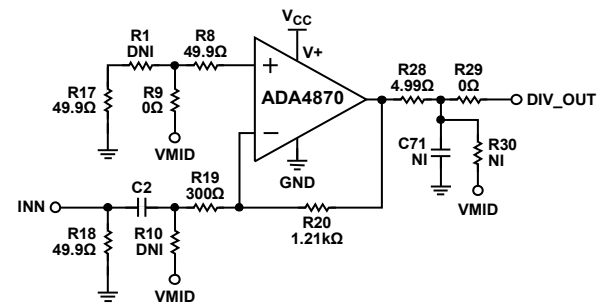
When ac coupling into the noninverting input (INP), the dc operating point of the amplifier can be established by installing a resistor at R9 connected to VMID and replacing R1 with an ac coupling capacitor (C1), as shown in Figure 4. The ac coupling capacitor (C1) combined with the VMID bias resistor (R9) form a high-pass filter with the cutoff frequency at  $1/(2 \times \pi \times R9 \times C1)$ . The value of the ac coupling capacitor (C1) can be calculated based on the desired cutoff frequency.

When ac coupling into the inverting input (INN), the dc operating point of the amplifier can be established by shorting R9 to VMID. Do not install R1.



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2. NI = NOT INSTALLED (USER-DEFINED VALUES).

Figure 4. Schematic of Single Supply with Noninverting Input



NOTES  
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2. NI = NOT INSTALLED (USER-DEFINED VALUES).

Figure 5. Schematic of Single Supply with Inverting Input

Table 1. Configuration of Input Components

Supply <sup>1</sup>	Configuration	Coupling	Gain (V/V)	R9 (Ω)	R10 (Ω)	R1 (Ω)	R2 (Ω)	P4 (VMID)
Dual	Noninverting	DC	+4.5	Do not insert	Do not insert	0	0	Open <sup>2</sup>
Dual	Inverting	DC	−4.0	Do not insert	Do not insert	0	0	Open <sup>2</sup>
Single	Noninverting	AC	+5.0	1,000	0	Capacitor <sup>3</sup>	Do not insert	DC voltage supply
Single	Inverting	AC	−4.0	0	Do not insert	Do not insert	Capacitor <sup>3</sup>	DC voltage supply

<sup>1</sup> Dual means symmetrical supplies; single means any nonsymmetrical supplies.

<sup>2</sup> If R30 is installed, short VMID to GND.

<sup>3</sup> When input ac coupling is required, replace the dc coupling resistor with an ac coupling capacitor.

## **$\overline{\text{ON}}$ , INITIAL POWER-UP, AND SHORT CIRCUIT**

The board is shipped with the  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin pulled low to  $V_{EE}$  at P1 to ensure that the amplifier is enabled. Subsequently, floating the  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin enables the short-circuit protection feature while the amplifier remains on. While  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  is held low, the short-circuit protection feature is disabled.

The  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin turns on the amplifier after initial power-up and after a short-circuit event. The pin is referenced to the negative supply ( $V_{EE}$ ).

When a short-circuit condition is detected, the amplifier is disabled, the supply current drops to approximately 5 mA, and the TFL pin outputs a dc voltage of approximately 300 mV above  $V_{EE}$ . To turn the amplifier back on after a short-circuit event, follow the previously described sequence for initial power-up.

Pulling the  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin high disables the amplifier and causes the supply current to drop to approximately 5 mA, as if a short-circuit condition had been detected. Pin 3 of P2 uses a 5 V Zener diode (CR1) to set the high level at 5 V above  $V_{EE}$ .

The impedance at  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  is approximately 20 k $\Omega$ . The  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin is decoupled to  $V_{EE}$  via C8 to shunt noise away from  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  and to help avoid false triggers.

