LTC3407

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 701 is a Dual Synchronous, 600mA, 1.5MHz Step-Down DC/DC Regulator featuring the LTC®3407. The DC701 has an input voltage range of 2.5V to 5.5V, and either output is capable of delivering up to 600mA of output current. In Burst Mode™ operation, the LTC3407 requires only 40 uA of quiescent current, and the DC701 provides higher efficiency at light load currents. In Pulse Skip mode, the DC701 provides lower output ripple voltage at light load currents. In either mode, the DC701 can provide up to 96% efficiency on either channel and consumes less than 1uA in shutdown. The LTC3407

comes in a small 10-Pin DFN package, which has an exposed pad on the bottom-side of the IC for better thermal performance. These features, plus the nominal operating frequency of 1.5MHz (allowing the exclusive use of low profile surface mount components), make the DC701 demo board an ideal circuit for use in battery-powered, hand-held applications.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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Table 1. Performance Summary (T_A = 25°C)

PARAMETER	CONDITION	VALUE
Minimum Input Voltage		2.5V
Maximum Input Voltage		5.5V
		1.2V ±2%
Output Voltage VOUT1	V _{IN} = 2.5V to 5.5V, I _{OUT1} = 0A to 600 mA	1.5V ±2%
		1.8V ±2%
Typical Output Ripple V _{OUT1}	V _{IN} = 5V, I _{OUT1} = 600 mA (20 MHz BW)	20mV _P _P
Output Degulation	Line	±1%
Output Regulation	Load	±1%
Output Voltage VOUT2	V _{IN} = 2.5V to 5.5V, I _{OUT2} = 0A to 600 mA	2.5V ±2%
Typical Output Ripple V _{OUT2}	V _{IN} = 5V, I _{OUT2} = 600 mA (20 MHz BW)	20mV _P _P
Output Degulation	Line	±1%
Output Regulation	Load	±1%
Nominal Switching Frequency		1.5 MHz

QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 701 is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC3407. Refer to Figure 1

for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below.



QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 701 DUAL SYNCHRONOUS, 600MA, 1.5MHZ STEP-DOWN DC/DC REGULATOR

Note: When measuring the input or output voltage ripple, care must be taken to avoid a long ground lead on the oscilloscope probe. Measure the input or output voltage ripple by touching the probe tip directly across the Vin or Vout and GND terminals. See Figure 2 for proper scope probe technique.

Note: Capacitor C5 is an optional part. It was inserted on the DC701 to dampen the (possible) ringing voltage due to the use of long input leads. On a normal, typical PCB, with short traces, the capacitor is not needed.

- 1. Connect the input power supply to the Vin and GND terminals on the <u>left-side</u> of the board. Do not hot-plug Vin or increase Vin over the rated maximum supply voltage of 5.5V, or the part may be damaged. Connect the loads between the Vout and GND terminals on the <u>right-side</u> of the board. Refer to Figure 1 for the proper measurement equipment setup.
- 2. Before proceeding to operation, insert jumpers JP1 and JP2 into the OFF positions, jumper JP3 into the Vout1 voltage position of choice (1.2V, 1.5V, and 1.8V), and jumper JP4 into the desired mode of operation: Pulse Skip or Burst Mode.
- 3. Apply 3.3V at Vin. Measure both Vouts; they should read 0V. If desired, one can measure the shutdown supply current at this point. The supply current will be approximately 33 uA in shutdown,

- with roughly 32 uA due to the optional 100 k Ω pull-up resistor of the Power-On Reset (POR) feature. This resistor can be removed, and the actual shutdown supply current (of approx. 1 uA) can be measured, if the POR feature is not required.
- 4. Turn on Vout1 and Vout2 by changing jumpers JP1 and JP2 from the OFF position(s) to the ON position(s). Vary the input voltage from 2.5V to 5.5V and adjust each load current from 0 to 600mA. Both output voltages should be regulating.
- 5. Set the load current of both outputs between 200 mA and 600 mA, and measure both output ripple voltages; they should measure less than 20 mVAC each. Also, observe the voltage waveform at the switch node (pin 3) of each regulator. The switching frequencies should be between 1.2 MHz and 1.8 MHz (T = 0.833 us and 0.555 us), and each switch node waveform should be rectangular in shape.
- 6. To change the mode of operation, change jumpers JP1 and JP2 from the ON position(s) to the OFF position(s). Then change jumper JP4 to the alternative position. Re-insert jumpers JP1 and JP2 into the ON position(s). Observe the voltage waveform at both switch nodes.

When finished, insert jumpers JP1 and JP2 to the OFF position(s) and disconnect the power.

If more efficiency is desired from the Demo Circuit, replace the stock inductor, a Taiyo Yuden part #LQLBC2518M2R2M, with a Murata inductor, #LQH32CN2R2M11. Due to its large size, the Murata inductor has lower DCR than the Taiyo Yuden inductor, thus has less power dissipation.

TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGY

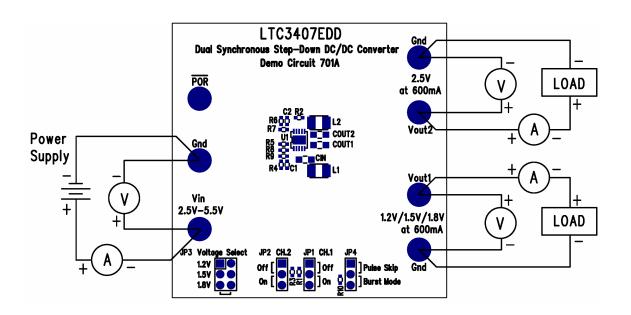


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

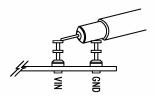
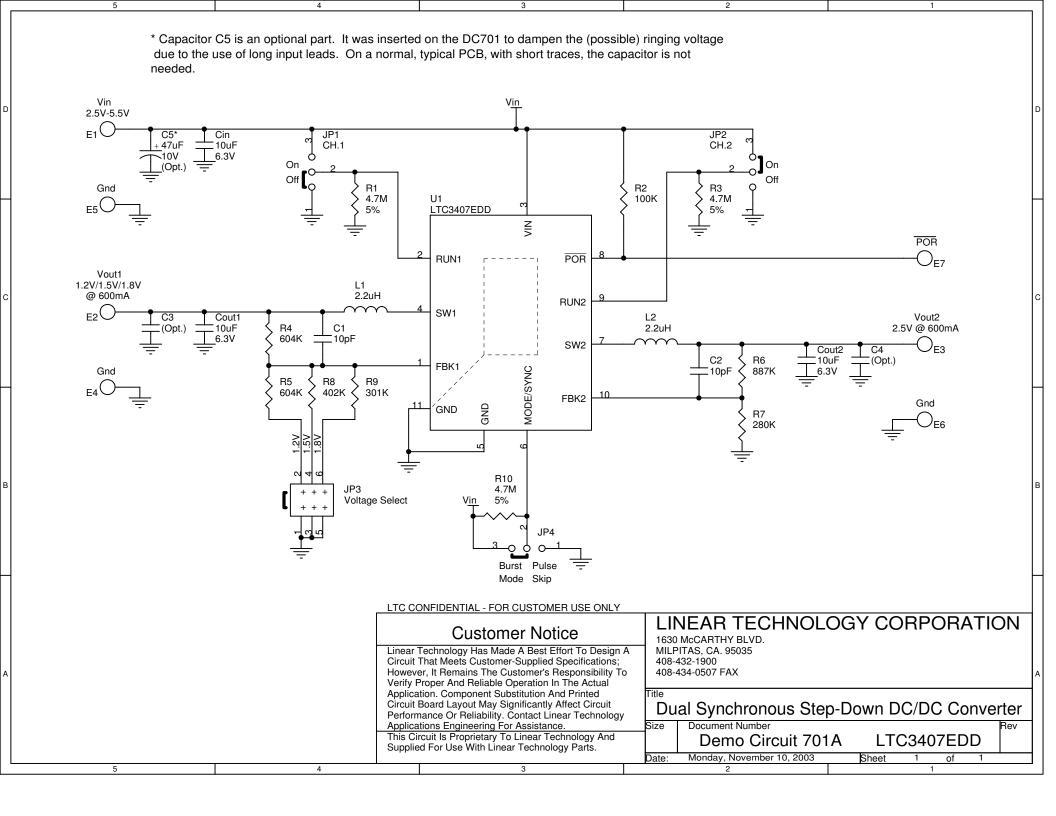


Figure 2. Scope Probe Placement for Measuring Input or Output Ripple





Item	Qty	Ref	Desc	Part Number
1	3	COUT1,COUT2,CIN	CAP, X5R 10uF 6.3V 20% 0805	TAIYO YUDEN JMK212BJ106MG
2	2	C2,C1	CAP, NPO 10pF 50V 10% 0402	AVX 04025A100KAT
3	0	C3,C4 (Optional)	CAP, 0805	TBD
4	1	C5	CAP, TANT 47uF 10V 20% 6032	AVX TAJW476M010R
5	7	E1,E2,E3,E4,E5,E6,E7	TURRETS	MILL-MAX 2501-2
6	3	JP1,JP2,JP4	HEADER, 3PIN 2mm	COMM CON 2802S-03-G1
7	1	JP3	HEADER, 3X2 2mm	COMM CON 2202S-06G1
8	4	JP1,JP2,JP3,JP4	SHUNT,	COMM CON, CCIJ2MM-138G
9	2	L1,L2	INDUCTOR, 2.2uH	TAIYO YUDEN LQLBC25182R2M
10	3	R1,R3,R10	RES, 4.7M OHMS 5% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-475JM
11	1	R2	RES, 100K OHMS 1% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-1003FM
12	2	R4,R5	RES, 604K OHMS 1% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-6043FM
13	1	R6	RES, 887K OHMS 1% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-8873FM
14	1	R7	RES, 280K OHMS 1% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-2803FM
15	1	R8	RES, 402K OHMS 1% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-4023FM
16	1	R9	RES, 301K OHMS 1% 1/16W 0402	AAC CR05-3013FM
17	1	U1	IC, LTC3407EDD	LINEAR TECH. LTC3407EDD