SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated voltage level translator with EMI filter and ESD protection

Rev. 2 — 24 May 2013

**Product data sheet** 

# 1. General description

The device is an SD 3.0-compliant 6-bit bidirectional dual voltage level translator. It is designed to interface between a memory card operating at 1.8 V or 2.9 V signal levels and a host with a fixed nominal supply voltage of 1.2 V to 3.3 V. The device supports SD 3.0 SDR50, DDR50, SDR25, SDR12 and SD 2.0 High-Speed (50 MHz) and Default-Speed (25 MHz) modes. The device has an integrated switchable voltage regulator to supply the card-side I/Os, built-in EMI filters and robust ESD protections (IEC 61000-4-2, level 4).

# 2. Features and benefits

- Supports up to 100 MHz clock rate
- Feedback channel for clock synchronization
- SD 3.0 specification-compliant voltage translation to support SDR50, DDR50, SDR25, SDR12, High-Speed and Default-Speed modes
- Low dropout voltage regulator to supply the card-side I/Os
- Low-power consumption by push-pull output stage with break-before-make architecture
- Integrated pull-up and pull-down resistors: no external resistors required
- Integrated EMI filters suppress higher harmonics of digital I/Os
- Integrated 8 kV ESD protection according to IEC 61000-4-2, level 4 on card side
- Level shifting buffers keep ESD stress away from the host (zero-clamping concept)
- Pb-free, RoHS compliant and free of halogen and antimony (Dark Green compliant)
- 25-ball WLCSP; pitch 0.4 mm

# 3. Applications

- SD, MMC, microSD memory card interfaces
- Mobile phones, smartphones and tablet PCs
- Card readers in computer
- Digital cameras

# 4. Ordering information

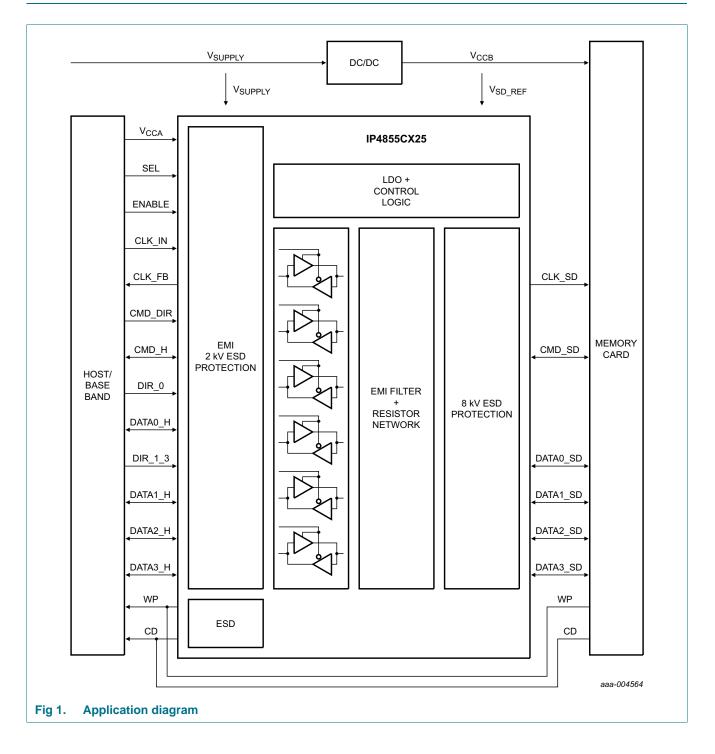
#### Table 1.Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
IP4855CX25/P	WLCSP25	wafer level chip-size package; 25 bumps (5 $\times$ 5); 2.04 $\times$ 2.04 $\times$ 0.5 mm	IP4855CX25



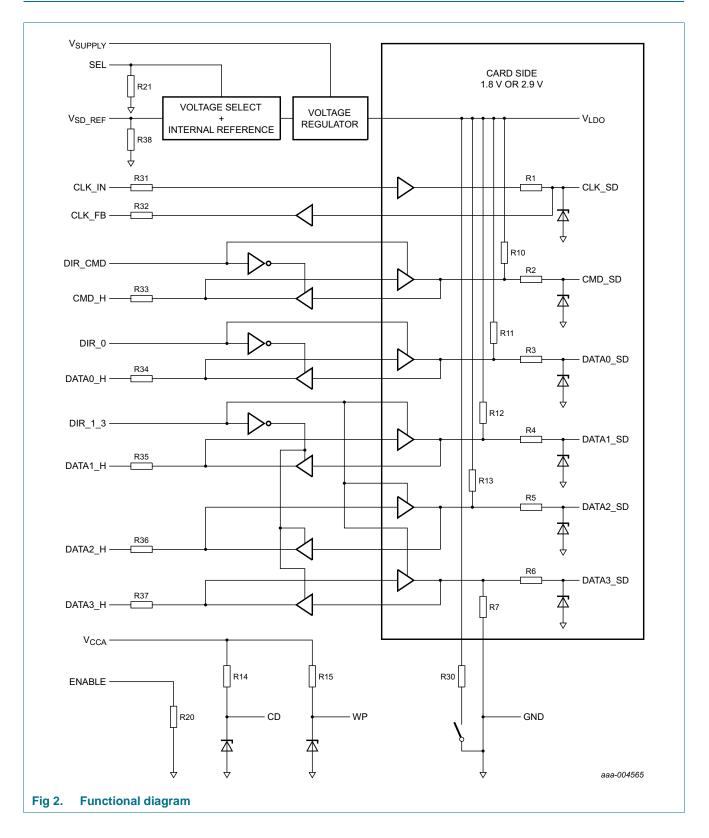
SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

# 5. Block diagram



### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

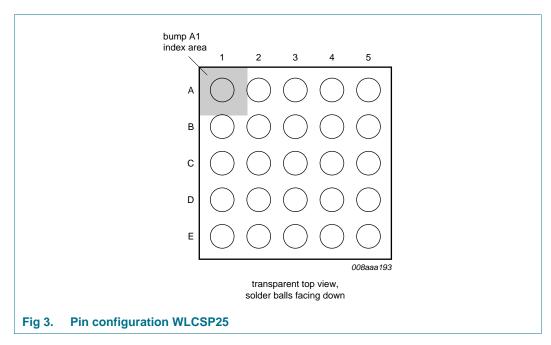
# 6. Functional diagram



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# 7. Pinning information

# 7.1 Pinning



## Table 2. Pin allocation table

Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol
A1	DATA2_H	A2	DIR_CMD	A3	DIR_0	A4	V <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	A5	DATA2_SD
B1	DATA3_H	B2	SEL	B3	V <sub>CCA</sub>	B4	$V_{LDO}$	B5	DATA3_SD
C1	CLK_IN	C2	ENABLE	C3	GND	C4	$V_{SD\_REF}$	C5	CLK_SD
D1	DATA0_H	D2	CMD_H	D3	CD	D4	CMD_SD	D5	DATA0_SD
E1	DATA1_H	E2	CLK_FB	E3	DIR_1_3	E4	WP	E5	DATA1_SD