## **SHUTDOWN ( $\overline{\text{SD}}$ )**

The board factory default setting for the (P3) jumper pulls the  $\overline{\text{SD}}$  pin to the HI position,  $V_{EE} + 5.2$  V. Pulling the  $\overline{\text{SD}}$  pin low to  $V_{EE}$  places the amplifier in a low power shutdown state, reducing the quiescent current to approximately 750  $\mu\text{A}$ . The  $\overline{\text{SD}}$  pin must be pulled low to a maximum of  $V_{EE} + 0.9$  V for shutdown, or pulled high to a minimum of  $V_{EE} + 1.1$  V to enable

the amplifier. Do not float the pin. When turning the amplifier back on from the shutdown state, pull the  $\overline{\text{SD}}$  pin high and then pull the  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin low. Following this sequence is required to turn on the ADA4870. To enable the short-circuit protection, the  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  pin must float following the turn on sequence.

## **THERMAL MONITOR/SHORT-CIRCUIT FLAG (TFL)**

The TFL pin can be used to monitor relative changes in die temperature and to detect a short-circuit condition. During normal operation, the TFL pin outputs a dc voltage that is approximately 1.7 V (typical) above  $V_{EE}$  and is related to the die temperature. The TFL voltage changes at approximately  $-3$  mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . When the die temperature exceeds approximately  $140^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the amplifier switches to an off state, dropping the supply current to approximately 5 mA while TFL continues to report a voltage indicative of the die temperature. When the die temperature returns to an acceptable level, the amplifier automatically resumes normal operation.

## **THERMAL DESIGN AND HEAT SINK SELECTION**

In some applications, the ADA4870 may be required to dissipate as much as 10 W at elevated ambient temperatures of up to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The evaluation board provides robust thermal management under these conditions.

The top of the board has an exposed copper area to which the ADA4870 PSOP package must be soldered. The exposed copper area allocated to the attachment of the PSOP slug is connected to the exposed copper ground plane on the bottom by an array of 136 thermal vias. A single internal ground layer (Layer 2) is also attached. Figure 6 shows a model of the ADA4870 package mounted to the evaluation board with an applied heat sink.

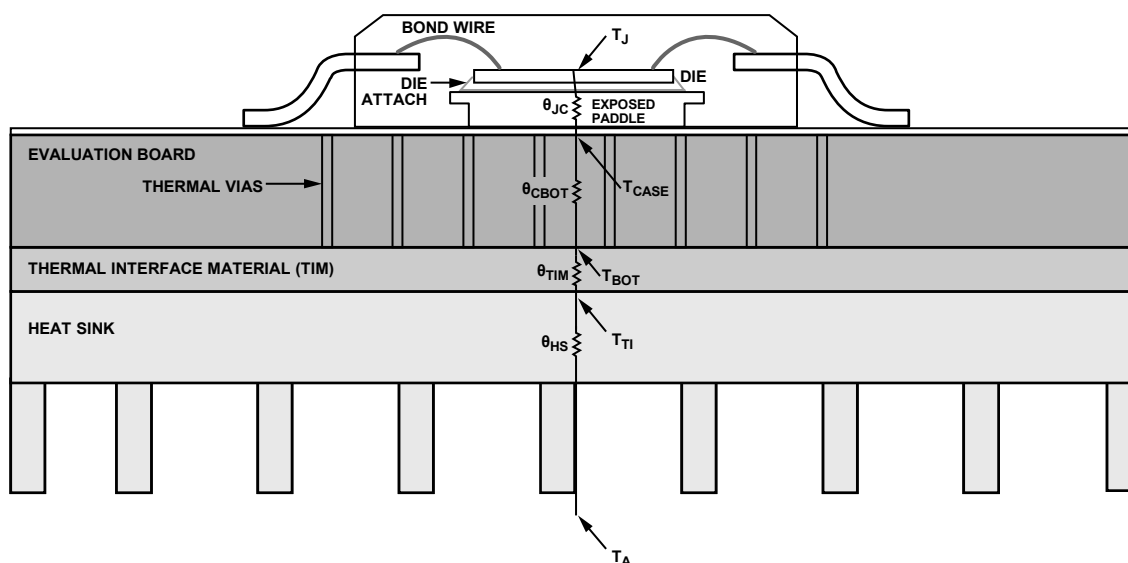


Figure 6. Thermal Model for ADA4870 with Heat Sink

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# EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC

