## MIC5259



## 300mA High PSRR, Low Noise µCap CMOS LDO

## **General Description**

The MIC5259 is an efficient CMOS voltage regulator optimized for low-noise applications. It offers 1.5% initial accuracy, low dropout voltage (300mV at 300mA) and low ground current (typically 105 $\mu$ A at light load). The MIC5259 provides a very-low-noise output, ideal for RF applications where a clean voltage source is required. The MIC5259 has a high PSRR even at low supply voltages, critical for battery operated electronics. A noise bypass pin is also available for further reduction of output noise.

Designed specifically for handheld and battery-powered devices, the MIC5259 provides a TTL-logic-compatible enable pin. When disabled, power consumption drops to nearly zero.

The MIC5259 also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications; critical issue in handheld wireless devices.

Key features include current limit, thermal shutdown, faster transient response, and an active clamp to speed up device turn-off. The MIC5259 is available in the 6-pin 2mm × 2mm MLF<sup>®</sup> package and the 5-pin Thin SOT-23 package in a wide range of output voltages.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

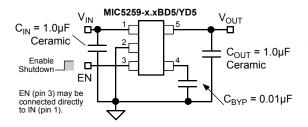
## **Features**

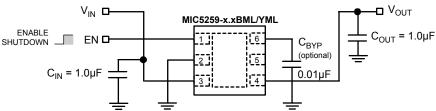
- Input voltage range: 2.7V to 6.0V
- PSRR = 70dB @ 1kHz
- Low output noise: 30µV(rms)
- Stability with ceramic output capacitors
- Low-dropout: 300mV @ 300mA
- · High-output accuracy:
  - 1.5% initial accuracy
  - 3.0% over temperature
- Low quiescent current: 105μA
- Tight load and line regulation
- TTL-Logic-controlled enable input
- "Zero" off-mode current
- Thermal shutdown and current limit protection

## **Applications**

- Cellular phones and pagers
- · Cellular accessories
- Battery-powered equipment
- Laptop, notebook, and palmtop computers
- Consumer/personal electronics
- Industrial portable electronics
- · PC peripherals

# **Typical Application**





**Ultra-Low Noise Regulator Application** 

MLF and MicroLeadFrame are registered trademarks of Amkor Technology, Inc.

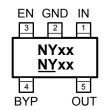
Micrel Inc. • 2180 Fortune Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • USA • tel +1 (408) 944-0800 • fax + 1 (408) 474-1000 • http://www.micrel.com

# Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

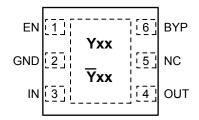
Part Number		Marking			Junction	
Standard	Pb-Free	Standard	Pb-Free*	Voltage Temp. Range**		Package
MIC5259-1.5BD5	MIC5259-1.5YD5	NY15	<u>NY</u> 15	1.5V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-1.8BD5	MIC5259-1.8YD5	NY18	<u>NY</u> 18	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-2.5BD5	MIC5259-2.5YD5	NY25	<u>NY</u> 25	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-2.8BD5	MIC5259-2.8YD5	NY28	<u>NY</u> 28	2.8V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-2.85BD5	MIC5259-2.85YD5	NY2J	NY2J	2.85V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-3.0BD5	MIC5259-3.0YD5	NY30	<u>NY</u> 30	3.0V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
MIC5259-3.3BD5	MIC5259-3.3YD5	NY33	<u>NY</u> 33	3.3V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Pin Thin SOT23-5
	MIC5259-1.5YML		<u>Y</u> 15	1.5V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF <sup>®</sup>
	MIC5259-1.8YML		<u>Y</u> 18	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF <sup>®</sup>
	MIC5259-2.1YML		<u>Y</u> 21	2.1V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF <sup>®</sup>
MIC5259-2.5BML	MIC5259-2.5YML	Y25	<u>Y</u> 25	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF <sup>®</sup>
MIC5259-2.8BML	MIC5259-2.8YML	Y28		2.8V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF <sup>®</sup>
MIC5259-2.85BML	MIC5259-2.85YML	Y2J	Y2J	2.85V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®
MIC5259-3.0BML	MIC5259-3.0YML	Y30	<u>Y</u> 30	3.0V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF <sup>®</sup>
MIC5259-3.3BML	MIC5259-3.3YML	Y33	<del>Y</del> 33	3.3V	-40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF®

<sup>\*</sup> Under bar / Over bar symbol ( \_ / \_ ) may not be to scale.