# 7.2 Pin description

## Table 3. Pin description

Symbol [1]PinType [2]DescriptionDATA2_HA1I/Odata 2 input or output on host sideDIR_CMDA2Idirection control input for commandDIR_0A3Idirection control input for data 0V <sub>SUPPLY</sub> A4Ssupply voltage (from battery or regulator)DATA2_SDA5I/Odata 2 input or output on memory card sideDATA3_HB1I/Odata 3 input or output on host sideSELB2Icard side I/O voltage level selectV <sub>CCA</sub> B3Ssupply voltage from host sideV <sub>LDO</sub> B4Ointernal supply decouplingDATA3_SDB5I/Odata 3 input or output on memory card side	······						
DIR_CMDA2Idirection control input for commandDIR_0A3Idirection control input for data 0V <sub>SUPPLY</sub> A4Ssupply voltage (from battery or regulator)DATA2_SDA5I/Odata 2 input or output on memory card sideDATA3_HB1I/Odata 3 input or output on host sideSELB2Icard side I/O voltage level selectV <sub>CCA</sub> B3Ssupply voltage from host sideV <sub>LDO</sub> B4Ointernal supply decoupling	Symbol [1]	Pin	Type <sup>[2]</sup>	Description			
DIR_0A3Idirection control input for data 0V_SUPPLYA4Ssupply voltage (from battery or regulator)DATA2_SDA5I/Odata 2 input or output on memory card sideDATA3_HB1I/Odata 3 input or output on host sideSELB2Icard side I/O voltage level selectV <sub>CCA</sub> B3Ssupply voltage from host sideV <sub>LDO</sub> B4Ointernal supply decoupling	DATA2_H	A1	I/O	data 2 input or output on host side			
VSUPPLYA4Ssupply voltage (from battery or regulator)DATA2_SDA5I/Odata 2 input or output on memory card sideDATA3_HB1I/Odata 3 input or output on host sideSELB2Icard side I/O voltage level selectV <sub>CCA</sub> B3Ssupply voltage from host sideV <sub>LDO</sub> B4Ointernal supply decoupling	DIR_CMD	A2	I	direction control input for command			
DATA2_SDA5I/Odata 2 input or output on memory card sideDATA3_HB1I/Odata 3 input or output on host sideSELB2Icard side I/O voltage level selectV <sub>CCA</sub> B3Ssupply voltage from host sideV <sub>LDO</sub> B4Ointernal supply decoupling	DIR_0	A3	I	direction control input for data 0			
DATA3_HB1I/Odata 3 input or output on host sideSELB2Icard side I/O voltage level selectV <sub>CCA</sub> B3Ssupply voltage from host sideV <sub>LDO</sub> B4Ointernal supply decoupling	V <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	A4	S	supply voltage (from battery or regulator)			
SEL     B2     I     card side I/O voltage level select       V <sub>CCA</sub> B3     S     supply voltage from host side       V <sub>LDO</sub> B4     O     internal supply decoupling	DATA2_SD	A5	I/O	data 2 input or output on memory card side			
V <sub>CCA</sub> B3         S         supply voltage from host side           V <sub>LDO</sub> B4         O         internal supply decoupling	DATA3_H	B1	I/O	data 3 input or output on host side			
V <sub>LDO</sub> B4         O         internal supply decoupling	SEL	B2	I	card side I/O voltage level select			
	V <sub>CCA</sub>	B3	S	supply voltage from host side			
DATA3_SD B5 I/O data 3 input or output on memory card side	V <sub>LDO</sub>	B4	0	internal supply decoupling			
	DATA3_SD	B5	I/O	data 3 input or output on memory card side			

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#### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

Table 3.	Pin description	oncontinu	ed
Symbol [1]	Pin	Type [2]	Description
CLK_IN	C1	I	clock signal input on host side
ENABLE	C2	I	device enable input
GND	C3	S	supply ground
$V_{SD\_REF}$	C4	I	reference voltage for the internal voltage regulator
CLK_SD	C5	0	clock signal output on memory card side
DATA0_H	D1	I/O	data 0 input or output on host side
CMD_H	D2	I/O	command input or output on host side
CD	D3	0	card detect switch biasing output
CMD_SD	D4	I/O	command input or output on memory card side
DATA0_SE	D D5	I/O	data 0 input or output on memory card side
DATA1_H	E1	I/O	data 1 input or output on host side
CLK_FB	E2	0	clock feedback output on host side
DIR_1_3	E3	I	direction control input for data 1, data 2, data 3
WP	E4	0	write protect switch biasing output
DATA1_SE	D E5	I/O	data 1 input or output on memory card side

[1] The pin names relate particularly to SD memory cards, but also apply to microSD and MMC memory cards.

[2] I = input, O = output, I/O = input and output, S = power supply

# 8. Functional description

## 8.1 Level translator

The bidirectional level translator shifts the data between the I/O supply levels of the host and the memory card. Dedicated direction control signals determine if a command and data signals are transferred from the memory card to the host (card read mode) or from the host to the memory card (card write mode). The voltage translator has to support several clock and data transfer rates at the signaling levels specified in the SD 3.0 standard specification.

Bus speed mode	Signal level (V)	Clock rate (MHz)	Data rate (MB/s)
Default-Speed	3.3	25	12.5
High-Speed	3.3	50	25
SDR12	1.8	25	12.5
SDR25	1.8	50	25
SDR50	1.8	100	50
DDR50	1.8	50	50

#### Table 4. Supported modes

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## 8.2 Enable and direction control

The pin ENABLE enables/disables the Low DropOut (LDO) and is used to put the host-side, card-side I/O drivers into high-ohmic 3-state mode.