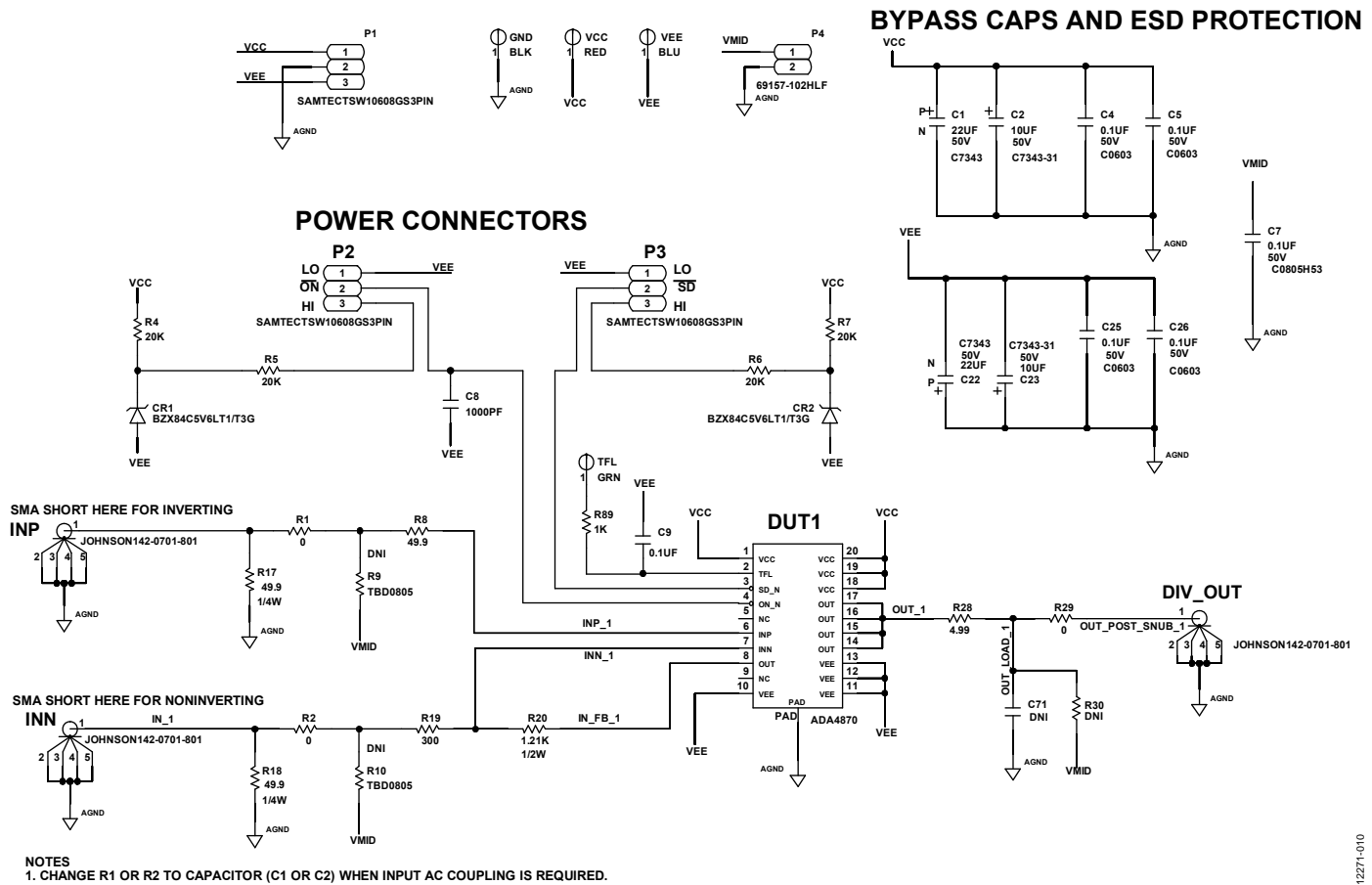


Figure 10. Evaluation Board Schematic



## BILL OF MATERIALS

Table 2.