# **Pin Configuration**



MIC5259-x.xBD5/YD5 5-Pin Thin SOT-23 (D5) (Top View)



 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm MIC5259\text{-}x.xBML/YML} \\ {\rm 6\text{-}Pin\ 2mm\ x\ 2mm\ MLF}^{\tiny \circledR}\ ({\rm ML}) \\ ({\rm Top\ View}) \end{array}$ 

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number TSOT-23-5	Pin Number MLF <sup>®</sup> -6	Pin Name	Pin Name
1	3	IN	Supply Input
2	2	GND	Ground
3	1	EN	Enable/Shutdown (Input): CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable; logic low = shutdown. Do not leave open.
4	6	BYP	Reference Bypass: Connect external 0.01µF ≤ CBYP ≤ 1.0µF capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. May be left open.
5	4	OUT	Regulator Output
_	5	NC	No Connect

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other voltages available, please contact Micrel Marketing for details.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

Supply Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	0V to +7V
Enable Input Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> )	
Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )	Internally Limited (3)
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature (T <sub>S</sub> )	65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5sec.)	260°C
EDS Rating <sup>(4)</sup>	2kV

# Operating Ratings<sup>(2)</sup>

Supply voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	+2.7V to +6V
Enable Input Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> )	0V to $V_{\text{IN}}$
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	40°C to +125°C
Thermal Resistance	
TSOT-23 (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	235°C/W
2x2 MLF <sup>®</sup> (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	90°C/W

# Electrical Characteristics<sup>(5)</sup>

 $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ;  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ;  $I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ ;  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , **bold** values indicate  $-40^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +125^{\circ}C$ , unless noted.

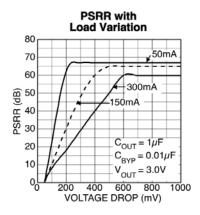
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage Accuracy	Ι <sub>ΟυΤ</sub> = 100μΑ	−1.5 <b>−3</b>		1.5 <b>3</b>	% %
$\Delta V_{LRN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V \text{ to } 6V$	-0.3	0.02	0.3	%/V
$\Delta V_{LDR}$	Load Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1mA to 300mA(6)		0.6	3.0	%
$V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}}$	Dropout Voltage <sup>(7)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA		150		mV
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300mA		300	500 <b>550</b>	mV mV
IQ	Quiescent Current	V <sub>EN</sub> ≤ 0.4V (shutdown)		0.2	1	μA
I <sub>GND</sub>	Ground Pin Current <sup>(8)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA		105	150	μA
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300mA		120	250	μA
PSRR	Ripple Rejection; I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA	$f = 10Hz$ , $C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu F$ , $C_{BYP} = 0.01\mu F$		65		dB
		$f = 10Hz, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.3V$		53		dB
		$f = 10kHz, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.3V$		53		dB
I <sub>LIM</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	350	475		mA
e <sub>n</sub>	Output Voltage Noise	$C_{OUT}$ 1.0 $\mu$ F, $C_{BYP}$ = 0.01 $\mu$ F, f = 10Hz to 100kHz		30		$\mu V_{(RMS)}$
Enable Inp	ut		•			
V <sub>IL</sub>	Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5V, regulator shutdown			0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Enable Input Logic-High Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V, regulator enabled	1.6			V
I <sub>EN</sub>	Enable Input Current	V <sub>IL</sub> ≤ 0.4V, regulator shutdown		0.01	1	μA
		V <sub>IH</sub> ≥ 1.6V, regulator enabled		0.01	1	μA
	Shutdown Resistance Discharge			500		Ω
Thermal P	rotection			•		
	Thermal Shutdown Temperature			150		°C
	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			10		°C

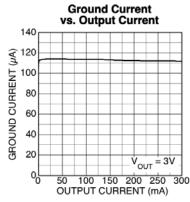
#### Notes:

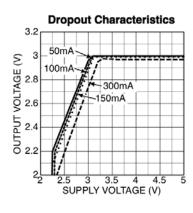
- 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T<sub>A</sub> (ambient temperature) is P<sub>D(max)</sub> = (T<sub>J(max)</sub> T<sub>A</sub>) / θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. The θ<sub>JA</sub> of the MIC5259-x.xBM5 (all versions) is 235°C/W on a PC board. See "Thermal Considerations" section for further details.
- 4. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
- 5. Specification for packaged product only.
- 6. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 0.1mA to 300mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 7. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential. For outputs below 2.7V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage differential with the minimum input voltage 2.7V. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.7V.
- 8. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