Control Hos				
	st-side		Memory card-s	ide
Pin Level <sup>[1]</sup> Pin		Function	Pin	Function
<b>Pin ENABLE = HIGH and V</b> <sub>CCA</sub> $\geq$ 1.	62 V			
DIR_CMD H CME	D_H	input	CMD_SD	output
L CME	D_H	output	CMD_SD	input
DIR_0 H DAT	A0_H	input	DATA0_SD	output
L DAT	A0_H	output	DATA0_SD	input
DAT	TA1_H TA2_H TA3_H	input	DATA1_SD DATA2_SD DATA3_SD	output
DAT	TA1_H TA2_H TA3_H	output	DATA1_SD DATA2_SD DATA3_SD	input
CLK	(_IN	input	CLK_SD	output
CLK	(_FB	output	-	-
Pin ENABLE = LOW or $V_{CCA} \le 0.8$ V	V			
DIR_CMD X CME	D_H	high-ohmic	CMD_SD	high-ohmic
DIR_0 X DAT	A0_H	high-ohmic	DATA0_SD	high-ohmic
DAT	TA1_H TA2_H TA3_H	high-ohmic	DATA1_SD DATA2_SD DATA3_SD	high-ohmic
CLK	(_IN	input	CLK_SD	high-ohmic
CLK	(_IN	high-ohmic	-	-

[1] H = HIGH; L = LOW and X = don't care.

## 8.3 Integrated voltage regulator

The low dropout voltage regulator delivers supply voltage for the voltage translators and the card-side input/output stages. It has to support 1.8 V and 3 V signaling modes as stipulated in the SD 3.0 specification. The switching time between the two output voltage modes is compliant with SD 3.0 specification. Depending on the signaling level at pin SEL, the regulator delivers 1.8 V (SEL = HIGH) or 2.9 V (SEL = LOW,  $V_{SD_REF} < 1 V$ ). For card supply voltage, see Section 8.4.

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Input Output		Output		
SEL <sup>[1]</sup>	$V_{SD_{REF}}$	V <sub>LDO</sub>	Pin <sup>[2]</sup>	Function
Н	irrelevant	1.8 V	DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD, CLK_SD	low supply voltage level (1.8 $V_{typ}$ )
L	< 1 V	2.9 V	DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD, CLK_SD	high supply voltage level (2.9 $V_{typ}$ )
	> 1.5 V	V <sub>SD REF</sub>	DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD, CLK_SD	supply voltage level based on $V_{SD,REF}$

Table 6. SD card side voltage level control signal truth table

[1] H = HIGH and L = LOW.

[2] Host-side pins are not influenced by SEL.

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## 8.4 Memory card voltage tracking (reference select)

The device can track the memory card supply via pin  $V_{SD\_REF}$ . This allows achieving optimum interoperability by perfectly matching input/output levels between voltage translator and memory card in the 3 V signaling mode. Therefore, the voltage regulator aims to follow the reference voltage provided at input  $V_{SD\_REF}$  directly. If tracking of the memory card supply is not desired, connect pin  $V_{SD\_REF}$  to ground so the voltage regulator refers to an integrated voltage reference. For 1.8 V (SEL = HIGH) signaling, the voltage regulator is referred to the internal reference which is independent of the voltage at  $V_{SD\_REF}$ .

## 8.5 Feedback clock channel

The clock is transmitted from the host to the memory card side. The voltage translator and the Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) tracks introduce some amount of delay. It reduces timing margin for data read back from memory card, especially at higher data rates. Therefore, a feedback path is provided to compensate the delay. The reasoning behind this approach is the fact that the clock is always delivered by the host, while the data in the timing critical read mode comes from the card.

### 8.6 EMI filter

All input/output driver stages are equipped with EMI filters to reduce interferences towards sensitive mobile communication.

## 8.7 ESD protection

The device has robust ESD protections on all memory card pins as well as on the  $V_{SD\_REF}$  and  $V_{SUPPLY}$  pins. The architecture prevents any stress for the host: the voltage translator discharges any stress to supply ground.

Pins Write Protect (WP) and Card Detection (CD) might be pulled down by the memory card which has to be detected by the host. Both signals must be HIGH if no card is inserted. Therefore the pins are equipped with International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) system-level ESD protections and pull-up resistors connected to the host supply  $V_{CCA}$ .

# 9. Limiting values

#### Table 7. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	4 ms transient			
		on pin V <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	-0.5	+6.0	V
		on pin V <sub>CCA</sub>	-0.5	+4.6	V
VI	input voltage	4 ms transient at I/O pins	-0.5	+4.6	V
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1000	mW
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
V <sub>ESD</sub>	electrostatic discharge voltage	IEC 61000-4-2, level 4, all memory card-side pins, $V_{SUPPLY},V_{SD\_REF},WP$ and CD to ground	[1] -8000	+8000	V
		Human Body Model (HBM) JEDEC JESD22-A114F; all pins	-2000	+2000	V
		Machine Model (MM) JEDEC JESD22-A115; all pins	-200	+200	V
I <sub>lu(IO)</sub>	input/output latch-up current	JESD 78B: $-0.5 \text{ V}_{CC} < \text{V}_{I} < 1.5 \text{ V}_{CC}; \text{ T}_{j} < 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-100	+100	mA

[1] All system level tests are performed with the application-specific capacitors connected to the supply pins V<sub>SUPPLY</sub>, V<sub>LDO</sub> and V<sub>CCA</sub>.

# **10. Recommended operating conditions**

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Table 8.	Operating cond	itions				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	on pin V <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	<u>1</u> 2.5	-	5.5	V
		on pin V <sub>CCA</sub>	1.1	-	3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub> input voltage	input voltage	host side	2 -0.3	-	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.3	V
		memory card side	-0.3	-	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> + 0.3	V
C <sub>ext</sub>	external capacitance	recommended capacitor at pin $V_{LDO}$	-	1.0	-	μF
ESR	equivalent series resistance	at pin V <sub>LDO</sub>	0	-	50	mW
C <sub>ext</sub> exter	external	recommended capacitor at pin $V_{\mbox{SUPPLY}}$	-	0.1	-	μF
	capacitance	recommended capacitor at pin $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize CCA}}$	-	0.1	-	μF

[1] By minimum value the device is still fully functional, but the voltage on pin V<sub>LDO</sub> might drop below the recommended memory card supply voltage.

[2] The voltage must not exceed 3.6 V.