Item	Qty	Reference Designator	Description	Value	Manufacturer/Part No.
1	1	Not applicable	<a href="#">ADA4870</a> evaluation board	Not applicable	Analog Devices/ <a href="#">ADA4870ARR-EBZ</a>
2	1	DUT1	<a href="#">ADA4870</a>	Not applicable	Analog Devices/ <a href="#">ADA4870</a>
3	2	C1 ,C22	Capacitor, tantalum, 7343	22 $\mu$ F	AVX/TAJD226K050R
4	2	C2, C23	Capacitor, tantalum, 7343	10 $\mu$ F	AVX/TAJD106M050RNJ
5	5	C4, C5, C9, C25, C26	Capacitor, ceramic, X7R, 0603	0.1 $\mu$ F	AVX/06035C104KAT2A
6	1	C7	Capacitor, ceramic, X7R,0805, 50 V	0.1 $\mu$ F	Murata/GRM21BR71H104KA01L
7	1	C71	Capacitor, ceramic, COG, 0603, 50 V	Not installed	Murata/GRM1885C1H301JA01D
8	1	C8	Capacitor ceramic, X7R, 0603, 50 V	1000 pF	AVX/06035C102KAT2A
9	2	CR1, CR2	Diode, Zener, SOT-23	5.6 V	ON Semiconductor/BZX84C5V6LT1/T3G
10	3	INP, INN, DIV_OUT	Connector, SMA end launch	Not applicable	Johnson/142-0701-801
11	1	GND	Connector, test point	Black	Components Corporation/TP104-01-00
12	3	P1, P2, P3	Connector, PCB, berg, header, straight, male, 3P	Not applicable	Samtec/TSW-103-08-G-S
13	1	P4	Connector, PCB, berg, jumper, straight, male, 2P	Not applicable	FCI/69157-102HLF
14	2	R1,R2	Resistor, 0603, jumper	0 $\Omega$	Panasonic/EERJ-3GEY0R00V
15	2	R9, R10	Resistor, 0805	Not installed	
16	2	R17, R18	Resistor, 1206, 1%	49.9 $\Omega$	Panasonic/ERJ-8ENF49R9V
17	1	R19	Resistor, 1206, 1%	300 $\Omega$	Vishay Dale/CRCW1206300RFKEA
18	1	R20	Resistor, 2010, 1%	1.21 k $\Omega$	Panasonic/ERJ-12SF1211U
19	1	R28	Resistor, 2512, 1%	4.99 $\Omega$	Vishay Dale/CRCW25124R99FKEG
20	1	R29	Resistor, 1206, jumper	0 $\Omega$	Vishay Dale/CRCW12060000Z0EA
21	1	R30	Resistor, TO-220	Not installed	
22	4	R4, R5, R6, R7	Resistor, 0603, 1%	20 k $\Omega$	Panasonic/ERJ-3EKF2002V
23	1	R8	Resistor, 0603, 1%	49.9 $\Omega$	Panasonic/ERJ-3EKF49R9V
24	1	R89	Resistor, 0603, 1%	1 k $\Omega$	Panasonic/ERJ-3EKF1001V
25	1	TFL	Connector, test point	Green	Components Corporation/TP104-01-05
26	1	VCC	Connector, test point	Red	Components Corporation/TP104-01-02
27	1	VEE	Connector, test point	Blue	Components Corporation/TP104-01-06
28	2	Jumper	Jumper socket for P2 and P3	Not applicable	FCI/65474-001LF



## NOTES



### ESD Caution

**ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.** Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

### Legal Terms and Conditions

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