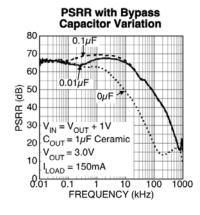
# **Typical Characteristics**

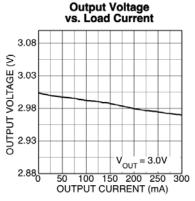
# PSRR with Bypass Capacitor Variation $00\mu\text{F}$ $00\mu\text{F}$ $0.01\mu\text{F}$ $0.01\mu\text{$

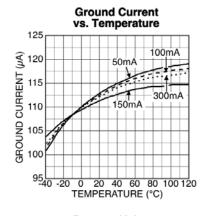


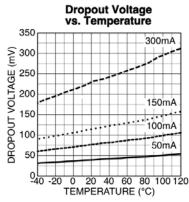


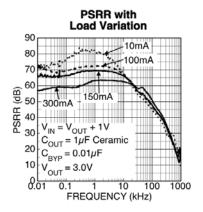


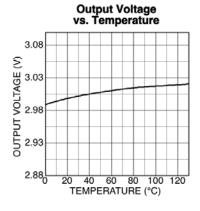


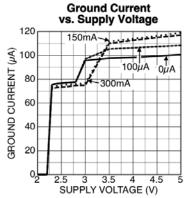


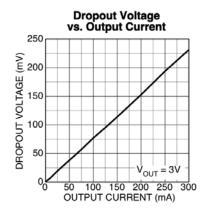




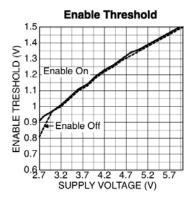


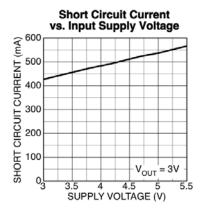




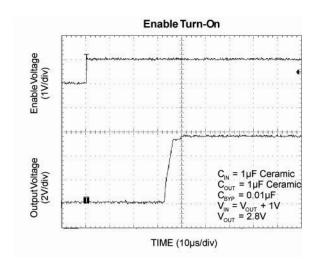


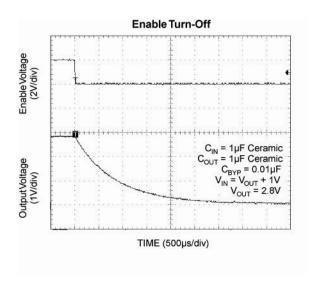
# **Typical Characteristics (cont.)**

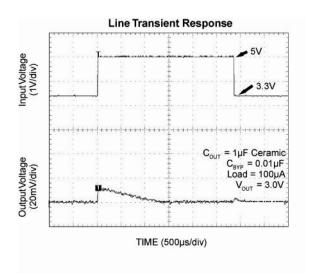


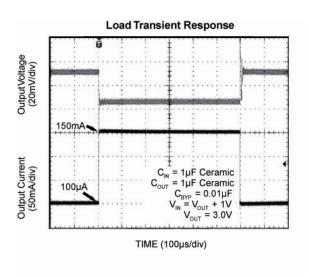


## **Functional Characteristics**

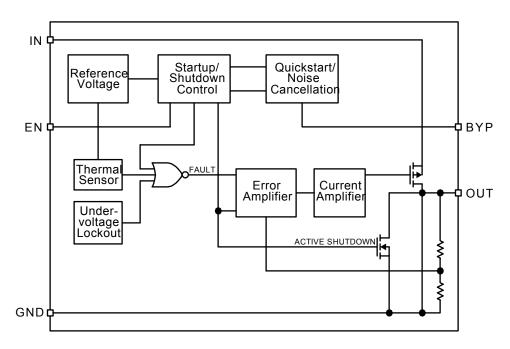








# **Functional Diagram**



## **Application Information**

#### Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5259 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into a "zero" off-mode-current state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. This part is CMOS and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

### **Input Capacitor**

The MIC5259 is a high performance, high bandwidth device. Therefore, it requires a well-bypassed input supply for optimal performance. A  $1\mu F$  capacitor is required from the input-to-ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high frequency capacitors, such as small valued NPO dielectric type capacitors, help filter out high frequency noise and are good practice in any RF based circuit.

### **Output Capacitor**

The MIC5259 requires an output capacitor for stability. The design requires  $1\mu F$  or greater on the output to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High ESR capacitors may cause high frequency oscillation. The maximum recommended ESR is  $300m\Omega.$  The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a  $1\mu F$  ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

## **Bypass Capacitor**

A capacitor is required from the noise bypass pin to ground to reduce output voltage noise. The capacitor bypasses the internal reference. A 0.01µF capacitor is recommended for applications that require low-noise outputs. The bypass capacitor can be increased, further reducing noise and improving PSRR. Turn-on time increases slightly with respect to bypass capacitance. A unique quick-start circuit allows the MIC5259 to drive a large capacitor on the bypass pin without significantly slowing turn-on time. Refer to the "Typical Characteristics" section for performance with different bypass capacitors.