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#### Table 9. Integrated resistors

 $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
R <sub>pd</sub>	pull-down resistance	R7; tolerance ±30 %	329	470	611	kΩ
		R30; tolerance ±30 %	70	100	130	Ω
		R38; tolerance ±30 %	200	350	500	kΩ
		R20, R21; tolerance $\pm 30$ %	200	350	500	kΩ
R <sub>pu</sub>	pull-up resistance	R10; tolerance ±30 %	10.5	5 15	19.5	kΩ
		R11 to R13; tolerance ±30 %	49	70	91	kΩ
		R14 and R15; tolerance $\pm 30$ %	70	100	130	kΩ
Rs	series resistance	card side; R1 to R6; tolerance $\pm 20~\%$	<u>[1]</u> 32	40	48	Ω
		host side; R31 to R37; tolerance $\pm 20$ %	<u>[1]</u> 26	33	40	Ω

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization.

## **11. Static characteristics**

#### Table 10. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions;  $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +85  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_{ext} = 1 \mu F$  at pin  $V_{LDO}$ ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Max	Unit
Supply	voltage regulator for ca	ard-side I/O pin: V <sub>LDO</sub>				
V <sub>O(reg)</sub>	regulator output	SEL = LOW; V <sub>SD_REF</sub> < 1 V; V <sub>SUPPLY</sub> $\ge$ 2.9 V	2.75	2.9	3.0	V
	voltage	SEL = LOW; $V_{SD_{REF}} > 1.5 V$ ; $V_{SUPPLY} \ge V_{SD_{REF}}$	V <sub>SD_REF</sub> - 0.15	$V_{SD_{REF}}$	V <sub>SD_REF</sub> + 0.05	V
		SEL = HIGH; $V_{SUPPLY} \ge 2.5 V$	1.7	1.8	1.95	V
V <sub>do(reg)</sub>	regulator dropout voltage	SEL = LOW; V <sub>SUPPLY</sub> $\leq$ 2.9 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 50 mA	-	-	150	mV
Host-sid	le input signals: CMD_	H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H, CLK_IN				
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		$0.625 \times V_{CCA}$	-	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	$0.25 \times V_{CCA}$	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.8 V; ENABLE = LOW	-	-	1.0	nA
Host-sid	le control signals					
SEL, EN	ABLE					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		0.75	-	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	0.15	V
DIR_0, D	DIR_1_3, DIR_CMD					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		$0.65 \times V_{CCA}$	-	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	$0.35 \times V_{CCA}$	V

## Table 10. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_{ext} = 1 \ \mu F$  at pin  $V_{LDO}$ ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Max	Unit
$V_{SD\_REF}$						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		1.5	-	3.63	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	1.0	V
Host-sid	le output signals: CL	K_FB, CMD_H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H				
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$I_0 = 2 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ (card side)}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCA}$		-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$I_O = -2 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IL} \text{ (card side)}$	-	-	$0.125 \times V_{CCA}$	V
Card-sid	le input signals: CMD	_SD and DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD				
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	$0.625 \times V_{O(reg)}$	-	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> + 0.3	V
		SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	$0.625 \times V_{O(reg)}$	-	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	-0.3	-	$0.25 \times V_{O(reg)}$	V
		SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	-0.3	-	$0.25 \times V_{O(reg)}$	V
Card-sid	le output signal					
CMD_SE	D and DATA0_SD to DA	ATA3_SD, CLK_SD				
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$I_O = -4 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ (host side)}; \text{SEL} = LOW (2.9 V interface)$	$0.75 \times V_{O(reg)}$	-	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> + 0.3	V
		$I_O = -2 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ (host side); SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	$0.75 \times V_{O(reg)}$	-	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 4 mA; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> (host side); SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	-0.3	-	0.125 × V <sub>O(reg)</sub>	V
		$I_0 = 2 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IL}$ (host side); SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	-0.3	-	0.125 × V <sub>O(reg)</sub>	V
I <sub>O(sc)</sub>	short-circuit output current	card-side pins connected to ground; host-side input signals = HIGH; $V_{SD_{REF}} = 3.6 V$ ; $V_{SUPPLY} = 5.5 V$ ; $V_{CCA} = 3.6 V$ ; SEL = LOW; DIR_1_3, DIR_CMD, DIR_0 = HIGH	-	-	100	mA
Bus sign	al equivalent capacitan	се				
C <sub>ch</sub>	channel capacitance	$V_{I} = 0 \text{ V}; f_{i} = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_{SUPPLY} = 3.5 \text{ V};$ $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	[2]			
		host side	-	3.5	5	pF
		card side	-	5	10	pF

### Table 10. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_{ext} = 1 \ \mu F$  at pin  $V_{LDO}$ ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Max	Unit
Current	consumption					
I <sub>CC(stat)</sub> static su	static supply current	ENABLE = HIGH (active mode); all inputs = HIGH; DIR = LOW				
		SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	-	-	100	μA
		SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	-	-	100	μA
I <sub>CC(stb)</sub>	standby supply current	ENABLE = LOW (inactive mode)	-	-	1	μΑ

[1] Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ .

[2] EMI filter line capacitance per data channel from I/O driver to pin; C<sub>ch</sub> is guaranteed by design.

# **12. Dynamic characteristics**

## 12.1 Voltage regulator

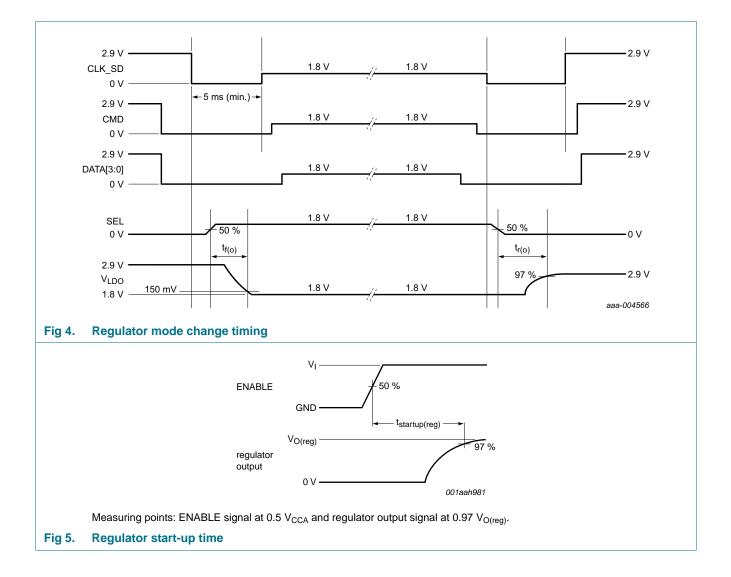
#### Table 11. Voltage regulator

 $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Voltage reg	ulator output pin: V <sub>LDO</sub>					
t <sub>startup</sub> (reg)	regulator start-up time	$V_{CCA}$ = 1.8 V; $V_{SUPPLY}$ = 3.5 V; $C_{ext}$ = 1 $\mu$ F; see <u>Figure 5</u>	-	-	100	μS
t <sub>f(0)</sub>	output fall time	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> = 2.9 V to 1.8 V; SEL = LOW to HIGH; see <u>Figure 4</u>	-	-	1	ms
t <sub>r(o)</sub>	output rise time	V <sub>O(reg)</sub> = 1.8 V to 2.9 V; SEL = HIGH to LOW; see <u>Figure 4</u>	-	-	100	μS

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### 12.2 ESD characteristic of pin write protect and card detect

### Table 12. ESD characteristic of write protect and card detect

At recommended operating conditions;  $T_{amb} = +25 \text{ °C}$ ; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ESD prot	ection pins: WP and C	D				
$V_{BR}$	breakdown voltage	TLP; I = 1 mA	-	8	-	V
r <sub>dyn</sub>	dynamic resistance	positive transient	<u>[1]</u> _	0.5	-	Ω
		negative transient	<u>[1]</u> _	0.5	-	Ω

[1] TLP according to ANSI-ESD STM5.5.1/IEC 62615  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ; pulse width = 100 ns; rise time = 200 ps; averaging window = 50 ns to 80 ns

# **13. Application information**

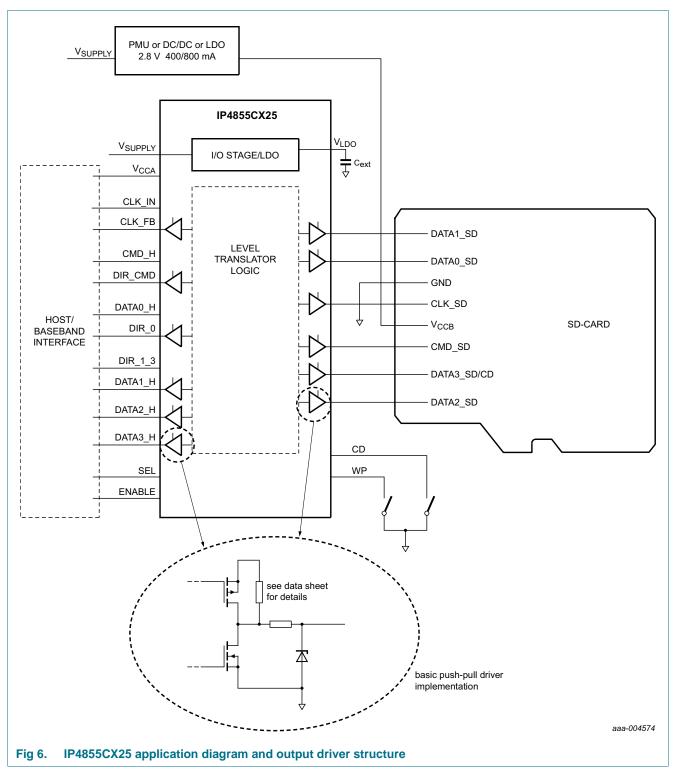
The IP4855CX25 is optimized to connect SD 3.0 and SD 2.0 compatible memory cards to 1.8 V base band/host interfaces. While the internal I/O interface towards the memory card is supplied by the IP4855CX25 integrated voltage regulator, any connected memory card has to be supplied from an external source. Using for example DDR50 or SDR50 modes requires a power supply with up to 400 mA DC current capabilities.

Place IP4855CX25 as close as possible to the card holder to minimize the influence of trace length on the timing values. The trace length between IP4855CX25 and the card has a much bigger influence on the timing than the identical length between the host interface and the IP4855CX25.

Product data sheet

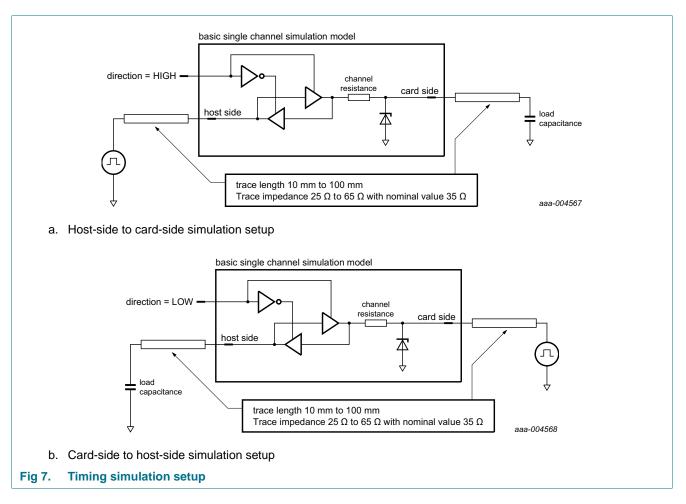
# IP4855CX25

SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

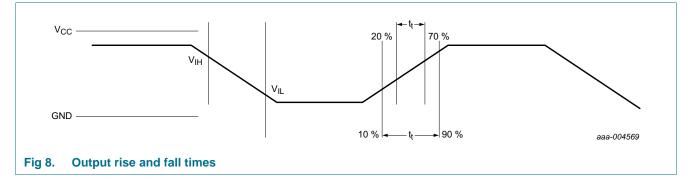


One main task of the level translator is to shift the signal within the SD 3.0 specification. Therefore, the following simulation results show the low impact of the device. Use the clock feedback channel for a compensation of delay introduced by PCB traces and IP4855CX25.