#### **Active Shutdown**

The MIC5259 also features an active shutdown clamp, which is an N-Channel MOSFET that turns on when the device is disabled. This allows the output capacitor and load to discharge, de-energizing the load.

## **No-Load Stability**

The MIC5259 will remain stable and in regulation with no load unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

### **Thermal Considerations**

The MIC5259 is designed to provide 300mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power dissipation of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}\right)$$

TJ(max) is the maximum junction temperature of the die, 125°C, and TA is the ambient operating temperature.  $\theta$ JA is layout dependent; Table 1 shows examples of junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the MIC5259.

Package	θ <sub>JA</sub> Recommended Minimum Footprint	θ <sub>JA</sub> 1" Square Copper Clad	θ <sub>JC</sub>
SOT-23-5 (M5 or D5)	235°C/W	185°C/W	145°C/W
MLF (ML)	90°C/W		

**Table 1. Thermal Resistance** 

The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

Substituting  $P_{D(max)}$  for  $P_D$  and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. For example, when operating the MIC5259-2.8BML at 70°C with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum input voltage for a set output current can be determined as follows:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{125^{\circ}C - 70^{\circ}C}{90^{\circ}C/W}\right)$$

$$P_{D(max)} = 611mW$$

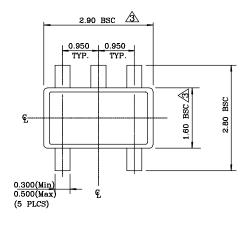
The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is  $90^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ , from Table 1. The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation. Using the output voltage of 2.8V and an output current of 200mA, the maximum input voltage can be determined. Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically  $110\mu\text{A}$  over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is < 1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

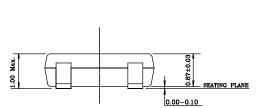
611mW = 
$$(V_{IN} - 2.8V)$$
 200mA  
611mW =  $V_{IN} \times$  200mA - 560mW  
1171mW =  $V_{IN} \times$  200mA  
 $V_{IN(max)} = 5.85V$ 

Therefore, a 2.8V application at 200mA of output current can accept a maximum input voltage of 5.85V in an MLF package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the "Regulator Thermals" section of Micrel's *Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook.

MIC5259 Micrel, Inc.

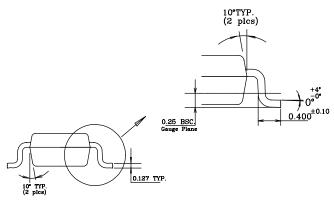
# **Package Information**



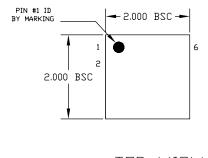


#### NOTE:

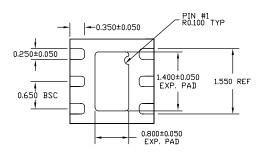
- Dimensions and tolerances are as per ANSI Y14.5M, 1994.
- 2. Die is facing up for mold. Die is facing down for trim/form, ie. reverse trim/form.
- A Dimensions are exclusive of mold flash and gate burr.
- 4. The footlength measuring is based on the gauge plane method.
- 5. All specification comply to Jedec Spec M0193 Issue C.
- 6. All dimensions are in millimeters.



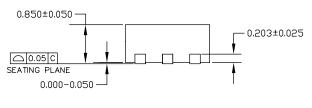
5-Pin Thin SOT-23 (D5)











SIDE VIEW

NOTE:

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

  MAX. PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.05 mm.

  MAXIMUM ALLOWABE BURRS IS 0.076 mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

  PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LASER MARKED.

6-Pin 2mm x 2mm MLF® (ML)

Micrel, Inc. MIC5259 MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http://www.micrel.com

The information furnished by Micrel in this data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Micrel for its use. Micrel reserves the right to change circuitry and specifications at any time without notification to the customer.

Micrel Products are not designed or authorized for use as components in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of a product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems that (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A Purchaser's use or sale of Micrel Products for use in life support appliances, devices or systems is a Purchaser's own risk and Purchaser agrees to fully indemnify Micrel for any damages resulting from such use or sale.

© 2004 Micrel, Incorporated.