Product data sheet

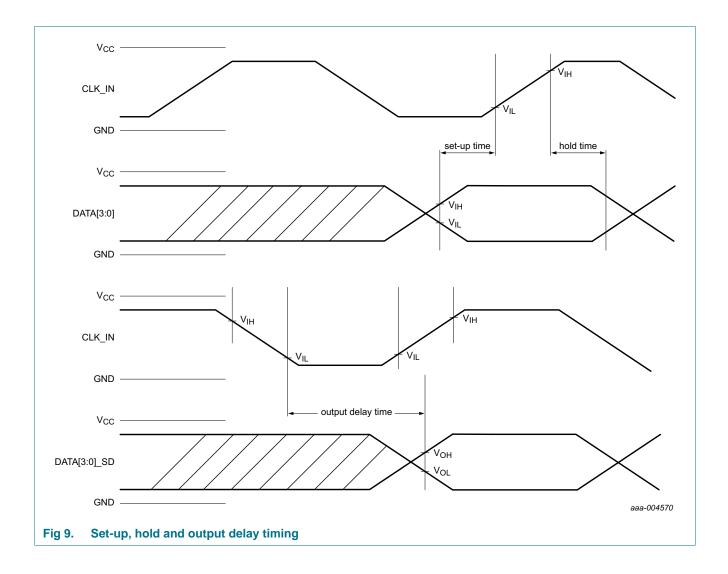


# 13.1 Simulation setup for transition time, propagation delay and set-up/hold times



# IP4855CX25

### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator



#### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

## 13.2 Interface voltage timing data

#### Table 13. Output rise and fall times card side

 $V_{SUPPLY} = 4 V$ ; unless otherwise specified; track impedance 35  $\Omega$ , track length (to and from IP4855CX25) 15 mm;  $R_{source} = 50 \Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 7</u> for set-up circuit and <u>Figure 8</u> for timing diagram;  $V_{CCA} = 1.8 V$ ; transition time is the same as output rise time and output fall time

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур	Max	Unit
Memory	card-side output pin	s: CLK_SD, CMD_SD and DATA0_SD to DATA3_	SD; 2.9 V mc	ode (SEL	. = LOW)	
Reference	e points at 20 % and	70 %				
t <sub>t</sub>	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF				
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.9 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
		best case; $T_{amb}$ = -40 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 3.6 V	0.8	1.0	1.2	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.7 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
		C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF	<u>[1]</u>			
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.9 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.3	1.6	1.8	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.7 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns
Reference	e points at 10 % and 9	90 % [2]				
t <sub>t</sub> transition time	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF				
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.9 V	1.9	2.1	2.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.9	2.0	2.2	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.7 V	2.0	2.2	2.4	ns
		C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF	<u>[1]</u>			
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.9 V	2.9	3.1	3.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.9	3.0	3.2	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 2.7 V	2.9	3.2	3.5	ns
Memory	card-side output pin	s: CLK_SD, CMD_SD and DATA0_SD to DATA3_	SD; 1.8 V mc	ode (SEL	. = HIGH)	
Reference	e points at 20 % and	70 %				
t <sub>t</sub>	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF				
		nominal case; T <sub>amb</sub> = +25 °C; V <sub>LDO</sub> = 1.8 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
		best case; $T_{amb}$ = -40 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.95 V	0.8	1.0	1.2	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.7 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
t	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF	<u>[1]</u>			
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.8 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns
		best case; $T_{amb}$ = -40 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.95 V	1.3	1.6	1.8	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.7 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns
Reference	e points at 10 % and 9	90 % [2]				
t	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF				
		nominal case; T <sub>amb</sub> = +25 °C; V <sub>LDO</sub> = 1.8 V	1.9	2.1	2.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40$ °C; $V_{LDO} = 1.95$ V	1.9	2.0	2.2	ns

#### Table 13. Output rise and fall times card side ...continued

 $V_{SUPPLY} = 4 V$ ; unless otherwise specified; track impedance 35  $\Omega$ , track length (to and from IP4855CX25) 15 mm;  $R_{source} = 50 \Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 7</u> for set-up circuit and <u>Figure 8</u> for timing diagram;  $V_{CCA} = 1.8 V$ ; transition time is the same as output rise time and output fall time

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>t</sub>	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF	<u>[1]</u>			
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.8 V	2.9	3.1	3.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{LDO} = 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.9	3.0	3.2	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{LDO}$ = 1.7 V	2.9	3.2	3.5	ns

[1] A capacitive load of  $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}$  is out of the range of allowed SD-card interface parasitic capacitance.

[2] Reference points 90 % and 10 % are not required according to the SD 3.0 specification.

#### Table 14. Output rise and fall times host side

 $V_{SUPPLY} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ ; SEL = LOW;  $V_{O(reg)} = 2.9 \text{ V}$ ; unless otherwise specified; track impedance 35  $\Omega$ , track length (to and from IP4855CX25) 15 mm;  $R_{source} = 50 \Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 7</u> for set-up circuit and <u>Figure 8</u> timing diagram; transition time is the same as output rise time and output fall time

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Host-sid	le output pins: CLK_I	FB, CMD_H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H (3.3 V host)				
Reference	ce points at 20 % and 7	70 %				
t <sub>t</sub> transition time		C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF				
		nominal case; T <sub>amb</sub> = +25 °C; V <sub>CCA</sub> = 3.3 V	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{CCA} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{CCA}$ = 2.7 V	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
Reference	ce points at 10 % and §	90 % [1]				
tt	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF				
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{CCA}$ = 3.3 V	1.0	1.3	1.5	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{CCA} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.0	1.2	1.4	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{CCA}$ = 2.7 V	1.3	1.4	1.6	ns
Host-sid	de output pins: CLK_I	FB, CMD_H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H (1.8 V host)				
Referen	ce points at 20 % and 7	70 %				
tt	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF				
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{CCA}$ = 1.8 V	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{CCA} = 1.9 \text{ V}$	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb}$ = +85 °C; $V_{CCA}$ = 1.62 V	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
Reference	ce points at 10 % and §	90 % [1]				
t <sub>t</sub>	transition time	C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF				
		nominal case; $T_{amb}$ = +25 °C; $V_{CCA}$ = 1.8 V	1.0	1.3	1.5	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C}$ ; $V_{CCA} = 1.9 \text{ V}$	1.0	1.2	1.4	ns

[1] Reference points 90 % and 10 % are not required according to the SD 3.0 specification.

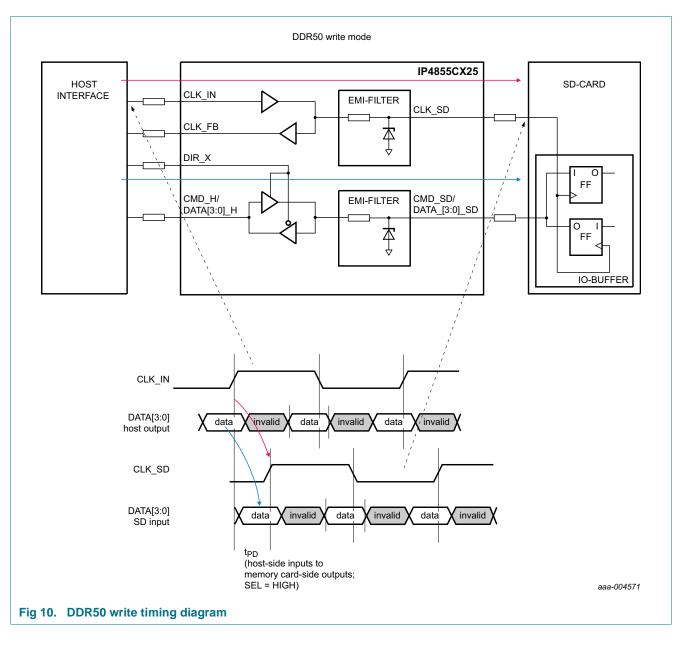
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### 13.3 DDR50 mode timing details

The Default-Speed (DS) and High-Speed (HS) modes use 3.3 V signaling and offer a maximum of 25 MB/s. Besides these modes, IP4855CX25 also supports the SDR12, SDR25 and DDR50 modes using 1.8 V signaling and up to 50 MB/s.

Especially the DDR50 mode introduces a basic change in the timing behavior of the SD card interface. The SDR12 and SDR50 modes are similar to the DS and HS modes.

Any delay on all relevant signal lines (as shown in the timing diagram in Figure 10) is uncritical for SD card write operations as long as the skew between the different signals is small enough.



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In contrast to the write cycle, the read cycle is more complex to analyze and depends on the IP4855CX25 delay, the maximum delay added by the PCB and the additional setup time of the SD card.

#### Table 15. DDR50 read mode: parameters for best case and worst case timings

Parameter	Best case timing (Figure 11)	Worst case timing (Figure 12)
PCB output impedance $Z_o$	65 Ω	25 Ω
Symmetrical trace length	15 mm per side	100 mm per side
t <sub>PD</sub>	minimum	maximum
Driver model	fast	slow

The same mechanism is triggered on each falling clock edge too, as the DDR50 mode uses both edges of the clock signal for data transfer.

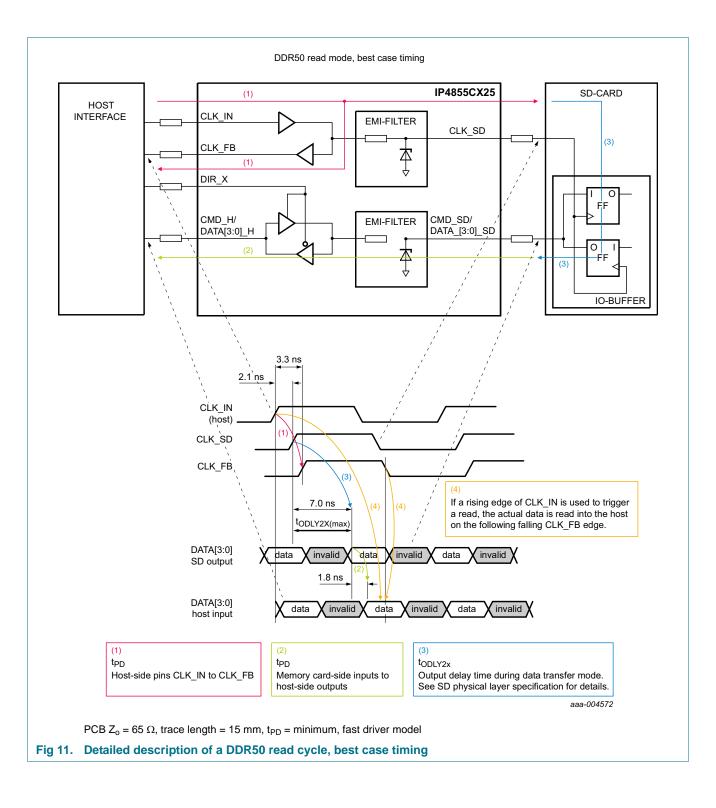
According to the SD 3.01 physical layer specification, the maximum delay between CLK\_IN (CLK\_SD signal) at the SD card and data out from the SD card (DATA[3:0]\_SD out) is 7.0 ns. This value is specified for a load of C<sub>L</sub>  $\leq$  25 pF.

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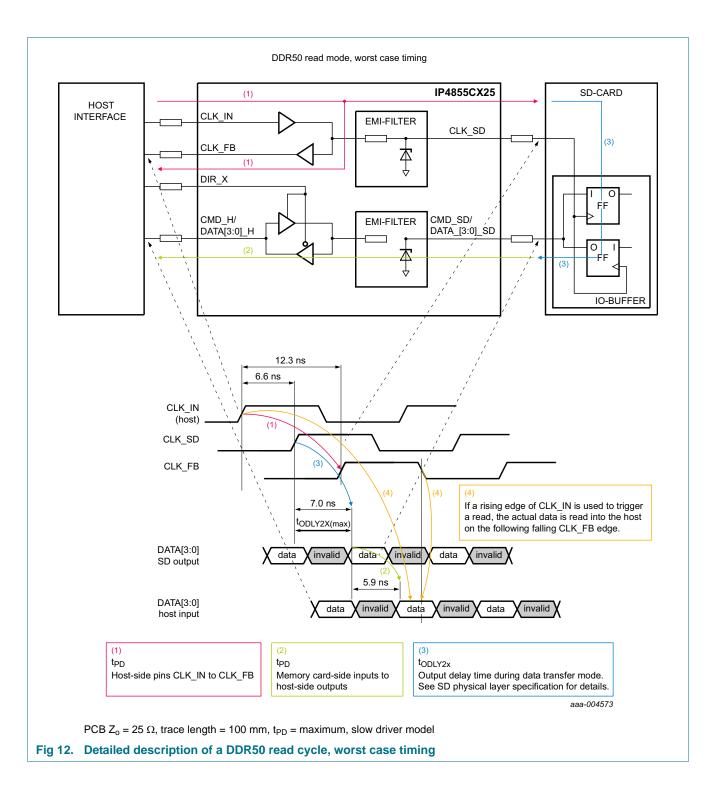
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## **NXP Semiconductors**

#### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

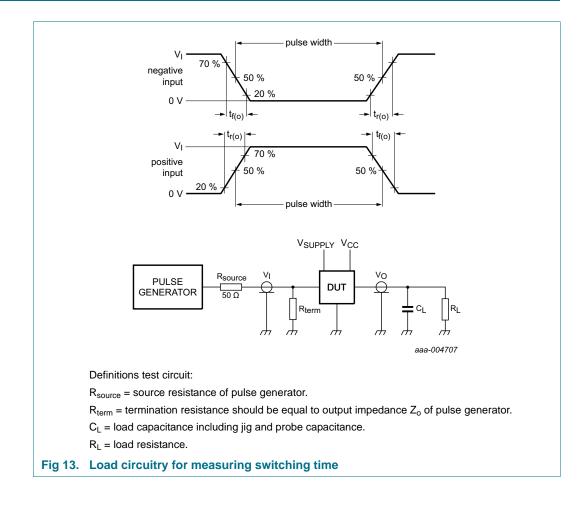


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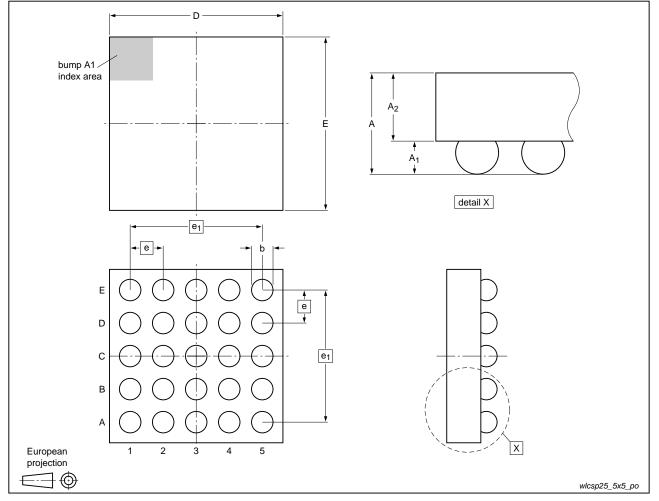
# 14. Test information



# IP4855CX25

SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

# 15. Package outline



#### WLCSP25: wafer level chip-size package; 25 bumps (5 x 5)

## Fig 14. Package outline IP4855CX25 (WLCSP25)

### Table 16. Dimensions of IP4855CX25 for Figure 14

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
A	0.44	0.47	0.50	mm
A <sub>1</sub>	0.18	0.20	0.22	mm
A <sub>2</sub>	0.25	0.27	0.29	mm
b	0.21	0.26	0.31	mm
D	1.99	2.04	2.09	mm
E	1.99	2.04	2.09	mm
е	-	0.4	-	mm

Product data sheet

# **16. Design and assembly recommendations**

## 16.1 PCB design guidelines

For optimum performance, use a Non-Solder Mask PCB Design (NSMD), also known as a copper-defined design, incorporating laser-drilled micro-vias connecting the ground pads to a buried ground-plane layer. This results in the lowest possible ground inductance and provides the best high frequency and ESD performance. For this case, refer to <u>Table 17</u> for the recommended PCB design parameters.

#### Table 17. Recommended PCB design parameters

Parameter	Value or Specification [1]
PCB pad diameter	250 μm
Micro-via diameter	100 μm (0.004 inch)
Solder mask aperture diameter	325 μm
Copper thickness	20 µm to 40 µm
Copper finish	AuNi or OSP
PCB material	FR4

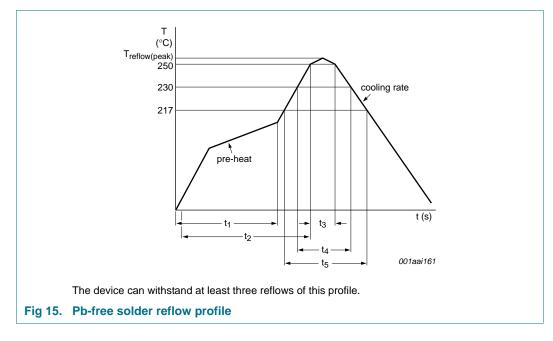
[1] OSP: Organic Solderability Preservation FR4: Flame Retard 4

## 16.2 PCB assembly guidelines for Pb-free soldering

#### Table 18. Assembly recommendations

Parameter	Value or Specification
Solder screen aperture diameter	290 µm
Solder screen thickness	100 μm (0.004 inch)
Solder paste: Pb-free	SnAg (3 % to 4 %) Cu (0.5 % to 0.9 %)
Solder/flux ratio	50/50
Solder reflow profile	see Figure 15

#### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator



#### Table 19. Reflow soldering process characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>reflow(peak)</sub>	peak reflow temperature		230	-	260	°C
t <sub>1</sub>	time 1	soak time	60	-	180	S
t <sub>2</sub>	time 2	time during T $\geq$ 250 °C	-	-	30	S
t <sub>3</sub>	time 3	time during T $\geq$ 230 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	10	-	50	S
t <sub>4</sub>	time 4	time during T > 217 °C	30	-	150	S
t <sub>5</sub>	time 5		-	-	540	S
dT/dt	rate of change of	cooling rate	-	-	-6	°C/s
	temperature	pre-heat	2.5	-	4.0	°C/s

# 17. Abbreviations

#### Table 20. Abbreviations

Table 20. P	
Acronym	Description
DUT	Device Under Test
EMI	ElectroMagnetic Interference
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
FR4	Flame Retard 4
MMC	MultiMedia Card
NSMD	Non-Solder Mask Design
OSP	Organic Solderability Preservation
PCB	Printed-Circuit Board
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances
SD	Secure Digital
WLCSP	Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package

# **18. Revision history**

Table 21. Revision I	nistory			
Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
IP4855CX25 v.2	20130524	Product data sheet	-	IP4855CX25 v.1
Modifications:	<ul> <li>Section 3 "A</li> </ul>	Applications": updated		
	• <u>Table 10</u> : re	vised host-side control sign	als	
IP4855CX25 v.1	20120913	Product data sheet	-	-

# **19. Legal information**

## **19.1 Data sheet status**

Document status[1][2]	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
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# IP4855CX25

#### SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

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Product data sheet

# IP4855CX25

SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

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